Specification and Implementation of Replicated List

— The Jupiter Protocol Revisited

(Brief Announcement at PODC'2018)

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July 24, 2018



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The Jupiter protocol [] for replicated list satisfies the weak list specification [?].

This has been proposed as a conjecture in a PODC'16 paper [?].

Background for the Conjecture

Collaborative Text Editing Systems



(a) Google Docs



(c) Wikipedia



(b) Apache Wave



Replication (for availability)



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Replication (for availability)



- ▶ Replicas respond to user operations immediately
 - Updates are propagated asynchronously

List: to model the core functionality

INS(a, p): Insert a at position p.

 $\mathrm{DEL}(p)$: Delete an element at position p.

READ: Return the list.

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INS(a, p): Insert a at position p.

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To implement a highly available replicated list object.

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Definition (Eventual Convergence (EC) [])

The lists at all replicas are identical at quiescence.



Definition (Strong Eventual Consistency (SEC) [])

The lists at the replicas that *have executed the same set of user operations* are identical.

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Specify little on *intermediate states* going through by replicas.

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Specification and Complexity of Collaborative Text Editing

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> Hongseok Yang University of Oxford

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Strong/Weak List Specification []

Specify global properties on all (intermediate) states at all replicas.

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Strong/Weak List Specification []

Specify global properties on all (intermediate) states at all replicas.

Proved: RGA [?] satisfies the strong list spec.

Conjecture: Jupiter [?] satisfies the weak list spec.

Does Jupiter satisfy the weak list specification?



Yes, it does.

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Weak List Specification

Definition (Weak List Specification A_{weak} [?])

Informally, A_{weak} requires the ordering between elements that are not deleted to be consistent across the system.

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Informally, A_{weak} requires the ordering between elements that are not deleted to be consistent across the system.

Pairwise state compatibility property:

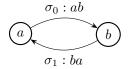
$$\forall \sigma, \sigma' : a, b \in \sigma \cap \sigma' \implies (a \prec_{\sigma} b \iff a \prec_{\sigma'} b)$$

$$(\sigma, \sigma' : \mathsf{list}; \quad a, b : \mathsf{element}; \quad \prec_{\sigma} : \mathsf{precedes})$$

$$\forall \sigma, \sigma' : a, b \in \sigma \cap \sigma' \implies (a \prec_{\sigma} b \iff a \prec_{\sigma'} b)$$



$$\sigma_1:ba$$





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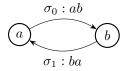




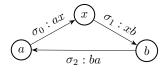




 $\sigma_2:ba$

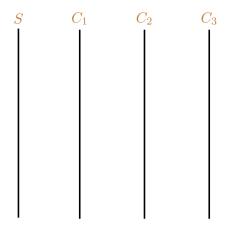






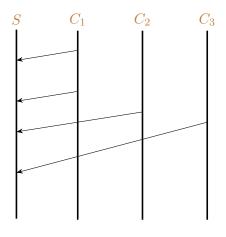


Jupiter



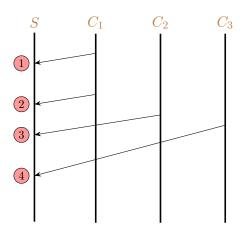
$System\ model\ of\ Jupiter:$

client-server architecture



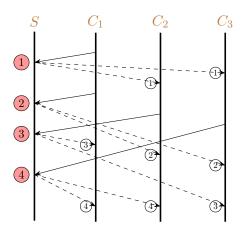
System model of Jupiter:

- client-server architecture
- ightharpoonup client $\stackrel{\mathsf{FIFO}}{-\!\!\!-\!\!\!-\!\!\!-\!\!\!-\!\!\!-\!\!\!-\!\!\!\!-}$ server



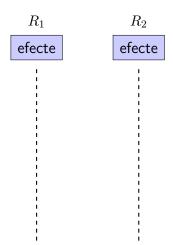
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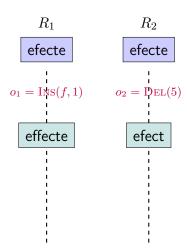
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- totally ordered at the server

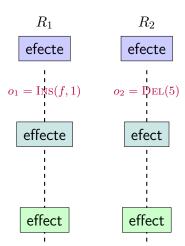


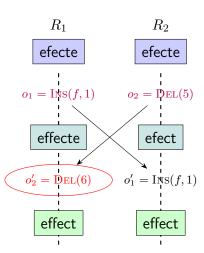
System model of Jupiter:

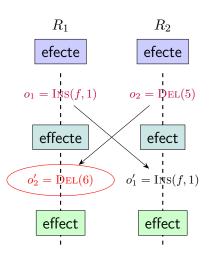
- client-server architecture
- ► client FIFO server
- totally ordered at the server
- ▶ server FIFO → client

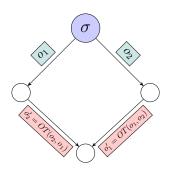






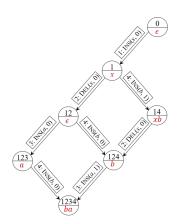




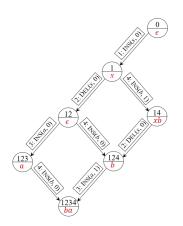


$$\sigma;o_1;o_2'\equiv\sigma;o_2;o_1'$$

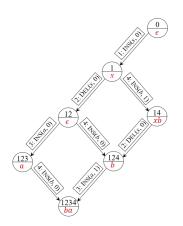
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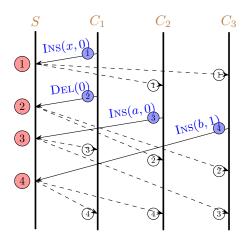


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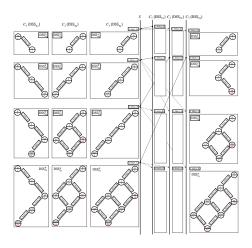


Nodes represent states. Edges are labeled with operations. 2D: An operation from the same node is either LOCAL or GLOBAL.

Consider a replicated system with n (= 3) clients.



Each client maintains a 2D state space.



The server maintains $n = 3 \cdot 2D$ state spaces, one for each client.

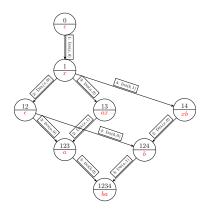
Global property on all replica states specified by the weak list specification



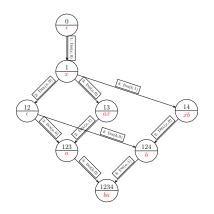
Local view each replica maintains in Jupiter

CJupiter (Compact Jupiter)

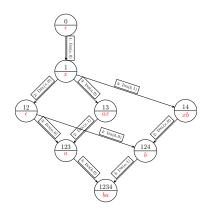
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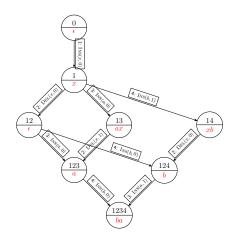
CJupiter maintains an n-ary ordered state space for each replica.



Nodes represent states. Edges are labeled with operations. Edges from the same node are totally ordered by associated operations.

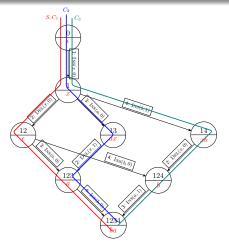
Proposition $(n+1 \rightarrow 1 \text{ (Informal)})$

At a high level, CJupiter maintains only one n-ary ordered state space.



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Each replica behavior corresponds to a path going through this state space.

Theorem (Equivalence)

Under the same schedule, the behaviors of corresponding replicas in CJupiter and Jupiter are the same.

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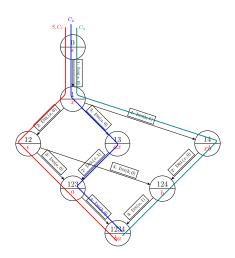
At the client side:

Proposition $(1 \leftrightarrow 1 \text{ (Informal)})$

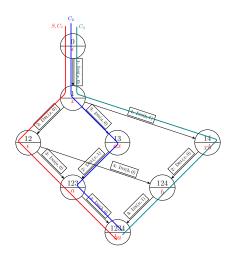
Jupiter is slightly optimized in implementation at clients by eliminating redundant OTs than CJupiter.

CJupiter satisfies the weak list specification.

We study a single n-ary ordered state space CSS $_s$ at the server which provides a global view of all possible replica states.



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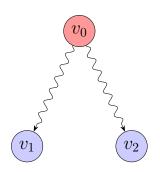


To show the pairwise state compatibility property in three steps.

1 Take any two nodes/states v_1 and v_2 .

Lemma (LCA (Lowest Common Ancestor))

Each pair of states in the *n*-ary ordered state space has a unique LCA.

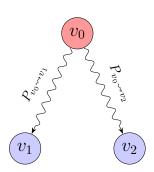


$$v_0 = \mathsf{LCA}(v_1, v_2)$$

2 Consider the paths to v_1 and v_2 from their LCA v_0 .

Lemma (Disjoint Paths)

The set of operations $O_{v_0 \leadsto v_1}$ along $P_{v_0 \leadsto v_1}$ is disjoint from the set of operations $O_{v_0 \leadsto v_2}$ along $P_{v_0 \leadsto v_2}$.

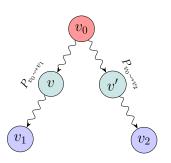


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3 Consider the states in these two paths.

Lemma (Compatible Paths)

Each pair of states consisting of one state v in $P_{v_0 \sim v_1}$ and the other v' in $P_{v_0 \sim v_2}$ are compatible.



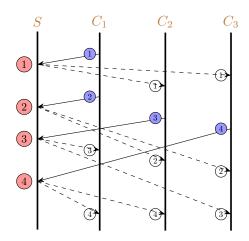
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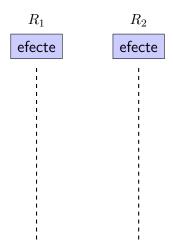
In particular, v_1 and v_2 are compatible.

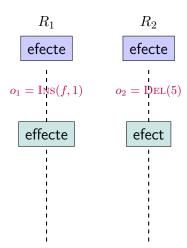
Thank You!

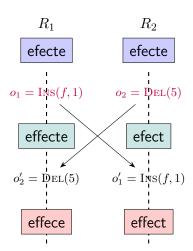
Backup

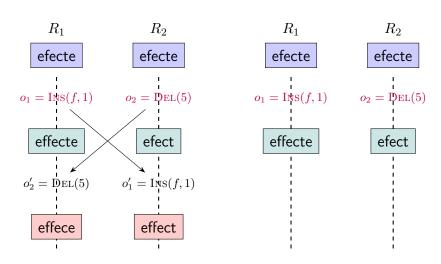
It is still challenging to achieve convergence despite the server.

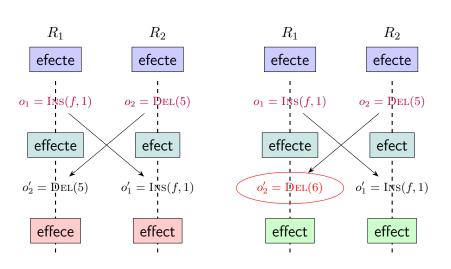












OT functions for a replicated list object [?, ?]

$$OT\Big(\mathrm{INS}(a_1,p_1,pr_1),\mathrm{INS}(a_2,p_2,pr_2)\Big) = \begin{cases} \mathrm{INS}(a_1,p_1,pr_1) & p_1 < p_2 \\ \mathrm{INS}(a_1,p_1+1,pr_1) & p_1 > p_2 \\ \mathrm{NOP} & p_1 = p_2 \wedge a_1 = a_2 \\ \mathrm{INS}(a_1,p_1+1,pr_1) & p_1 = p_2 \wedge a_1 \neq a_2 \wedge pr_1 > pr_2 \\ \mathrm{INS}(a_1,p_1,pr_1) & p_1 = p_2 \wedge a_1 \neq a_2 \wedge pr_1 > pr_2 \end{cases}$$

$$OT\Big(\mathrm{INS}(a_1,p_1,pr_1),\mathrm{DEL}(_,p_2,pr_2)\Big) = \begin{cases} \mathrm{INS}(a_1,p_1,pr_1) & p_1 \leq p_2 \\ \mathrm{INS}(a_1,p_1-1,pr_1) & p_1 \leq p_2 \end{cases}$$

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