

Assignment 3

AI1110: Probability and Random Variables

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12.13.6.3 Question: Suppose that 5% of men and 0.25% of women have grey hair. A grey haired person is selected at random. What is the probability that this person being male? Assume that there are equal number of males and females.

Solution: Let X and Y be two random variables which describe the gender and color of hair of the person respectively according to table I :

Variable	Event
$X = 0$	Men
$X = 1$	Women
$Y = 0$	Non-grey hair
$Y = 1$	grey hair

TABLE I

It is given that,

$$p_X(0) = p_X(1) = \frac{1}{2} \quad (1)$$

$$p_{Y|X}(1|0) = \frac{5}{100} \quad (2)$$

$$= \frac{1}{20} \quad (3)$$

$$p_{Y|X}(1|1) = \frac{0.25}{100} \quad (4)$$

$$= \frac{1}{400} \quad (5)$$

From the law of total probability,

$$p_Y(1) = p_{Y|X}(1|0) \times p_X(0) + p_{Y|X}(1|1) \times p_X(1) \quad (6)$$

$$= \frac{1}{20} \times \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{400} \times \frac{1}{2} \quad (7)$$

$$= \frac{21}{800} \quad (8)$$

$$\therefore p_Y(1) = \frac{21}{800} \quad (9)$$

The required probability is $p_{X|Y}(0|1)$.

From the law of conditional probability,

$$p_{X|Y}(x|y) = \frac{p_{X,Y}(x,y)}{p_Y(y)} \quad (10)$$

$$p_{X,Y}(x,y) = p_{Y|X}(y|x) \times p_X(x) \quad (11)$$

From (1), (3) and (11)

$$p_{X,Y}(0,1) = p_{Y|X}(1|0) \times p_X(0) \quad (12)$$

$$= \frac{1}{20} \times \frac{1}{2} \quad (13)$$

$$= \frac{1}{40} \quad (14)$$

$$\therefore p_{X,Y}(0,1) = \frac{1}{40} \quad (15)$$

From (9), (10) and (15)

$$p_{X|Y}(0|1) = \frac{p_{X,Y}(0,1)}{p_Y(1)} \quad (16)$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{40}}{\frac{21}{800}} \quad (17)$$

$$= \frac{20}{21} \quad (18)$$

$$\therefore p_{X|Y}(0|1) = \frac{20}{21} \quad (19)$$