

# Assignment 4

## AI1110: Probability and Random Variables

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**12.13.6.3 Question:** In a game, a man wins a rupee for a six and loses a rupee for any other number when a fair die is thrown. The man decided to throw a die thrice but to quit as and when he gets a six. Find the expected value of the amount he wins / loses.

**Solution:** Let  $X$  represents number of times six appears in die rolls. Then,

$$\Pr(X = i | X = i) = \frac{5}{6} \quad (1)$$

$$\Pr(X = i + 1 | X = i) = \frac{1}{6} \quad (2)$$

Here,  $i$  can only be 0.

Therefore, This is a markov process in which  $j$ th state describes number of sixes in  $j$  die rolls with transition probabilities as given below.

$$P_{i,i+1} = \frac{1}{6} \quad (3)$$

$$P_{i,i} = \frac{5}{6} \quad (4)$$

For 3 throws and stopping when he gets a six,

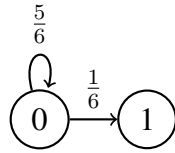


Fig. 1. Transition Graph

The transition matrix of this chain which represent the probabilities of transitions after one die roll is

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{5}{6} & \frac{1}{6} \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (5)$$

To get transition probabilities after 2 and 3 die rolls, We need to raise this matrix to the power 2 and 3 respectively.

$$A^2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0.6944 & 0.1389 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (6)$$

$$A^3 = \begin{bmatrix} 0.5787 & 0.1157 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (7)$$

Let  $P_k(i, j)$  represents the probability of ending in  $j$ th state when started in  $i$ th state in  $k$  die rolls.

Here, We start with  $X = 0$  and end with atmost 1 six ( $X \leq 1$ ). So,  $i = 0$ .

The required probabilities are,

$$P_1(0, 1) = \frac{1}{6} = 0.1667 \quad (8)$$

$$P_2(0, 1) = 0.1389 \quad (9)$$

$$P_3(0, 1) = 0.1157 \quad (10)$$

$$P_3(0, 0) = 0.5787 \quad (11)$$

In  $k$  die rolls ending at  $j$ th state, the winnings are,

$$W_{(j,k)} = 2 \times j - k \quad (12)$$

Here,  $j$  can only be 0 or 1.

Let  $W$  denotes the winnings in the game

From the definition of expectation,

$$\begin{aligned} E(W) &= \sum_{k=1}^{k=3} P_k(0, 1) \times (2 \times 1 - k) + P_3(0, 0) \times (2 \times 0 - 3) \\ &= 0.1667 \times 1 + 0.1389 \times 0 \\ &\quad + 0.1157 \times -1 + 0.5787 \times -3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore E(W) = -1.6851$$