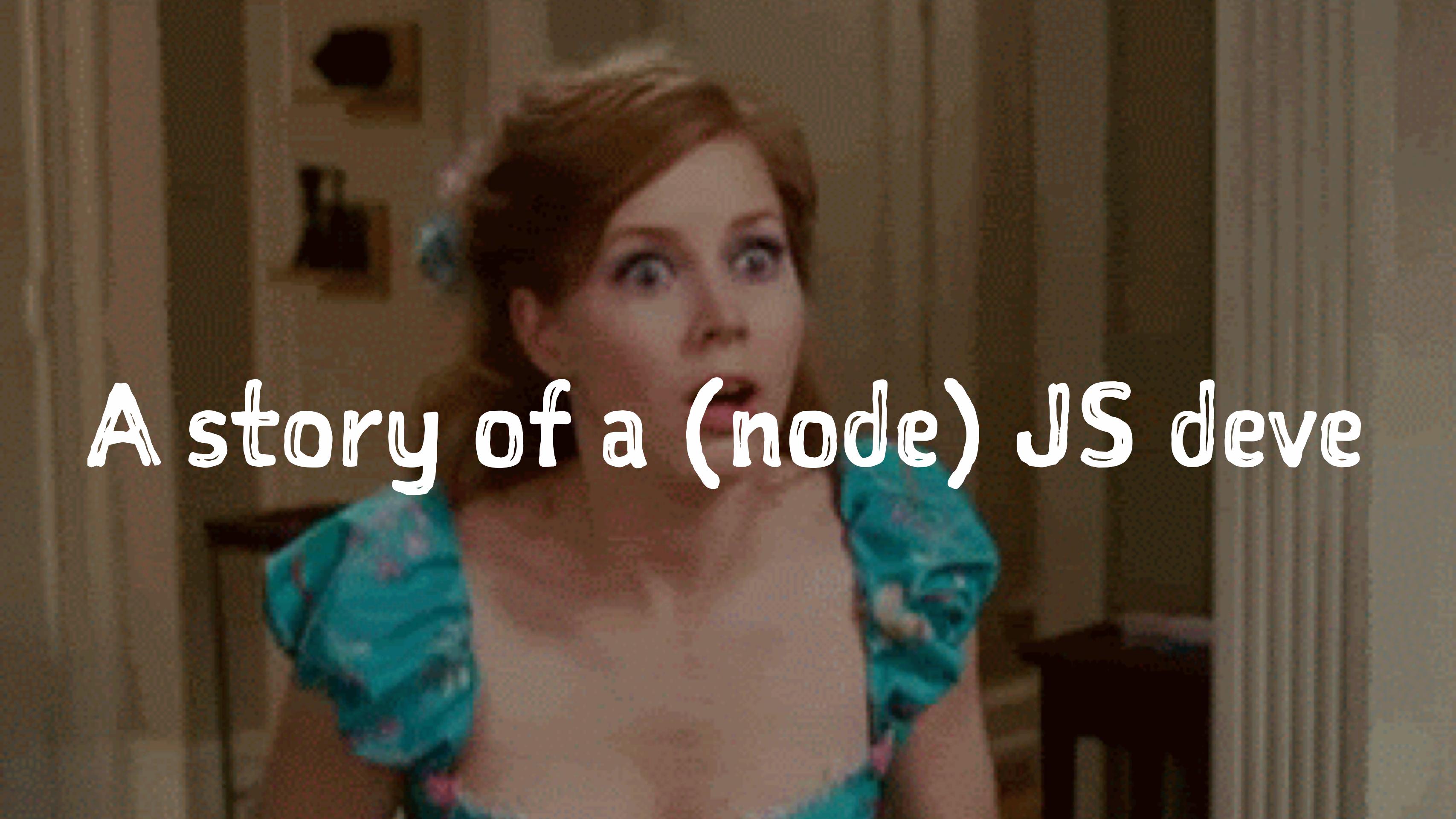


Let me tell you a story...

A story of a developer...

A close-up photograph of a woman with short, wavy brown hair. She is looking upwards and slightly to her right with a thoughtful expression. Her eyes are light-colored. She is wearing a dark-colored top with a visible zipper and a teal-colored, patterned scarf tied in a knot at her neck. The background is dark and out of focus.

A story of a (node) JS deve

Simple

THE ART OF

MILITARY
STRATEGY

OUTMUSCLE YOUR COMPETITION
WITH STRATEGIC TACTICS



hmm.. that's very
easy!

```
function read(filename){  
  return fs.readFileSync(filename)
```

Okies....sau the file is like



```
function read(filename, callback){  
  fs.readFile(filename, 'utf8', function (err, res){  
    if (err) {  
      return callback(err);  
    }  
    callback(null, res);  
  });  
}
```

OK, not bad...now process that file.

```
function process(file){  
  /* Some processing stuff */  
}  
  
function read(filename, callback){  
  fs.readFile(filename, 'utf8', function (err, res){  
    if (err) {  
      return callback(err);  
    }  
    try {  
      callback(null, process(res));  
    } catch (ex) {  
      callback(ex);  
    }  
  }  
}
```

```
function read(filename, callback){  
  fs.readFile(filename, 'utf8', function (err, res){  
    if (err) {  
      return callback(err);  
    }  
    try {  
      res = process(res);  
    } catch (ex) {  
      return callback(ex);  
    }  
    callback(null, res);  
  });  
}
```

Time passes by....

```
1 app.get('/some_resources', function (req, res) {  
2   db.query('SELECT A ...', function (err, a) {  
3     if (err) return res.end(err);  
4  
5     db.query('SELECT B ... WHERE a=' + a, function (err, b) {  
6       if (err) return res.end(err);  
7  
8       db.query('SELECT C ... WHERE b=' + b, function (err, c) {  
9         if (err) return res.end(err);  
10  
11      db.query('SELECT D ... WHERE c=' + c, function (err, d) {  
12        if (err) return res.end(err);  
13  
14        res.end(d);  
15      });  
16    });  
17  });  
18});  
19});
```



So, how do we avoid callback hell?

- Name your functions.
- Keep your code shallow.
- Modularize!
- Binding this

When you know...then you know!

Let us make a promise!

- fulfilled
- rejected
- pending
- settled

```
var promise = new Promise(function(resolve, reject) {  
    // Some async...  
    if /* Allz well*/) {  
        resolve("It worked!");  
    }  
    else {  
        reject(Error("It did not work :('"));  
    }  
  
promise.then(function(result) {  
    console.log(result); // "It worked!"  
}, function(err) {  
    console.log(err); // Error: "It don not work :('"  
} `
```

```
async1().then(function() {
  return async2();
}).then(function() {
  return async3();
}).catch(function(err) {
  return asyncHeal1();
}).then(function() {
  return asyncHeal4();
}, function(err) {
  return asyncHeal2();
}).catch(function(err) {
  console.log("Ignore them");
}).then(function() {
```

lie-fs

```
$ npm install lie-fs
```

```
fs.stat('/tmp', function(err,data){  
  if(!err){  
    console.log(data);  
  } else {  
    console.error(err);  
  }  
}  
  
var fsp = require('lie-fs');
```

async

```
async.map(['file1','file2','file3'], fs.stat, function
  // results is now an array of stats for each file
});
```

```
async.filter(['file1','file2','file3'], fs.exists, function
  // results now equals an array of the existing files
});
```

```
async.parallel([
  function(){ ... },
  ... ])
```



Happ(Y)ily ever after...



Streams are broken,
callbacks are not
great to work with,
errors are vague,
tooling is not great,
community
convention is sort
of there..

- you may get duplicate callbacks
- you may not get a callback at all (lost in limbo)
- you may get out-of-band errors
- emitters may get multiple “error” events
- missing “error” events sends everything to hell
- often unsure what requires “error” handlers
- “error” handlers are very verbose
- callbacks suck

and

.

all

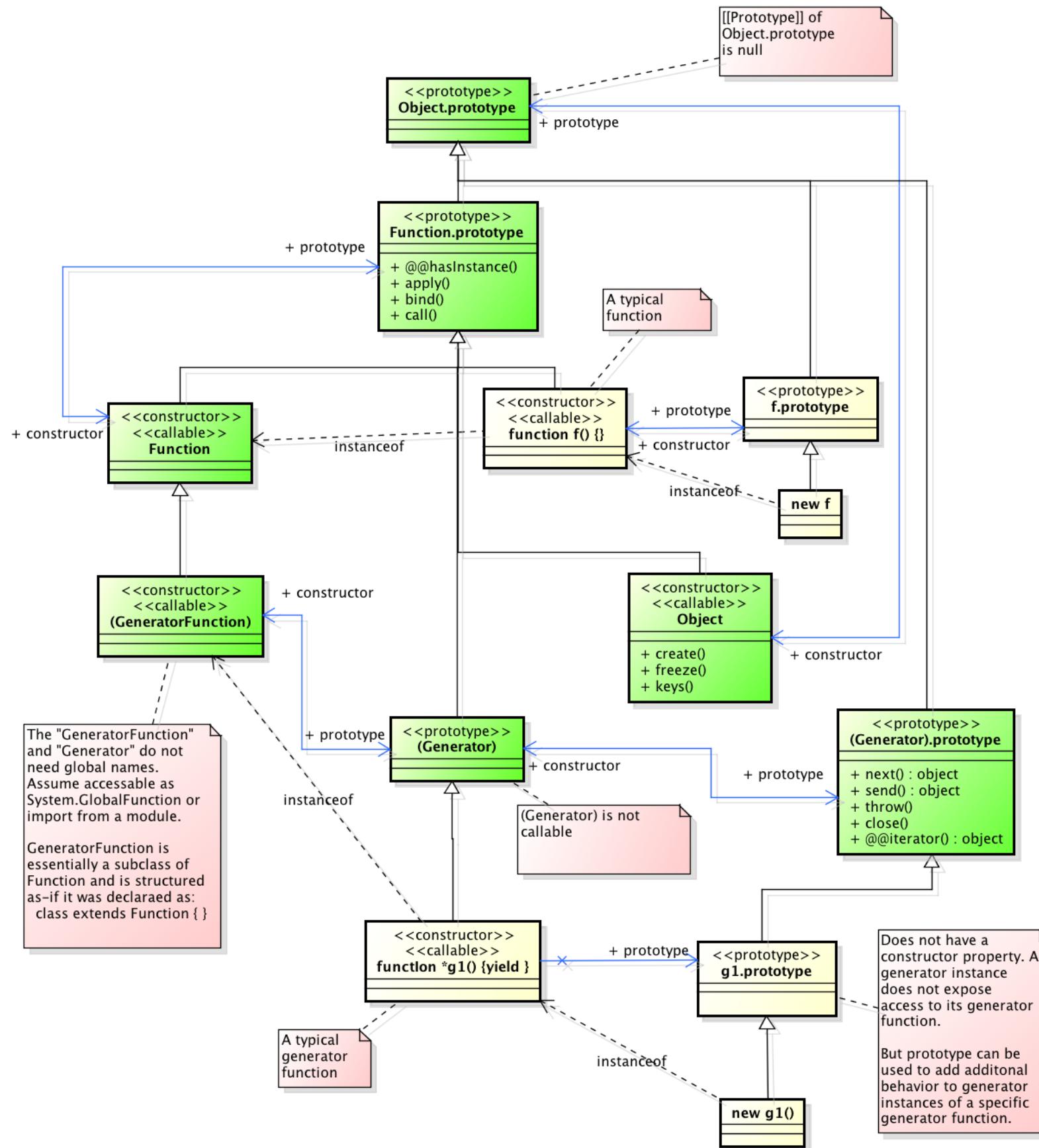
.

all
and
and

Welcome to the new gen of

בְּרִית־מָנָה

[[harmony:generators]]



- First-class coroutines.
 - Represented as objects encapsulating suspended execution contexts.
 - Prior art: Python, Icon, Lua, Scheme, Smalltalk.

The Nickelodeon logo, featuring the word "nick" in a green, lowercase, sans-serif font followed by "HD" in a smaller, blue, uppercase, sans-serif font.

NATURAL COLOR THERAPY



Every generator object has the following internal properties:

- * `[[Prototype]]` : the original value of `Object.prototype`.
- * `[[Code]]` : the code for the generator function body.
- * `[[ExecutionContext]]` : either null or an execution context.
- * `[[Scope]]` : the scope chain for the suspended execution context.
- * `[[Handler]]` : a standard generator handler for performance.

Show me the code!

```
function *Counter(){
  let n = 0;
  while(1<2) {
    yield n;
    n = n + 1;
  }
}

let Counter = Counter();

Counter.next();
// Would result in { value: 0, done: false }

// Again
Counter.next()
// Would result in { value: 1, done: false }
```

```
function *fibonacci() {
  let [prev, curr] = [0, 1];
  for (;;) {
    [prev, curr] = [curr, prev + curr];
    yield curr;
  }
}

for (fib of fibonacci()) {
  if (fib === 42)
    break;
  console.log(fib);
}
```

```
function *powPuff() {  
  return Math.pow((yield "x"), (yield "y"));  
}
```

```
let puff = powPuff()
```

```
puff.next();
```

```
puff.next(2);
```

```
puff.next(3); // Guess ;)
```

```
function* menu(){
  while (true){
    var val = yield null;
    console.log('I ate:', val);
  }
}
```

```
let meEat = menu();
```

```
meEat.next();
```

```
meEat.next("Poori");
```

meEat.throw(new Error("E

```
function* menu(){
  while (true){
    try{
      var val = yield null;
      console.log('I ate: ', val);
    }catch(e){
      console.log('Good, now pay the bill :P');
    }
  }
}

meEat.throw(new Error("Burp!"));
```

We can delegate!

```
var inorder = function* inorder(node) {
  if (node) {
    yield* inorder(node.left);
    yield node.label;
    yield* inorder(node.right);
  }
}
```

Deeper you must go! Hmmm

```
function *theAnswer() {  
    yield 42;  
}
```

```
var ans = theAnswer();
```

```
ans.next();
```

So....

```
function theAnswer() {
  var state = 0;
  return {
    next: function() {
      switch (state) {
        case 0:
          state = 1;
          return {
            value: 42, // The yielded value.
            done: false
          };
        case 1:
          return {
```

But. this has not yet solved

Let us assume a function na

```
run(function *(){
  var data = yield read('package.json');
  var result = yield process(data);
  console.log(data);
  console.log(result);
```



```
var fs = require('fs');
```

```
function run(fn) {  
  var gen = fn();
```

```
  function next(err, res) {  
    var ret = gen.next(res);  
    if (ret.done) return;  
    ret.value(next);  
  }
```

```
  next();  
}
```

THUNKS!

Let time on the think = (mc) -

```
function readFile(path) {  
  return function(callback) {  
    fs.readFile(path, callback);  
  };  
};
```

Instead of :

```
readFile(path) function(err result) {  
  if (err) {  
    return  
  }  
  console.log(result);  
};
```

We now have:

```
readFile(path)(function(err result) {  
  if (err) {  
    return  
  }  
  console.log(result);  
});
```

So that:

```
var data = yield read('package.json');
```

Baaazinga!



More usecases! Generator-
f

```
$ npm install thunkify
```

Turn a regular node function into one which returns a thunk!

```
var thunkify = require('thunkify');
var fs = require('fs');

var read = thunkify(fs.readFile);

read('package.json', 'utf8')(function(err, str){
});
```

```
$ npm install co
```

Write non-blocking code in a nice-ish way!

```
var co = require('co');
var thunkify = require('thunkify');
var request = require('request');

co(function *(){
  try {
    var res = yield get('http://badhost.invalid');
    console.log(res);
  } catch(e) {
    console.log(e.code) // ENOTFOUND
  }
})()
```

```
var urls = /* Huge list */;

// sequential

co(function *(){
  for (var i = 0; i < urls.length; i++) {
    var url = urls[i];
    var res = yield get(url);
    console.log('%s -> %s', url, res[0].statusCode);
  }
})()

// parallel
```

Intresting? What more?

```
$ npm install co-sleep
```

```
var sleep = require('co-sleep');
var co = require('co');

co(function *() {
  var now = Date.now();
  // wait for 1000 ms
  yield sleep(1000);
  expect(Date.now() - now).to.not.be.below(1000);
})();
```

```
$ npm install co-ssh
```

```
var ssh = require('co-ssh');

var c = ssh({
  host: 'n.n.n.n',
  user: 'myuser',
  key: read(process.env.HOME + '/.ssh/some.pem')
});

yield c.connect();
yield c.exec('foo');
yield c.exec('bar');
```

```
var monk = require('monk');
var wrap = require('co-monk'); // co-monk!
var db = monk('localhost/test');
```

```
yield users.remove({});
```

```
...  
// Parallel!  
yield [  
  users.insert({ name: 'Tom', species: 'Cat' }),  
  users.insert({ name: 'Jerry', species: 'Rat' }),  
  users.insert({ name: 'Goffy', species: 'Dog' })
```

```
$ npm install suspend
```

```
var suspend = require('suspend'),  
resume = suspend.resume;  
  
suspend(function*() {  
  var data = yield fs.readFile(__filename, 'utf8', r  
  console.log(data);  
  
var readFile = require('thunkify')(require('fs')).readF  
  
suspend(function*() {  
  var package = JSON.parse(yield readFile('package.j  
  console.log(package.name);
```

Is that all?

Koa FTW?!

```
$ npm install koa
```

```
var koa = require('koa');
var app = koa();

// logger

app.use(function *(next){
  var start = new Date;
  yield next;
  var ms = new Date - start;
  console.log('%s %s - %s', this.method, this.url, ms)
});
```

koa

```
// x-response-time
app.use(function(next){
  → var start = new Date;
  yield next;
  var ms = new Date - start;
  this.set('X-Response-Time', ms + 'ms');
});
// logger
app.use(function(next){
  return function *logger(){
    var start = new Date;
    yield next;
    var ms = new Date - start;
    console.log('%s %s - %s', this.method, this.url, ms);
  }
});
// content-length
app.use(function(next){
  return function *contentLength(){
    yield next;
    if (!this.body) return;
    this.set('Content-Length', Buffer.byteLength(this.body));
  }
});
// response
app.use(function(next){
  return function *response(){
    yield next;
    if ('/' != this.url) return;
    this.body = 'Hello World';
  }
});
```

Something for the client?

Task.js

generators + promises = tasks

```
<script type="application/javascript" src="task.js"></pre>  
  
<!-- 'yield' and 'let' keywords require version opt-in<br/><script type="application/javascript;version=1.8">  
function hello() {  
  let { spawn, sleep } = task;  
  spawn(function() { // Firefox does not yet use the  
    alert("Hello...");  
  });  
}</script>
```

Sweet and simple!

```
spawn(function*() {
  try {
    var [foo, bar] = yield join(read("foo.json"),
                                read("bar.json")).

    render(foo);
    render(bar);
  } catch (e) {
    console.log("read failed: " + e);
  }
})
```

```
var foo, bar;
var tid = setTimeout(function() { failure(new Error("t

var xhr1 = makeXHR("foo.json",
    function(txt) { foo = txt; success(
        function(err) { failure() });
    }
);
var xhr2 = makeXHR("bar.json",
    function(txt) { bar = txt; success(
        function(e) { failure(e) });
    }
);

function success() {
    if (typeof foo === "string" && typeof bar === "str
cancelTimeout(tid);
```

ES7 `async/await!` ("Propo

The idea is to have more sugar!

async function <name>?<argumentlist><body>

=>

Example of animating elements with Promise:

```
function chainAnimationsPromise(elem, animations) {  
    var ret = null;  
    var p = currentPromise;  
    animations.forEach(function(anim){  
        p = p.then(function(val) {  
            ret = val;  
            return anim(elem);  
        });  
    });  
    return ret;  
}
```

Same example with task.js:

```
function chainAnimationsGenerator(elem, animations) {
  return spawn(function*() {
    var ret = null;
    try {
      for(var anim of animations) {
        ret = yield anim(elem);
      }
    } catch(e) { /* ignore and keep going */ }
    return ret;
  });
}
```

Same example with `async/await`:

```
async function chainAnimationsAsync(elem, animations)
  var ret = null;
  try {
    for(var anim of animations) {
      ret = await anim(elem);
    }
  } catch(e) { /* ignore and keep going */ }
  return ret;
}
```

Another example from the draft:

```
async function getData() {  
  var items = await fetchAsync('http://example.com/use  
  return await* items.map(async(item) => {  
    return {  
      title: item.title,  
      img: (await fetchAsync(item.userDataUrl)).img  
    }  
  }  
}
```

Performance review!



```
function * Counter() {  
    var n = 0;  
    while (1 < 2) {  
        yield n;  
        ++n  
    }  
}
```

```
function funcStat(fn) {  
    var optimizations = {  
        1 : 'is optimized',  
        2 : 'is not optimized',  
        3 : 'is always optimized'  
    }
```

Function is not (yet) optimized! ~_~

[deoptimize global object @ 0x4af7380f3f1]

[disabled optimization for 0x33530e0470d9 <SharedFunctionInfo@0x33530e0470d9>]

[marking 0x4af73814041 <JS Function IN (SharedFunction

[disabled optimization for 0x4af73812439 <SharedFunctionInfo>]

Function: is not optimized

```
var tools = window.tools = {};  
  
// thunk  
tools.setTimeoutThunk = (ms) => (cb) => setTimeout(cb,  
  
tools.delegated = function*() {  
  yield tools.setTimeoutThunk(1);  
  yield tools.setTimeoutThunk(1);  
};  
  
tools.delegator = function*() {  
  yield* tools.delegated();  
}.
```

	Test	Ops/sec
Without delegation	<pre>// async test tools.runParallel(function(cb) { var gen = tools.delegated(), done = false; while (!done) { done = gen.next().done; } cb(); }, function() { deferred.resolve(); });</pre>	6.93 ±9.92% fastest
With delegation	<pre>// async test tools.runParallel(function(cb) { var gen = tools.delegator(), done = false; while (!done) { done = gen.next().done; } cb(); }, function() { deferred.resolve(); });</pre>	4.12 ±9.57% 40% slower

```
Benchmark.prototype.setup = function() {
  var arr = Array(100).join(Math.random()).split('.')
  function* generator() {
    for(var
      i = 0; i < this.length;
      yield this[i++]
    );
  }
  var genvar0 = 0;
  function genNext() {
    var i = genvar0;
    genvar0 = i + 1;
    if (i <= this.length) {
```

Testing in Firefox 33.0 on OS X 10.9

	Test	Ops/sec
generator	<pre>var values = (i for (i in generator.call(arr))); console.log(values.length);</pre>	49,282 ±9.89% 100% slower
simulated generator	<pre>var values = []; while (true) { var value = genNext.call(arr); if (value) { values.push(value); } else { break; } }</pre>	16,759,226 ±2.44% fastest

Moral of the story?



<http://h3manth.com>

<http://nmotw.in>

<http://github.com/hemanth>

@gnumanth

Demos -> h3manth.com/es6-generators

THANK YOU! :-)