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1 |----- MODULE CC -----|
  TLA+ specification of Causal Consistency variants, including CC, CM, and CCv.
  See the paper “On Verifying Causal Consistency“ (POPL'2017).

8 EXTENDS Naturals, Sequences, FiniteSets, Functions, FiniteSetsExt,
9         RelationUtils, TLC

11 CONSTANTS Keys, Vals
12 InitVal  $\triangleq$  0 we follow the convention in POPL'2017

14 oid: unique operation identifier
15 Operation  $\triangleq$  [type : {“read”, “write”}, key : Keys, val : Vals, oid : Nat]
16 R(k, v, oid)  $\triangleq$  [type  $\mapsto$  “read”, key  $\mapsto$  k, val  $\mapsto$  v, oid  $\mapsto$  oid]
17 W(k, v, oid)  $\triangleq$  [type  $\mapsto$  “write”, key  $\mapsto$  k, val  $\mapsto$  v, oid  $\mapsto$  oid]

19 Session  $\triangleq$  Seq(Operation) A session s  $\in$  Session is a sequence of operations.
20 History  $\triangleq$  SUBSET Session A history h  $\in$  History is a set of sessions.

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  Utilities.

25 Ops(h)  $\triangleq$  Return the set of all operations in history h  $\in$  History.
26 UNION {Range(s) : s  $\in$  h}

27 |-----|
  Well-formedness of history h  $\in$  History:
  - TODO: type invariants
  - uniqueness of oids

34 WellFormed(h)  $\triangleq$ 
35  $\wedge$  h  $\in$  History
36  $\wedge$  Cardinality(Ops(h)) = ReduceSet(LAMBDA s, x : Len(s) + x, h, 0)

37 |-----|
  Sequential semantics of read-write registers.

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  Auxiliary definitions for the axioms used in the definitions of causal consistency

45 The program order of h  $\in$  History is a union of total orders among operations in the same session
46 ProgramOrder(h)  $\triangleq$  UNION {Seq2Rel(s) : s  $\in$  h}

48 The set of operations that precede o  $\in$  Operation in program order in history h  $\in$  History
49 POPast(h, o)  $\triangleq$  InverseImage(ProgramOrder(h), o)

51 The set of operations that precede o  $\in$  Operation in causal order co
52 CausalPast(co, o)  $\triangleq$  InverseImage(co, o)

54 The restriction of causal order co to the operations in the causal past of operation o  $\in$  Operation
55 CausalHist(co, o)  $\triangleq$  co | CausalPast(co, o)

57 The restriction of arbitration arb to the operations in the causal past of operation o  $\in$  Operation
58 CausalArb(co, arb, o)  $\triangleq$  arb | CausalPast(co, o)

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Axioms used in the definitions of causal consistency
63  $AxCausalValue(co, o) \triangleq$ 
64   LET  $seqs \triangleq AllLinearExtensions(CausalHist(co, o), CausalPast(co, o))$ 
65   IN TRUE
66  $AxCausalArb(co, arb, o) \triangleq$ 
67   LET  $seq \triangleq AnyLinearExtension(CausalArb(co, arb, o), CausalPast(co, o))$  it is unique
68   wseq  $\triangleq SelectSeq(seq, LAMBDA op : op.type = \text{"write"} \wedge op.key = o.key)$ 
69   IN IF  $wseq = \langle \rangle$  THEN  $o.val = InitVal$ 
70   ELSE  $o.val = wseq[Len(wseq)].val$ 
71 |-----|
Specification of CC
75  $CC(h) \triangleq$  Check whether  $h \in History$  satisfies CC (Causal Consistency)
76   LET  $ops \triangleq Ops(h)$ 
77   IN  $\exists co \in SUBSET(ops \times ops) :$  TODO: to generate (given a chain decomposition)
78      $\wedge Respect(co, ProgramOrder(h))$   $AxCausal$ 
79      $\wedge IsStrictPartialOrder(co, ops)$ 
80      $\wedge PrintT(\text{"co: " } \circ ToString(co))$ 
81      $\wedge \forall o \in ops : AxCausalValue(co, o)$   $AxCausalValue$ 
82 |-----|
Specification of CCv
To generate possible ordering relations, not to enumerate and test them
90  $CCv(h) \triangleq$  Check whether  $h \in History$  satisfies CCv (Causal Convergence)
91   LET  $ops \triangleq Ops(h)$ 
92   IN  $\exists co \in SUBSET(ops \times ops) :$  TODO: to generate (given a chain decomposition)
93      $\wedge Respect(co, ProgramOrder(h))$   $AxCausal$ 
94      $\wedge IsStrictPartialOrder(co, ops)$ 
95      $\wedge PrintT(\text{"co: " } \circ ToString(co))$ 
96      $\wedge \exists arb \in \{Seq2Rel(le) : le \in AllLinearExtensions(co, ops)\} :$   $AxArb$ 
97      $\wedge \forall o \in ops : AxCausalArb(co, arb, o)$   $AxCausalArb$ 
98      $\wedge PrintT(\text{"arb: " } \circ ToString(arb))$ 
Version 2: re-arrange clauses
102  $CCv2(h) \triangleq$  Check whether  $h \in History$  satisfies CCv (Causal Convergence)
103   LET  $ops \triangleq Ops(h)$ 
104   IN  $\exists co \in SUBSET(ops \times ops) :$  FIXME: efficiency!!!
105      $\wedge Respect(co, ProgramOrder(h))$   $AxCausal$ 
106      $\wedge IsStrictPartialOrder(co, ops)$ 
107      $\wedge PrintT(\text{"co: " } \circ ToString(co))$ 
108      $\wedge \exists arb \in SUBSET(ops \times ops) :$  to generate; not to test
109      $\wedge Respect(arb, co)$   $AxArb$ 
110      $\wedge IsStrictTotalOrder(arb, ops)$ 
111      $\wedge \forall o \in ops : AxCausalArb(co, arb, o)$   $AxCausalArb$ 
112      $\wedge PrintT(\text{"arb: " } \circ ToString(arb))$ 
Version 1: Following the definition of POPL2017

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116  $CCv1(h) \triangleq$  Check whether  $h \in History$  satisfies  $CCv$  (Causal Convergence)
117   LET  $ops \triangleq Ops(h)$ 
118   IN  $\exists co \in SUBSET (ops \times ops) :$  FIXME: efficiency!!!
119      $\wedge \exists arb \in SUBSET (ops \times ops) :$ 
120        $\wedge PrintT("co: " \circ ToString(co))$ 
121        $\wedge PrintT("arb: " \circ ToString(arb))$ 
122        $\wedge IsStrictPartialOrder(co, ops)$ 
123        $\wedge IsStrictTotalOrder(arb, ops)$ 
124        $\wedge Respect(co, ProgramOrder(h))$  AxCausal
125        $\wedge Respect(arb, co)$  AxArb
126        $\wedge \forall o \in ops : AxCausalArb(co, arb, o)$  AxCausalArb
127 |
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