```
In [1]:
%matplotlib inline
%matplotlib notebook
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import time
# https://gist.github.com/greydanus/f6eee59eaf1d90fcb3b534a25362cea4
# https://stackoverflow.com/a/14434334
# this function is used to update the plots for each epoch and error
def plt_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax, colors=['b']):
    ax.plot(x, vy, 'b', label="Validation Loss")
    ax.plot(x, ty, 'r', label="Train Loss")
    plt.legend()
    plt.grid()
    fig.canvas.draw()
```

model with 3*3 kernal

```
In [2]: # Credits: https://github.com/keras-team/keras/blob/master/examples/mni
    st_cnn.py

from __future__ import print_function
    import keras
    from keras.datasets import mnist
    from keras.models import Sequential
    from keras.layers import Dense, Dropout, Flatten
    from keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D
    from keras import backend as K

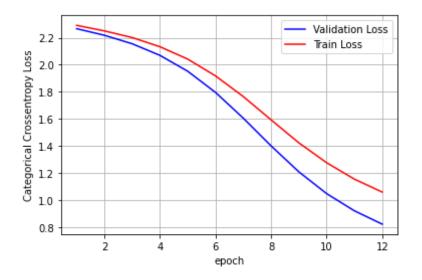
batch_size = 128
    num_classes = 10
    epochs = 12

# input image dimensions
img_rows, img_cols = 28, 28
```

```
# the data, split between train and test sets
(x train, y train), (x test, y test) = mnist.load data()
if K.image data format() == 'channels first':
    x train = x train.reshape(x train.shape[0], 1, img rows, img cols)
    x \text{ test} = x \text{ test.reshape}(x \text{ test.shape}[0], 1, img rows, img cols)
    input shape = (1, img rows, img cols)
else:
    x train = x train.reshape(x train.shape[0], img rows, img cols, 1)
    x \text{ test} = x \text{ test.reshape}(x \text{ test.shape}[0], \text{ img rows, img cols, } 1)
    input shape = (img rows, img cols, 1)
x train = x train.astype('float32')
x test = x test.astype('float32')
x train /= 255
x test /= 255
print('x_train shape:', x_train.shape)
print(x train.shape[0], 'train samples')
print(x test.shape[0], 'test samples')
# convert class vectors to binary class matrices
y train = keras.utils.to categorical(y train, num classes)
y test = keras.utils.to categorical(y test, num classes)
model = Sequential()
model.add(Conv2D(32, kernel size=(3, 3),
                  activation='relu',
                  input shape=input shape))
model.add(Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2)))
model.add(Dropout(0.25))
model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dropout(0.5))
model.add(Dense(num classes, activation='softmax'))
model.compile(loss=keras.losses.categorical crossentropy,
              optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adadelta(),
```

```
metrics=['accuracy'])
history = model.fit(x train, y train,
       batch size=batch size,
       epochs=epochs,
       verbose=1,
       validation data=(x test, y test))
score = model.evaluate(x test, y test, verbose=0)
print('Test loss:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
one = score[1]
fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
ax.set xlabel('epoch') ; ax.set ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
# list of epoch numbers
x = list(range(1,epochs+1))
vy = history.history['val loss']
ty = history.history['loss']
plt dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
Downloading data from https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/tf-ke
ras-datasets/mnist.npz
x train shape: (60000, 28, 28, 1)
60000 train samples
10000 test samples
Epoch 1/12
2917 - accuracy: 0.1370 - val loss: 2.2671 - val accuracy: 0.3519
Epoch 2/12
2506 - accuracy: 0.2508 - val loss: 2.2183 - val_accuracy: 0.4990
Epoch 3/12
2013 - accuracy: 0.3431 - val loss: 2.1554 - val_accuracy: 0.5730
```

```
Epoch 4/12
1335 - accuracy: 0.4221 - val loss: 2.0696 - val accuracy: 0.6225
Epoch 5/12
0420 - accuracy: 0.4828 - val loss: 1.9521 - val accuracy: 0.6600
Epoch 6/12
9179 - accuracy: 0.5285 - val loss: 1.7958 - val accuracy: 0.6905
Epoch 7/12
7653 - accuracy: 0.5660 - val loss: 1.6055 - val accuracy: 0.7199
Epoch 8/12
5933 - accuracy: 0.6018 - val loss: 1.4008 - val accuracy: 0.7509
Epoch 9/12
4232 - accuracy: 0.6286 - val loss: 1.2090 - val accuracy: 0.7778
Epoch 10/12
2763 - accuracy: 0.6544 - val loss: 1.0480 - val accuracy: 0.7959
Epoch 11/12
1549 - accuracy: 0.6780 - val loss: 0.9209 - val accuracy: 0.8109
Epoch 12/12
0595 - accuracy: 0.6970 - val loss: 0.8224 - val accuracy: 0.8248
Test loss: 0.8223868012428284
Test accuracy: 0.8248000144958496
```



In [3]: pip install scikit-plot

Collecting scikit-plot

Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/7c/47/32520e25934 0c140a4ad27c1b97050dd3254fdc517b1d59974d47037510e/scikit_plot-0.3.7-py3-none-any.whl

Requirement already satisfied: scikit-learn>=0.18 in /usr/local/lib/pyt hon3.6/dist-packages (from scikit-plot) (0.22.2.post1)

Requirement already satisfied: joblib>=0.10 in /usr/local/lib/python3. 6/dist-packages (from scikit-plot) (0.16.0)

Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib>=1.4.0 in /usr/local/lib/pyth on3.6/dist-packages (from scikit-plot) (3.2.2)

Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=0.9 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/d ist-packages (from scikit-plot) (1.4.1)

Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.11.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3. 6/dist-packages (from scikit-learn>=0.18->scikit-plot) (1.18.5)

Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/pyth on3.6/dist-packages (from matplotlib>=1.4.0->scikit-plot) (1.2.0)

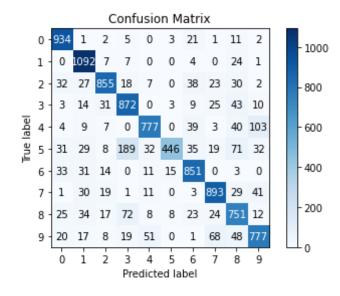
Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing!=2.0.4,!=2.1.2,!=2.1.6,>=2.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from matplotlib>=1.4.0->scik it-plot) (2.4.7)

Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in /usr/local/lib/python3.

6/dist-packages (from matplotlib>=1.4.0->scikit-plot) (0.10.0)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.1 in /usr/local/lib/p
ython3.6/dist-packages (from matplotlib>=1.4.0->scikit-plot) (2.8.1)
Requirement already satisfied: six in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-pac
kages (from cycler>=0.10->matplotlib>=1.4.0->scikit-plot) (1.15.0)
Installing collected packages: scikit-plot
Successfully installed scikit-plot-0.3.7

```
In [4]: pred=model.predict(x_test)
#pred= (pred>0.5)
import scikitplot.metrics as skplt
skplt.plot_confusion_matrix(y_test.argmax(axis=1), pred.argmax(axis=1))
```

Out[4]: <matplotlib.axes. subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f4331ee5940>



model with 5*5 kernal

```
In [5]: from keras.layers import BatchNormalization
model = Sequential()
```

```
model.add(Conv2D(32, kernel size=(5, 5),
                 activation='relu',
                 input shape=input shape))
model.add(Conv2D(64, (5, 5), activation='relu'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2)))
model.add(Dropout(0.50))
model.add(Flatten())
model.add(BatchNormalization())
model.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dropout(0.7))
model.add(Dense(num classes, activation='softmax'))
model.compile(loss=keras.losses.categorical crossentropy,
              optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adadelta(),
              metrics=['accuracy'])
history = model.fit(x train, y train,
          batch size=batch size,
          epochs=epochs,
          verbose=1,
          validation data=(x test, y_test))
score = model.evaluate(x test, y test, verbose=0)
print('Test loss:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
two = score[1]
fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
ax.set xlabel('epoch') ; ax.set ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
# list of epoch numbers
x = list(range(1, epochs+1))
vv = history.history['val loss']
ty = history.history['loss']
plt dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

```
pred=model.predict(x test)
#pred= (pred>0.5)
import scikitplot.metrics as skplt
skplt.plot confusion matrix(y test.argmax(axis=1), pred.argmax(axis=1))
Epoch 1/12
4053 - accuracy: 0.1143 - val loss: 2.1387 - val accuracy: 0.2530
Epoch 2/12
9262 - accuracy: 0.1647 - val loss: 1.7026 - val accuracy: 0.5195
Epoch 3/12
5755 - accuracy: 0.2241 - val loss: 1.4310 - val accuracy: 0.6585
Epoch 4/12
2903 - accuracy: 0.2851 - val loss: 1.2336 - val accuracy: 0.7352
Epoch 5/12
0765 - accuracy: 0.3413 - val loss: 1.0781 - val accuracy: 0.7770
Epoch 6/12
8990 - accuracy: 0.3873 - val loss: 0.9578 - val accuracy: 0.8026
Epoch 7/12
7444 - accuracy: 0.4339 - val loss: 0.8611 - val accuracy: 0.8206
Epoch 8/12
6180 - accuracy: 0.4736 - val loss: 0.7819 - val accuracy: 0.8339
Epoch 9/12
5013 - accuracy: 0.5087 - val loss: 0.7160 - val accuracy: 0.8450
Epoch 10/12
4185 - accuracy: 0.5367 - val loss: 0.6611 - val accuracy: 0.8549
Epoch 11/12
3404 - accuracy: 0.5610 - val loss: 0.6135 - val accuracy: 0.8628
```

Epoch 12/12 2808 - accuracy: 0.5809 - val loss: 0.5738 - val accuracy: 0.8705 Test loss: 0.5738340616226196 Test accuracy: 0.8705000281333923 Out[5]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f4331e3b198> 3.5 Validation Loss Train Loss Categorical Crossentropy Loss 0.5 10 epoch Confusion Matrix 2 0 0 26 3 4 1 - 1000 23 13 0 12 29 21 0 - 800 3 10 17 26 8 31 16 14 - 600 30 32 6 115 14 606 35 400 6 25 15 6 0 11 9 7 2 37 30 0 11 1 200 8 17 41 20 74 10 10 19

9 19 24 11 9

0 1 2 3 4 5 6

Predicted label

7 8 9

model with 7*7 kernal

```
In [6]: model = Sequential()
        model.add(Conv2D(32, kernel size=(7, 7),
                         activation='relu',
                         input shape=input shape))
        model.add(Conv2D(64, (7, 7), activation='relu'))
        model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2)))
        model.add(Dropout(0.8))
        model.add(Flatten())
        model.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
        model.add(Dropout(0.9))
        model.add(Dense(num classes, activation='softmax'))
        model.compile(loss=keras.losses.categorical crossentropy,
                      optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adadelta(),
                      metrics=['accuracy'])
        history = model.fit(x train, y train,
                  batch size=batch size,
                  epochs=epochs,
                  verbose=1.
                  validation data=(x test, y test))
        score = model.evaluate(x test, y test, verbose=0)
        print('Test loss:', score[0])
        print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
        three = score[1]
        fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
        ax.set xlabel('epoch') ; ax.set ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
        # list of epoch numbers
        x = list(range(1,epochs+1))
        vy = history.history['val loss']
```

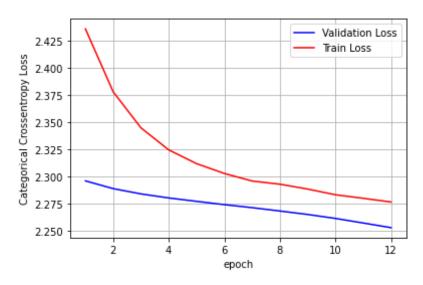
```
ty = history.history['loss']
plt dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
pred=model.predict(x test)
#pred= (pred>0.5)
import scikitplot.metrics as skplt
skplt.plot confusion matrix(y test.argmax(axis=1), pred.argmax(axis=1))
Epoch 1/12
56 - accuracy: 0.1020 - val loss: 2.2958 - val accuracy: 0.1097
Epoch 2/12
77 - accuracy: 0.1048 - val loss: 2.2887 - val accuracy: 0.1421
Epoch 3/12
46 - accuracy: 0.1075 - val loss: 2.2839 - val accuracy: 0.2034
Epoch 4/12
43 - accuracy: 0.1099 - val loss: 2.2802 - val accuracy: 0.2901
Epoch 5/12
17 - accuracy: 0.1140 - val loss: 2.2770 - val accuracy: 0.3738
Epoch 6/12
27 - accuracy: 0.1213 - val loss: 2.2740 - val accuracy: 0.4372
Epoch 7/12
57 - accuracy: 0.1226 - val loss: 2.2712 - val accuracy: 0.4861
Epoch 8/12
28 - accuracy: 0.1251 - val loss: 2.2682 - val accuracy: 0.5183
Epoch 9/12
83 - accuracy: 0.1284 - val loss: 2.2650 - val accuracy: 0.5441
Epoch 10/12
31 - accuracy: 0.1323 - val loss: 2.2614 - val accuracy: 0.5666
Epoch 11/12
```

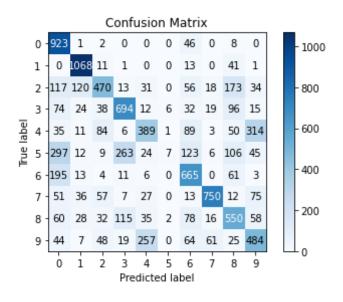
Epoch 12/12

64 - accuracy: 0.1393 - val_loss: 2.2529 - val_accuracy: 0.6000

Test loss: 2.2528669834136963 Test accuracy: 0.6000000238418579

Out[6]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f433f437780>





```
In [7]: from prettytable import PrettyTable
x = PrettyTable()
x.field_names = ["model","accuracy"]
x.add_row(["model with 3*3 kernal",one])
x.add_row(["model with 5*5 kernal",two])
x.add_row(["model with 7*7 kernal",three])
print(x)
```

from above chart, model with 5*5 keral has .87 max accuracy, so will consider this model.