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Kaggle Winner Presentation vesuvius-challenge-ink detection

9-th place HENG CHER KENG

Agenda



- 1. Self introduction
- 2. Solution
- 3. Important Findings

4. Reproduce the Submission



Background



Background

I am a contract computer vision and deep learning algorithm engineer.

- discovering fractures in x-ray bone images
- implementing visual slam for robotic navigation.

Kaggle competition master and had participated in previous Kaggle competitions related in image segmentation.



Solution



Summary

- My solution is an ensemble of **two models**, each model has 2 deep nets trained from different fold splits.
- Each net consists of : encoder + mean-pool + decoder

model 1: encoder = resnet34d CNN, decoder = unet

model 2: encoder = pvtv2-b3 pVIT, decoder = daformer

red: validation non-red: training

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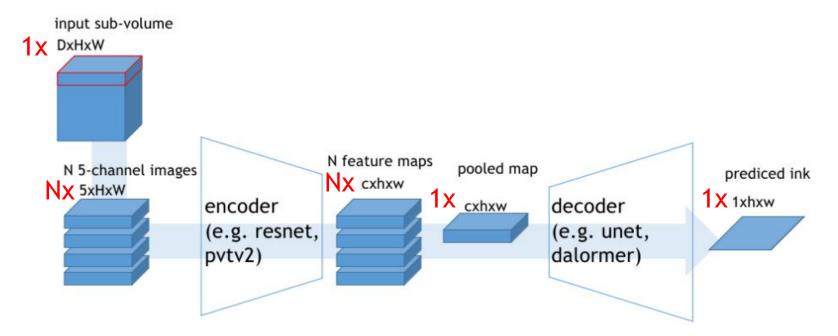


fold2aa:





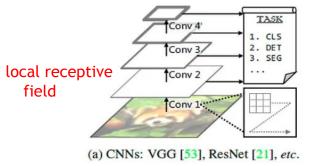




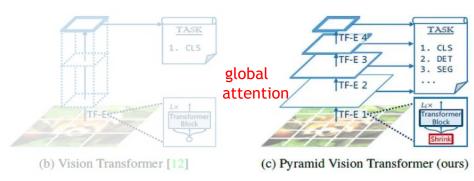
- Input sub-volume is divided into several 5-channel images.
- The images overlap in channels, e.g. image1 uses z slice [20 to 25], image2 uses [22 to 27], etc...
- At the encoder, the feature maps are mean pooled into single feature map



- choice of backbone:

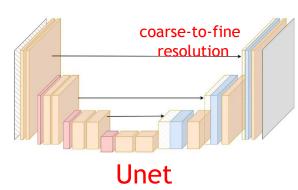


CNN: convolution net



pVIT: pyramid vision transformer

- choice of encoder-decoder:



stacked all resolution Context-Aware Fusion Stack Hierarchical F₄ Transformer **Daformer**

[1] "PVT v2: Improved Baselines with Pyramid Vision Transformer" - Wenhai Wang https://arxiv.org/abs/2106.13797

Important Findings

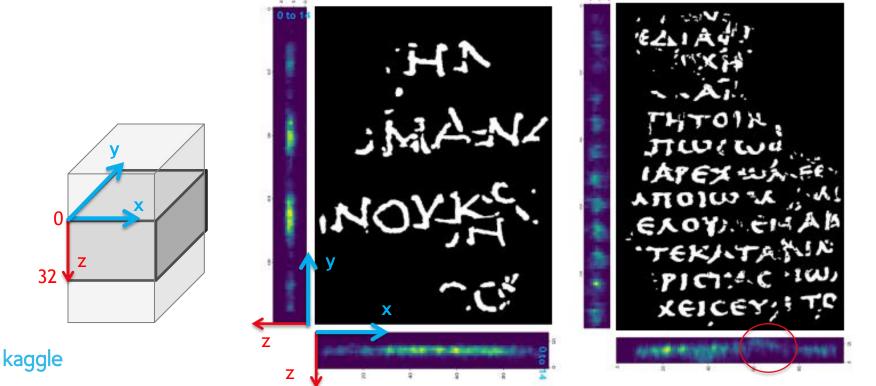


Unique tricks that works:

1. Mean pooling as effective slice selection

The central 16 or 32 z slices are used in subvolume. Here, the CAM activation heatmap shows which

slices are activated.



2. Small-to-large crop training

stage1 : train at small crop

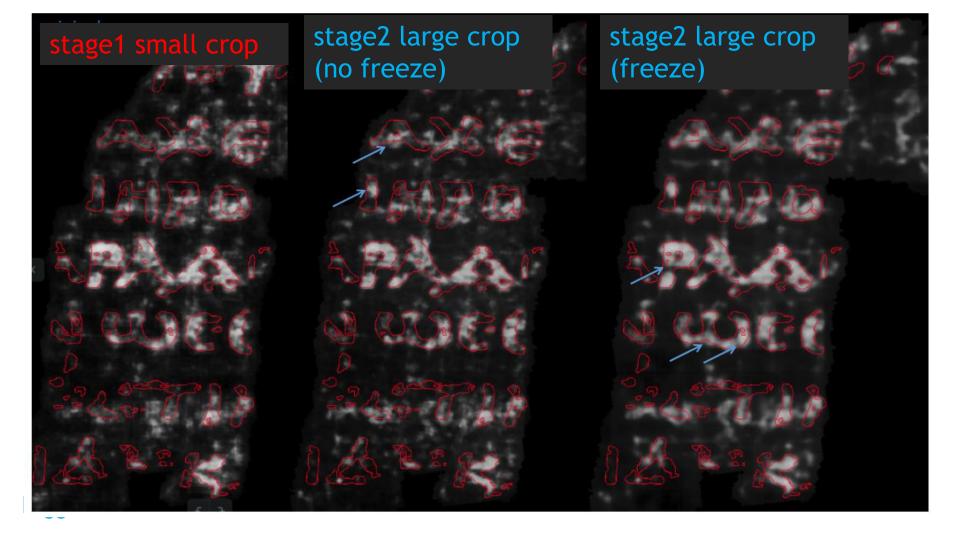
stage2 : finetune at large crop (small learning rate, freeze if required)

CNN: 128 -> 256, pVIT: 128 -> 384*

* We had to reduce depth from 32 to 16 for pVIT at larger crop

r050_resn	et34-unet	t-mean3	2-pool	-05						
			cr	rop_size	crop_depth	augmentation	freeze_encode	learning rate	epoch	output model file
	fold-1	stage1_	0	128	32	train_augment_v2	FALSE	1.00E-03	0 to 13	00008788.model.pth
		stage1_	1	128	32	train_augment_v2	FALSE	5.00E-04	13 to 21	00014196.model.pth
		stage1_	2	128	32	train_augment_v2	FALSE	1.00E-04	21 to 23	00015548.model.pth
		stage2_	0	256	32	train_augment_v2	TRUE	1.00E-04	23 to 44	fold1-Resnet34MeanPool.00018924.model.pth
	fold-2aa	stage1	0	128	32	train augment v2	FALSE	1.00E-03	0 to 15	00009210.model.pth
		stage1	1	128	32	train augment v2	FALSE	5.00E-04	15 to 23	00014122.model.pth
		stage2_	0	256	32	train_augment_v2	TRUE	5.00E-04	23 to 28	fold-2aa-Resnet34MeanPool-00014850.model.pth
91_pvt_	v2_b3-da	former-r	mean3	2-aug2-00)					
			cr	op_size	crop_depth		freeze_encode	learning rate	epoch	output model file
	fold-1	stage1_		128		train_augment_v2	FALSE	1.00E-04	0 to 13	00017576.model.pth
		stage1_	1	224	32	train_augment_v2	FALSE	1.00E-04	13 to 37	00028080.model.pth
		stage2_	0	384	16	train_augment_v2f	FALSE	1.00E-04	37 to 47	fold1-Pvt2b3MeanPoolDaformer-00029376.model.pth
	fold-2aa	stage1	0	224	32	train augment v2	FALSE	1.00E-04	0 to 22	00008624.model.pth
		stage2		384		train augment v2f	FALSE	1.00E-04	22 to 26	fold2aa-Pvt2b3MeanPoolDaformer-00009159.model.p





3. Ensemble

- CNN and pVIT are complimentary.
- For final submission, we choose higher threshold (0.55) than local validation (0.45).

Since only 20% of the test data are used for the public leaderboard, the public score is not relieable. At threshold 0.45, local validation fbeta score is 0.64, but the public score is 0.75. This means that private score is likely to be lower than. Finally we think the optimal threshold for private should NOT be the optimal for public.

local validation		threshold	fbeta
r050_resnet34-unet-mean32-pool-05	fold 1	0.45	0.62
	fold 2aa	0.40	0.65
r091_pvt_v2_b3-daformer-mean32-aug2-00	fold 1	0.35	0.63
	fold 2aa	0.60	0.68
average		0.45	0.64

(public **0.75**)



9th place: final-ensemble v1 - Version 4

threshold 0.55

0.654354

Private Score (i)

0.738625

Public Score (i)

Succeeded (after deadline) · 12h ago · Notebook 9th place : final-ensemble v1 | Version 4



Reproduce the Submission



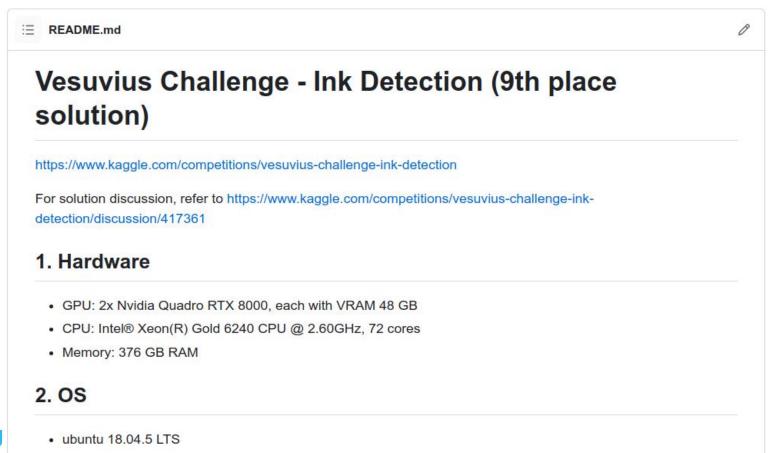
1. Training code: Github repository https://github.com/hengck23/solution-vesuvius-challenge-ink-detection

- 2. Submmision code: Kaggle notebook
 https://www.kaggle.com/code/hengck23/9th-place-final-ensemble-v1?scriptVersionId=136499959
- 3. For contact, please use email: hengcherkeg235@gmail.com



Training code: Github repository

https://github.com/hengck23/solution-vesuvius-challenge-ink-detection



∂ 3. Set Up Environment

- Install Python >=3.8.10
- · Install requirements.txt in the python environment
- · Set up the directory structure as shown below.



- The dataset "vesuvius-challenge-ink-detection" can be downloaded from Kaggle: https://www.kaggle.com/competitions/vesuvius-challenge-ink-detection/data
- Pretrained model can be download from PVT (Pyramid Vision Transformer) repository: https://github.com/whai362/PVT/releases/download/v2/pvt_v2_b3.pth



4. Training the model

Warning !!! training output will be overwritten to the "solution/results" folder

 Use the 2 commands to train the weights of the deep neural nets. The bash script will call "run train.pv" with appropriate configure file.

```
usage: python run_train.py <configure>
#pwd = /solution
>> bash ./r050_resnet34-unet-mean32-pool-05.sh
>> bash ./r090-pvtv2-daformer-pool-02a.sh
· This will produce the 4 model files used in submission:
```

```
└─ solution
     results
         - r050 resnet34-unet-mean32-pool-05
           - fold-1
               stage2_0/checkpoint/00018924.model.pth
           ─ fold-2aa
               — stage2_0/checkpoint/00014850.model.pth
           r090-pvtv2-daformer-pool-02a
            - fold-1
               stage2_0/checkpoint/00029376.model.pth
               fold-2aa
               - stage2_0/checkpoint/00009159.model.pth
```

```
solution-vesuvius-challenge-ink-detection / r050 resnet34-unet-mean32-pool-05.sh
   hengck23 Add files via upload
           Blame 10 lines (9 loc) · 583 Bytes
  Code
           #fold1
          python src/r050_resnet34-unet-mean32-pool-05/run_train.py config_fold1_stage1_0
          python src/r050_resnet34-unet-mean32-pool-05/run_train.py config_fold1_stage1_1
          python src/r050 resnet34-unet-mean32-pool-05/run train.py config fold1 stage1 2
          python src/r050_resnet34-unet-mean32-pool-05/run_train.py config_fold1_stage2_0
    7
           #fold2aa
    8
          python src/r050_resnet34-unet-mean32-pool-05/run_train.py config_fold2aa_stage1_0
    9
          python src/r050_resnet34-unet-mean32-pool-05/run_train.py config_fold2aa_stage1_2
    10
           python src/r050_resnet34-unet-mean32-pool-05/run_train.py config_fold2aa_stage2_0
```



5. Submission notebook

- The public submission notebook (clean version) is at: https://www.kaggle.com/code/hengck23/9th-place-final-ensemble-v1?scriptVersionId=136499959
- The same learned weights from this repository are used in the submission notebook via the public dataset https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/hengck23/ink-weight-05a

[private / public score] 0.654354 / 0.738625

6. Local validation

Run the "run_infer_ms.py" python sript for local validation.

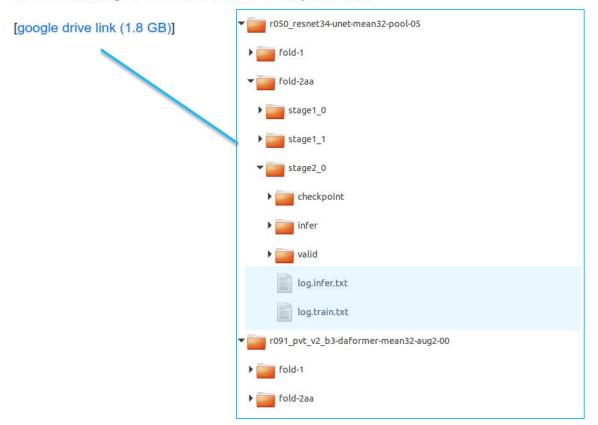
```
usage: python run_infer_ms.py <configure> <model_file>

#pwd = /solution
>> python src/r050_resnet34-unet-mean32-pool-05/run_infer_ms.py config_fold2aa_stage2_0 results/r050
```



7. Reference train and validation results

 Reference results can be found at the google share drive. It includes the weight files, train/validation logs and visualisation images. You can use this to check your results.





Submission code: Kaggle notebook

https://www.kaggle.com/code/hengck23/9th-place-final-ensemble-v1?scriptVersionId=136499959

```
9th place: final-ensemble v1
 Notebook Input Output Logs Comments (0) Settings
            configure = [
                dotdict(
                   Net = Pvt2b3MeanPoolDaformer,
                   checkpoint = '/kaggle/input/ink-weight-05a/fold1-Pvt2b3MeanPoolDaformer-00029376.model.pth',
                   batch_size = 4,
                   z\theta = 8.
                   z1 = 24.
                   crop_size = 384,
                   crop_fade = 32,
                   stride = 192,
                    amp=False.
                   tta_scale = [1, 1.20, 0.80],
                   tta_rot = True,
                   enabled = True,
                dotdict(
                   Net = Pvt2b3MeanPoolDaformer,
                   checkpoint = '/kaggle/input/ink-weight-05a/fold2aa-Pvt2b3MeanPoolDaformer-00009159.model.pth'
                   batch_size = 4,
                   z0 = 8,
                   z1 = 24.
                   crop_size = 384.
                   crop_fade = 32,
                   stride = 192,
                    amp=False.
                    tta ecala - [1 1 20 0 00]
```





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