

## 5. Problem Statement

Create a flume agent that streams data from Twitter and stores in the HDFS.

To stream data to our database from twitter we should have the following pre-requisites.

- Twitter account
- Hadoop cluster

Make sure you have below jars placed in your `$FLUME_HOME/lib/conf` directory:

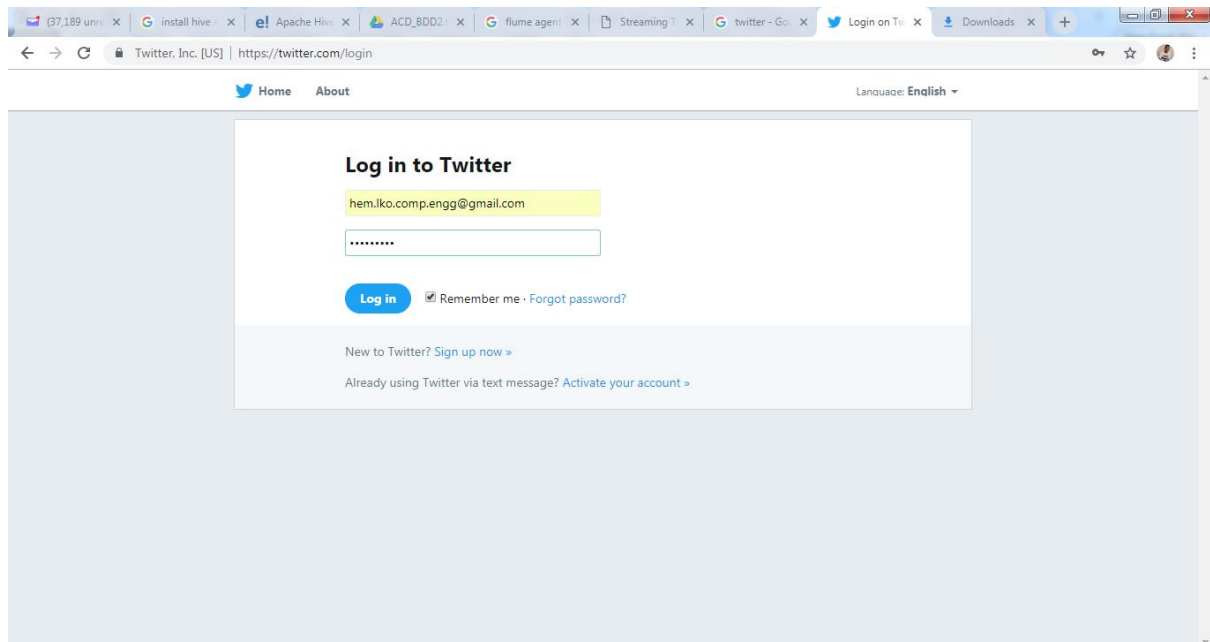
- twitter4j-core-X.XX.jar
- twitter4j-stream-X.X.X.jar
- twitter4j-media-support-X.X.X.jar

```
[acadgild@localhost lib]$ ls -l | grep twitter
-rw-r--r--. 1 acadgild acadgild 14733 May 11 2015 flume-twitter-source-1.6.0.jar
-rw-r--r--. 1 acadgild acadgild 284077 Aug 23 2014 twitter4j-core-3.0.3.jar
-rw-r--r--. 1 acadgild acadgild 27698 Aug 26 2014 twitter4j-media-support-3.0.3.jar
-rw-r--r--. 1 acadgild acadgild 56307 Aug 23 2014 twitter4j-stream-3.0.3.jar
[acadgild@localhost lib]$
```

If the above prerequisites are available we can move to our further step.

### Step1:

Login to the twitter account,



## Step2:

Go to the following link and click the 'create new app' button.

<https://apps.twitter.com/app>

# Twitter Apps

You don't currently have any Twitter Apps.

Create New App

Providing necessary details,

### Application Details

Name \*

Abutokenappl

Your application name. This is used to attribute the source of a tweet and in user-facing authorization screens. 32 characters max.

Description \*

I want to do analysis in Flume

Your application description, which will be shown in user-facing authorization screens. Between 10 and 200 characters max.

Website \*

https://www.yahoo.com

Your application's publicly accessible home page, where users can go to download, make use of, or find out more information about your application. This fully-qualified URL is used in the source attribution for tweets created by your application and will be shown in user-facing authorization screens.  
(If you don't have a URL yet, just put a placeholder here but remember to change it later.)

Callback URL

Where should we return after successfully authenticating? OAuth 1.0a applications should explicitly specify their oauth\_callback URL on the request token step, regardless of the value given here. To restrict your application from using callbacks, leave this field blank.

Accept the developer agreement and select the 'create your Twitter application' button'

#### Callback URL

Where should we return after successfully authenticating? [OAuth 1.0a](#) applications should explicitly specify their `oauth_callback` URL on the request token step, regardless of the value given here. To restrict your application from using callbacks, leave this field blank.

#### Developer Agreement

☒ Yes, I have read and agree to the [Twitter Developer Agreement](#).

Create your Twitter application

Select the 'Keys and Access Token' tab.

Your application has been created. Please take a moment to review and adjust your application's settings.

## Abutokenapp

Test OAuth

Details

Settings

Keys and Access Tokens

Permissions



I want to do analysis in Flume

<https://www.yahoo.com>

### Organization

Information about the organization or company associated with your application. This information is optional.

Organization None

Organization website None

Copy the consumer key and the consumer secret code, Scroll down further and select the 'create my access token' button.

Copy the consumer key and the consumer secret code, Scroll down further and select the 'create my access token' button.

# Abutokenapp

[Test OAuth](#)[Details](#) [Settings](#) [Keys and Access Tokens](#) [Permissions](#)

## Application Settings

Keep the "Consumer Secret" a secret. This key should never be human-readable in your application.

Consumer Key (API Key) DCJUjRSucocyRElvZQa6VJ5AP

Consumer Secret (API Secret) x1D1nQKXJHAghTztK6519I7U9Taq4WLI8fRqa9UUm5DCwYDVj

Access Level	Read and write ( <a href="#">modify app permissions</a> )
Owner	abarajitansa
Owner ID	797943092

## Application Actions

[Regenerate Consumer Key and Secret](#)[Change App Permissions](#)

## Your Access Token

You haven't authorized this application for your own account yet.

By creating your access token here, you will have everything you need to make API calls right away. The access token generated will be assigned your application's current permission level.

## Token Actions

[Create my access token](#)

Now, you will receive a message stating “that you have successfully generated your application access token”.

## Your Access Token

This access token can be used to make API requests on your own account's behalf. Do not share your access token secret with anyone.

Access Token	797943092- wcNt3mgrbPIHYhEZ2K9RjWvjs3zAIYg1ETi2sOA3
Access Token Secret	ohm8hds3X1d2S0JWsOaAu3HipTjYvSsaI4In3lNVTAJJU
Access Level	Read and write
Owner	hemsinghbist
Owner ID	797943092

#### Status

Your application access token has been successfully generated. It may take a moment for changes you've made to reflect.  
[Refresh](#) if your changes are not yet indicated.

Copy the Access Token and Access token Secret code.

Consumer Key (API Key) DCjUjRSucocyREIvZQa6VJ5AP

Consumer Secret (API Secret)

x1D1nQkXJHAhghTztK6519I7U9Taq4WLI8fRqa9UUm5DCwYDVj

Access Token 797943092-wcNt3mgrbPiHYhEZ2K9RjWvjs3zAIYg1ETi2sOA3

Access Token Secret ohm8hds3X1d2S0JWsOaAu3HlpTjYvSsaI4In3INVTAJJU

### Step 3:

Copy the Flume configuration code from the below link and paste it in the newly created file in the location,

***/home/acadgild/apache-flume-1.6.0-bin/conf/flume\_twitter.conf***

<https://drive.google.com/open?id=0B1QaXx7tpw3Sb3U4LW9SWINidkk>

Update the newly created file with twitter **api** keys like consumer key, Consumer token, Access token and the access token secret code and with the **key words**.

```
# Describing/Configuring the source
TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.type = org.apache.flume.source.twitter.TwitterSource
TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.consumerKey=DCjUjRSucocyREIvZQa6VJ5AP
TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.consumerSecret=x1D1nQkXJHAhghTztK6519I7U9Taq4WLI8fRqa9UUm5DCwYDVj
TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.accessToken=797943092-wcNt3mgrbPiHYhEZ2K9RjWvjs3zAIYg1ETi2sOA3
TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.accessTokenSecret=ohm8hds3X1d2S0JWsOaAu3HlpTjYvSsaI4In3INVTAJJU
TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.keywords=hadoop, bigdata, mapreduce, mahout, hbase, nosql
# Describing/Configuring the sink

TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.keywords= hadoop,election,sports, cricket,Big data
```

### Step4:

4.1 start all Hadoop daemons

```
[acadgild@localhost lib]$ jps
3234 NodeManager
2819 DataNode
3125 ResourceManager
4661 Main
2712 NameNode
4315 HMaster
4107 RunJar
6172 Jps
[acadgild@localhost lib]$
```

## Step5:

Create a new directory inside HDFS path, where the Twitter tweet data should be stored.

### Hadoop dfs -mkdir /user/acadgild/hadoop/tweets

```
63667 hadoop-2.7.2/bin/hadoop$ mkdir -p /user/acadgild/hadoop/tweets
[acadgild@localhost lib]$ hadoop dfs -mkdir /user/acadgild/hadoop/tweets
DEPRECATED: Use of this script to execute hdfs command is deprecated.
Instead use the hdfs command for it.

Java HotSpot(TM) Client VM warning: You have loaded library /home/acadgild/hadoop-2.7.2/lib/native/libhadoop.so.1.0.0 which might have disabled stack guard now.
It's highly recommended that you fix the library with 'execstack -c <libfile>', or link it with '-z noexecstack'.
17/11/30 10:03:57 WARN util.NativeCodeLoader: Unable to load native-hadoop library for your platform... using builtin-java classes where applicable
[acadgild@localhost lib]$
[acadgild@localhost lib]$
[acadgild@localhost lib]$ hadoop fs -ls /user/acadgild/hadoop
Java HotSpot(TM) Client VM warning: You have loaded library /home/acadgild/hadoop-2.7.2/lib/native/libhadoop.so.1.0.0 which might have disabled stack guard now.
It's highly recommended that you fix the library with 'execstack -c <libfile>', or link it with '-z noexecstack'.
17/11/30 10:04:19 WARN util.NativeCodeLoader: Unable to load native-hadoop library for your platform... using builtin-java classes where applicable
Found 14 items
drwxr-xr-x - acadgild supergroup 0 2017-10-12 21:15 /user/acadgild/hadoop/InvalidDataMR
drwxr-xr-x - acadgild supergroup 0 2017-10-12 18:46 /user/acadgild/hadoop/InvalidRecord2
drwxr-xr-x - acadgild supergroup 0 2017-10-12 17:44 /user/acadgild/hadoop/InvalidRecordsoutput
drwxr-xr-x - acadgild supergroup 0 2017-10-31 17:26 /user/acadgild/hadoop/OnidaTV
drwxr-xr-x - acadgild supergroup 0 2017-10-31 17:41 /user/acadgild/hadoop/TV
drwxr-xr-x - acadgild supergroup 0 2017-10-31 17:49 /user/acadgild/hadoop/TV1
-rw-r--r-- 1 acadgild supergroup 1958 2017-10-13 18:56 /user/acadgild/hadoop/WordCount.txt
-rw-r--r-- 1 acadgild supergroup 237 2017-09-25 11:10 /user/acadgild/hadoop/max-temp.txt
drwxr-xr-x - acadgild supergroup 0 2017-09-24 14:31 /user/acadgild/hadoop/maxout
-rw-r--r-- 1 acadgild supergroup 21007 2017-09-24 14:25 /user/acadgild/hadoop/sample_temperature_dataset.csv
-rw-r--r-- 1 acadgild supergroup 26204 2017-11-26 02:06 /user/acadgild/hadoop/student.txt
-rw-r--r-- 1 acadgild supergroup 2938 2017-10-31 17:47 /user/acadgild/hadoop/television.txt
drwxr-xr-x - acadgild supergroup 0 2017-11-30 10:03 /user/acadgild/hadoop/tweets
-rw-r--r-- 1 acadgild supergroup 300 2017-09-24 14:16 /user/acadgild/hadoop/word-count.txt
[acadgild@localhost lib]$
```

## Step6:

For fetching data from Twitter, Use the below command to fetch the twitter tweet data into the HDFS cluster path.

### flume-ng agent -n TwitterAgent -f /home/acadgild/apache-flume-1.6.0-bin/conf/flume\_twitter.conf

```
6172 Jps
[acadgild@localhost lib]$ flume-ng agent -n TwitterAgent -f /home/acadgild/apache-flume-1.6.0-bin/conf/flume_twitter.conf
Warning: No configuration directory set! Use --conf <dir> to override.
Info: Including Hadoop libraries found via (/home/acadgild/hadoop-2.7.2/bin/hadoop) for HDFS access
```

The above command will start fetching data from Twitter and streams it into the HDFS given path.

```
17/11/30 10:12:30 INFO hdfs.HDFSDataStream: Serializer = TEXT, UseRawLocalFileSystem = false
17/11/30 10:12:30 INFO hdfs.BucketWriter: Creating hdfs://localhost:9000/user/acadgild/hadoop/tweets/FlumeData.1512016950366.tmp
Java HotSpot(TM) Client VM warning: You have loaded library /home/acadgild/hadoop-2.7.2/lib/native/libhadoop.so.1.0.0 which might have disabled stack guard. The VM will try to fix the stack guard now.
It's highly recommended that you fix the library with 'execstack -c <libfile>', or link it with '-z noexecstack'.
17/11/30 10:12:31 WARN util.NativeCodeLoader: Unable to load native-hadoop library for your platform... using builtin-java classes where applicable
17/11/30 10:12:33 INFO twitter.TwitterSource: Processed 100 docs
17/11/30 10:12:35 INFO twitter.TwitterSource: Processed 200 docs
17/11/30 10:12:39 INFO twitter.TwitterSource: Processed 300 docs
17/11/30 10:12:42 INFO twitter.TwitterSource: Processed 400 docs
17/11/30 10:12:44 INFO twitter.TwitterSource: Processed 500 docs
17/11/30 10:12:47 INFO twitter.TwitterSource: Processed 600 docs
17/11/30 10:12:50 INFO twitter.TwitterSource: Processed 700 docs
17/11/30 10:12:53 INFO twitter.TwitterSource: Processed 800 docs
17/11/30 10:12:56 INFO twitter.TwitterSource: Processed 900 docs
17/11/30 10:13:00 INFO twitter.TwitterSource: Processed 1,000 docs
17/11/30 10:13:00 INFO twitter.TwitterSource: Total docs indexed: 1,000, total skipped docs: 0
17/11/30 10:13:00 INFO twitter.TwitterSource: 31 docs/second
17/11/30 10:13:00 INFO twitter.TwitterSource: Run took 32 seconds and processed:
17/11/30 10:13:00 INFO twitter.TwitterSource: 0.008 MB/sec sent to index
17/11/30 10:13:00 INFO twitter.TwitterSource: 0.259 MB text sent to index
17/11/30 10:13:00 INFO twitter.TwitterSource: There were 0 exceptions ignored
17/11/30 10:13:03 INFO twitter.TwitterSource: Processed 1,100 docs
17/11/30 10:13:06 INFO twitter.TwitterSource: Processed 1,200 docs
17/11/30 10:13:08 INFO twitter.TwitterSource: Processed 1,300 docs
17/11/30 10:13:12 INFO twitter.TwitterSource: Processed 1,400 docs
17/11/30 10:13:15 INFO twitter.TwitterSource: Processed 1,500 docs
```

Once, the tweet data started streaming it into the given HDFS path we can use 'Ctrl+c' command to stop the streaming process.

## Step7:

To check the contents of the tweet data we can use the following command:

```
hadoop fs -cat /user/acadgild/hadoop/tweets/FlumeData.1512016950366
```

[illegible]

We can observe from the above image that we have successfully fetched twitter data into our HDFS cluster directory using Flume.