Introduction to Python

Elements of Applied Data Security

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Python

Python is an Interpreted and Object-Oriented Programming Language.

WHY Python?

- Simple syntax
- Very flexible
- Highly extensible
- Cross-platform
- Open-source with a huge community

Google says: Python where we can, C++ where we must

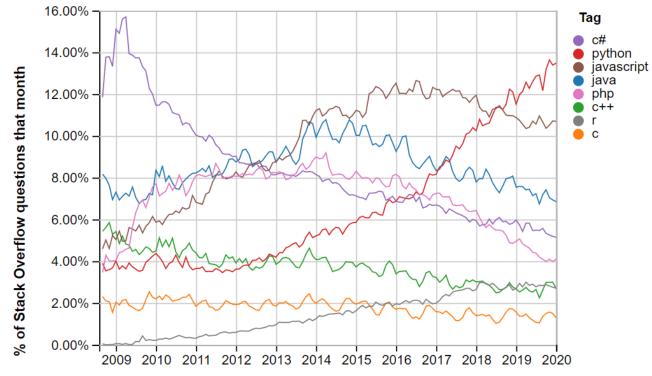
A bit of History

- It is not so recent, since it was conceived in the late 1980s and implemented in 90s by <u>Guido van Rossum</u>.
- Name is a tribute to <u>Monty Python</u> (a British surreal comedy group)
 in fact, as metasyntactic variables spam and eggs preferred to the traditional foo and bar
- Python 2.0 released on Oct 2000, not supported since 01/2020
- Python 3.0 released on Dec 2008
- Last release is 3.8.2 on Feb 2020 (https://www.python.org/downloads/)

Popularity

 According to StackOverflow's <u>survey</u> and <u>trends</u> Python among all programming languages is the:

- 1st most questioned
- 4th most used behind JavaScript, HTML/CSS, and SQL
- 2nd most loved behind Rust
- 1st most wanted developers who do not yet use it say they want to learn it



Applications for Python

- Web and Internet Development
- Scientific and Numeric
- Education
- Desktop GUIs
- Software Development
- Business Applications

Basically anything, like English for spoken languages

Scipy

Scipy.org = Python for math/science/engineering

- Numpy: Numerical Python package (inspired by Matlab)
 N-dimensional array capabilities and some linear algebra, Fourier analysis, random number capabilities, etc.
- **Scipy**: Scientific Python For Matlab users, it's very much like many of the core toolboxes.
- Matplotlib: most popular data visualization package for Python Inspired by Matlab plots, but then it has evolved into something more.
- Pandas: Data Science Python high-performance, easy-to-use data structures and data analysis tools

IPython & Jupyter Notebook

- <u>Jupyter Notebook</u> is a web-based interactive computational environment, that supports different languages (Python, R, Julia, C++)
- <u>IPython</u> (Interactive Python) is the kernel that allows Python to be run on a Jupyter Notebook.

Let's start

We will get start with a short tutorial on Python.

- Clone/download this repository: https://github.com/marchioa/data-security
- There, in the folder 1.intro-to-python the file environment setup.md lists all the instructions to set up the environment we will work on.
- Once the environment is ready and Jupyter has started you can start opening the notebooks (.ipynb files) composing the tutorial. With great imagination, 1.LETS START.ipynb is the first one.