- 1. Generate 10⁴ random numbers between [0:1] and plot the probability distribution of these numbers in the said range.
- 2. Generate 5×10^4 Gaussian random numbers and plot the probability distribution of these numbers in the range [-5:5]. Note that in principle the range should be $[-\infty:\infty]$!!
- 3. A Brownian particle of negligible mass is diffusing freely in a fluid medium (two dimensions). It obeys the following equation

$$\frac{d\vec{r}(x,y)}{dt} = \sqrt{D_0}\,\vec{\xi}(t)\,,$$

where $\vec{\xi}(t)$ is the random force arising due to the collision of fluid molecules and the Brownian particle, and D_0 is the diffusion constant which can be set to 1.

Using Euler's method, generate the trajectory of the particle in a finite time window and plot it. For your information, $r_x(t + \Delta t) = r_x(t) + \sqrt{D_0 \times \Delta t} \ G_x$, where G_x is a Gaussian random number. Follow the same step for the y- component r_y .