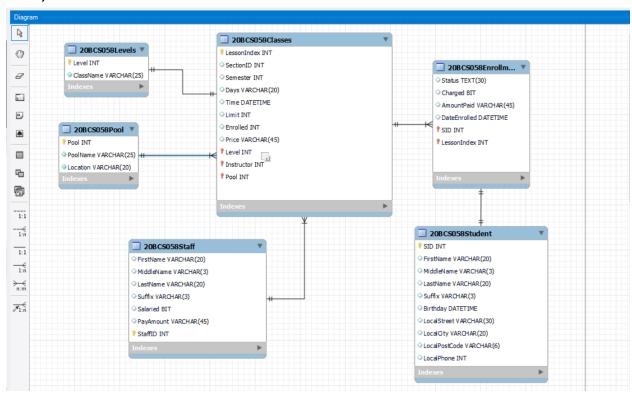
20BCS058 Hemant Dhawale

Q.1)



Description:

- Each level must have one class.
- Multiple classes can have the same pool.
- Each staff member can handle multiple classes.
- Each class can have multiple enrollment.
- One student must have only one enrollment.

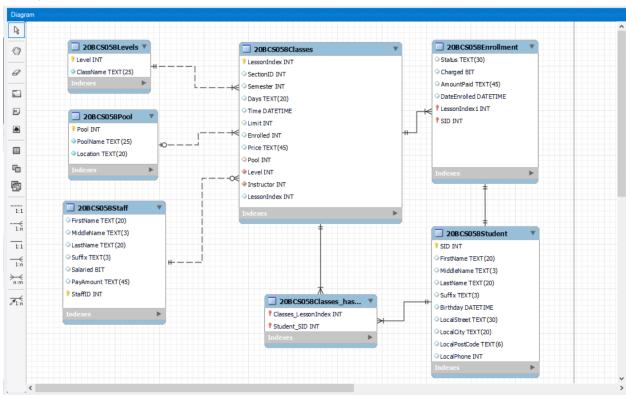
Q.2) Degree(20BCS058Levels)=2 Degree(20BCS058Pools)=3

Degree(20BCS058Staff)=7
Degree(20BCS058Enrollment)=6
Degree(20BCS058Classes)=11
Degree(20BCS058Students)=10

Cardinality:

20BCS058Levels	[one to one]	20BCS058Classes
20BCS058Pools	[one to many]	20BCS058Classes
20BCS058Staff	[one to many]	20BCS058Classes
20BCS058Enrollment	[many to one]	20BCS058Classes
20BCS058Enrollment	[one to one]	20BCS058Students

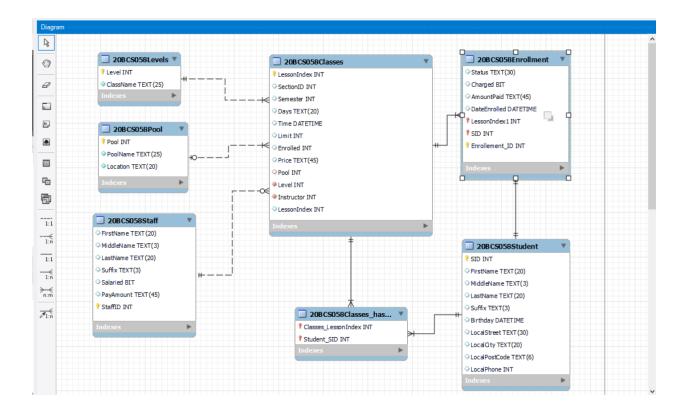
Q.3)



Description:

- A pool may or may not ever have a class.
- The levels table must always be associated with at least one class.
- The staff table may not ever have taught a class.
- The class must have students enrolled in it.
- The class must have a valid pool.
- The class may not have an instructor assigned.
- The class must have always be associated with an existing level.

Q.4) Weak entity: **20BCS058Enrollment** is the weak entity as it depends on **20BCS058Classes and 20BCS058Student**. It can be converted to a strong entity by adding a primary key. There should be a primary key with the name "**Enrollment_ID**" so that it can be converted into strong entity.



Q.5) There is no data redundancy occurring in this model.

All the tables have the necessary and relevant information stored in them, and where there is a need, foreign keys are made use to reference data in other relations