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/*
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1. Write a Java program that throws an arithmetic exception
 and catch it using a try-catch block.
*/
package com.assign9;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Q1 {
        public static void main(String[] args)
        {
                Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
                System.out.print("Enter num1:");
                int num1 = sc.nextInt();
                System.out.print("Enter num2:");
                int num2 = sc.nextInt();
                try
                {
                         if(num2 == 0)
                                 throw new ArithmeticException("Divide by zero");
                         int result = num1/num2;
                         System.out.println("result: "+result);
                }
                catch(ArithmeticException ex)
                {
                         System.out.println("Invalid divide by zero");
                }
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}

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}
/*
2. Write a Java program to create a method that takes an
 integer as a parameter and throws an exception if the number is odd.
*/
package com.assign9;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Q2
{
        public static void oddCheck(int num)
        {
                try
                {
                         if(num%2 != 0)
                                 throw new ArithmeticException("Divide by zero");
                         System.out.println("Odd number: "+num);
                }
                catch(ArithmeticException ex)
                {
                         System.out.println("odd number exception");
                }
        }
        public static void main(String[] args)
        {
                Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
                System.out.print("Enter num:");
                int num = sc.nextInt();
```

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}
}
3. Write a Java program throws an array index out of bound exception.
*/
package com.assign9;
public class Q3
{
        public static void arraySIzeCheck(int arr[])
        {
                 int n = arr.length;
                 try
                 {
                         if(n > 3)
                                  throw\ new\ ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException ("Invalid\ Index");
                         System.out.println("Array Length: "+n);
                 }
                 catch(ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException ex)
                 {
                         System.out.println("ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException occured....");
                 }
        }
        public static void main(String[] args)
        {
```

Q2.oddCheck(num);

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Q3.arraySlzeCheck(arr);
      }
}
4. Write a code for arithmetic exception using one try block & multiple catch block
   & check which catch block handle that exception.
package com.assign9;
import java.util.InputMismatchException;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Q4 {
      public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception
             Scanner \underline{sc} = \mathbf{new} \text{ Scanner (System.} \mathbf{in});
             System.out.print("Enter num1 : ");
             int num1 = sc.nextInt();
             System.out.print("Enter num2 : ");
             int num2 = sc.nextInt();
             try
                   if(num2 == 0)
                         throw new ArithmeticException("Divide by zero");
                   int result = num1/num2;
                   System.out.println("result : "+result);
             catch (ArithmeticException ex)
                   System.out.println("ArithmeticException occured....");
             catch(InputMismatchException ex)
                   System.out.println("InputMismatchException occured....");
             catch (RuntimeException ex)
                   System.out.println("RuntimeException occured....");
}
```

 $int arr[] = new int[] \{10,20,30,40,50\};$