

The xv6 source code is available via : `git clone git://pdos.csail.mit.edu/xv6/xv6.git`

Category of Course	Continuous Assessment	Mid – Semester Assessment	End Semester
Theory Integrated with Practical	15(T) + 25 (P)	20	40

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	✓	✓					✓				✓	✓
CO2	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓					✓	✓
CO3	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓				✓	✓
CO4	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					✓	✓
CO5	✓	✓				✓	✓				✓	✓

COMPILER DESIGN

- To know about the various transformations in the different phases of the compiler, error handling and means of implementing the phases
- To learn about the techniques for tokenization and parsing
- To understand the ways of converting a source language to intermediate representation
- To have an idea about the different ways of generating assembly code
- To have a brief understanding about the various code optimization techniques

COMPILER DESIGN	L	T	P	EL	CREDITS
	3	0	4	3	6
MODULE I :	L	T	P	EL	
	3	0	4	3	
Phases of the compiler – compiler construction tools – role of assemblers, macroprocessors, loaders, linkers.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EL – Constructs of programming languages - C, C++, Java • LEX tool tutorial 					
SUGGESTED EVALUATION METHODS: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tutorial problems 					

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Assignment problems • Quizzes • Practical demo / evaluation 				
MODULE II :	L	T	P	EL
	3	0	4	3
Role of a lexical analyzer – Recognition of Tokens – Specification of Tokens - Finite Automata (FA) – Deterministic Finite Automata (DFA) – Non-deterministic Finite Automata (NFA) – Finite Automata with Epsilon Transitions – NFA to DFA conversion - Minimization of Automata.				
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EL –LEX tool for tokenization • Problems based on conversion from NFA to DFA, Epsilon NFA to DFA • Practical – Programs using LEX for tokenization 				
SUGGESTED EVALUATION METHODS: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tutorial problems • Assignment problems • Quizzes • Practical demo / evaluation 				
MODULE III :	L	T	P	EL
	3	0	4	3
Error handling – Error Detection and Recovery – Lexical phase error management – Syntax phase error management -Error recovery routines.				
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Flipped Class room – LEX programs • Problems based on obtaining automata for error routines. • EL – Implementation of error recovery procedures using LEX/FLEX tool 				
SUGGESTED EVALUATION METHODS: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tutorial problems • Assignment problems • Quizzes • Practical demo / evaluation 				
MODULE IV :	L	T	P	EL
	3	0	4	3
Context-Free Grammar (CFG) – Derivation Trees – Ambiguity in Grammars and Languages – Need and Role of the parser				
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EL - CFG for C language constructs • Problems to check for ambiguity 				
SUGGESTED EVALUATION METHODS: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tutorial problems • Assignment problems • Quizzes 				

MODULE V :	L	T	P	EL
	3	0	4	3
Recursive Descent Parsers – LL(1) Parsers – Shift Reduce Parser – LR(0) items - Simple LR parser				
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EL – Push down automata for Parsing, YACC tutorial. • Problems based on simplification of CFG 				
SUGGESTED EVALUATION METHODS: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tutorial problems • Assignment problems • Quizzes 				
MODULE VI:	L	T	P	EL
	3	0	4	3
LALR Parser – CALR Parser – Parser Generators – Design of a parser generator				
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EL – YACC tutorial for parsing particular language syntaxes • Practical – programs using YACC for parsing 				
SUGGESTED EVALUATION METHODS: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tutorial problems • Assignment problems • Quizzes • Practical demo / evaluation 				
MODULE VII:	L	T	P	EL
	3	0	4	3
Syntax directed Definitions – Inherited and Synthesized Attributes - Syntax Directed Translation - Construction of Syntax Tree-Type Systems-Specification of a simple type checker				
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EL – Type checking semantic rules for a programming language like C. • Programs for validating C-lite constructs using YACC 				
SUGGESTED EVALUATION METHODS: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tutorial problems • Assignment problems • Quizzes 				
MODULE VIII:	L	T	P	EL
	3	0	4	3
Three address code – Types of Three address code – Quadruples, Triples, Three-address code for Declarations, Arrays, Loops, Backpatching				
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Flipped classroom – semantic rules for three-address code a programming language like C. • Practical – implementation of three-address code generation for a programming language like C. • EL – Three-address code for Switch-case statements • Assignment on generating three-address code for arrays, looping constructs with and without backpatching 				

SUGGESTED EVALUATION METHODS:				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tutorial problems • Assignment problems • Quizzes • Practical demo / evaluation 				
MODULE IX:	L	T	P	EL
	3	0	4	3
Run Time Environment: Source Language Issues- Symbol Tables - Storage Organization-Stack Allocation- Access to nonlocal data on stack – Heap management - Parameter Passing				
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES :				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Flipped classroom – suggested parameter passing techniques for a programming language like C. • Practical – Symbol table implementation 				
SUGGESTED EVALUATION METHODS:				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Assignment problems • Practical demo / evaluation 				
MODULE X:	L	T	P	EL
	3	0	4	3
Basic blocks – Next use – Register allocation – DAG construction – Loops				
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES :				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Combination of in class & Flipped • EL – Basic block, next-use applications, • EL – alternate register allocation techniques • Practical – Implementation of Register allocation using Graph colouring 				
SUGGESTED EVALUATION METHODS:				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tutorial problems • Assignment problems • Quizzes • Practical demo / evaluation 				
MODULE XI:	L	T	P	EL
	3	0	4	3
Code Generator Issues – Simple Code generator – Data Structures for simple code generator, Labelling algorithm - Code generator using DAG – Dynamic programming based code generation				
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES :				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Combination of in class & Flipped • EL – Template based code generation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Practical – simple code generator for a programming language like C. 				
SUGGESTED EVALUATION METHODS:				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tutorial problems • Assignment problems • Quizzes • Practical demo / evaluation 				

MODULE XII:	L	T	P	EL
	3	0	4	3
Principle sources of optimization - Optimization in Basic blocks – DAG – Structure Preserving transformation – functional transformation – loop optimization – Peep hole optimization				
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Combination of in class & Flipped • Practical – Combining and integrating all the implemented features for a programming language like C 				
SUGGESTED EVALUATION METHODS: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tutorial problems • Assignment problems • Quizzes • Practical demo / evaluation 				

TEXT BOOK:

1. Alfred V. Aho, Monica S. Lam, Ravi Sethi, Jeffrey D. Ullman, "Compilers: Principles, Techniques and Tools", Second Edition, Pearson Education Limited, 2014.

REFERENCES:

1. Randy Allen, Ken Kennedy, "Optimizing Compilers for Modern Architectures: A Dependence-based Approach", Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2002.
2. Steven S. Muchnick, "Advanced Compiler Design and Implementation", Morgan Kaufmann Publishers - Elsevier Science, India, Indian Reprint, 2003.
3. Keith D Cooper and Linda Torczon, "Engineering a Compiler", Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, Elsevier Science, 2004.
4. V. Raghavan, "Principles of Compiler Design", Tata McGraw Hill Education Publishers, 2010.
5. Allen I. Holub, "Compiler Design in C", Prentice-Hall Software Series, 1993.

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Comprehensively identify the issues in every phase of the compiler
- Analyse the design issues in the different phases of the compiler and design the phases by integrating appropriate tools
- Identify the apt code generation strategy that needs to be adopted for any given source language
- Analyse and understand the various code optimizations that are necessary for any given intermediate code or assembly level code for sequential algorithms
- Apply and design code optimization techniques for any input code with error recovery
- Design a compiler by incorporating the various phases of the compiler for any new source language