



Northern University

of Business and Technology Khulna

Lab Report – 03

Course Code: CSE 3204

Course Title: Microprocessor and Assembly
Language Programming Lab

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Description:

The three assembly programs perform basic arithmetic operations on two single-digit numbers input by the user. The addition program reads two digits, converts them from ASCII to numeric values, adds them, and then converts and prints the sum as decimal digits. The multiplication program similarly reads two digits, multiplies them using the MUL instruction which stores the result in a 16-bit register, and then converts and prints the potentially two-digit product. The division program takes a dividend and divisor, performs integer division using DIV, and then prints both the quotient and remainder after converting them to decimal characters. Each program handles user input and output carefully to display the correct arithmetic results in a readable format.

Code:

```
org 100h

mov ah, 09h
mov dx, offset msg1
int 21h

; Read first digit
mov ah, 01h
int 21h
sub al, '0'
mov bl, al

mov ah, 09h
mov dx, offset msg2
int 21h

; Read second digit
mov ah, 01h
int 21h
sub al, '0'
add bl, al

mov ah, 09h
mov dx, offset msg3
int 21h

; Convert and print result
mov ax, 0
mov al, bl
call print_num

mov ah, 4ch
int 21h
```

; --- Procedures ---

print_num: ; print number in AX

mov cx, 0

mov bx, 10

next_digit:

xor dx, dx

div bx

push dx

inc cx

cmp ax, 0

jne next_digit

print_loop:

pop dx

add dl, '0'

mov ah, 02h

int 21h

loop print_loop

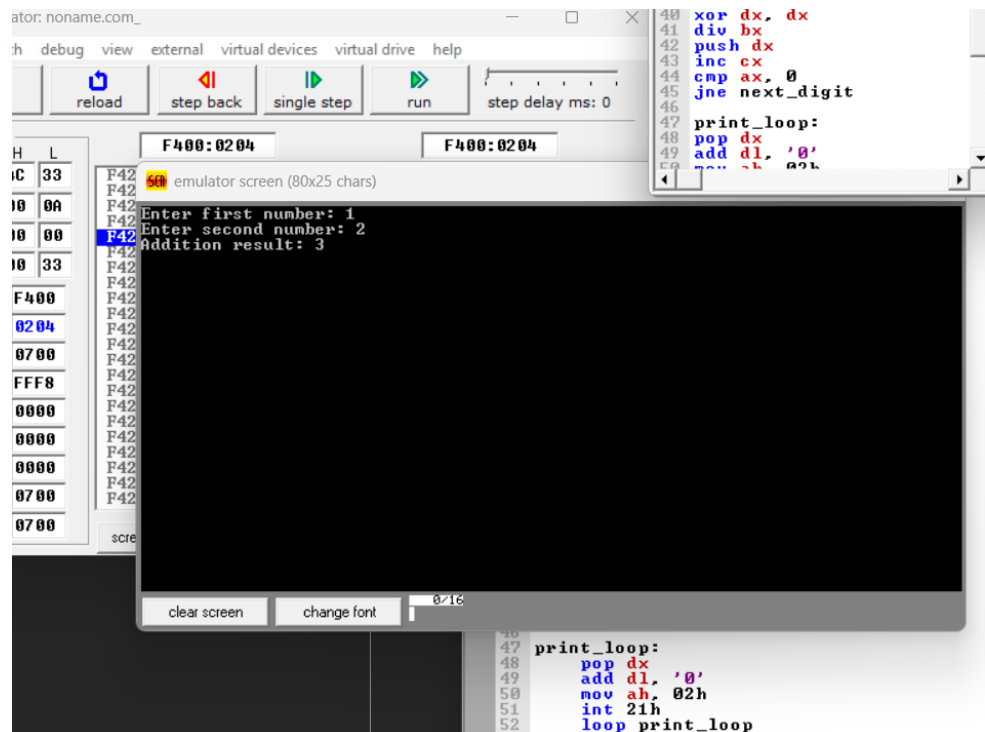
ret

msg1 db 'Enter first number: \$'

msg2 db 13, 10, 'Enter second number: \$'

msg3 db 13, 10, 'Addition result: \$'

Output:



Code:

```
org 100h

; Prompt for first number
mov ah, 09h
mov dx, offset msg1
int 21h

; Read first digit
mov ah, 01h
int 21h
sub al, '0'
mov bl, al

; Prompt for second number
mov ah, 09h
mov dx, offset msg2
int 21h

; Read second digit
mov ah, 01h
int 21h
sub al, '0'
mov bh, al

; Perform multiplication
mov al, bl
mul bh      ; AL * BH = AX

; Show result message
mov ah, 09h
mov dx, offset msg3
int 21h

; AX contains result
call print_num

; Exit to DOS
mov ah, 4ch
int 21h

; --- Print procedure ---
print_num:
    mov cx, 0
    mov bx, 10
next_digit:
    xor dx, dx
```

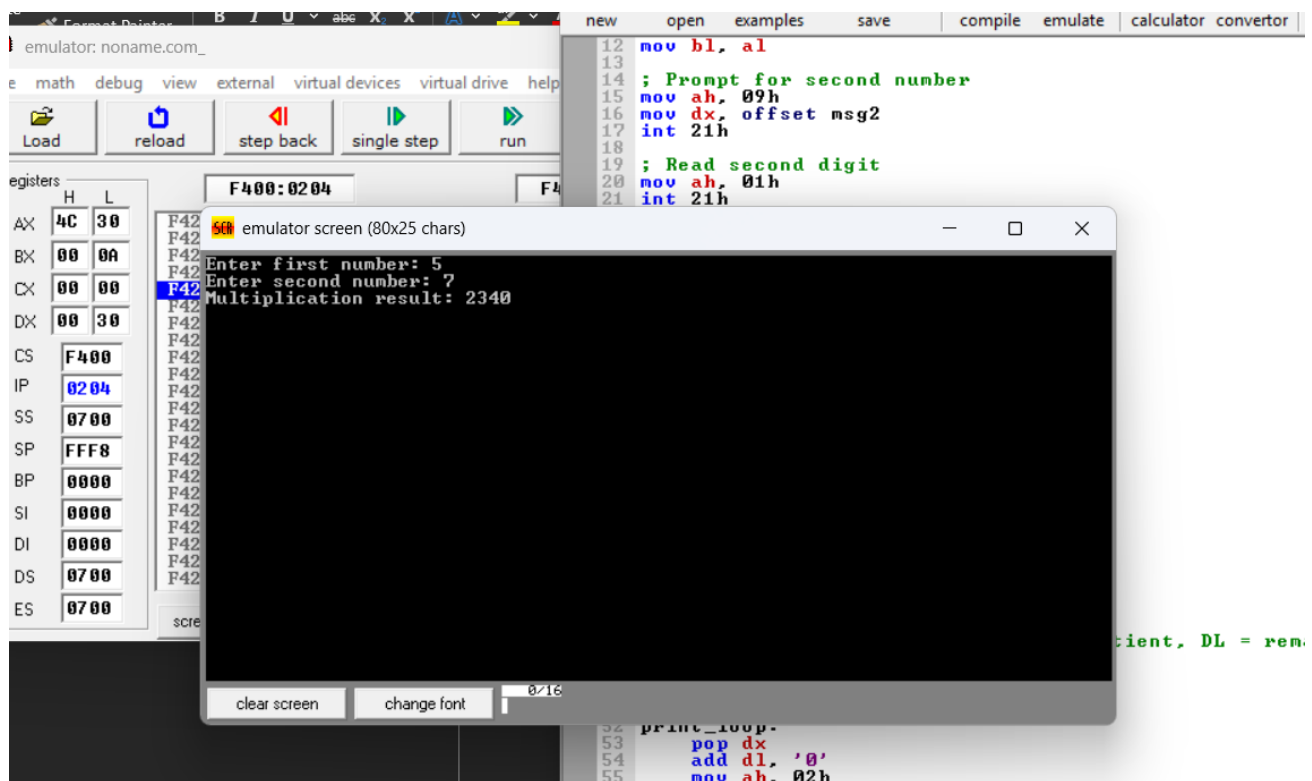
```

div bx    ; AX ÷ 10 → AL = quotient, DL = remainder
push dx
inc cx
cmp ax, 0
jne next_digit
print_loop:
pop dx
add dl, '0'
mov ah, 02h
int 21h
loop print_loop
ret

; --- Messages ---
msg1 db 'Enter first number: $'
msg2 db 13, 10, 'Enter second number: $'
msg3 db 13, 10, 'Multiplication result: $'

```

Output:



Code:

```
org 100h
```

```
mov ah, 09h  
mov dx, offset msg1  
int 21h
```

```
; Read dividend  
mov ah, 01h  
int 21h  
sub al, '0'  
mov bl, al
```

```
mov ah, 09h  
mov dx, offset msg2  
int 21h
```

```
; Read divisor  
mov ah, 01h  
int 21h  
sub al, '0'  
mov bh, al
```

```
; Divide  
mov al, bl  
mov ah, 0  
div bh ; AL / BH → AL = quotient, AH = remainder
```

```
; Print quotient  
mov ah, 09h  
mov dx, offset msg3  
int 21h  
mov ax, 0  
mov al, al  
call print_num
```

```
; Print remainder  
mov ah, 09h  
mov dx, offset msg4  
int 21h  
mov ax, 0  
mov al, ah  
call print_num
```

```
mov ah, 4ch  
int 21h  
; --- Procedures ---
```

```

print_num:
    mov cx, 0
    mov bx, 10
next_digit:
    xor dx, dx
    div bx
    push dx
    inc cx
    cmp ax, 0
    jne next_digit
print_loop:
    pop dx
    add dl, '0'
    mov ah, 02h
    int 21h
    loop print_loop
    ret

msg1 db 'Enter dividend: $'
msg2 db 13, 10, 'Enter divisor: $'
msg3 db 13, 10, 'Quotient: $'
msg4 db 13, 10, 'Remainder: $'

```

Output:

The screenshot shows an x86-64 emulator interface. The assembly code is displayed in the top right, and the execution output is shown in the bottom right. The registers window on the left shows the current state of the CPU registers.

Registers:

Register	Value
AX	4C 30
BX	00 0A
CX	00 00
DX	00 30
CS	F4 00
IP	02 04
SS	07 00
SP	FFF 8
BP	0000
SI	0000
DI	0000
DS	07 00
ES	07 00

Assembly Code:

```

18 mov ah, 01h
19 int 21h
20 sub al, '0'
21 mov bh, al
22
23 ; Divide
24 mov al, bl
25 mov ah, 0
26 div bh ; AL / BH ? AL = quotient, AH = remainder
27
28 print_loop:
29 pop dx
30 add dl, '0'
31 mov ah, 02h
32 int 21h
33 loop print_loop
34 ret
35
36 msg1 db 'Enter dividend: $'
37 msg2 db 13, 10, 'Enter divisor: $'

```

Execution Output:

```

Enter dividend: 4
Enter divisor: 2
Quotient: 0
Remainder: 0

```