



Software Engineering and Project Management

INTRODUCTION

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Proposed plan

- Random story to catch students attention (for true) [10']
- Software Engineering as a process [35']
- Break [15']
- V&V of functional requirements [30']
- Discovering activity [15']



A Software Engineering Story

A long time ago in a galaxy far,
far away....



Larger projects

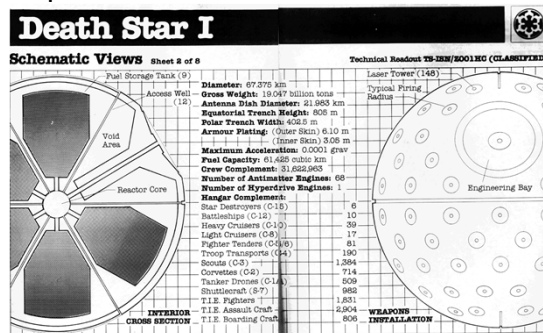
- SEPM is about to create the ~~Death Star~~ Star Killer





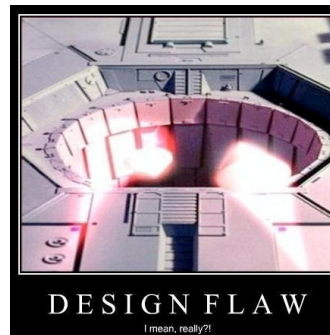
A non-formal intro to SE

- Covers aspects such as:
 - Requirements definition and specification
 - Prototypes
 - Formal specifications



A non-formal intro to SE

- Covers aspects such as:
 - Design methods
 - Reliability and safety
 - Validation and verification
 - Quality assurance





A non-formal intro to SE

- Covers aspects such as:
 - Maintenance and reuse
 - Project planning



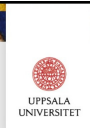
Questions

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Part I

SOFTWARE PROCESSES



What is Software Engineering?

Software Engineering is about **processes** to create software.

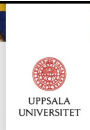
Concerned with theories, methods and tools.

Key Slide!



SE is Engineering

- **Making things that work** (*practical*)
- **Use of** models, standard designs, methods, etc.
- **Constrains**
 - Time
 - Money
 - Organization
- **Managing**
 - People
 - Communication



...but not always like Engineering

- Every project is mostly new
- Software is “invisible”
- Perceived to be adaptable (*rewrite code vs. rebuild bridge*)
- Complexity
 - Lacks physical boundaries
 - Often does many things
 - Multi-language, multi-level
- Usability (*getting it right*)
- Legacy systems



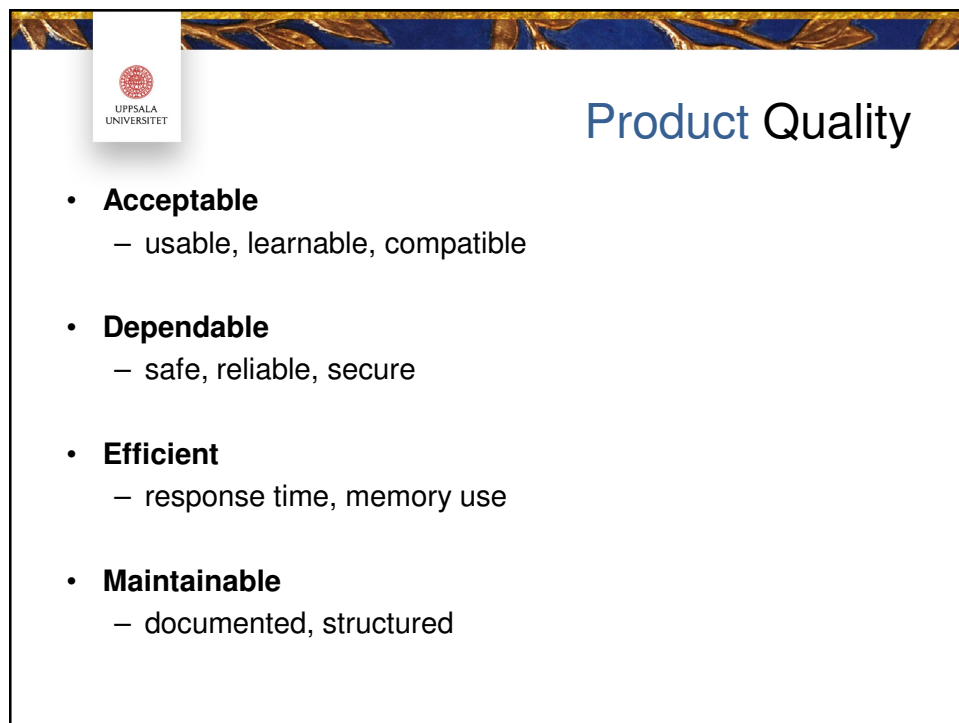
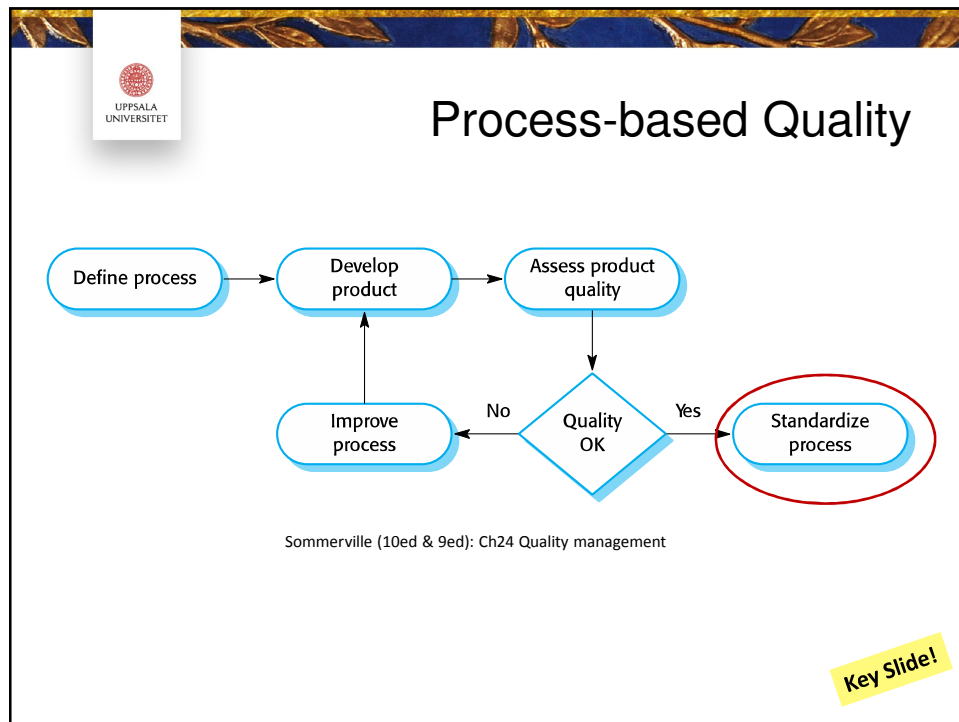
...but not always like Engineering

- SE – More than just technical skills!
 - Confidentiality
 - Competence
 - IP rights
 - Computer misuse
 - ...



Process

- **Problems with processes**
 - what really happens... too messy
- **Process model**
 - abstraction, common themes
- **A “methodological” process**
 - cares of what **should** happen





Process (method) Quality

- **Acceptable**
 - usable, learnable, compatible
- **Dependable**
 - safe, reliable, secure
- **Efficient**
 - response time, memory use
- **Maintainable**
 - documented, structured
- **People actually follow it**
 - **acceptable**, usable, learnable
- **Manageable**
 - visible, robust to problems
- **It delivers**
 - **efficient**, in time, **acceptable**
- **Supportable**
 - documented, structured



Software Process Activities

- **Validation** *Testing*
- **Evolution** *Delivery, Maintenance*
- **Specification** Requirements
- **Development** *Design, Implementation*

Q: In what order should these processes be followed?



Software Process Activities

- **Specification** *define functionality and constrains*
- **Development** *design and program*
- **Validation** *ensure it is what customer requires*
- **Evolution** *evolve to meet changing customer & market requirements*

Key Slide!



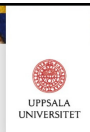
Questions

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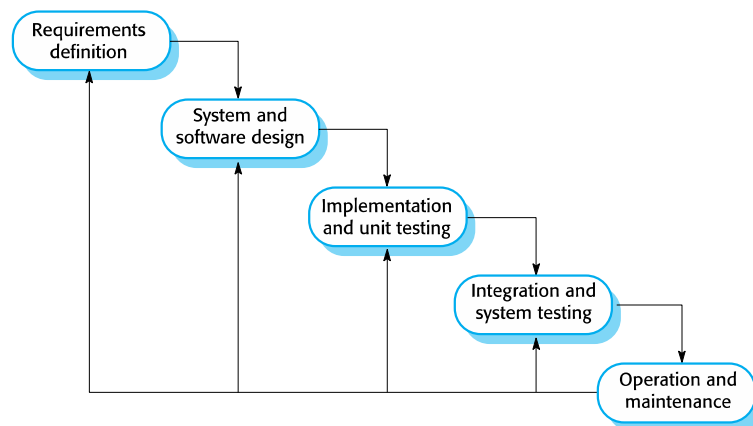


Part I.b

MODELS OF SOFTWARE PROCESSES

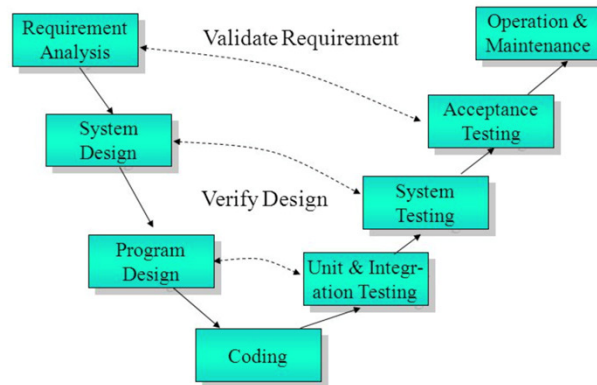


The Waterfall Model



Sommerville (10ed & 9ed): Ch2 Processes

The V-Model

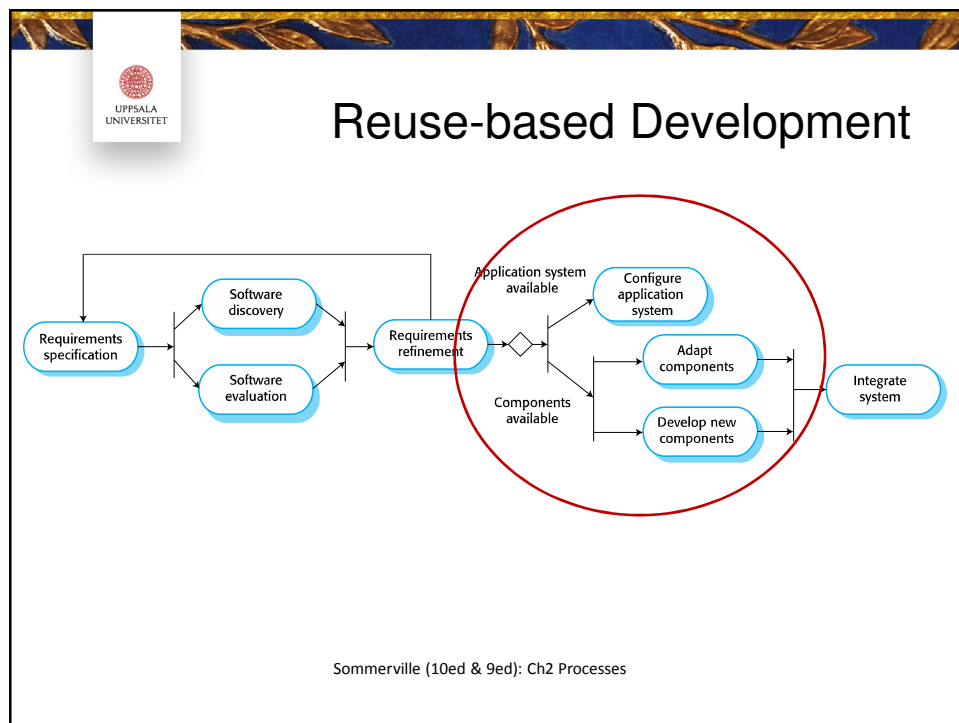
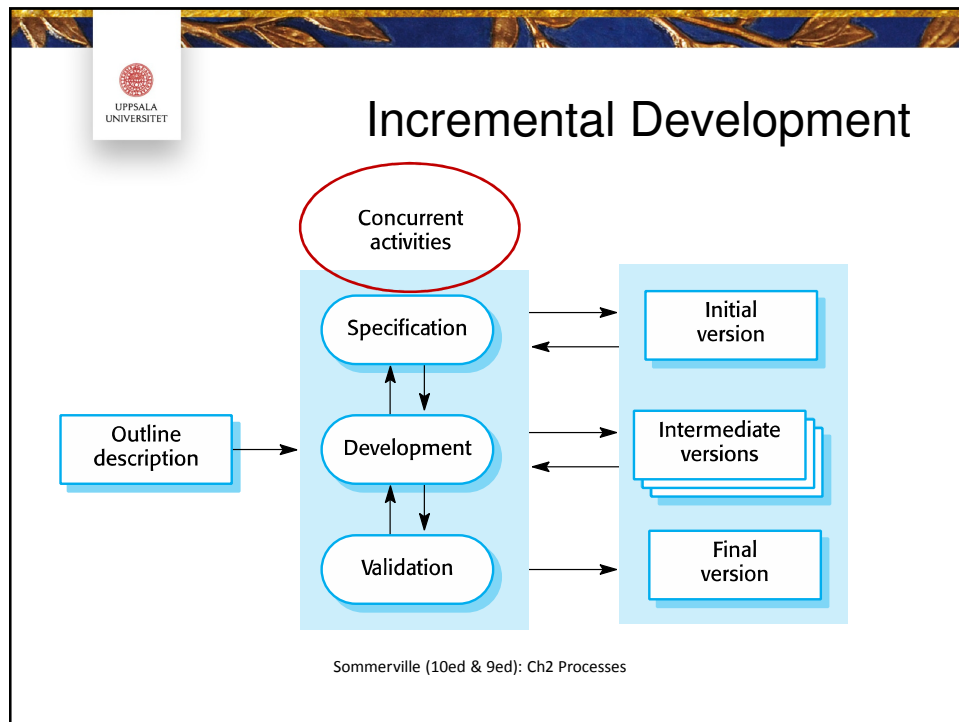



Sommerville (10ed & 9ed): Ch2 Processes

Process

- **Validation**
 - Will the product **satisfy** the **customer** needs?
 - Are we building **the right product**?

- **Verification**
 - Do we **satisfy** the **requirements**?
 - Are we building **the product right**?





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Questions

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