



Royal University of Phnom Penh
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Telecommunication and Electronics Engineering

Social Network

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I. Introduction

Presented by: Sai Pechvimeane

I. Introduction

1.1 Overview and Definition

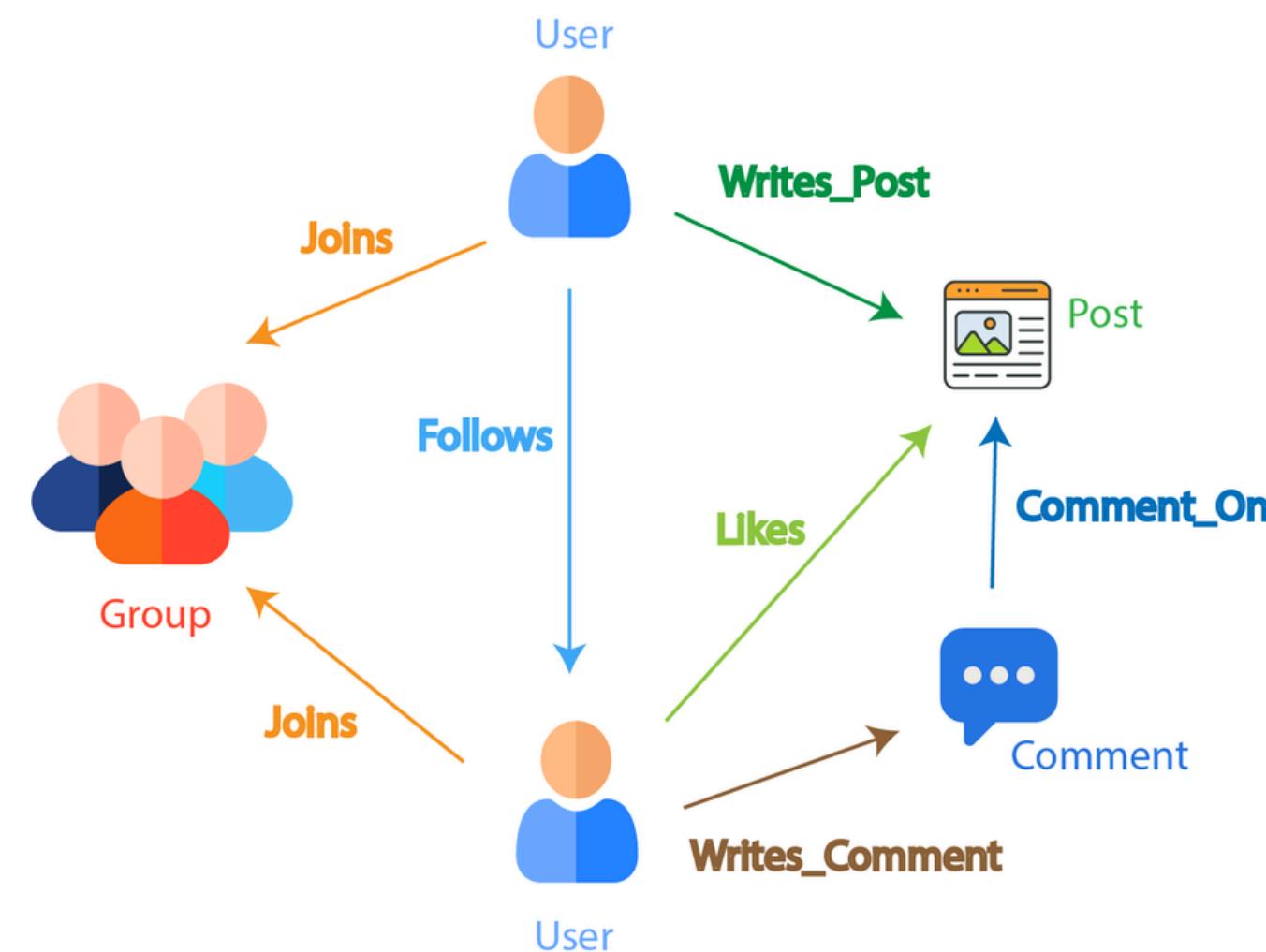
- Social network modeled as an undirected weighted graph
- Users as nodes, friendships as edges with weights
- Simulates connections and interactions in a social environment



I. Introduction

1.2 Importance and Applications

- Social media platforms and communication networks rely on graph models
- Understanding user connectivity improves recommendations and messaging
- Weighted relationships represent strength or closeness between users



I. Introduction

1.3 Motivation for the Project

- Explore graph algorithms in a real-world inspired context
- Build a simple social network system with messaging and friendship management
- Learn practical use of data structures and algorithms



1.4 Problem Statement

- Social networks involve complex, weighted relationships between users.
- Without features like shortest path, BFS, and DFS, exploring connections is difficult.
- A solution is needed that models the network as a weighted undirected graph and supports analysis.



1.5 Objectives of the Project

- Design user and network classes to manage users and friendships
- Support weighted undirected friendships
- Implement Dijkstra, BFS, DFS algorithms for graph operations
- Provide a messaging system respecting friendship constraints



1.6 Project Scope

- Focus on backend logic using Python
- No UI, command-line output-based interaction
- Small-sized networks (TEED Gen10) for demonstration



II. Methodology

Presented by: Chhay Rirlengsenghong

II. Methodology

2.1 Tools and Technologies

- **Python 3:** The language used to build the social network, supporting modern features and efficient data structures for graph algorithms.
- **Built-in heapq for priority queue (Dijkstra):** Used in your shortest path feature to always pick the next user (vertex) with the smallest total friendship weight, making Dijkstra's algorithm efficient.
- **Standard data structures**
 - __ **dictionaries(dict):** Stores users (`self.users`) and the friendship network (`self.graph`)
 - __ **lists:** Holds ordered data like BFS/DFS queues and message inboxes.
 - __ **sets:** Tracks visited users during BFS/DFS to prevent revisiting the same person.

2.2 Modeling (Graph)

- **Users represented as nodes (Vertices):** Each user in the social network is a node in the graph. Example: "Lymeng", "Thina", "Khim" are nodes.
- Friendships represented as weighted undirected edges:
 - _ **Weighted:** The number on the edge represents the “strength” or “closeness” of the friendship (lower weight could mean stronger connection).
 - _ **Undirected:** Friendship is mutual; if A is friends with B, then B is also friends with A.
- **Data structure:** dictionary of dictionaries {user: {friend: weight}}:
 - _ "Lymeng": {"Khim": 4, "Vin": 5}
 - _ "Vin": {"Lymeng": 5, "Khim": 4}

II. Methodology

2.3 Algorithms Implemented

User Operation:

- **add_user:** adding a user to the Social Group.
- **get_user_info:** getting user information (bio in our case)
- **are_friends:** Check if they are friend or not.
- **remove_user:** Remove a user from Social Group.
- **remove_friendship:** End the connection between two users.
- **add_friendship:** add a connection between two users with a weight indicating the closeness between both users (set to default as 1).
- **search_user:** Searching for a user on the Social Group.

II. Methodology

Network Operation:

- **shortest_path:** Using Dijkstra's algorithm to compute the shortest weighted path between users in the network, optimizing for minimum total edge weight.
- **Breadth-First Search (BFS):** Traverses the network level by level, exploring all users at the current distance before moving deeper.
- **Depth-First Search (DFS):** Explores the network deeply, following one path to its end before backtracking to explore others.
- **display_network:** to display the whole social network topology.
- **display_friend_list:** to display each user's list of friends with weights.

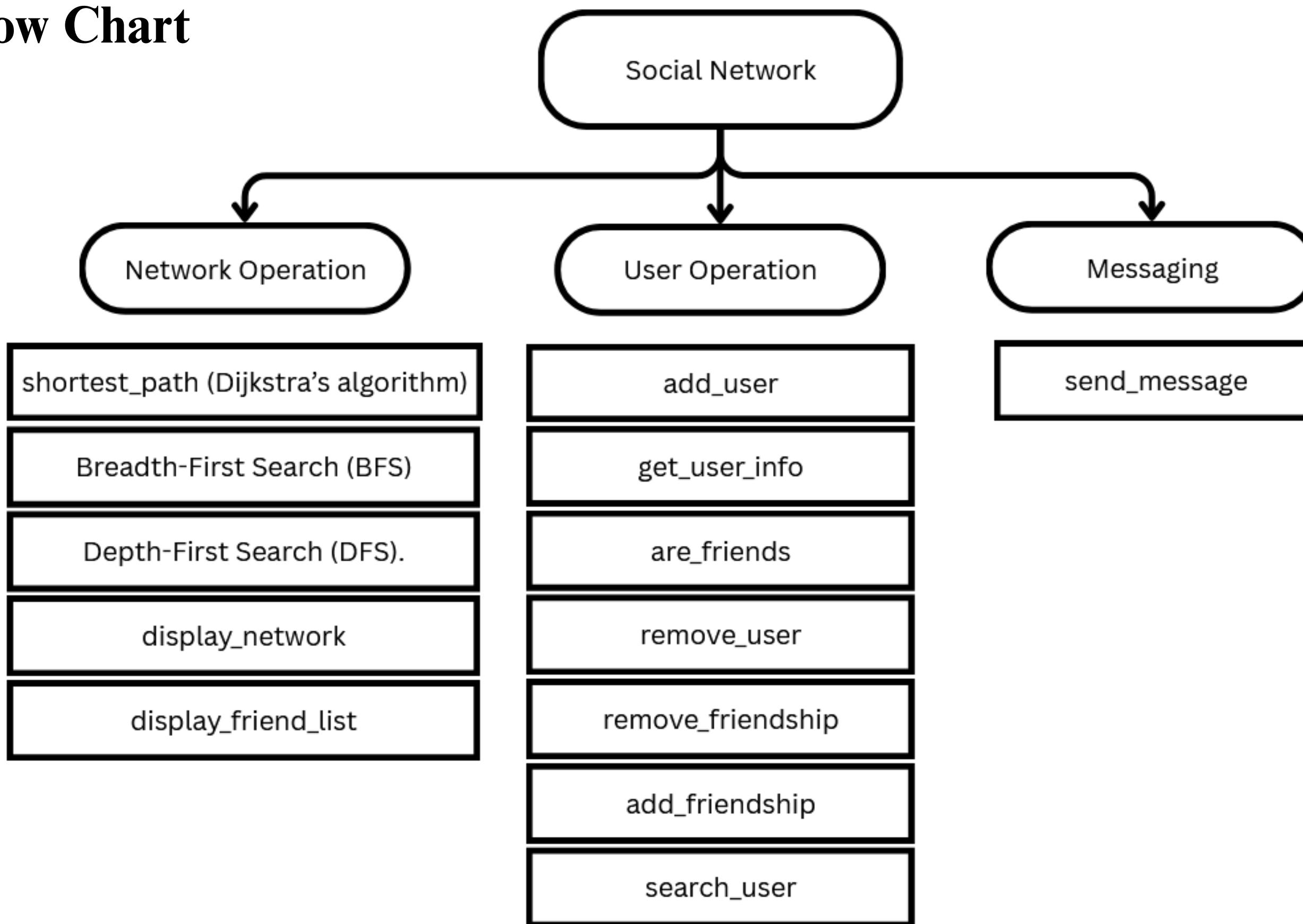
II. Methodology

Messaging:

- **send_message:** Friendship Checks and Auto-Creating validates if users are connected (Weighted undirected graph) before messaging; automatically creates friendships when users send messages if none exist.

II. Methodology

2.4 Flow Chart



Flow Chart of Processing

II. Methodology

2.5 Simulation Scenarios

- Adding users and friendships with varied weights: Create a social network by adding users and connecting them with friendships, assigning varied weights to edges.

```
# Example Usage
if __name__ == "__main__":
    TEED_GEN10 = SocialNetwork()

    # Adding users
    print("===== Add user =====")
    Add_user = [
        ("Lymeng", "Hello I'm Lymeng!"), ("Thina", "Hello I'm Thina!"),
        ("Khim", "Hello I'm Khim!"), ("Vimean", "Hello I'm Vimean!"),
        ("Hong", "Hello I'm Hong!"), ("Srun", "Hello I'm Srun!"),
        ("Vin", "Hello I'm Vin!"), ("Lida", "Hello I'm Lida!"),
        ("Chamrong", "Hello I'm Chamrong!"), ("Sambat", "Hello I'm Sambat!"),
        ("Lita", "Hello I'm Lita!"), ("Chinmi", "Hello I'm Chinmi!"),
        ("Nika", "Hello I'm Nika!"), ("Keam", "Hello I'm keam!"),
        ("Nut", "Hello I'm Nut!"), ("Leakena", "Hello I'm Leakena!"),
        ("Panhavorn", "Hello I'm Panhavorn!"), ("Raksa", "Hello I'm Raksa!"),
        ("Sokmeng", "Hello I'm Sokmeng")
    ]
    for username, bio in Add_user:
        TEED_GEN10.add_user(username, bio)
```

```
# Adding friendships with default weight=1
print("\n===== Add friendships =====")
friendships = [
    ("Lymeng", "Khim", 4), ("Khim", "Vin", 4), ("Vimean", "Lida", 5),
    ("Chamrong", "Vin", 3), ("Chamrong", "Thina", 5), ("Chinmi", "Khim", 2),
    ("Thina", "Chinmi", 2), ("Khim", "Hong", 4), ("Hong", "Srun", 2),
    ("Srun", "Sambat", 2), ("Sambat", "Lita", 1), ("Chinmi", "Hong", 2),
    ("Vin", "Lymeng", 5), ("Lida", "Khim", 5), ("Lita", "Hong", 1),
    ("Lida", "Lymeng", 3), ("Hong", "Vimean", 1), ("Lymeng", "Thina", 5),
    ("Lida", "Hong", 3), ("Chamrong", "Hong", 2), ("Chinmi", "Vin", 4),
    ("Lymeng", "Chinmi", 3), ("Lymeng", "Chamrong", 3), ("Thina", "Hong", 4),
    ("Keam", "Nika", 1), ("Raksa", "Srun", 3), ("Sokmeng", "Chamrong", 4),
    ("Panhavorn", "Vimean", 3), ("Leakena", "Lida", 2), ("Sokmeng", "Nika", 2),
    ("Lymeng", "Nut", 2)
]
for user1, user2, weight in friendships:
    TEED_GEN10.add_friendship(user1, user2, weight) # weight=1 default
```

II. Methodology

- Finding shortest paths between the users: Use algorithms like Dijkstra's or BFS to find the shortest path (minimum total weight or hops) between two users in the network.
- Traversing the network with BFS and DFS: Implement Breadth-First Search (BFS) for level-order exploration and Depth-First Search (DFS) for deep exploration of the network.
- Sending messages between users with friendship validation: Enable message exchange between users, validating that a friendship exists before allowing communication.

III. Result and Analysis

Presented by: Ra Valenthina

III. Result and Analysis

- Successfully added 19 users and multiple weighted friendships

```
===== Add user =====
```

```
User Lymeng    --> added successfully.  
User Thina     --> added successfully.  
User Khim      --> added successfully.  
User Vimean    --> added successfully.  
User Hong      --> added successfully.  
User Srun      --> added successfully.  
User Vin       --> added successfully.  
User Lida      --> added successfully.  
User Chamrong  --> added successfully.  
User Sambat    --> added successfully.  
User Lita      --> added successfully.  
User Chinmi    --> added successfully.  
User Nika      --> added successfully.  
User Keam      --> added successfully.  
User Nut       --> added successfully.  
User Leakena   --> added successfully.  
User Panhavorn --> added successfully.  
User Raksa     --> added successfully.  
User Sokmeng   --> added successfully.
```

```
===== Add friendships =====
```

```
Added connection: Lymeng    --(4)-- Khim  
Added connection: Khim      --(4)-- Vin  
Added connection: Vimean    --(5)-- Lida  
Added connection: Chamrong  --(3)-- Vin  
Added connection: Chamrong  --(5)-- Thina  
Added connection: Chinmi    --(2)-- Khim  
Added connection: Thina    --(2)-- Chinmi  
Added connection: Khim      --(4)-- Hong  
Added connection: Hong      --(2)-- Srun  
Added connection: Srun      --(2)-- Sambat  
Added connection: Sambat    --(1)-- Lita  
Added connection: Chinmi    --(2)-- Hong  
Added connection: Vin       --(5)-- Lymeng  
Added connection: Lida      --(5)-- Khim  
Added connection: Lita      --(1)-- Hong  
Added connection: Lida      --(3)-- Lymeng  
Added connection: Hong      --(1)-- Vimean  
Added connection: Lymeng    --(5)-- Thina  
Added connection: Lida      --(3)-- Hong  
Added connection: Chamrong  --(2)-- Hong  
Added connection: Chinmi    --(4)-- Vin  
Added connection: Lymeng    --(3)-- Chinmi  
Added connection: Lymeng    --(3)-- Chamrong  
Added connection: Thina    --(4)-- Hong  
Added connection: Keam      --(1)-- Nika  
Added connection: Raksa     --(3)-- Srun  
Added connection: Sokmeng   --(4)-- Chamrong  
Added connection: Panhavorn  --(3)-- Vimean  
Added connection: Leakena   --(2)-- Lida  
Added connection: Sokmeng   --(2)-- Nika  
Added connection: Lymeng    --(2)-- Nut
```

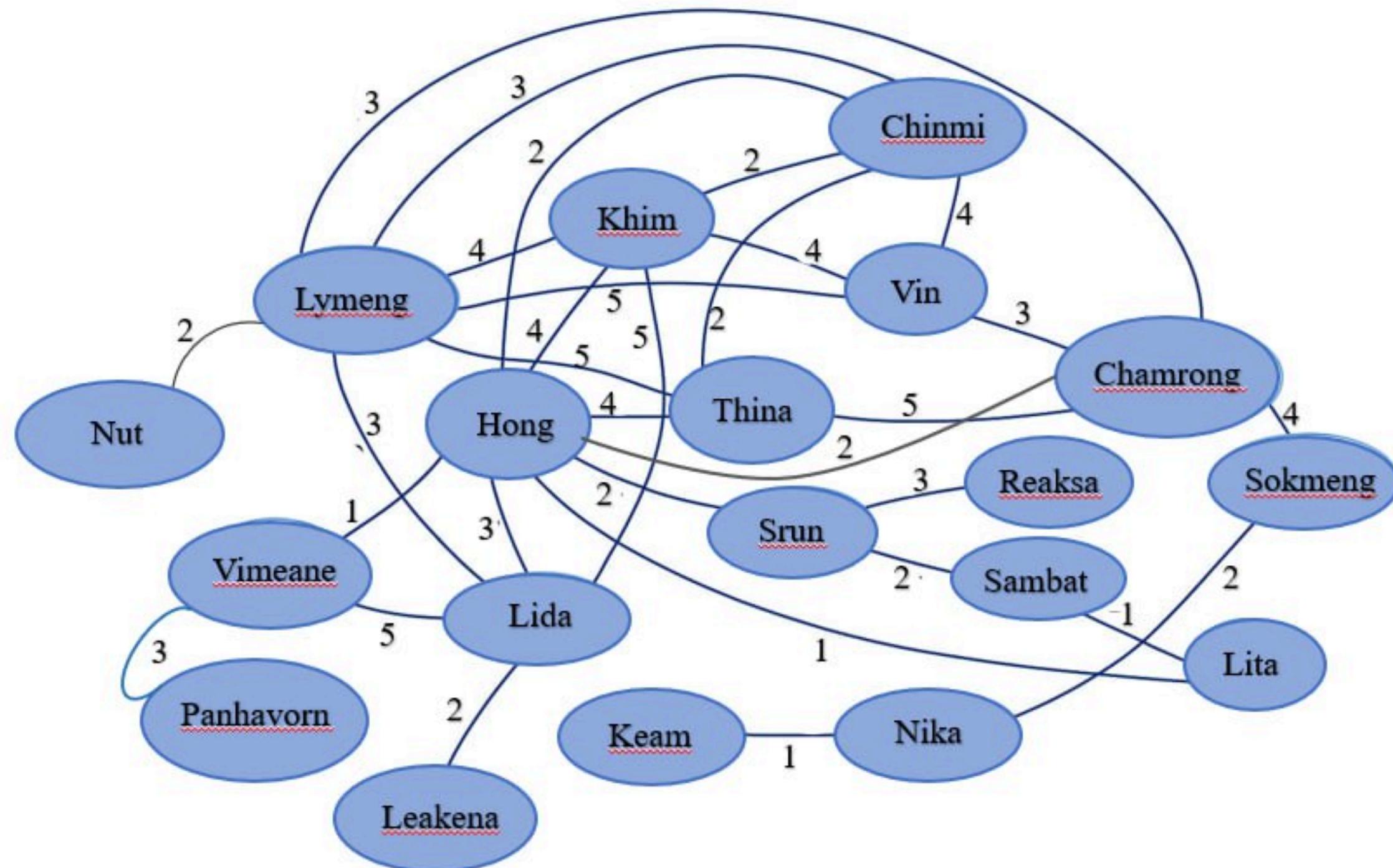
III. Result and Analysis

- Displayed network with weighted connections

```
===== Display network =====
Social Network Connections:
Lymeng      follows --> Khim(4), Vin(5), Lida(3), Thina(5), Chinmi(3), Chamrong(3), Nut(2)
Thina       follows --> Chamrong(5), Chinmi(2), Lymeng(5), Hong(4)
Khim        follows --> Lymeng(4), Vin(4), Chinmi(2), Hong(4), Lida(5)
Vimean      follows --> Lida(5), Hong(1), Panhavorn(3)
Hong         follows --> Khim(4), Srun(2), Chinmi(2), Lita(1), Vimean(1), Lida(3), Chamrong(2), Thina(4)
Srun         follows --> Hong(2), Sambat(2), Raksa(3)
Vin          follows --> Khim(4), Chamrong(3), Lymeng(5), Chinmi(4)
Lida         follows --> Vimean(5), Khim(5), Lymeng(3), Hong(3), Leakena(2)
Chamrong    follows --> Vin(3), Thina(5), Hong(2), Lymeng(3), Sokmeng(4)
Sambat      follows --> Srun(2), Lita(1)
Lita         follows --> Sambat(1), Hong(1)
Chinmi      follows --> Khim(2), Thina(2), Hong(2), Vin(4), Lymeng(3)
Nika         follows --> Keam(1), Sokmeng(2)
Keam         follows --> Nika(1)
Nut          follows --> Lymeng(2)
Leakena     follows --> Lida(2)
Panhavorn   follows --> Vimean(3)
Raksa        follows --> Srun(3)
Sokmeng     follows --> Chamrong(4), Nika(2)
```

III. Result and Analysis

- Displayed network with weighted connections
-



III. Result and Analysis

- Found shortest paths reflecting minimum weighted distance from Meng to Srun

```
===== Shortest path =====
Shortest path Lymeng --> Srun: ['Lymeng', 'Chamrong', 'Hong', 'Srun']
```

- BFS & DFS traversals demonstrated network reachability

```
===== BFS & DFS =====
BFS traversal: Lymeng Khim Vin Lida Thina Chinmi Chamrong Nut Hong Vimean Leakena Sokmeng Srun Lita Panhavorn Nika Sambat Raksa Keam
DFS traversal: Lida Vimean Hong Khim Lymeng Vin Chamrong Thina Chinmi Sokmeng Nika Keam Nut Srun Sambat Lita Raksa Panhavorn Leakena
```

- Searching for User (Hong & Panha)

```
===== Search a user =====
Hong          --> Hello I'm here!
Panha        --> Hello I'm not here!!
```

III. Result and Analysis

- Messaging enforced friend relationships, auto-created friendships where missing

```
===== Send message =====
No, Lida and Sambat are not friends.
Added connection: Lida      --(1)-- Sambat
Sambat      already connected to Lida.
Friendship automatically added between Lida and Sambat.
Message sent from Lida to Sambat: Hi, CEO handsome boys & beautiful girls
```

- Viewing User Info

```
===== User information =====
User: Lymeng, Bio: Hello I'm Lymeng!
Lymeng      follows --> Khim(4), vin(5), Lida(3), Thina(5), Chinmi(3), Chamrong(3), Nut(2)
User: Thina, Bio: Hello I'm Thina!
Thina      follows --> Chamrong(5), Chinmi(2), Lymeng(5), Hong(4)
```

- User and friendship removals updated network correctly

```
===== Remove user =====
User Thina --> removed successfully.

===== Remove friendship =====
Removed connection: Lymeng -- Khim
=====
```

III. Result and Analysis

- Displayed network with weighted connections after Deletion

```
===== Display Network =====
Social Network Connections:
Lymeng      follows --> Vin(5), Lida(3), Chinmi(3), Chamrong(3), Nut(2)
Khim        follows --> Vin(4), Chinmi(2), Hong(4), Lida(5)
Vimean       follows --> Lida(5), Hong(1), Panhavorn(3)
Hong         follows --> Khim(4), Srun(2), Chinmi(2), Lita(1), Vimean(1), Lida(3), Chamrong(2)
Srun         follows --> Hong(2), Sambat(2), Raksa(3)
Vin          follows --> Khim(4), Chamrong(3), Lymeng(5), Chinmi(4)
Lida         follows --> Vimean(5), Khim(5), Lymeng(3), Hong(3), Leakena(2), Sambat(1)
Chamrong     follows --> Vin(3), Hong(2), Lymeng(3), Sokmeng(4)
Sambat       follows --> Srun(2), Lita(1), Lida(1)
Lita          follows --> Sambat(1), Hong(1)
Chinmi       follows --> Khim(2), Hong(2), Vin(4), Lymeng(3)
Nika          follows --> Keam(1), Sokmeng(2)
Keam          follows --> Nika(1)
Nut           follows --> Lymeng(2)
Leakena      follows --> Lida(2)
Panhavorn    follows --> Vimean(3)
Raksa         follows --> Srun(3)
Sokmeng      follows --> Chamrong(4), Nika(2)
```

III. Result and Analysis

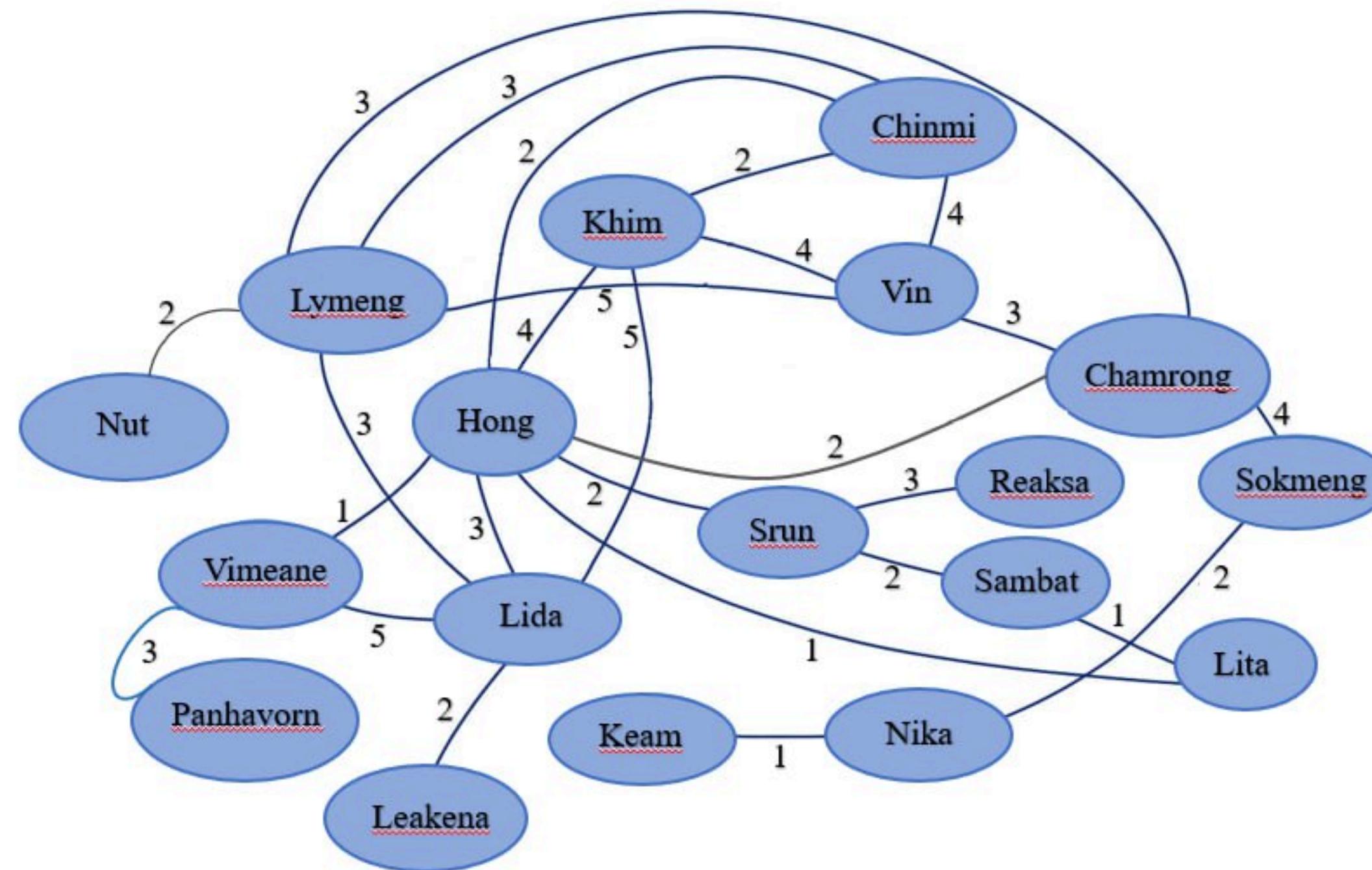
- Comparison

Social Network Connections:	
Lymeng	follows --> Vin(5), Lida(3), Chinmi(3), Chamrong(3), Nut(2)
Khim	follows --> Vin(4), Chinmi(2), Hong(4), Lida(5)
Vimean	follows --> Lida(5), Hong(1), Panhavorn(3)
Hong	follows --> Khim(4), Srun(2), Chinmi(2), Lita(1), Vimean(1), Lida(3), Chamrong(2)
Srun	follows --> Hong(2), Sambat(2), Raksa(3)
Vin	follows --> Khim(4), Chamrong(3), Lymeng(5), Chinmi(4)
Lida	follows --> Vimean(5), Khim(5), Lymeng(3), Hong(3), Leakena(2), Sambat(1)
Chamrong	follows --> Vin(3), Hong(2), Lymeng(3), Sokmeng(4)
Sambat	follows --> Srun(2), Lita(1), Lida(1)
Lita	follows --> Sambat(1), Hong(1)
Chinmi	follows --> Khim(2), Hong(2), Vin(4), Lymeng(3)
Nika	follows --> Keam(1), Sokmeng(2)
Keam	follows --> Nika(1)
Nut	follows --> Lymeng(2)
Leakena	follows --> Lida(2)
Panhavorn	follows --> Vimean(3)
Raksa	follows --> Srun(3)
Sokmeng	follows --> Chamrong(4), Nika(2)

Social Network Connections:	
Lymeng	follows --> Khim(4), Vin(5), Lida(3), Thina(5), Chinmi(3), Chamrong(3), Nut(2)
Thina	follows --> Chamrong(5), Chinmi(2), Lymeng(5), Hong(4)
Khim	follows --> Lymeng(4), Vin(4), Chinmi(2), Hong(4), Lida(5)
Vimean	follows --> Lida(5), Hong(1), Panhavorn(3)
Hong	follows --> Khim(4), Srun(2), Chinmi(2), Lita(1), Vimean(1), Lida(3), Chamrong(2), Thina(4)
Srun	follows --> Hong(2), Sambat(2), Raksa(3)
Vin	follows --> Khim(4), Chamrong(3), Lymeng(5), Chinmi(4)
Lida	follows --> Vimean(5), Khim(5), Lymeng(3), Hong(3), Leakena(2)
Chamrong	follows --> Vin(3), Thina(5), Hong(2), Lymeng(3), Sokmeng(4)
Sambat	follows --> Srun(2), Lita(1)
Lita	follows --> Sambat(1), Hong(1)
Chinmi	follows --> Khim(2), Thina(2), Hong(2), Vin(4), Lymeng(3)
Nika	follows --> Keam(1), Sokmeng(2)
Keam	follows --> Nika(1)
Nut	follows --> Lymeng(2)
Leakena	follows --> Lida(2)
Panhavorn	follows --> Vimean(3)
Raksa	follows --> Srun(3)
Sokmeng	follows --> Chamrong(4), Nika(2)

III. Result and Analysis

- Displayed network with weighted connections after Deletion



IV. Conclusion

Presented by: Ra Valentina

IV. Conclusion

- Social network graph effectively modeled with weighted undirected graph
- Dijkstra, BFS, DFS algorithms provided core analysis and traversal features
- Messaging system integrated well with friendship constraints
- System demonstrates basic social network functionality with efficient data structures

Future Work

- Scale to larger networks with performance optimizations
- Add features like friend recommendations and mutual friends detection
- Develop GUI or web interface for user interaction
- Support different message types and privacy settings

**THANK YOU FOR YOUR
ATTENTION!**

Questions and comments?

