



PROJECT

DATA ADMINISTRATION CONCEPTS AND  
DATABASE MANAGEMENT

IST – 659

FALL 2022

WHOLESALE INVENTORY  
MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

PREPARED BY : **HENDI KUSHTA**

## Introduction

In order to manage the suppliers, products, item stock, purchase orders, and customer orders in a wholesale business, I will design a database schema for the inventory management system.

Inventory management systems are frequently used by manufacturing and retail companies. This database can be used, for example, to manage wholesale inventories more effectively and cut down on product waste in supply chains.

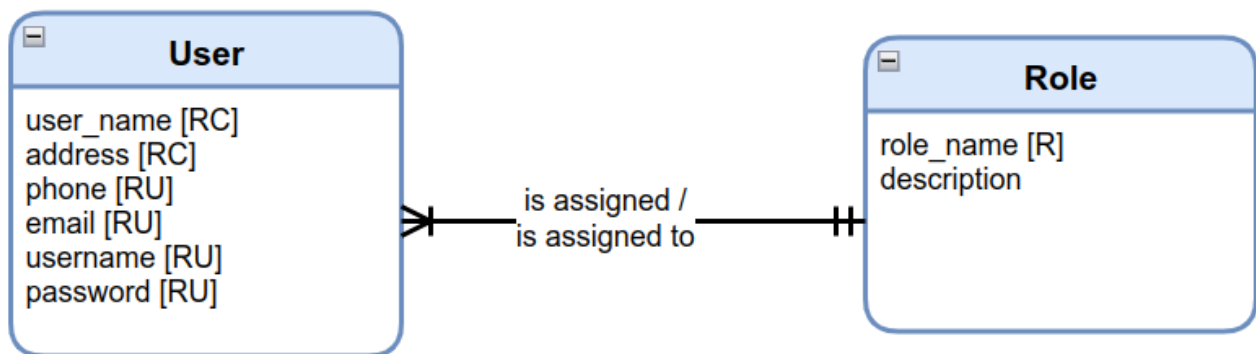
Software that assists in tracking a company's inventory and sales is known as an inventory management system. It supports employees by providing accurate inventory numbers and keeping products organized. This assists a business in managing its inventory, completing orders, and monitoring overall output or sales. Inventory management can be more effective by using an electronic system, which requires little training.

Systems for managing inventory help businesses cut expenses by avoiding overstocking. A business can guarantee sales orders for customers and avoid back-orders when it has an accurate inventory count.

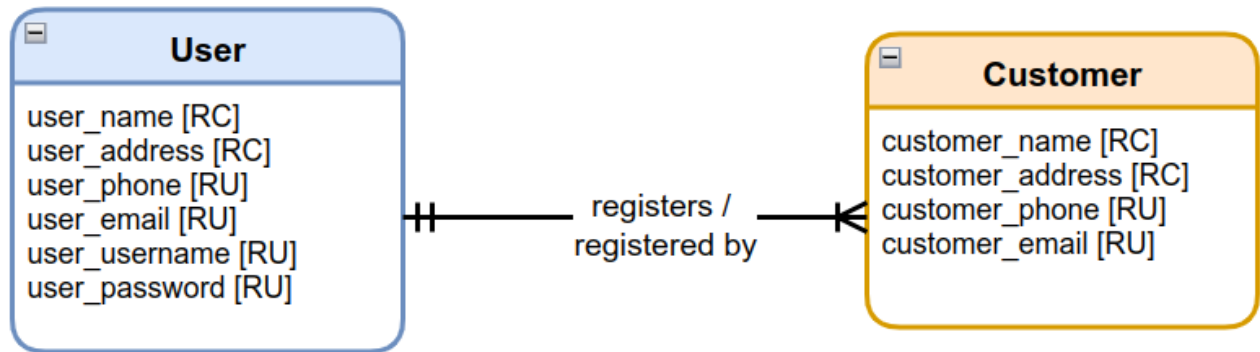
Typically, an inventory system has four basic elements: products, purchases, orders, and suppliers. Order alerts can be set to trigger when inventory levels fall below custom-defined minimum levels. By the end of this project, I will build an application using power apps for the inventory management. I will also use Power BI Desktop to build reports for the items in stock, sold, customer orders etc.

## Business Rules

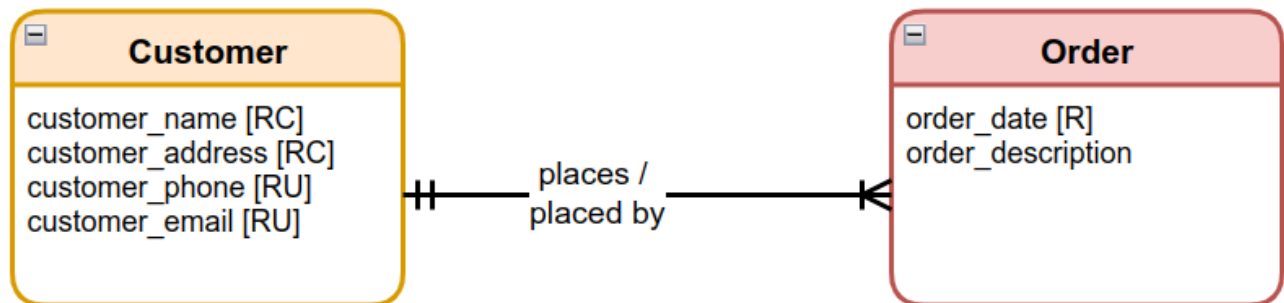
1 - The app will have a user. Each user will have their information like first name, last name, address, phone, email. As a user/staff I need to have my own username and password to access the system. Each user will have a role in the company like manager, employee etc.



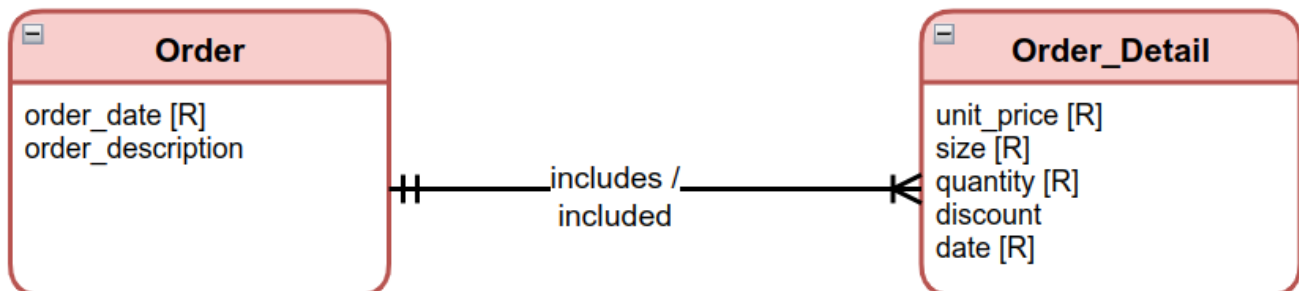
2 - As a staff person, I have to register customers. Each customer must have a name, address, phone and email address.



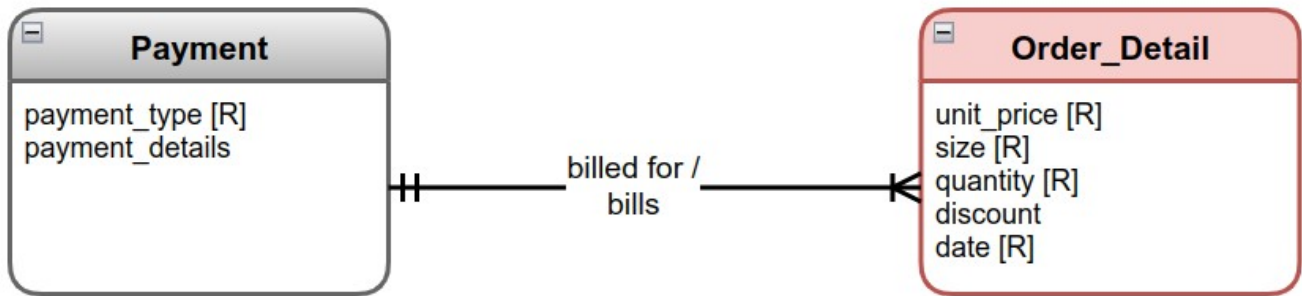
3 – Each customer make orders. Each order will have a date of order, order description.



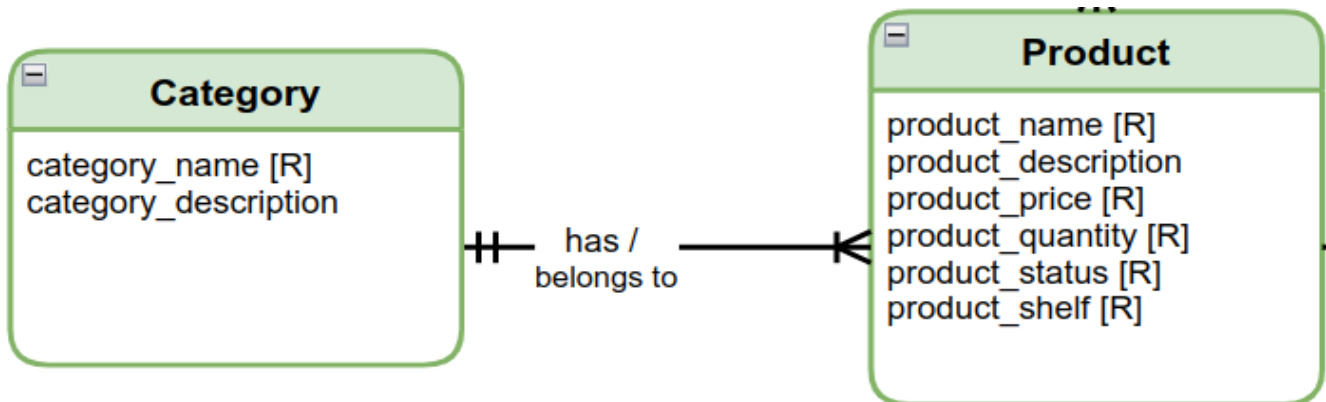
4 – Each order has order\_details which includes price, quantity, size, date, discount.



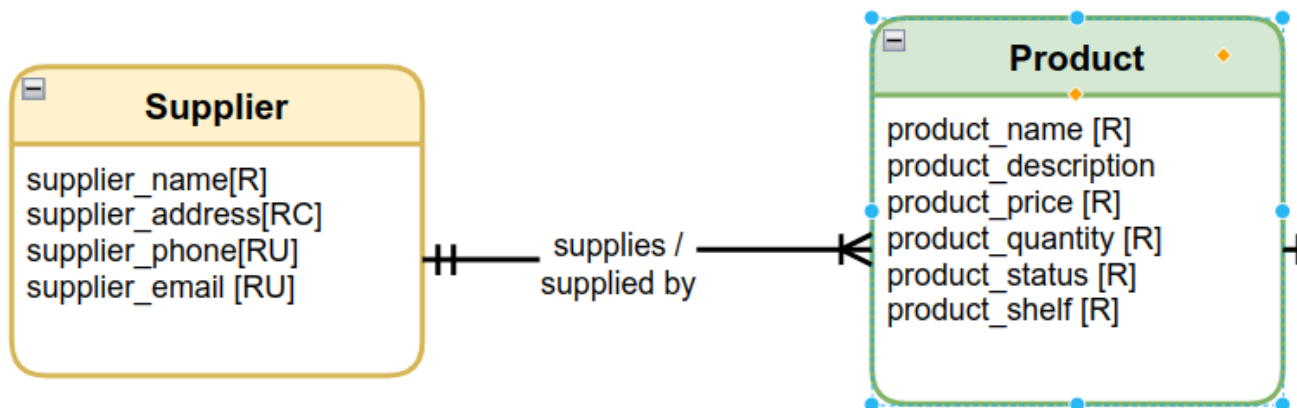
5 – For each order there should be a payment. Payments might be of different types, cash, card etc. It will also include description or details.



6 – Each product belongs to a category. Products will have a name, description, unit, price, quantity, which shelves are found and a product status, found or not. Categories will have a name, and a description. - **Chintan Patel**



7 – Products are supplied by vendors. Each vendors will have a name, address, phone, fax, email. - **Chintan Patel**

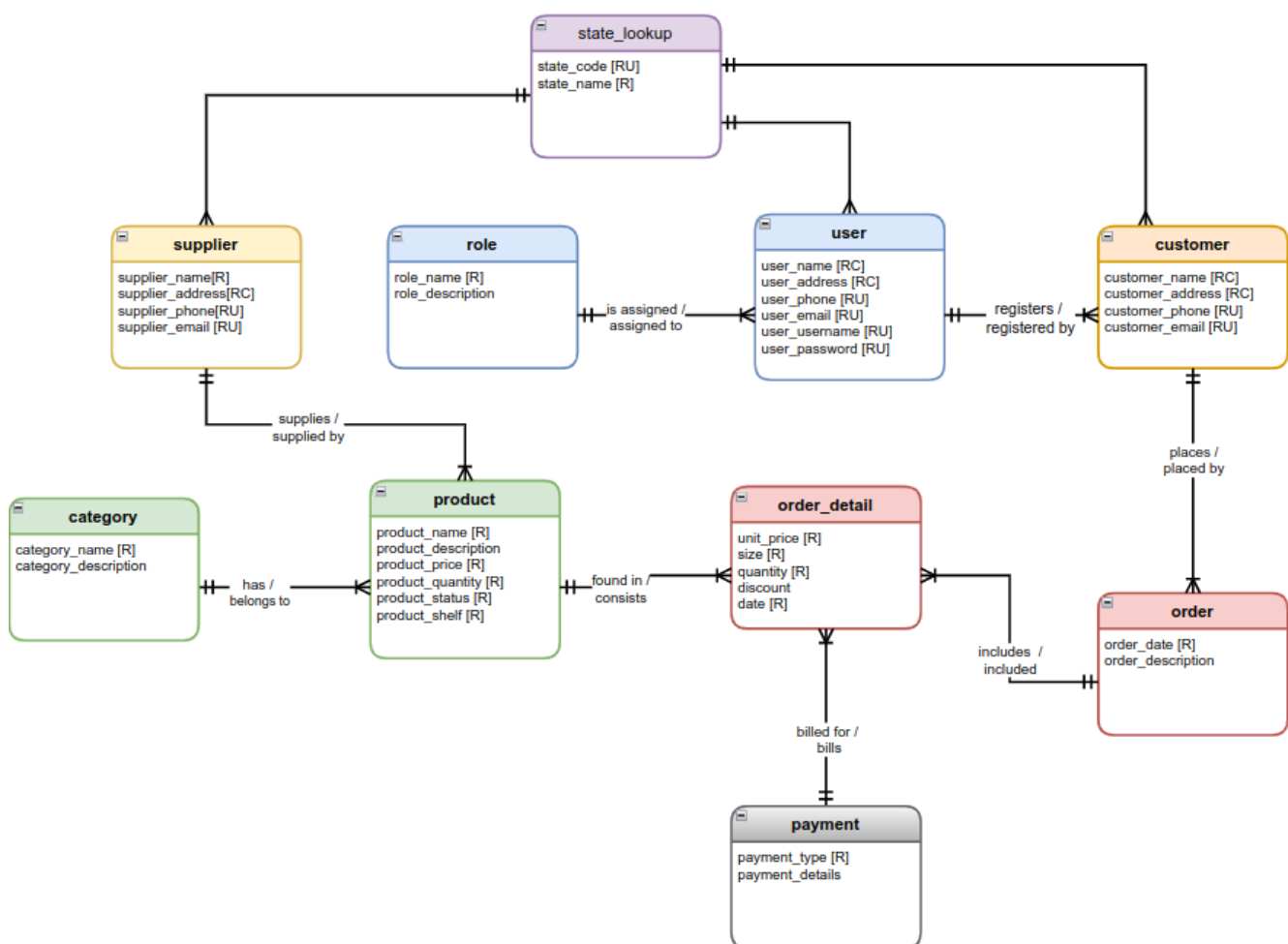


## User Stories

1- A customer buys a product. The customer needs to provide his information like name and surname, state etc. When he buys something, an order its details are created which will show quantity, unit price etc. A column will be created which will find the total amount of money a person has spent for each product and the payment type the paid.

To create this user story I have built 2 views and from these 2 views I have created 2 graphs also shown in the power app.

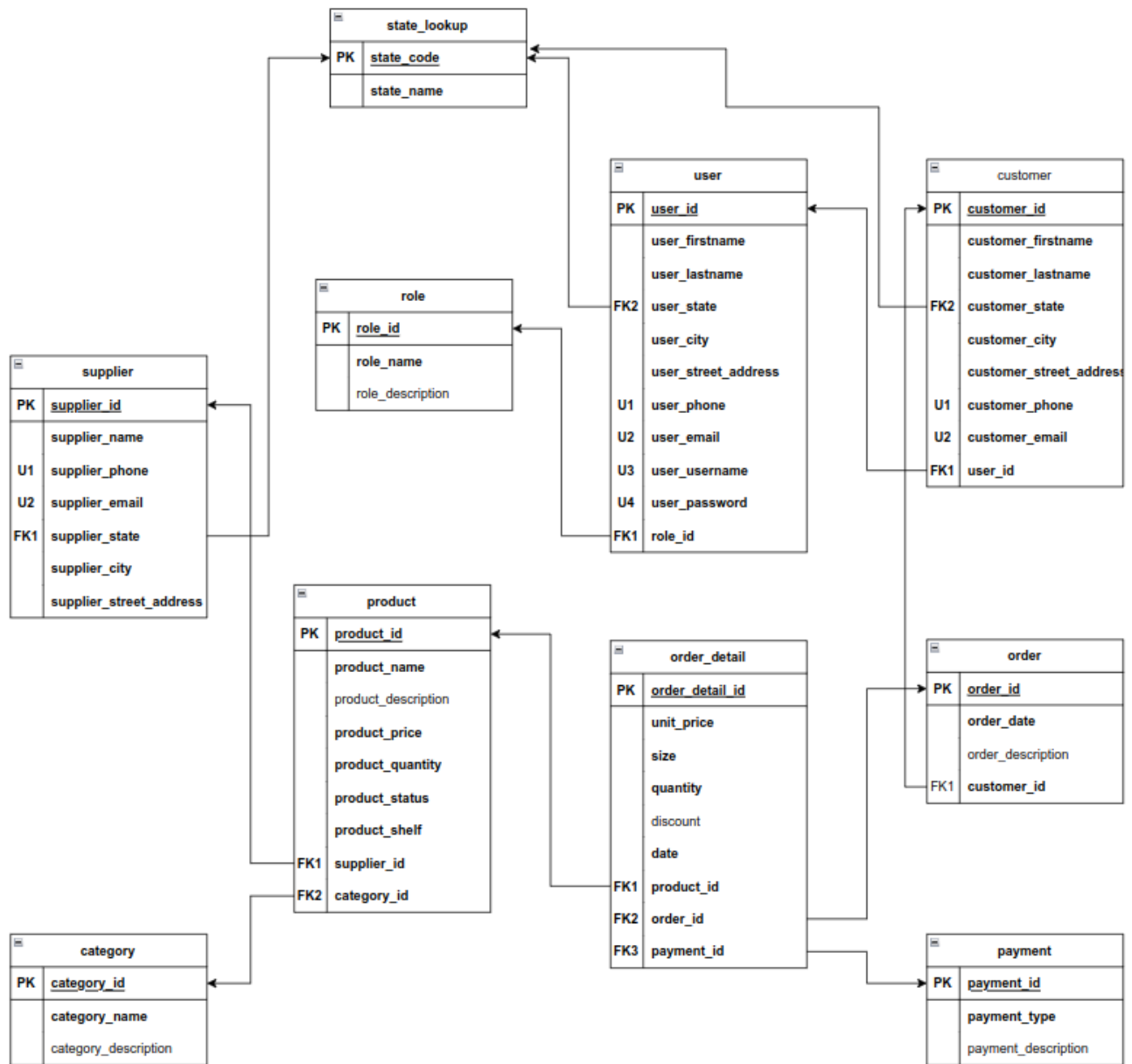
## Conceptual Model



## E-R Requirements

Entities and Attributes				Relationships				
Entity	Attribute	Props	Description	Relationship	Entity	Rule	Min	Max
<u>user</u>	user_name	RC	users full name first name plus last name	user - role	<u>user</u>	is assigned	1	1
	user_address	RC	State + city + street + ...		<u>role</u>	is assigned	1	M
	user_phone	RU	each employee's phone number	user - customer	<u>user</u>	registers	1	M
	user_email	RU	each employee's phone email address		<u>customer</u>	registered by	1	1
	user_password	RU	to login the app, each user must have a password	customer - order	<u>customer</u>	places	1	M
	user_username	RU	to login the app, each user must have a username		<u>order</u>	placed by	1	1
<u>role</u>	role_name	R	restocking shelves, accepting incoming orders, Processing and packing orders, manager etc	payment - order_detail	<u>payment</u>	billed for	1	M
	role_description		for example packing orders - placing products into boxes and make them ready for delivery		<u>order_detail</u>	billis	1	1
<u>customer</u>	customer_name	RC	customer full name first name plus last name	category - product	<u>category</u>	has	1	M
	customer_address	RC	State + city + street + ...		<u>product</u>	belongs to	1	1
	customer_phone	RU	each customer's phone number	supplier - product	<u>supplier</u>	supplies	1	M
	customer_email	RU	each customer's email		<u>product</u>	supplied by	1	1
<u>order</u>	order_date	R	date when an order has occurred					
	order_description		the order has been successfully approved					
<u>order_detail</u>	unit_price	R	what is the price of each unit sold in each order					
	size	R	S, M, L, XL, XXL, XXXL					
	quantity	R	number of products sold for each product					
	discount		discount rates provided to stocked products or other products					
	date	R	when the order has occurred					
<u>payment</u>	payment_type	R	cash, card, <del>zelle</del> etc					
	payment_details		is the payment done or not.					
<u>category</u>	category_name	R	clothes, accessories, shoes etc					
	category_description		what is included in the category, Ex: clothes found on the first floor					
<u>product</u>	product_name	R	name of the product in the shelves or being ordered					
	product_description		description of the product					
	product_price	R	what is the products price					
	product_quantity	R	how many units are there					
	product_status	R	is product available or not					
<u>supplier</u>	supplier_name	R	supplier full name first name plus last name					
	supplier_address	RC	State + city + street + ...					
	supplier_phone	RU	each supplier's phone number					
	supplier_email	RU	each supplier's email					
<u>state_lookup</u>	state_code	RU	NY, NJ, MA etc					
	state_name	R	New York, New Jersey etc					

## Logical Model



## Data logics

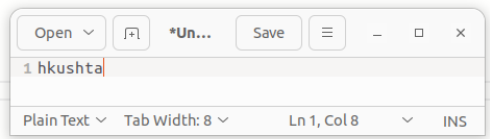
Have created 2 views to build the proper graphs for the data analysis as shown below.

```
drop view if exists v_products
go
create VIEW v_products as
select product_name,
       max(product_quantity) as product_quantity,
       product_status = case
                           when MAX(product_quantity) - SUM(quantity) = 0 then 'not available'
                           else 'available'
                           end,
       ISNULL(sum(quantity), 0) quantity_sold,
       p.product_id,
       IIF((MAX(product_quantity) - SUM(quantity)) is NULL, MAX(product_quantity), (MAX(product_quantity) - SUM(quantity))) as onhand_quantity
from products p
left join order_details od on p.product_id = od.product_id
group by p.product_name,
         p.product_status,
         p.product_id
go

select * from v_products

drop view if exists v_customer_orders
go
create VIEW v_customer_orders as
select c.customer_id,
       c.customer_firstname + ' ' + c.customer_lastname as customer_fullname,
       c.customer_email,
       o.order_description,
       o.order_date,
       od.order_id,
       od.unit_price,
       od.quantity,
       od.unit_price * od.quantity as customer_total_to_pay,
       pa.payment_description,
       p.product_id,
       p.product_name
from customers c
INNER join orders o on o.customer_id = c.customer_id
INNER join order_details od on od.order_id = o.order_id
inner join products p on p.product_id = od.product_id
inner join payments pa on pa.payment_id = od.payment_id
go

select * from v_customer_orders
```



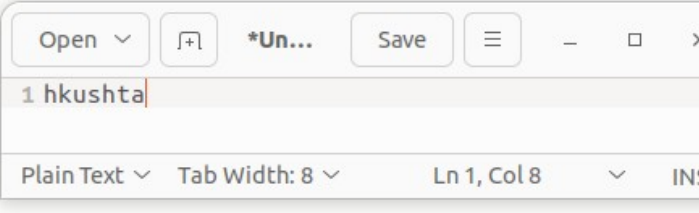
I have also created a procedure when to update an employee if it exists and create a new one if it doesn't.



```

DROP PROCEDURE IF EXISTS p_upsert_employee
GO
create PROCEDURE p_upsert_employee (
    @user_id int,
    @user_firstname VARCHAR(50),
    @user_lastname VARCHAR(50),
    @user_state char(2),
    @user_city VARCHAR(50),
    @user_street_address VARCHAR(50),
    @user_phone VARCHAR(20),
    @user_email VARCHAR(50),
    @user_username VARCHAR(50),
    @user_password VARCHAR(20),
    @role_id int
)as BEGIN
if exists (select * from users WHERE user_id = @user_id) Begin
    UPDATE users
    set
        user_firstname = @user_firstname,
        user_lastname = @user_lastname,
        user_state = @user_state,
        user_city = @user_city,
        user_street_address = @user_street_address,
        user_phone = @user_phone,
        user_email = @user_email,
        user_username = @user_username,
        user_password = @user_password,
        role_id = @role_id
    WHERE user_id = @user_id
end
ELSE
BEGIN
    INSERT INTO users(
        user_firstname,
        user_lastname,
        user_state,
        user_city,
        user_street_address,
        user_phone,
        user_email,
        user_username,
        user_password,
        role_id
    )
    VALUES(@user_firstname, @user_lastname, @user_state, @user_city, @user_street_address, @user_phone,
        @user_email, @user_username, @user_password, @role_id)
end
end

```

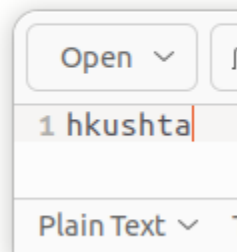


I have updated just the first name for the first user

```

EXEC p_upsert_employee
    @user_id = 1,
    @user_firstname = 'Hendi',
    @user_lastname = 'Simmons',
    @user_state = 'NY',
    @user_city = 'New York City',
    @user_street_address = '1st street',
    @user_phone = '(343) 478 1234',
    @user_email = 'bsimmons@syr.edu',
    @user_username = 'bsimmons',
    @user_password = 'Test1234!',
    @role_id = 1

```



Power App



When I click in the dashboard, we can see that there are 2 plots. This plots answer the questions, which customer has made the most purchases. And what is the inventory balance for each of the products. Done with the help of views I have created.

Steven	Adams
sadams@syr.edu	Boston
Ochai	Agbaji
oagbaji@syr.edu	Boston
Deni	Avdija
davdlja@syr.edu	Boston
Dalano	Banton
dbanton@syr.edu	Boston
Paolo	Banchero
pbanchero@syr.edu	Concord
Lonzo	Ball
lball@syr.edu	Concord

Ben	Simmons
bsimmons@syr.edu	New York City

**New Employee**

\* role\_id

\* user\_city

\* user\_email

\* user\_firstname




\* user\_lastname

\* user\_password

\* user\_phone

\* user\_state

In the above figures we can see all the employees, filter them and create a new one.  
As I mentioned before I have created also a procedure to update the employee he/she is existing.

 Employees Information  

role\_id

2

user\_firstname

Steven

user\_lastname

Adams

user\_state

MA

user\_city

Boston

user\_street\_address

3rd street

user\_email

sadams@syr.edu

user\_phone

(345) 355 2222



user\_username


sadams

user\_password



Test1234!

I have also used the created view to find and update if the products are not in the inventory anymore, they change the status from available to not available. Just like shown below. If its not available like in the example of pajamas, we can click + button to send an email to our supplier so they can bring more, but the window is not functional.

 Products 

 ol

hoodie	available	21	>
long sleeves	available	11	>
trench coat	available	15	>
blouse	available	21	>
pajamas	not available	0	>
jumpsuits	not available	0	>

 Product Details 

product_id	13
product_name	pajamas
product_quantity	12
quantity_sold	12
onhand_quantity	0
product_status	not available

 Supplier

To:

Enter Subject:

Enter Body:

Send

On the screen shot below you can find the window for orders and how to create a new order.

Order

Search order

1

2

23.99

2

1

33.99

4

1

87.99

5

3

20.5

3

3

32

7

4

55.99

New Order

discount

0

\* order\_id

1

\* payment\_id

1

\* product\_id

1

\* quantity

2

size

L

\* unit\_price

23.99