```
In [1]: | a='hemanth'
         print(len(a))
         7
In [13]: #to find the middle element
         a=[12,3,4,5,7,99,100,111]
         b=len(a)//2
         if b%2==1:
              print(a[b])
         else:
              print(a[b-1],a[b])
         5 7
In [14]: | a='hemanth'
         print(isinstance(a,str))
         True
In [15]: a=[1,2]
         print(isinstance(a,str))
         False
In [16]: #element is float or not
         a = 16.5
         print(isinstance(a,float))
         True
In [19]: #list is empty or not
         a=[]
         b=len(a)
         print(b==0)
         True
In [20]: #list is empty or not
         a = [1, 2]
         b=len(a)
         print(b==0)
         False
```

```
In [27]: #program to check the data is number or special character
         a=16.2
         if isinstance(a,(int,float)):
             print('Number')
         elif isinstance(a, str) and not a.isalnum():
             print("Special Character")
         else:
             print("Unknown")
         Number
In [29]: #positive or negative
         a=-2
         if a>=1:
             print("positive")
         else:
             print("negative")
         negative
In [34]:
         #program to check smallest number in user input
         a=list(map(int,input().split()))
         print(a)
         b=min(a)
         print(b)
         1 2 3 5
         [1, 2, 3, 5]
In [32]: def find_smallest_number():
             # Prompt the user to enter numbers separated by spaces
             user_input = input("Enter numbers separated by spaces: ")
             # Convert the input string to a list of numbers
             numbers = list(map(float, user_input.split()))
             # Find the smallest number in the list
             smallest_number = min(numbers)
             # Print the smallest number
             print(f"The smallest number is: {smallest_number}")
         # Example usage:
         find_smallest_number()
```

Enter numbers separated by spaces: 1 2 3 The smallest number is: 1.0

```
In [36]: #program to check tuple is empty or not
         a=(1,)
         print(len(a)==0)
         False
In [37]: # program to check number is divisible by 5 and 8
         if a%5==0 and a%8==0:
              print('divisible')
         else:
             print('not divisible')
         divisible
In [39]: | a=int(input("enter the marks"))
         if a>90:
             print("A")
         elif a>80:
             print("B")
         elif a>70:
             print("c")
         else:
              print('D')
         enter the marks89
 In [ ]:
 In [ ]:
In [52]: b=10%5
         print(b)
         0
In [79]: #armstrong number
         a=152
         b=str(a)
         c=len(b)
         sum=0
         for i in b:
             sum=sum+int(i)**c
         if sum==a:
             print('AS')
         else:
             print('Not')
         Not
```

```
In [83]: #prime or not
         n = 10
         if n < 2:
             print(f"{n} is not prime")
         else:
             for i in range(2, n):
                 if n % i == 0:
                      print('false')
                     break
             else:
                 print('true')
         false
In [86]: #factorial of a number
         a=5
         b=1
         for i in range(1,a+1):
             b=b*i
         print(b)
         120
In [ ]:
 In [ ]:
In [ ]:
```