

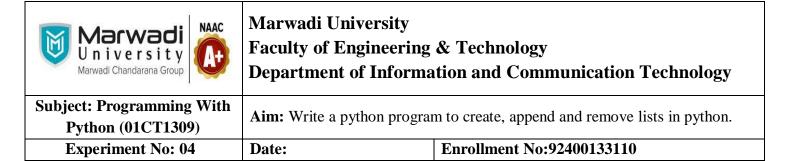
**Aim:** Write a python program to create, append and remove lists in python.

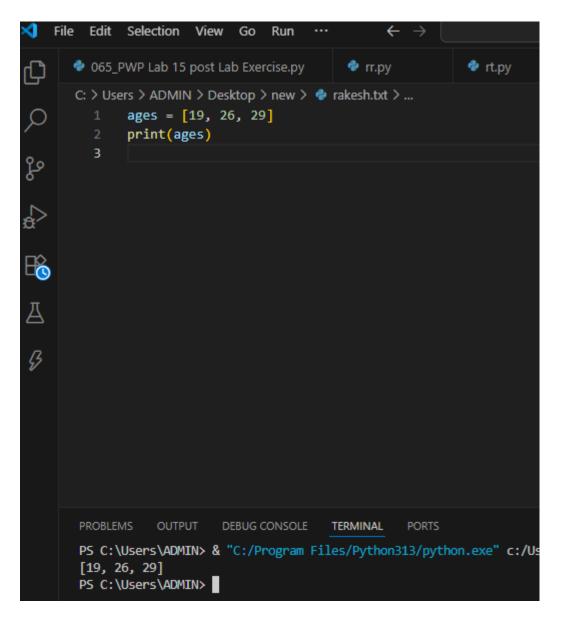
### IDE:

A collection of items can be managed and stored in an ordered sequence using a Python list, a flexible and robust data structure. Because lists may hold components of several data types—integers, texts, and even other lists—they are incredibly versatile for various computer applications. You can quickly add, remove, and alter elements from Python lists and carry out operations like sorting and slicing.

Example of List in Python

ages = [19, 26, 29] print(ages) Output:



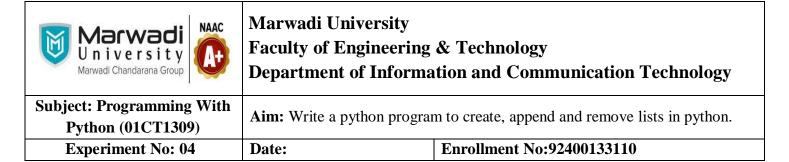


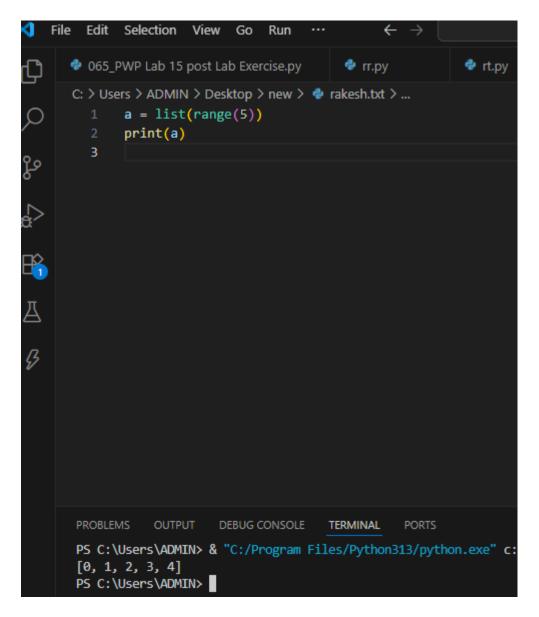
```
Task:

a = list(range(5))

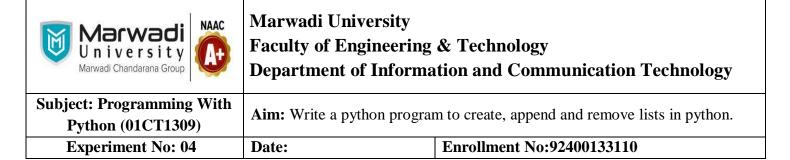
print(a)
```

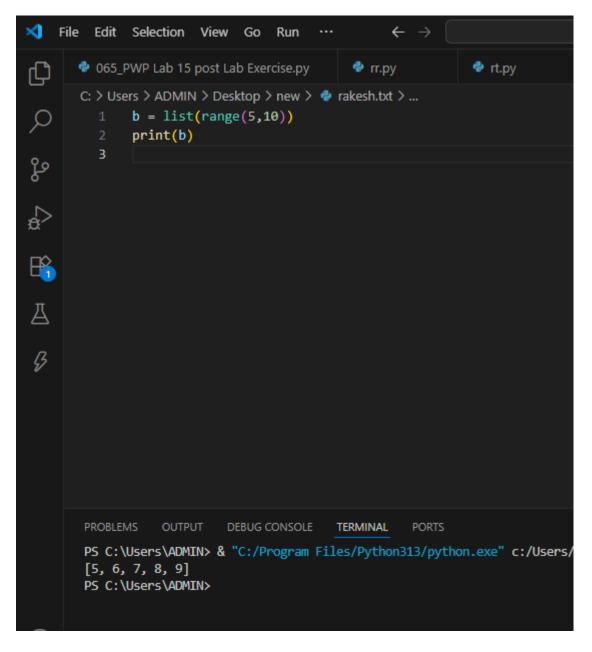
Output:



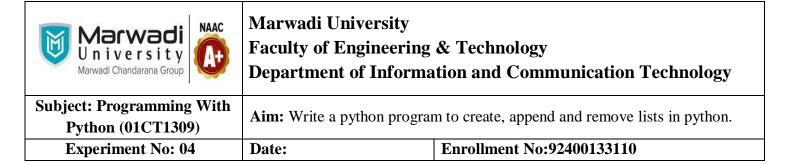


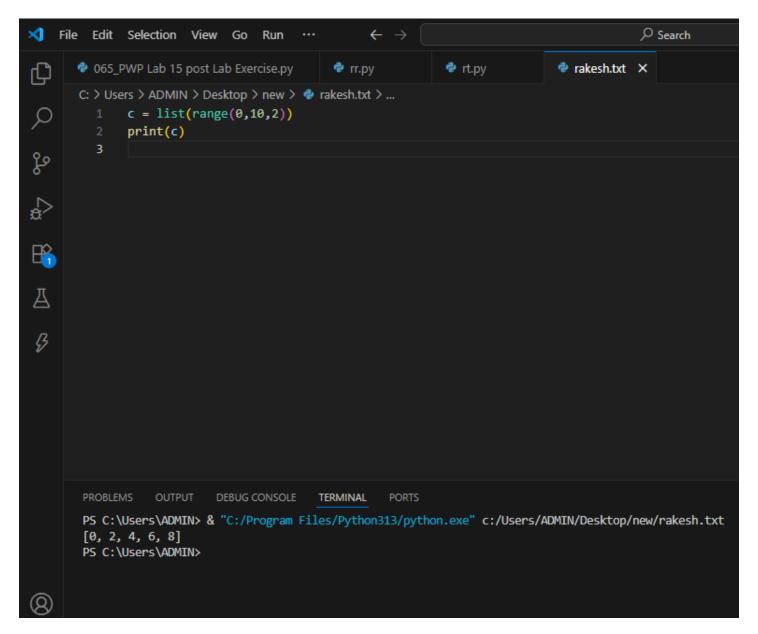
b = list(range(5,10))
print(b)
Output:



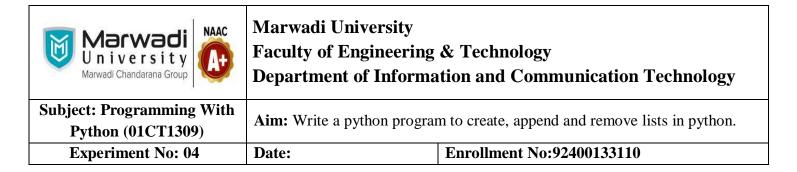


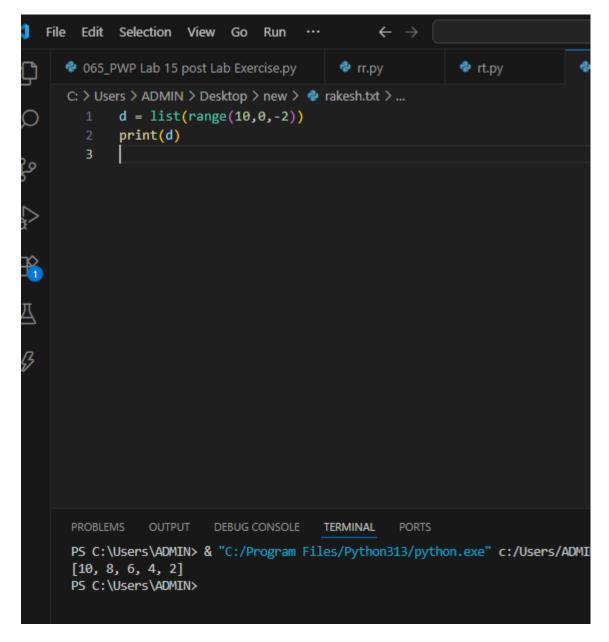
c = list(range(0,10,2))
print(c)
output:





d = list(range(10,0,-2))
print(d)
output:





Add Elements to a Python List

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Subject: Programming With Python (01CT1309)	<b>Aim:</b> Write a python program to create, append and remove lists in python.	
Experiment No: 04	Date:	Enrollment No:92400133110

Adds element to the end of a list.

List = ['Mathematics', 'chemistry', 1997, 2000] List.append(20544) print(List) output

```
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               List.append(20544)
               print(List)
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        ['Mathematics', 'chemistry', 1997, 2000, 20544]
        PS C:\Users\ADMIN>
```

### 2. Python insert() Method

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Experiment No: 04	Date:	Enrollment No:92400133110

Inserts an element at the specified position.

List = ['Mathematics', 'chemistry', 1997, 2000] # Insert at index 2 value 10087 List.insert(2, 10087) print(List) output

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               List = ['Mathematics', 'chemistry', 1997, 2000]
              List.insert(2, 10087)
               print(List)
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        PS C:\Users\ADMIN> & "C:/Program Files/Python313/python.exe" c:/Users/ADMIN/Desktop/new/rakesh.txt
        ['Mathematics', 'chemistry', 10087, 1997, 2000]
        PS C:\Users\ADMIN>
```

3. Python extend() Method

# Marwadi University Faculty of Engineering & Technology Department of Information and Communication Technology Subject: Programming With Python (01CT1309) Experiment No: 04 Marwadi University Faculty of Engineering & Technology Department of Information and Communication Technology Aim: Write a python program to create, append and remove lists in python. Enrollment No: 92400133110

Adds items of an iterable(list.) to the end of a list.

```
List1 = [1, 2, 3]

List2 = [2, 3, 4, 5]

# Add List2 to List1

List1.extend(List2)

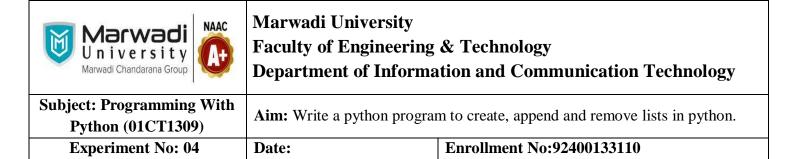
print(List1)

output:
```

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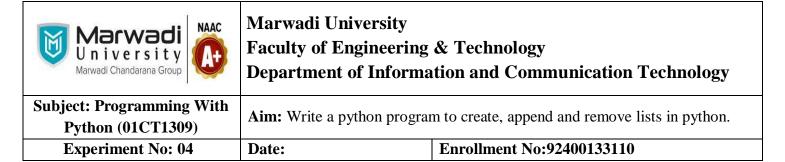
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               List1 = [1, 2, 3]
               List2 = [2, 3, 4, 5]
               List1.extend(List2)
               print(List1)
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                   OUTPUT
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        PS C:\Users\ADMIN> & "C:/Program Files/Python313/python.exe" c:/Users/ADMIN/Desktop/new/rakesh.txt
        [1, 2, 3, 2, 3, 4, 5]
        PS C:\Users\ADMIN>
```

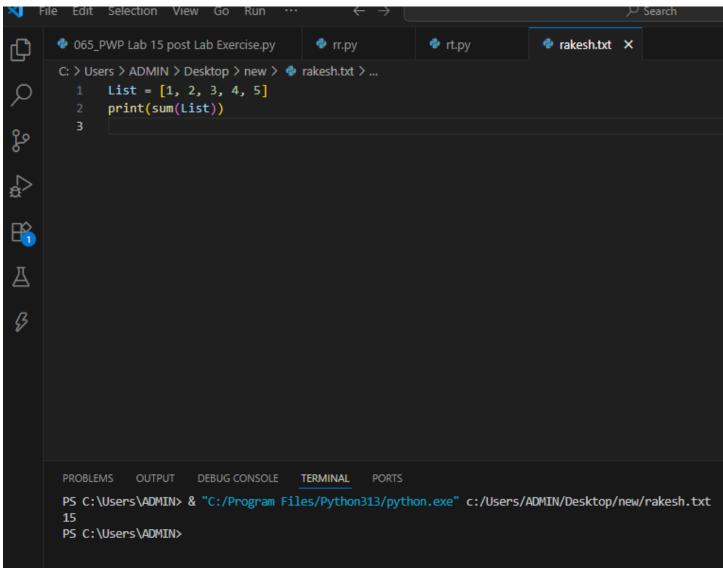


Important Functions of the Python List

1. Python sum() Method Calculates the sum of all the elements of the List.

List = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5] print(sum(List)) output





Task: List = ['gfg', 'abc', 3] print(sum(List)) output



# Marwadi University

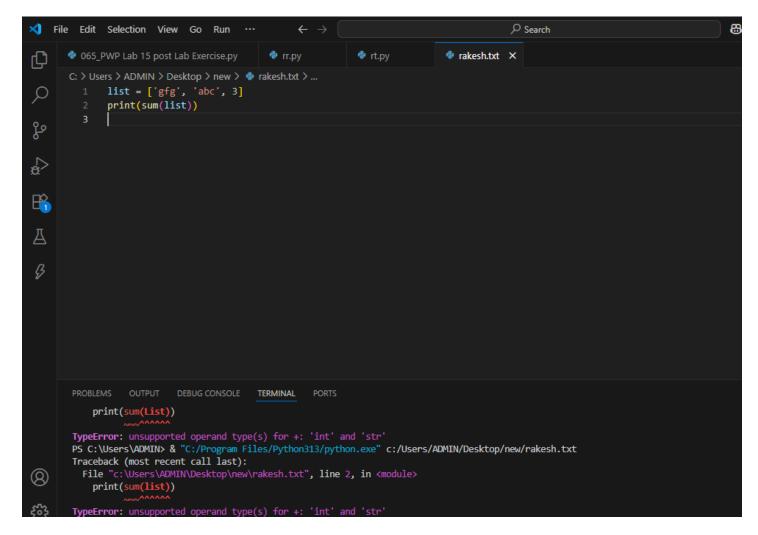
# Faculty of Engineering & Technology

# **Department of Information and Communication Technology**

Subject: Programming With Python (01CT1309)

**Aim:** Write a python program to create, append and remove lists in python.

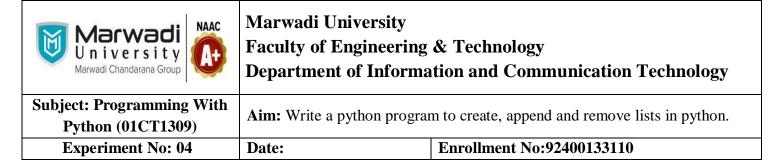
Experiment No: 04 Date: Enrollment No:92400133110

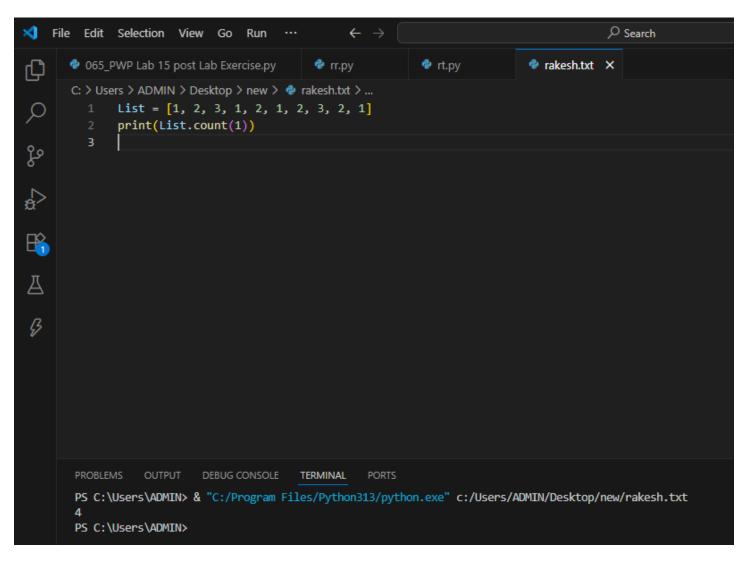


### 2. Python count() Method

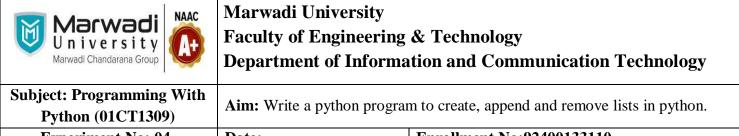
Calculates the total occurrence of a given element of the List.

List = [1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 1, 2, 3, 2, 1] print(List.count(1))

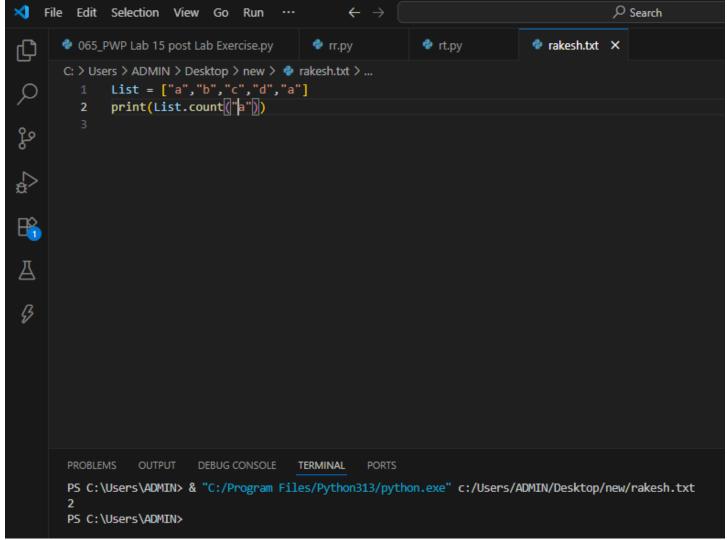




List = ['a','b',c','d','a'] print(List.count('a')) output:

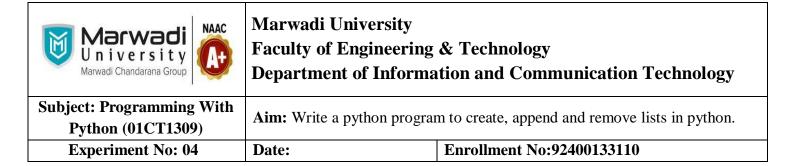


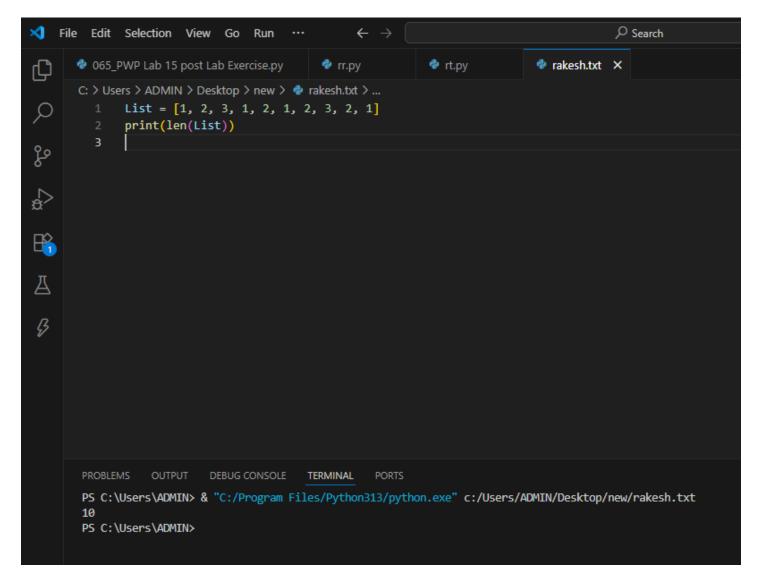
Experiment No: 04 Date: Enrollment No:92400133110



# 3. Python len() Method Calculates the total length of the List.

List = [1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 1, 2, 3, 2, 1] print(len(List)) output

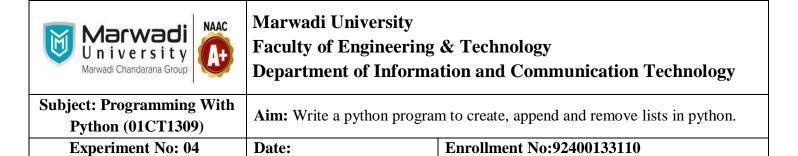


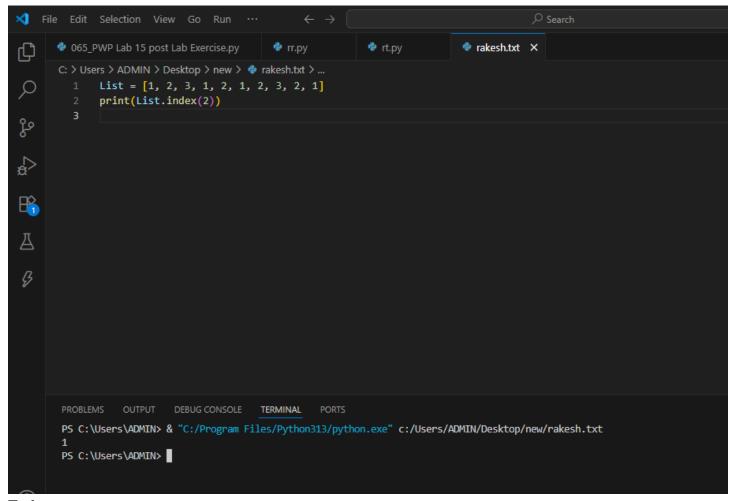


### 4. Python index() Method

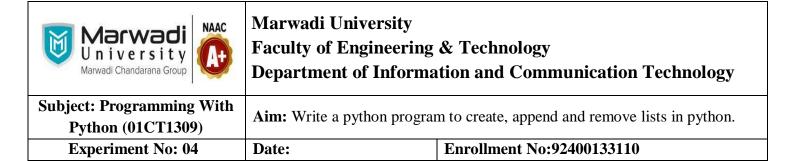
Returns the index of the first occurrence. The start and end indexes are not necessary parameters.

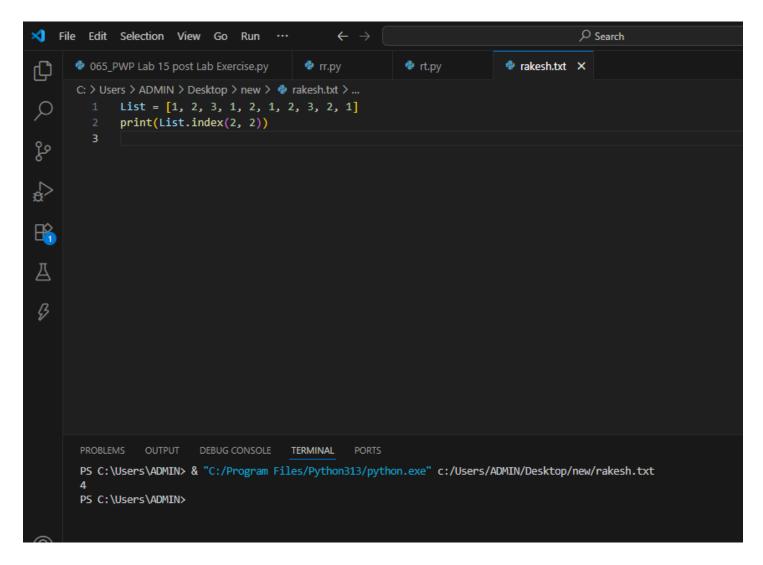
```
List = [1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 1, 2, 3, 2, 1]
print(List.index(2))
output
```





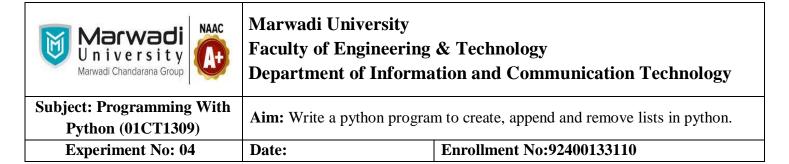
Task: List = [1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 1, 2, 3, 2, 1] print(List.index(2, 2)) output

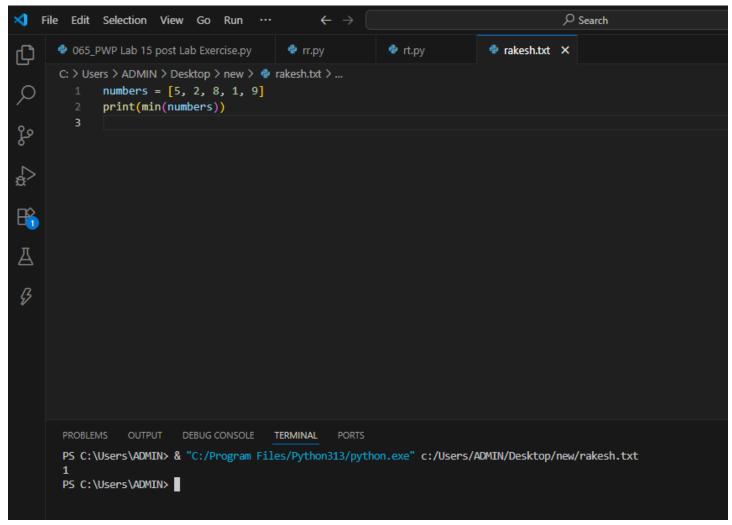




### 5. Python min() Method

Calculates minimum of all the elements of List. numbers = [5, 2, 8, 1, 9] print(min(numbers)) output





### 6. Python max() Method

Calculates the maximum of all the elements of the List.

numbers = [5, 2, 8, 1, 9]

print(max(numbers))

output



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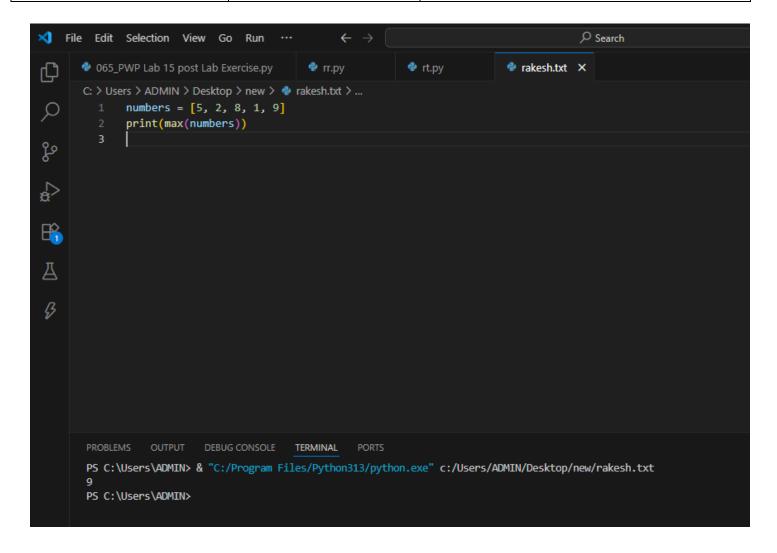
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Aim: Write a python program to create, append and remove lists in python.

Experiment No: 04 Date: Enrollment No:92400133110



### 7. Python sort() Method

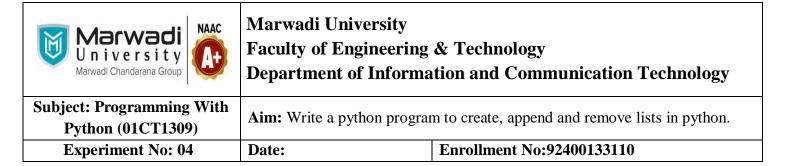
Sort the given data structure (both tuple and list) in ascending order.

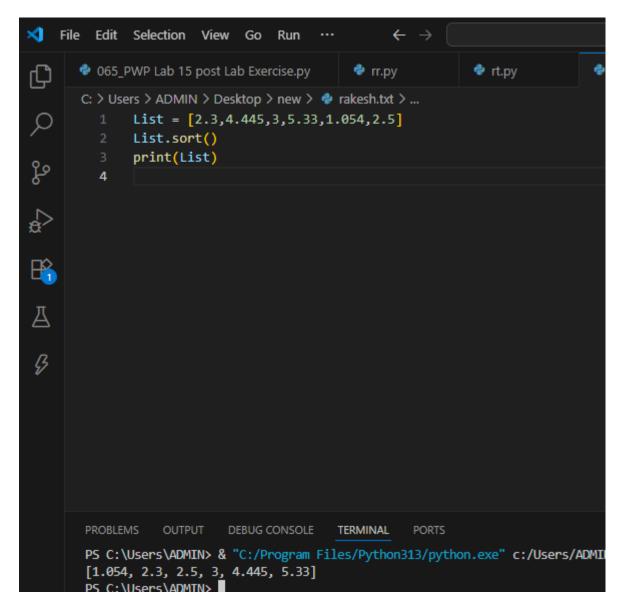
List = [2.3,4.445,3,5.33,1.054,2.5]

List.sort()

print(List)

output





List = [2.3, 4.445, 3, 5.33, 1.054, 2.5] #Reverse flag is set True List.sort(reverse=True) print(List) output



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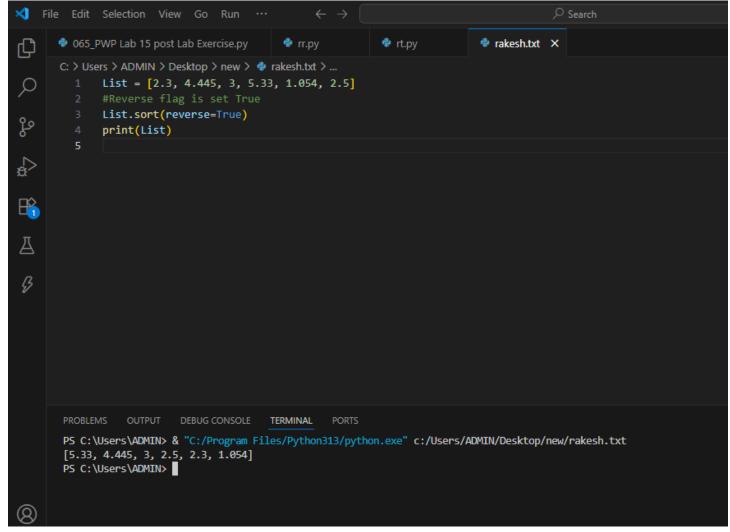
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Experiment No: 04 Date: Enrollment No:92400133110



### 8. Python reverse() Method

reverse() function reverses the order of list.

# creating a list

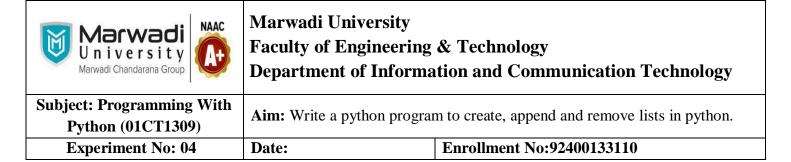
list = [1,2,3,4,5]

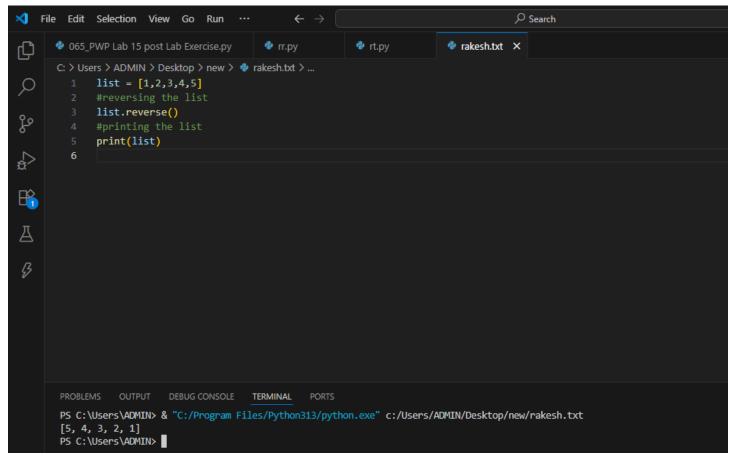
#reversing the list

list.reverse()

#printing the list

print(list)





### **Deletion of List Elements**

To Delete one or more elements, i.e. remove an element, many built-in Python list functions can be used, such as pop() and remove() and keywords such as del.

### 1. Python pop() Method

Removes an item from a specific index in a list.

List = [2.3, 4.445, 3, 5.33, 1.054, 2.5] print(List.pop()) output



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Aim: Write a python program to create, append and remove lists in python.

**Enrollment No:92400133110** 

Experiment No: 04 Date:

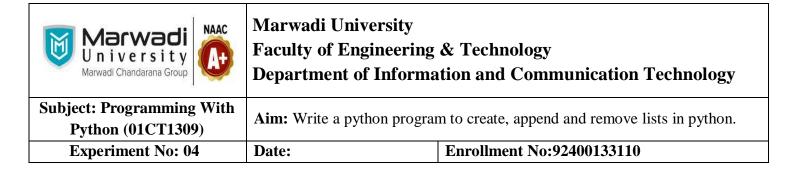
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List = [2.3, 4.445, 3, 5.33, 1.054, 2.5] print(List.pop(0)) output

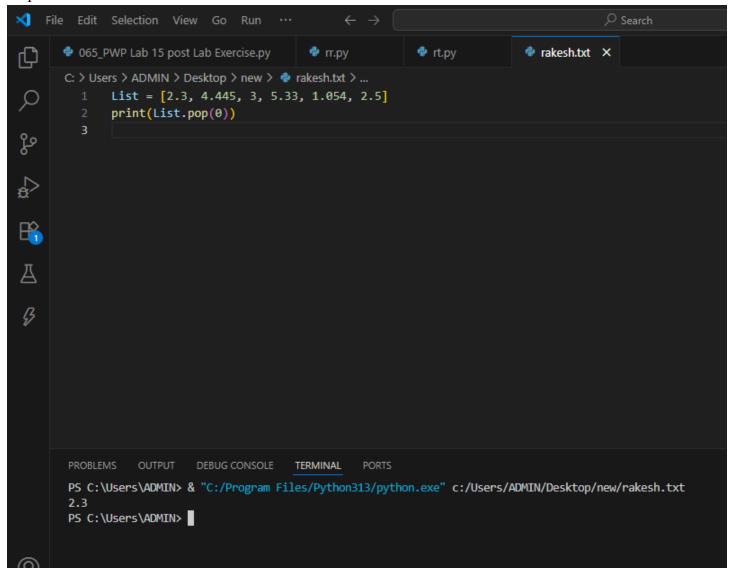
### 2. Python del() Method

Deletes an element from the list using it's index.

List = [2.3, 4.445, 3, 5.33, 1.054, 2.5] del List[0] print(List)



### output



### 3. Python remove() Method

Removes a specific element using it's value/name.

List = [2.3, 4.445, 3, 5.33, 1.054, 2.5]

List.remove(3)

print(List)

output



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Aim: Write a python program to create, append and remove lists in python.

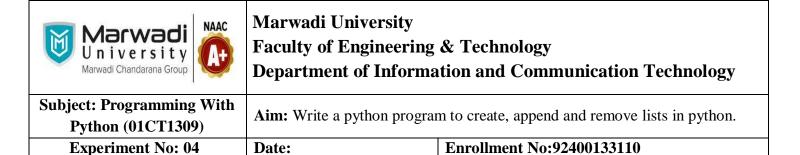
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             List.remove(3)
              print(List)
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        [2.3, 4.445, 5.33, 1.054, 2.5]
       PS C:\Users\ADMIN>
```

# removing duplicates from a list using dictionaries
my\_list\_1 = [5, 2, 90, 24, 10, 2, 90, 34]
my\_list\_2 = ['a', 'a', 'a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'd', 'e']

# removing duplicates from list 1
my\_list\_1 = list(dict.fromkeys(my\_list\_1))
print(my\_list\_1)
output
# removing duplicates from list 2
my\_list\_2 = list(dict.fromkeys(my\_list\_2))
print(my\_list\_2)



### output

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               # removing duplicates from a list using dictionaries
Q
               my_list_1 = [5, 2, 90, 24, 10, 2, 90, 34]
               my_list_2 = ['a', 'a', 'a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'd', 'e']
               my_list_1 = list(dict.fromkeys(my_list_1))
               print(my_list_1)
               # removing duplicates from list 2
               my_list_2 = list(dict.fromkeys(my_list_2))
               print(my_list_2)
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        [5, 2, 90, 24, 10, 34]
        ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', PS C:\Users\ADMIN>
                             'e']
(Q)
```

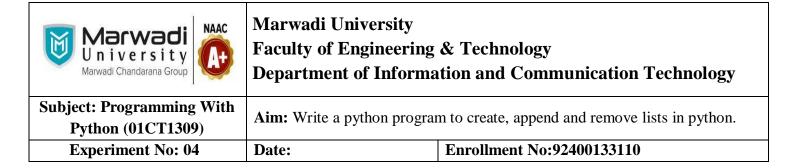
### Combining lists

We can even combine lists with the help of the zip() function which results in a list of tuples. Here each item from list A is combined with corresponding elements from list B in the form of a tuple.

# combing lists with the help of zip() function

```
my_list_1 = [5, 2, 90, 24, 10]
my_list_2 = [6, 3, 91, 25, 12]
```

# combined

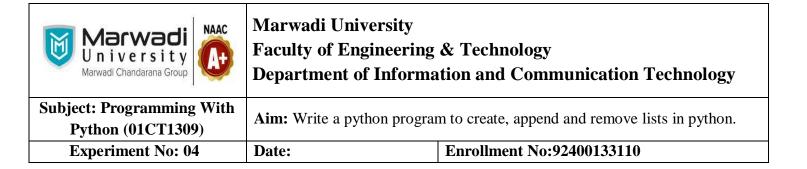


```
my_combined_list = list(zip(my_list_1, my_list_2))
print(my_combined_list)
output
```

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              my_list_1 = [5, 2, 90, 24, 10]
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              my_list_2 = [6, 3, 91, 25, 12]
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              my_combined_list = list(zip(my_list_1, my_list_2))
              print(my_combined_list)
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       [(5, 6), (2, 3), (90, 91), (24, 25), (10, 12)]
       PS C:\Users\ADMIN>
```

### Finding the most common item

To find the most frequent element we make use of the set() function. The set() function removes all the duplicates from the list, and the max() function returns the most frequent element (which is found with the help of 'key'). The key is an optional single argument function.



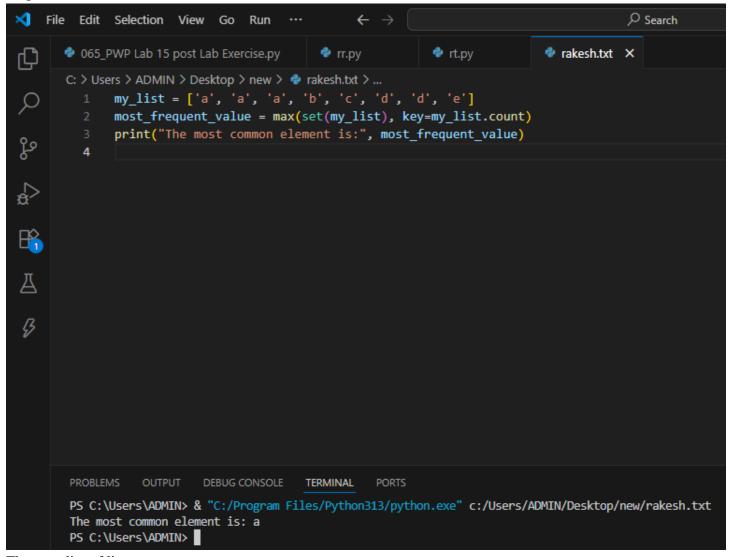
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# to find the most frequent element from the list

my_list = ['a', 'a', 'a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'd', 'e']

most_frequent_value = max(set(my_list), key=my_list.count)

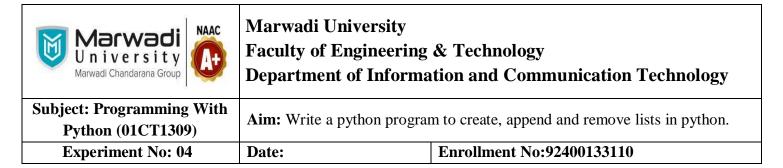
print("The most common element is:", most_frequent_value)

output
```



Flatten a list of lists

Sometimes we encounter a list where each element in itself is a list. To convert a list of lists into a single list, we use list comprehension.



my\_list = [item for List in list\_of\_lists for item in List]
print(my\_list)
output

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               # to flatten a list_of_lists by using list comprehension
               list of lists = [[1, 2],
                                 [3, 4],
مړ
                                 [5, 6],
                                 [7, 8]]
               # using list comprehension
               my_list = [item for List in list of lists for item in List]
               print(my list)
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        [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
        PS C:\Users\ADMIN>
```

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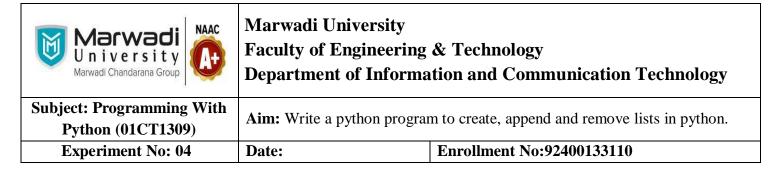
### **Post Lab Exercise:**

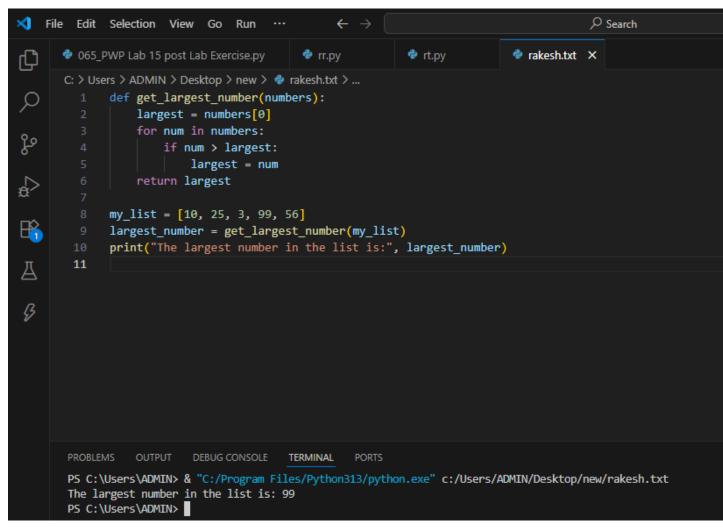
a. Write a Python program to multiply all the items in a list.

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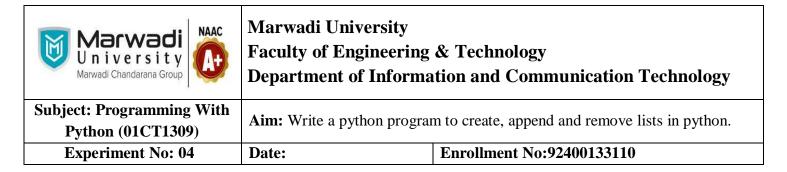
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              def multiply_list_items(numbers):
                  result = 1
                  for num in numbers:
                       result *= num
                  return result
              my_list = [2, 3, 4, 5]
              product = multiply_list_items(my_list)
              print("The product of all items in the list is:", product)
        10
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                  OUTPUT
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       PS C:\Users\ADMIN> & "C:/Program Files/Python313/python.exe" c:/Users/ADMIN/Desktop/new/rakesh.txt
       The product of all items in the list is: 120
       PS C:\Users\ADMIN>
```

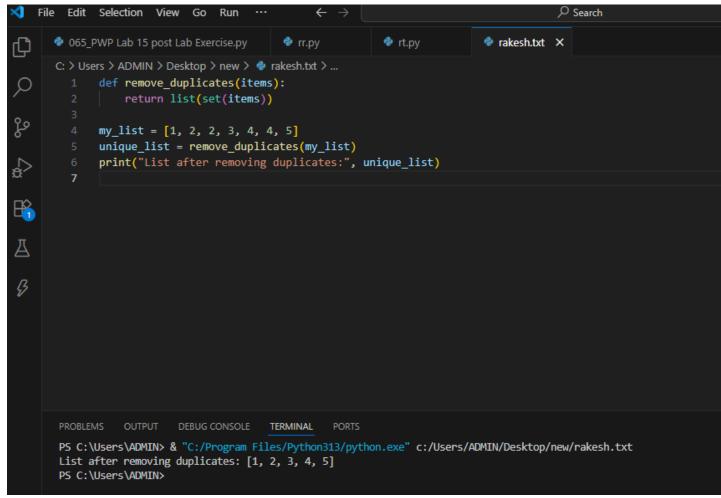
b. Write a Python program to get the largest number from a list.



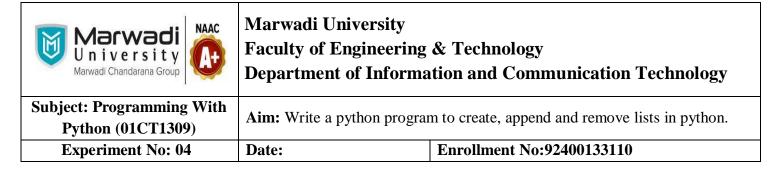


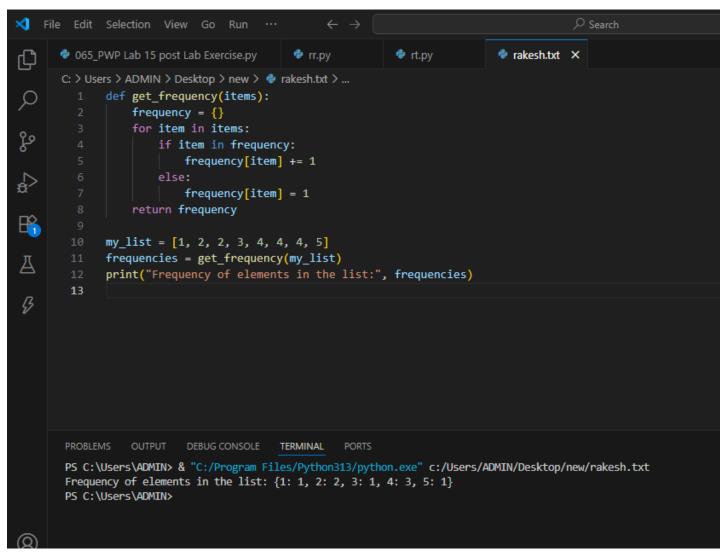
c. Write a Python program to remove duplicates from a list.



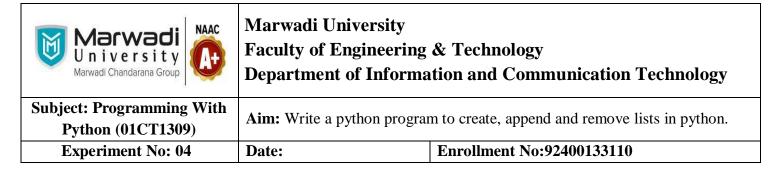


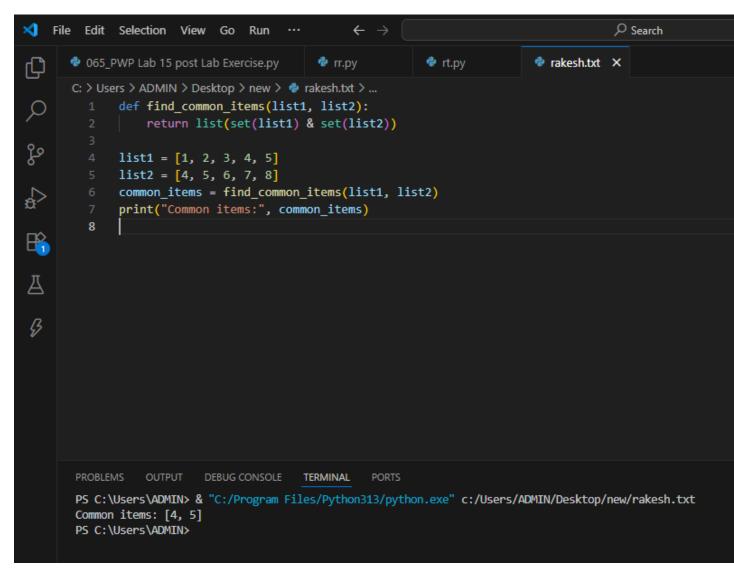
d. Write a Python program to get the frequency of elements in a list.





e. Find common items from two lists





f. Convert a list of multiple integers into a single integer



# **Marwadi University**

# **Faculty of Engineering & Technology**

# **Department of Information and Communication Technology**

Subject: Programming With Python (01CT1309)

**Aim:** Write a python program to create, append and remove lists in python.

Experiment No: 04 Date: Enrollment No:92400133110

