

Cranelift IR and XiaoXuan Native Instructions Map

No.	Cranelift IR Instruction	Function	Description	Acc Vec	Acc FP	SIM D	XiaoXuan Native Instruction	Class
1	jump	fn jump(self, block_call_label: Block, block_call_args: &[Value]) -> Inst	Conditionally jump to a basic block, passing the specified block arguments.					
2	brif	fn brif(self, c: Value, block_then_label: Block, block_then_args: &[Value], block_else_label: Block, block_else_args: &[Value]) -> Inst	Conditional branch when cond is non-zero. Take the then branch when c != 0, and the else branch otherwise.				if	Control Flow
3	br_table	fn br_table(self, x: Value, JT: JumpTable) -> Inst	Indirect branch via jump table.					
4	debugtrap	fn debugtrap(self) -> Inst	Encodes an assembly debug trap.					
5	trap	fn trap<T1: Into<TrapCode>>(self, code: T1) -> Inst	Terminate execution unconditionally.				panic debug unreachable	Machine
6	trapz	fn trapz<T1: Into<TrapCode>>(self, c: Value, code: T1) -> Inst	Trap when zero.					
7	resumable_trap	fn resumable_trap<T1: Into<TrapCode>>(self, code: T1) -> Inst	A resumable trap.					
8	trapnz	fn trapnz<T1: Into<TrapCode>>(self, c: Value, code: T1) -> Inst	Trap when non-zero.					
9	resumable_trap	fn resumable_trapnz<T1: Into<TrapCode>>(self, c: Value, code: T1) -> Inst	A resumable trap to be called when the passed condition is non-zero.					
10	return_	fn return_(self, rvals: &[Value]) -> Inst	Return from the function.				return	Control Flow

11	call	fn call(self, FN: FuncRef, args: &[Value]) -> Inst	Direct function call.	call	Function Call
12	call_indirect	fn call_indirect(self, SIG: SigRef, callee: Value, args: &[Value]) -> Inst	Indirect function call.	dyncall	Function Call
13	return_call	fn return_call(self, FN: FuncRef, args: &[Value]) -> Inst	Direct tail call.	rerun	Control Flow
14	return_call_indirect	fn return_call_indirect(self, FN: FuncRef, callee: Value, args: &[Value]) -> Inst	Indirect tail call.		
15	func_addr	fn func_addr(self, iAddr: Type, FN: FuncRef) -> Value	Get the address of a function.	addr.function	Address
16	splat	fn splat(self, TxN: Type, x: Value) -> Value	Vector splat.	y	
17	swizzle	fn swizzle(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Vector swizzle.	y	
18	x86_pshufb	fn x86_pshufb(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	A vector swizzle lookalike which has the semantics of pshufb on x64.	y	
19	insertlane	fn insertlane<T1: Into<Uimm8>>>(self, x: Value, y: Value, Idx: T1) -> Value	Insert y as lane Idx in x.	y	
20	extractlane	fn extractlane<T1: Into<Uimm8>>>(self, x: Value, Idx: T1) -> Value	Extract lane Idx from x.	y	
21	smin	fn smin(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Signed integer minimum.	y	
22	umin	fn umin(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Unsigned integer minimum.	y	
23	smax	fn smax(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Signed integer maximum.	y	
24	umax	fn umax(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Unsigned integer maximum.	y	
25	avg_round	fn avg_round(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Unsigned average with rounding	y	

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26	uadd_sat	fn uadd_sat(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Add with unsigned saturation.	y	
27	sadd_sat	fn sadd_sat(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Add with signed saturation.	y	
28	usub_sat	fn usub_sat(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Subtract with unsigned saturation.	y	
29	ssub_sat	fn ssub_sat(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Subtract with signed saturation.	y	
30	load	fn load<T1: Into<MemFlags>, T2: Into<Offset32>>(self, Mem: Type, MemFlags: T1, p: Value, Offset: T2) -> Value	Load from memory at p + Offset.	{data,heap}.load64_i64 {data,heap}.load32_i32 {data,heap}.load64_i64 {data,heap}.load32_f32	Data Load Heap Load
31	store	fn store<T1: Into<MemFlags>, T2: Into<Offset32>>(self, MemFlags: T1, x: Value, p: Value, Offset: T2) -> Inst	Store x to memory at p + Offset.	{data,heap}.store64_i64 {data,heap}.store32_i32 {data,heap}.store64_f64 {data,heap}.store32_f32	Data Store Heap Store
32	uload8	fn uload8<T1: Into<MemFlags>, T2: Into<Offset32>>(self, iExt8: Type, MemFlags: T1, p: Value, Offset: T2) -> Value	Load 8 bits from memory at p + Offset and zero-extend. This is equivalent to load.i8 followed by uextend.	{data,heap}.load64_i8_u {data,heap}.load32_i8_u	Data Load Heap Load

33	sload8	fn sload8<T1: Into<MemFlags>, T2: Into<Offset32>>(self, iExt8: Type, MemFlags: T1, p: Value, Offset: T2) -> Value	Load 8 bits from memory at p + Offset and sign-extend. This is equivalent to load.i8 followed by sextend.	{data,heap}.load64_i8_s {data,heap}.load32_i8_s	Data Load Heap Load
34	istore8	fn istore8<T1: Into<MemFlags>, T2: Into<Offset32>>(self, MemFlags: T1, x: Value, p: Value, Offset: T2) -> Inst	Store the low 8 bits of x to memory at p + Offset.	{data,heap}.store8_i32	Data Store Heap Store
35	uload16	fn uload16<T1: Into<MemFlags>, T2: Into<Offset32>>(self, iExt16: Type, MemFlags: T1, p: Value, Offset: T2) -> Value	Load 16 bits from memory at p + Offset and zero-extend.	{data,heap}.load64_i16_u {data,heap}.load32_i16_u	Data Load Heap Load
36	sload16	fn sload16<T1: Into<MemFlags>, T2: Into<Offset32>>(self, iExt16: Type, MemFlags: T1, p: Value, Offset: T2) -> Value	Load 16 bits from memory at p + Offset and sign-extend.	{data,heap}.load64_i16_s {data,heap}.load32_i16_s	Data Load Heap Load

37	istore16	fn istore16<T1: Into<MemFlags>, T2: Into<Offset32>>(self, MemFlags: T1, x: Value, p: Value, Offset: T2) -> Inst	Store the low 16 bits of x to memory at p + Offset.	{data,heap}.store16_i32	Data Store Heap Store
		fn uload32<T1: Into<MemFlags>, T2: Into<Offset32>>(self, MemFlags: T1, p: Value, Offset: T2) -> Value	Load 32 bits from memory at p + Offset and zero-extend.	{data,heap}.load64_i32_u	
39	sload32	fn sload32<T1: Into<MemFlags>, T2: Into<Offset32>>(self, MemFlags: T1, p: Value, Offset: T2) -> Value	Load 32 bits from memory at p + Offset and sign-extend.	{data,heap}.load64_i32_s	Data Load Heap Load
		fn istore32<T1: Into<MemFlags>, T2: Into<Offset32>>(self, MemFlags: T1, x: Value, p: Value, Offset: T2) -> Inst	Store the low 32 bits of x to memory at p + Offset.	{data,heap}.store32_i64	Data Store Heap Store

41	uload8x8	fn uload8x8<T1: Into<MemFlags>, T2: Into<Offset32>>(self, MemFlags: T1, p: Value, Offset: T2) -> Value	Load an 8x8 vector (64 bits) from memory at p + Offset and zero-extend into an i16x8 vector.	y
42	sload8x8	fn sload8x8<T1: Into<MemFlags>, T2: Into<Offset32>>(self, MemFlags: T1, p: Value, Offset: T2) -> Value	Load an 8x8 vector (64 bits) from memory at p + Offset and sign-extend into an i16x8 vector.	y
43	uload16x4	fn uload16x4<T1: Into<MemFlags>, T2: Into<Offset32>>(self, MemFlags: T1, p: Value, Offset: T2) -> Value	Load a 16x4 vector (64 bits) from memory at p + Offset and zero-extend into an i32x4 vector.	y
44	sload16x4	fn sload16x4<T1: Into<MemFlags>, T2: Into<Offset32>>(self, MemFlags: T1, p: Value, Offset: T2) -> Value	Load a 16x4 vector (64 bits) from memory at p + Offset and sign-extend into an i32x4 vector.	y

		fn uload32x2<T1: Into<MemFlags>, T2: Into<Offset32>>(self, MemFlags: T1, p: Value, Offset: T2) -> Value	Load an 32x2 vector (64 bits) from memory at p + Offset and zero-extend into an i64x2 vector.	y	
45	uload32x2				
		fn sload32x2<T1: Into<MemFlags>, T2: Into<Offset32>>(self, MemFlags: T1, p: Value, Offset: T2) -> Value	Load a 32x2 vector (64 bits) from memory at p + Offset and sign-extend into an i64x2 vector.	y	
46	sload32x2				
		fn stack_load<T1: Into<Offset32>>(self, Mem: Type, SS: StackSlot, Offset: T1) -> Value	Load a value from a stack slot at the constant offset.	local.load*	Local Load
47	stack_load				
		fn stack_store<T1: Into<Offset32>>(self, x: Value, SS: StackSlot, Offset: T1) -> Inst	Store a value to a stack slot at a constant offset.	local.store*	Local Store
48	stack_store				
		fn stack_addr<T1: Into<Offset32>>(self, Offset: T1) -> Value	Get the address of a stack slot.	addr.local	Address
49	stack_addr				
		fn dynamic_stack_load(self, Mem: Type, DSS: DynamicStackSlot) -> Value	Load a value from a dynamic stack slot.		
50	dynamic_stack_load				
		fn dynamic_stack_store(self, x: Value, DSS: DynamicStackSlot) -> Inst	Store a value to a dynamic stack slot.		
51	dynamic_stack_store				

52	dynamic_stack_addr	fn dynamic_stack_addr(self, iAddr: Type, DSS: DynamicStackSlot) -> Value	Get the address of a dynamic stack slot.			
53	global_value	fn global_value(self, Mem: Type, GV: GlobalValue) -> Value	Compute the value of global GV.			
54	symbol_value	fn symbol_value(self, Mem: Type, GV: GlobalValue) -> Value	Compute the value of global GV, which is a symbol value.	addr.data		Address
55	tls_value	fn tls_value(self, Mem: Type, GV: GlobalValue) -> Value	Compute the value of global GV, which is a TLS (thread local storage) value.	addr.thread_local_data		Address
56	get_pinned_reg	fn get_pinned_reg(self, iAddr: Type) -> Value	Gets the content of the pinned register, when it's enabled.			
57	set_pinned_reg	fn set_pinned_reg(self, addr: Value) -> Inst	Sets the content of the pinned register, when it's enabled.			
58	get_frame_pointer	fn get_frame_pointer(self, iAddr: Type) -> Value	Get the address in the frame pointer register.	addr.fp		Address
59	get_stack_pointer	fn get_stack_pointer(self, iAddr: Type) -> Value	Get the address in the stack pointer register.	addr.sp		Address
60	get_return_address	fn get_return_address(self, iAddr: Type) -> Value	Get the PC where this function will transfer control to when it returns.	addr.return		Address
61	table_addr	fn table_addr<T1: Into<Offset32>>(self,	Bounds check and compute absolute address of a table entry.			
62	iconst	fn iconst<T1: Into<Imm64>>(self, NarrowInt: Type, N: T1) -> Value	Integer constant.	i32.imm i64.imm		Fundamental
63	f32const	fn f32const<T1: Into<Ieee32>>(self, N: T1) -> Value	Floating point constant.	y	f32.imm	Fundamental
64	f64const	fn f64const<T1: Into<Ieee64>>(self, N: T1) -> Value	Floating point constant.	y	f64.imm	Fundamental

65	vconst	fn vconst<T1: Type, T2: Type>=>(self, TxN: Into<Constant>)-> Value	SIMD vector constant.	y		
66	shuffle	fn shuffle<T1: Type, T2: Type>=>(self, a: Value, b: Value, mask: T1) -> Value	SIMD vector shuffle for reference	y		
67	null	fn null(self, Ref: Type) -> Value	Constant value for reference types.			
68	nop	fn nop(self) -> Inst	Just a dummy instruction.	nop		Fundamental
69	select	fn select(self, c: Value, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Conditional select.	y		
70	select_spectre_guard	fn select_spectre_guard(self, c: Value, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Conditional select intended for Spectre guards.	y		
71	bitselect	fn bitselect(self, c: Value, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Conditional select of bits except with the semantics of	y		
72	x86_blendv	fn x86_blendv(self, c: Value, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	blendv-related instructions on x86.	y		
73	vany_true	fn vany_true(self, a: Value) -> Value	Reduce a vector to a scalar boolean.	y		
74	vall_true	fn vall_true(self, a: Value) -> Value	Reduce a vector to a scalar boolean.	y		
75	vhigh_bits	fn vhigh_bits(self, NarrowInt: Type, a: Value) -> Value	Reduce a vector to a scalar integer.	y		
76	icmp	fn icmp<T1: Into<IntCC>>(self, Cond: T1, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Integer comparison.	y	{i32,i64}. {eq,ne,lt_{u,s},gt_{u,s},le_{u,s},gt_{u,s}}	Compare
77	icmp_imm	fn icmp_imm<T1: Into<IntCC>, T2: Into<Imm64>>(self, Cond: T1, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Compare scalar integer to a constant.		{i32,i64}.{eqz,nez}	Compare
78	iadd	fn iadd(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Wrapping integer addition	y	{i32,i64}.add	Arithmetic
79	isub	fn isub(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Wrapping integer subtraction	y	{i32,i64}.sub	Arithmetic

80	ineg	fn ineg(self, x: Value) -> Value	Integer negation	y	{i32,i64}.neg	Math
81	iabs	fn iabs(self, x: Value) -> Value	Integer absolute value with wrapping	y	{i32,i64}.abs	Math
82	imul	fn imul(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Wrapping integer multiplication	y	{i32,i64}.mul	Arithmetic
83	umulhi	fn umulhi(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Unsigned integer multiplication, producing the high half of a double-length result.	y	{i32,i64}.mul_hi_u	Arithmetic
84	smulhi	fn smulhi(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Signed integer multiplication, producing the high half of a double-length result.	y	{i32,i64}.mul_hi_s	Arithmetic
85	sqmul_round_sat	fn sqmul_round_sat(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Double-length result format, where N + 1 is the number of bits in the result.	y		
86	x86_pmulhrsw	fn x86_pmulhrsw(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Similar instruction to sqmul_round_sat except with the semantics of x86's pmulhrsw instruction.	y		
87	udiv	fn udiv(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Unsigned integer division		{i32,i64}.div_u	Arithmetic
88	sdiv	fn sdiv(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Signed integer division rounded toward zero		{i32,i64}.div_s	Arithmetic
89	urem	fn urem(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Unsigned integer remainder.		{i32,i64}.rem_u	Arithmetic
90	srem	fn srem(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Signed integer remainder. The result has the sign of the dividend.		{i32,i64}.rem_s	Arithmetic
91	iadd_imm	fn iadd_imm<T1: Into<Imm64>>(self, x: Value, Y: T1) -> Value	Add immediate integer.		{i32,i64}.inc {i32,i64}.dec	Arithmetic
92	imul_imm	fn imul_imm<T1: Into<Imm64>>(self, x: Value, Y: T1) -> Value	Integer multiplication by immediate constant.			

93	udiv_imm	fn udiv_imm<T1: Into<Imm64>>(self, x: Value, Y: T1) -> Value	Unsigned integer division by an immediate constant.
94	sdiv_imm	fn sdiv_imm<T1: Into<Imm64>>(self, x: Value, Y: T1) -> Value	Signed integer division by an immediate constant.
95	urem_imm	fn urem_imm<T1: Into<Imm64>>(self, x: Value, Y: T1) -> Value	Unsigned integer remainder with immediate divisor.
96	srem_imm	fn srem_imm<T1: Into<Imm64>>(self, x: Value, Y: T1) -> Value	Signed integer remainder with immediate divisor.
97	irsub_imm	fn irsub_imm<T1: Into<Imm64>>(self, x: Value, Y: T1) -> Value	Immediate reverse wrapping subtraction
98	iadd_cin	fn iadd_cin(self, x: Value, y: Value, c_in: Value) -> Value	Add integers with carry in.
99	iadd_carry	fn iadd_carry(self, x: Value, y: Value, c_in: Value) -> (Value, Value)	Add integers with carry in and out.
100	uadd_overflow	fn uadd_overflow(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> (Value, Value)	Add integers unsigned with overflow out. of is set when the addition overflowed.
101	sadd_overflow	fn sadd_overflow(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> (Value, Value)	Add integers signed with overflow out. of is set when the addition over- or underflowed
102	usub_overflow	fn usub_overflow(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> (Value, Value)	Subtract integers unsigned with overflow out. of is set when the subtraction underflowed.
103	ssub_overflow	fn ssub_overflow(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> (Value, Value)	Subtract integers signed with overflow out. of is set when the subtraction over- or underflowed.

104	umul_overflow	fn umul_overflow(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> (Value, Value)	Multiply integers unsigned with overflow out. of is set when the multiplication overflowed.					
105	smul_overflow	fn smul_overflow(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> (Value, Value)	Multiply integers signed with overflow out. of is set when the multiplication over- or underflowed.					
106	uadd_overflow_trap	fn uadd_overflow_trap<T1: Into<TrapCode>>(self,	Unsigned addition of x and y, trapping if the result overflows.					
107	isub_bin	fn isub_bin(self, x: Value, y: Value, b_in: Value) -> Value	Subtract integers with borrow in.					
108	isub_borrow	fn isub_borrow(self, x: Value, y: Value, b_in: Value) -> (Value, Value)	Subtract integers with borrow in and out.					
109	band	fn band(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Bitwise and.	y	y	{i32,i64}.and	Bitwise	
110	bor	fn bor(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Bitwise or.	y	y	{i32,i64}.or	Bitwise	
111	bxor	fn bxor(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Bitwise xor.	y	y	{i32,i64}.xor	Bitwise	
112	bnot	fn bnot(self, x: Value) -> Value	Bitwise not.	y	y	{i32,i64}.not	Bitwise	
113	band_not	fn band_not(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Bitwise and not.	y	y			
114	bor_not	fn bor_not(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Bitwise or not.	y	y			
115	bxor_not	fn bxor_not(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Bitwise xor not.	y	y			
116	band_imm	fn band_imm<T1: Into<Imm64>>(self, x: Value, Y: T1) -> Value	Bitwise and with immediate.					
117	bor_imm	fn bor_imm<T1: Into<Imm64>>(self, x: Value, Y: T1) -> Value	Bitwise or with immediate.					

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118	bxor_imm	fn bxor_imm<T1: Into<Imm64>>(self, x: Value, Y: T1) -> Value	Bitwise xor with immediate.			
119	rotl	fn rotl(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Rotate left.	y	{i32,i64}.rotate_left	Bitwise
120	rotr	fn rotr(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Rotate right.	y	{i32,i64}.rotate_right	Bitwise
121	rotl_imm	fn rotl_imm<T1: Into<Imm64>>(self, x: Value, Y: T1) -> Value	Rotate left by immediate.	y		
122	rotr_imm	fn rotr_imm<T1: Into<Imm64>>(self, x: Value, Y: T1) -> Value	Rotate right by immediate.	y		
123	ishl	fn ishl(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Integer shift left. Shift the bits in x towards the MSB by y places. Shift in zero bits to the LSB.	y	{i32,i64}.shift_left	Bitwise
124	ushr	fn ushr(self, x: Value, y: Value) - > Value	Unsigned shift right. Shift the bits in x towards the LSB by y places, shifting in zero bits to the MSB. Also called a logical shift.	y	{i32,i64}.shift_right_u	Bitwise
125	sshr	fn sshr(self, x: Value, y: Value) - > Value	Signed shift right. Shift the bits in x towards the LSB by y places, shifting in sign bits to the MSB. Also called an arithmetic shift.	y	{i32,i64}.shift_right_s	Bitwise
126	ishl_imm	fn ishl_imm<T1: Into<Imm64>>(self, x: Value, Y: T1) -> Value	Integer shift left by immediate.	y		
127	ushr_imm	fn ushr_imm<T1: Into<Imm64>>(self, x: Value, Y: T1) -> Value	Unsigned shift right by immediate.	y		
128	sshr_imm	fn sshr_imm<T1: Into<Imm64>>(self, x: Value, Y: T1) -> Value	Signed shift right by immediate.	y		
129	bitrev	fn bitrev(self, x: Value) -> Value	Reverse the bits of a integer.			
130	clz	fn clz(self, x: Value) -> Value	Count leading zero bits.		{i32,i64}.leading_zeros	Bitwise
131	cls	fn cls(self, x: Value) -> Value	Count leading sign bits.		{i32,i64}.leading_ones	Bitwise
132	ctz	fn ctz(self, x: Value) -> Value	Count trailing zeros.		{i32,i64}.trailing_zeros	Bitwise

133	bswap	fn bswap(self, x: Value) -> Value	Reverse the byte order of an integer.					
134	popcnt	fn popcnt(self, x: Value) -> Value	Population count			{i32,i64}.count_ones	Bitwise	
135	fcmp	fn fcmp(self, Cond: T1, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Floating point comparison.	y	y	{f32,f64}.{eq,ne,lt,gt,le,ge}	Compare	
136	fadd	fn fadd(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Floating point addition.	y	y	{f32,f64}.add	Arithmetic	
137	fsub	fn fsub(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Floating point subtraction.	y	y	{f32,f64}.sub	Arithmetic	
138	fmul	fn fmul(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Floating point multiplication.	y	y	{f32,f64}.mul	Arithmetic	
139	fdiv	fn fdiv(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Floating point division.	y	y	{f32,f64}.div	Arithmetic	
140	sqrt	fn sqrt(self, x: Value) -> Value	Floating point square root.	y	y	{f32,f64}.sqrt	Math	
141	fma	fn fma(self, x: Value, y: Value, z: Value) -> Value	Floating point fused multiply-and-add.	y	y			
142	fneg	fn fneg(self, x: Value) -> Value	Floating point negation.	y	y	{f32,f64}.neg	Math	
143	fabs	fn fabs(self, x: Value) -> Value	Floating point absolute value.	y	y	{f32,f64}.abs	Math	
144	fcopysign	fn fcopysign(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Floating point copy sign.	y	y	{f32,f64}.copysign	Math	
145	fmin	fn fmin(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Floating point minimum	y	y	{f32,f64}.min	Math	
146	fmax	fn fmax(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Floating point maximum	y	y	{f32,f64}.max	Math	
147	ceil	fn ceil(self, x: Value) -> Value	Round floating point round to integral, towards positive infinity.	y	y	{f32,f64}.ceil	Math	
148	floor	fn floor(self, x: Value) -> Value	Round floating point round to integral, towards negative infinity.	y	y	{f32,f64}.floor	Math	
149	trunc	fn trunc(self, x: Value) -> Value	Round floating point round to integral, towards zero.	y	y	{f32,f64}.trunc	Math	

150	nearest	fn nearest(self, x: Value) -> Value	Round floating point round to integral, towards nearest with ties to even.	y	y	{f32,f64}.round_half_to_even	Math
Reference verification.							
151	is_null	fn is_null(self, x: Value) -> Value	The condition code determines if the reference type in question is null or not.				
152	is_invalid	fn is_invalid(self, x: Value) -> Value	Reference verification.				
153	bitcast	fn bitcast<T1: Into<MemFlags>>(self, MemTo: Type,	Reinterpret the bits in x as a different type.			[i32/i64/f32/f64].reinterpret_[f32/f64/i32/i64]	Convert
154	scalar_to_vector	fn scalar_to_vector(self, TxN: Type, s: Value) -> Value	Copies a scalar value to a vector value.		y		
Convert x to an integer mask.							
155	bmask	fn bmask(self, IntTo: Type, x: Value) -> Value	Non-zero maps to all 1s and zero maps to all 0s.				
Convert x to a smaller integer type by discarding the most significant bits.							
156	ireduce	fn ireduce(self, Int: Type, x: Value) -> Value				i32.truncate_i64	Convert
Combine x and y into a vector with twice the lanes but half the integer width while saturating overflowing values to the signed maximum and minimum.							
157	snarrow	fn snarrow(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value			y		
158	unarrow	fn unarrow(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value			y		
159	uunarrow	fn uunarrow(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value			y		

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160	swiden_low	fn swiden_low(self, x: Value) -> Value	Widen the low lanes of x using signed extension.	y		
161	swiden_high	fn swiden_high(self, x: Value) -> Value	Widen the high lanes of x using signed extension.	y		
162	uwidth_low	fn uwidth_low(self, x: Value) -> Value	Widen the low lanes of x using unsigned extension.	y		
163	uwidth_high	fn uwidth_high(self, x: Value) -> Value	Widen the high lanes of x using unsigned extension.	y		
164	iadd_pairwise	fn iadd_pairwise(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	Widen the high lanes of x using signed extension. Addition of two operands, putting the combined results into a single vector result.	y		
165	x86_pmaddubsw	fn x86_pmaddubsw(self, x: Value, y: Value) -> Value	A single vector with equivalent semantics to pmaddubsw on x86.	y		
166	uextend	fn uextend(self, Int: Type, x: Value) -> Value	Convert x to a larger integer type by zero-extending.		i64.extend_i32_u	Convert
167	sextend	fn sextend(self, Int: Type, x: Value) -> Value	Convert x to a larger integer type by sign-extending.		i64.extend_i32_s	Convert
168	fpromote	fn fpromote(self, FloatScalar: Type, x: Value) -> Value	Convert x to a larger floating point format.	y	f64.promote_f32	Convert
169	fdemote	fn fdemote(self, FloatScalar: Type, x: Value) -> Value	Convert x to a smaller floating point format.	y	f32.demote_f64	Convert
170	fvdemote	fn fvdemote(self, x: Value) -> Value	Convert x to a smaller floating point format.	y	y	
171	fvpromote_low	fn fvpromote_low(self, a: Value) -> Value	Converts packed single precision floating point to packed double precision floating point.	y	y	
172	fcvt_to_uint	fn fcvt_to_uint(self, IntTo: Type, x: Value) -> Value	Converts floating point scalars to unsigned integer.	y	i32.convert_f32_u i32.convert_f64_u i64.convert_f32_u i64.convert_f64_u	Convert

173	fcvt_to_sint	fn fcvt_to_sint(self, IntTo: Type, x: Value) -> Value	Converts floating point scalars to signed integer.	y		i32.convert_f32_s i32.convert_f64_s i64.convert_f32_s i64.convert_f64_s	Convert
174	fcvt_to_uint_sat	fn fcvt_to_uint_sat(self, IntTo: Type, x: Value) -> Value	Convert floating point to unsigned integer as fcvt_to_uint does, but saturates the input instead of trapping.	y	y	i32.sat_convert_f32_u i32.sat_convert_f64_u i64.sat_convert_f32_u i64.sat_convert_f64_u	Convert
175	fcvt_to_sint_sat	fn fcvt_to_sint_sat(self, IntTo: Type, x: Value) -> Value	Convert floating point to signed integer as fcvt_to_sint does, but saturates the input instead of trapping.	y	y	i32.sat_convert_f32_s i32.sat_convert_f64_s i64.sat_convert_f32_s i64.sat_convert_f64_s	Convert
176	x86_cvtt2dq	fn x86_cvtt2dq(self, IntTo: Type, x: Value) -> Value	A float-to-integer conversion instruction for vectors-of-floats which has the same semantics as cvtqp{s,d}2dq on x86. This	y	y		
177	fcvt_from_uint	fn fcvt_from_uint(self, FloatTo: Type, x: Value) -> Value	Convert unsigned integer to floating point.	y		f32.convert_i32_u f32.convert_i64_u	Convert
178	fcvt_from_sint	fn fcvt_from_sint(self, FloatTo: Type, x: Value) -> Value	Convert signed integer to floating point.	y		f32.convert_i32_s f32.convert_i64_s f64.convert_i32_s f64.convert_i64_s	Convert
179	isplit	fn isplit(self, x: Value) -> (Value, Value)	Split an integer into low and high parts.				
180	iconcat	fn iconcat(self, lo: Value, hi: Value) -> Value	Concatenate low and high bits to form a larger integer type.				

181	atomic_rmw	<pre>fn atomic_rmw<T1: Into<MemFlags>, T2: Into<AtomicRmwOp>>(< self, AtomicMem: Type, MemFlags: T1, AtomicRmwOp: T2, p: Value, e: Value, x: Value) -> Value</pre>	Atomically read-modify-write memory at p, with second operand x. The old value is returned.	{i32,i64}.atomic_rmw_{add,sub,and,or,xor,exchange}	Atomic
182	atomic_cas	<pre>fn atomic_cas<T1: Into<MemFlags>>(< self, MemFlags: T1, p: Value, e: Value, x: Value) -> Value</pre>	Perform an atomic compare-and-swap operation on memory at p, with expected value e, storing x if the value at p equals e. The old value at p is returned, regardless of whether the operation succeeds or fails.	{i32,i64}.atomic_cas	Atomic
183	atomic_load	<pre>fn atomic_load<T1: Into<MemFlags>>(< self, AtomicMem: Type, MemFlags: T1, p: Value) -> Value</pre>	Atomically load from memory at p.		
184	atomic_store	<pre>fn atomic_store<T1: Into<MemFlags>>(< self,</pre>	Atomically store x to memory at p. A memory fence. This must provide ordering to ensure that, at a minimum, neither loads nor stores of any kind may move		
185	fence	<pre>fn fence(self) -> Inst</pre>			
186	extract_vector	<pre>fn extract_vector<T1: Into<Uimm8>>(self, x: Value, y: T1) -> Value</pre>	Return a fixed length sub vector, extracted from a dynamic vector.		

Craneflirt IR Instructions: https://docs.rs/craneflirt-codegen/latest/craneflirt_codegen/ir/trait.InstBuilder.html

Linux Standard Base: <https://refspecs.linuxbase.org/lsb.shtml>

ELF Special Sections: https://refspecs.linuxbase.org/LSB_5.0.0/LSB-Core-generic/LSB-Core-generic/specialsecti

System V ABI Update: <http://www.sco.com/developers/gabi/2003-12-17/contents.html>

note

	Signed	Unsigned	Condition
	=====	=====	=====
	eq	eq	Equal
	ne	ne	Not equal
	slt	ult	Less than
	sge	uge	Greater than or equal
	sgt	ugt	Greater than
icmp	sle	ule	Less than or equal

C	`Cond`	Subset
=====	=====	=====
`==`	eq	EQ
`!=`	ne	UN LT GT
`<`	lt	LT
`<=`	le	LT EQ
`>`	gt	GT
`>=`	ge	GT EQ
=====	=====	=====
fcmp		

