

Lab Report for HippyLearn-s CNN Model

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1 Introduction

We are faced with hippylearn-s model to use Deep CNN to solve the helmholtz problem.

2 Methodology

I tried 3 different types of neural networks, that is monotonically increasing in number of channels, monotonically decreasing and the increasing first and then decrease. We get the number as specified below. For each kind of neural network, I also try 2 different kinds of activation functions: relu

$$f(x) = x > 0 ? x : 0$$

the softplus

$$f(x) = \ln(1 + e^x)$$

For the fairness, we take the batch size and the nfeatures to be 888 and 32 respectively.

3 Result

	<u>Softmax</u>	<u>Relu</u>
[1,4,4,4,4]	188 0.186115	213 0.682331
[1,2,4,8,4,2]	337 0.176916	117 0.30926
[1,4,4,4,4,4,4]	233 0.139563	192 0.149404
[1,2,4,8,16,8,4,2]	156 0.210318	190 0.167911
[1,32,16,8,4,2]	371 2.8048	371 1.90987
[1,2,4,8,16,32]	210 1.11394	1561 0.679866

The result above indicates that for bigger neural networks, the relu works better

than softplus as activation function. The first integer in this column reflects the number of iterations needed to converge such that the difference between two adjacent iteration is smaller than 10^{-4} . Also, when comparing the neural networks of using same activation functions, the monotonic decreasing or increasing model not work as good as the non-monotonic one. In other words, the first increasing then decreasing model offer us lower training loss. With the thought given above, we compare more models of similar increasing and decreasing with different activation functions and see how it behaves. (To be continued with this part, still training)

I also tried different activation functions and different optimizer for a given structure of the neural nets. tf.nn.relu 0.08 tf.nn.softmax 0.1759 tf.nn.elu 0.9733 tf.nn.elu gradient descent 0.07

4 Future Work

With the comparison made above, activation functions and structure of the network can have some effects on the accuracy and training efficiency. For the future, we can also change the optimizer functions, for example, integrate the momentum optimizer inside and it may provide better result.