Weekly Meeting

Topic: validate k=6; find property (β) and (γ)

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A grouping for k=4

α	β	$\alpha \cdot \beta$	$lpha \cdot eta^2$
14	23	1234	12^234^2
1^24	2^23	1^22^234	$1^2 234^2$
24	1^23	1^2234	1234^2
2^24	13	$12^{2}34$	$1^2 2^2 34^2$
123	12^24	$1^{2}34$	2^234^2
$1^2 2^2 3$	$1^{2}24$	134	234^2
$12^{2}3$	$1^2 2^2 4$	234	$1^2 3 4^2$
1^223	124	$2^{2}34$	134^2

$k=4 \rightarrow k=6$

Assume we have A_k , B_k , B_k' , B_k'' .

$$A_{k+2} = (A_k, A_k e_{k+1}, A_k e_{k+1}^2, A_k e_{k+2}, A_k e_{k+2}^2, A_k e_{k+2}^2, A_k e_{k+1}^2 e_{k+2}^2, A_k e_{k+1}^2 e_{k+2}^2, A_k e_{k+1}^2 e_{k+2}^2)$$

$$B_{k+2} = (B_k, B_k e_{k+2}, B_k e_{k+2}^2, B_k e_{k+1} e_{k+2}, B_k e_{k+1}^2 e_{k+2}^2, B_k e_{k+1}^2 e_{k+2}^2, B_k e_{k+1}^2 e_{k+2}^2, B_k e_{k+1}^2, B_k e_{k+1}^2)$$

$$B'_{k+2} = (B'_k, B'_k e_{k+1} e_{k+2}, B'_k e_{k+1}^2 e_{k+2}^2, B'_k e_{k+1}^2 e_{k+2}^2, B'_k e_{k+1}^2 e_{k+2}^2, B'_k e_{k+1}^2 e_{k+2}^2, B'_k e_{k+1}^2 e_{k+2}^2)$$

$$B''_{k+2} = (B''_k, B''_k e_{k+1} e_{k+2}^2, B''_k e_{k+2}^2, B''_k e_{k+1}^2, B''_k e_{k+2}^2, B''_k e_{k+1}^2, B''_k e_{k+2}^2, B''_k e_{k+1}^2, B''_k e_{k+2}^2, B''_k e_{k+1}^2, B''_k e_{k+2}^2, B''_k e_{k+2$$

Property (β) for s=2

 (β) : stratifications on $s^2 \times s \times s$, $s \times s^2 \times s$ and $s \times s \times s^2$ grids.

Thm: D has property β iff

- 1. A is of resolution IV or higher.
- 2. $(B, B') \subseteq \bar{A}$.
- 3. (B,B^\prime) does not contain any interaction column involving two factors from A.

Property (β) for s=2

The thm is based on (a_i, a_j, a_u, b_u) being OA(n, 4, s, 4).

- 1. (a_i, a_j, a_u) do not form a word of length 3: A is resolution IV.
- 2. (a_i, a_j, b_u) do not form a word of length 3: B does not contain any 2fi from A.
- 3. (a_i,a_u,b_u) do not form a word of length 3: $(B,B')\subseteq ar{A}=S\setminus A$.
- 4. (a_i, a_j, a_u, b_u) do not form a word of length 3: B' does not contain any 2fi from A.

Construction of (eta) for s=2

Let P_0 consists of e_3, \ldots, e_k and all their interactions.

Let
$$P = (I, P_0)$$
.

Then, we have $S=(P_0,e_1P,e_2P,e_1e_2P)
ightarrow A=e_1P$ and $B=e_2P.$

For s=3

Let P_0 consists of e_3, \ldots, e_k and all their interactions.

Let
$$P = (I, P_0)$$
.

Then, we have

$$S = (P, e_1P, e_1^2P, e_2P, e_2^2P, e_1e_2P, e_1^2e_2^2P, e_1e_2^2P, e_1^2e_2P)$$

After Meeting

- 1. The grouping for (α) should use the correct permutation.
- 2. Now s22 passed but s111 still need to figure out.
- 3. (β) looks promising. Try verify it.