Quiz 5

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Problem 1

In this homework, you need to download the Random Number Generator Test Suite from the US National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) to ensure that the random numbers you choose are truly unpredictable and secure.

- a) Write a Python/C++ program to generate 1M bytes of cryptographically secure random numbers.
- b) Run the NIST SP 800-22 statistical test on your 1M bytes of binary cryptographically secure random numbers and analyze the test results to identify any deviations from the expected statistical properties of random numbers.
- c) Extra credit: Find out a non-cryptographically secure random number generator, such as random(), to demonstrate its lack of safety. Then, propose modifications to enhance its security to generate cryptographically secure random numbers that meet the highest standards of security and reliability.

(a)

· Here is our python code.

```
import secrets
# the function to generate the secure random number

def generate_randomNum(num_bits: int):

random_bits = secrets.token_bytes(num_bits)

# return ''.join(f'{byte:08b}'for byte in random_bytes)

return random_bits

# generate 1M bytes random number

random_bits = generate_randomNum(8388608) # 8388608 = 1024 * 1024 * 8 (bits)

# output a file 'random.bin'

with open('random.bin', 'wb') as file:

file.write(random_bits)
```

- First, we import the library of "secretes"
- Then we construct a function to generate the random number.
- Finally, let the output to be a "random.bin" file.

(b)

We prepared for the testing file, which is required binary sequences as input in the test suite. In order to running the NIST SP 800-22, we using the Ubuntu to run the test suite. And we run in tenminal.

```
STATISTICAL TESTS
[01] Frequency
                                   [02] Block Frequency
[03] Cumulative Sums
                                   [04] Runs
[05] Longest Run of Ones
                                   [06] Rank
[07] Discrete Fourier Transform [08] Nonperiodic Template Matchings
[09] Overlapping Template Matchings [10] Universal Statistical
                                  [12] Random Excursions
[11] Approximate Entropy
[13] Random Excursions Variant [14] Serial
[15] Linear Complexity
     INSTRUCTIONS
        Enter 0 if you DO NOT want to apply all of the
        statistical tests to each sequence and 1 if you DO.
Enter Choice: 1
```

```
Parameter Adjustments
 [1] Block Frequency Test - block length(M):
[2] NonOverlapping Template Test - block length(m): 9
[3] Overlapping Template Test - block length(m):
[4] Approximate Entropy Test - block length(m):
                                                  10
[5] Serial Test - block length(m):
                                                  16
[6] Linear Complexity Test - block length(M):
                                                  500
Select Test (0 to continue): 1
Enter Block Frequency Test block length: 65536
    Parameter Adjustments
[1] Block Frequency Test - block length(M):
                                                  65536
[2] NonOverlapping Template Test - block length(m): 9
[3] Overlapping Template Test - block length(m):
 [4] Approximate Entropy Test - block length(m):
                                                  10
[5] Serial Test - block length(m):
                                                  16
[6] Linear Complexity Test - block length(M):
                                                  500
Select Test (0 to continue): 0
```

```
Parameter Adjustments
 [1] Block Frequency Test - block length(M):
                                                   65536
[2] NonOverlapping Template Test - block length(m): 9
[3] Overlapping Template Test - block length(m):
[4] Approximate Entropy Test - block length(m):
                                                   10
[5] Serial Test - block length(m):
                                                   16
[6] Linear Complexity Test - block length(M):
                                                   500
Select Test (0 to continue): 0
How many bitstreams? 1
Input File Format:
[0] ASCII - A sequence of ASCII 0's and 1's
[1] Binary - Each byte in data file contains 8 bits of data
Select input mode: 1
 Statistical Testing In Progress.....
 Statistical Testing Complete!!!!!!!!!!
```

Above is the step i run in the terminal.

The result and analyze please refer to the "finalAnalysisReport.txt".