Create an AE Table with gt Package in R

Hengwei Liu, Hengrui USA, Princeton, New Jersey

ABSTRACT

We will use the gt package in R to create an AE table with system organ class and preferred term.

INTRODUCTION

We will use two made-up datasets ADSL and ADAE. In the datasets there are two treatments, placebo and active. In the AE table, we will display columns for placebo and active, and a total column.

We will use the gt package in R to produce the AE table. See the reference [1] and [2] for more details about the gt package.

The datasets, R program and output in this paper are available in reference [3].

THE DETAILS

We will need four packages in the R program:

- use the haven package to read the SAS datasets
- use the summarise function from the package dplyr to count the distinct values of a variable
- use the spread function from the package tidyr to transpose a dataset
- use the gt package to create the table in HTML format.

This is the R program ae.R.

```
library(haven)
library(dplyr)
library(tidyr)
library(gt)

the_date <- as.character(Sys.Date())

adsl <- read_sas("C:\\ae\\adsl.sas7bdat")
adae <- read_sas("C:\\ae\\adae.sas7bdat")

# create adsl4 with treatment variable grp

adsl1 <- adsl[(adsl$trt01p=='Placebo' & adsl$SAFFL=='Y'), ]
adsl1$grp <- 'grp1'</pre>
```

```
adsl2 <- adsl[(adsl$trt01p=='Active' & adsl$SAFFL=='Y'), ]</pre>
adsl2$grp <- 'grp2'</pre>
adsl3 <- rbind(adsl1, adsl2)</pre>
ads13$grp <- 'grp3'
adsl4 <- rbind(adsl1, adsl2, adsl3)</pre>
# create adae4 with treatment variable grp
adae1 <- adae[(adae$trt01p=='Placebo' & adae$SAFFL=='Y' & adae$TRTEMFL=='Y'),</pre>
adae1$grp <- 'grp1'</pre>
adae2 <- adae[(adae$trt01p=='Active' & adae$SAFFL=='Y' & adae$TRTEMFL=='Y'),</pre>
adae2$grp <- 'grp2'</pre>
adae3 <- rbind(adae1, adae2)</pre>
adae3$grp <- 'grp3'
adae4 <- rbind(adae1, adae2, adae3)</pre>
# get the big N in column headers from ads14
bign <- table(group=ads14$grp)</pre>
# get the number of subjects with at least one TEAE
group by grp <-
  adae4 %>%
  group by(grp) %>%
  summarise(unique subj = n distinct(USUBJID))
# get the count by System Organ class
group by grp1 <-
  adae4 %>%
  group by(grp, AEBODSYS) %>%
```

```
summarise(unique subj = n distinct(USUBJID))
# get the count by preferred term
group by grp2 <-
  adae4 %>%
  group by(grp, AEBODSYS, AEDECOD) %>%
  summarise(unique subj = n distinct(USUBJID))
# do the transpose
a1 <- spread(group_by_grp, grp, unique_subj)</pre>
a2 <- spread(group by grp1, grp, unique subj)</pre>
a3 <- spread(group by grp2, grp, unique subj)</pre>
al$term <- "Subjects with at least one TEAE"
al$AEBODSYS <- " "
a2$term <- a2$AEBODSYS
a3$term <- a3$AEDECOD
a1 <- a1[c("AEBODSYS", "term", "grp1", "grp2", "grp3")]</pre>
a2 <- a2[c("AEBODSYS", "term", "grp1", "grp2", "grp3")]</pre>
a3 <- a3[c("AEBODSYS", "term", "grp1", "grp2", "grp3")]
final <- rbind(a1, a2, a3)</pre>
#sort the ae data by AEBODSYS and descending order in the total column
df <-final[order(final$AEBODSYS, -final$grp3),]</pre>
#create the final data df for reporting
df$perc1 <- 100*df$grp1/bign[1]</pre>
df$perc1 <- format(round(df$perc1, 1), nsmall = 1)</pre>
df$grp1 c <- paste(df$grp1, "(", df$perc1, ")")</pre>
df$grp1 c <- ifelse(is.na(df$grp1),"0", df$grp1 c)</pre>
```

```
df$perc2 <- 100*df$grp2/bign[2]</pre>
df$perc2 <- format(round(df$perc2, 1), nsmall = 1)</pre>
df$grp2 c <- paste(df$grp2, "(", df$perc2, ")")</pre>
df$grp2 c <- ifelse(is.na(df$grp2),"0", df$grp2 c)</pre>
df$perc3 <- 100*df$grp3/bign[3]</pre>
df$perc3 <- format(round(df$perc3, 1), nsmall = 1)</pre>
df$grp3 c <- paste(df$grp3, "(", df$perc3, ")")</pre>
df$grp3 c <- ifelse(is.na(df$grp3),"0", df$grp3 c)</pre>
df <- df[c("AEBODSYS", "term", "grp1 c", "grp2 c", "grp3 c")]</pre>
# use gt to do the reporting
tab html <- df %>%
  gt() %>%
  tab header (
    title = "Table 14.3.1 Treatment Emergent Adverse Events by System Organ
Class and Preferred Term",
    subtitle = "Safety Population"
  ) %>%
  tab source note(
    source note = "Note: TEAE is defined to be the AEs with start date >=
first dose date and <= last dose date + 30."
  ) 응>응
  tab source note(
    source note = "System organ class is in light gray. The table is sorted
by system organ class and descending order in the total column."
  ) 응>응
  tab source note (
    source note = paste('Program Source: ae.R
                                                           Executed: (Draft)',
the date)
  ) 응>응
  cols label(
    term = html("System Organ Class <br> Preferred Term"),
    grp1 c = html(paste("Placebo <br> (N=", bign[1], ")")),
    grp2 c = html(paste("Active < br > (N=", bign[2], ")")),
    grp3 c = html(paste("Total < br > (N=", bign[3], ")"))
```

```
) 응>응
  tab options (
    table.border.top.color = "white",
    heading.border.bottom.color = "black",
    table.border.bottom.color = "white",
    table body.border.bottom.color = "black",
    table_body.hlines.color = "white",
    row group.border.bottom.color = "white",
    row group.border.top.color = "white",
    column labels.border.top.color = "black",
    column labels.border.bottom.color = "black",
  ) %>%
  tab style(
  style = list(
    cell fill(color = "#D3D3D3")
  ),
  locations = cells body(
    rows = AEBODSYS==term
  )
) 응>응
  cols hide(
    columns = c(AEBODSYS)
  )
# output the HTML table
tab html %>%
  gtsave("teae soc pt.html", path = "C:\\ae" )
```

The table created with this R program is shown in display 1. As the author is not able to add indentation to the rows for preferred terms, the rows for system organ class are displayed in light gray.

Table 14.3.1 Treatment Emergent Adverse Events by System Organ Class and Preferred Term
Safety Population

System Organ Class Preferred Term	Placebo (N= 4)	Active (N= 4)	Total (N=8)
Subjects with at least one TEAE	4 (100.0)	4 (100.0)	8 (100.0)
Blood and lymphatic system disorders	0	1 (25.0)	1 (12.5)
Lymphopenia	0	1 (25.0)	1 (12.5)
Eye disorders	0	1 (25.0)	1 (12.5)
Eye disorder	0	1 (25.0)	1 (12.5)
Gastrointestinal disorders	4 (100.0)	4 (100.0)	8 (100.0)
Diarrhoea	3 (75.0)	4 (100.0)	7 (87.5)
Nausea	4 (100.0)	2 (50.0)	6 (75.0)
Vomiting	1 (25.0)	3 (75.0)	4 (50.0)
Abdominal pain	0	1 (25.0)	1 (12.5)
Dyspepsia	1 (25.0)	0	1 (12.5)

Display 1. AE Table in HTML Format, Created with gt Package in R

CONCLUSION

The package gt is a powerful tool to create tables.

REFERENCES

[1] Some detailed discussion about gt package, available at:

https://aosmith16.github.io/spring-r-topics/slides/week04_gt_tables.html#1

[2] Presentation by Rich lannone, available at:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=h1KAjSfSbmk&t=872s

[3] the datasets, R program and output in this paper are available at:

https://github.com/hengweiliu2020/create-table-with-gt

CONTACT INFORMATION

Hengwei Liu Hengrui USA 400 Alexander Park Princeton, NJ 08540 Hengwei liu@yahoo.com

SAS and all other SAS Institute Inc. product or service names are registered trademarks or trademarks of SAS Institute Inc. in the USA and other countries. ® indicates USA registration.

Other brand and product names are trademarks of their respective companies.