## Verifying Transactional Consistency of MongoDB (submitted to VLDB'2022)

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MongoDB 的三种经典部署架构

MongoDB 3.0	MongoDB 3.2	MongoDB 3.4	MongoDB 3.6	MongoDB 4.0	MongoDB 4.2
New Storage engine (WiredTiger)	Enhanced replication protocol: stricter consistency & durability	Shard membership awareness	Consistent secondary reads in sharded clusters	Replica Set Transactions	Distributed Transactions
	WiredTiger default storage engine		Logical sessions	Make catalog timestamp-aware	Oplog applier prepare support
	Config server manageability improvements		Retryable writes	Snapshot reads	Distributed commit protocol
	Read concern "majority"		Causal Consistency	Recoverable rollback via WT checkpoints	Global point-in-time reads
			Cluster-wide logical clock	Recover to a timestamp	More extensive WiredTiger repair
			Storage API to changes to use timestamps	Sharded catalog improvements	Transaction manager
			Read concern majority feature always available		
			Collection catalog versioning		
			UUIDs in sharding		
			Fast in-place updates to large documents in WT		

## MongoDB 事务的三阶段发展过程

## A Fundamental Question:

What transactional consistency guarantee do MongoDB transactions in each deployment provide?

## Conclusion



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