

# Web Development The big picture

---



# Summary



Architecture



UX/UI



Frontend

HTML  
CSS  
JavaScript/Typescript



Backend

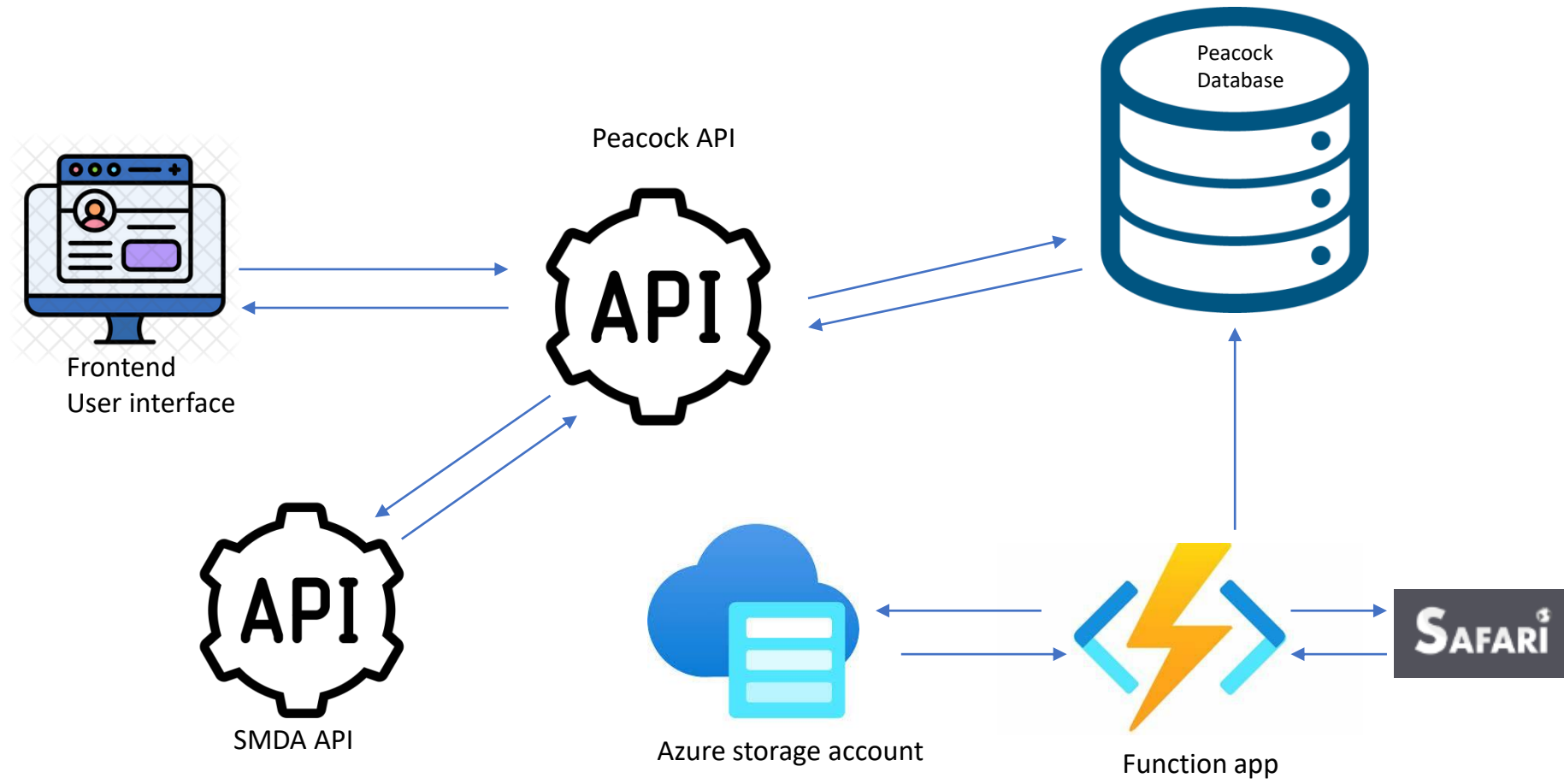
API  
Database  
Function Apps



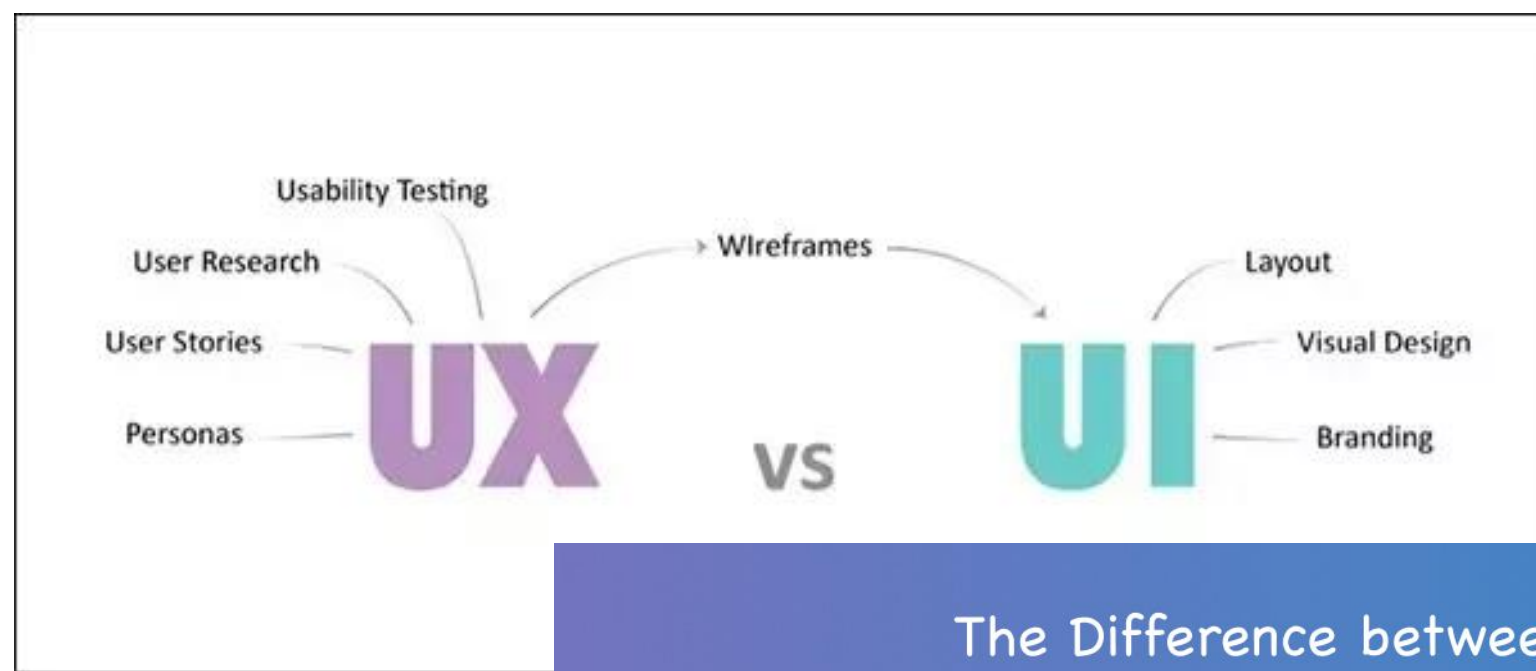
TESTING

Testing

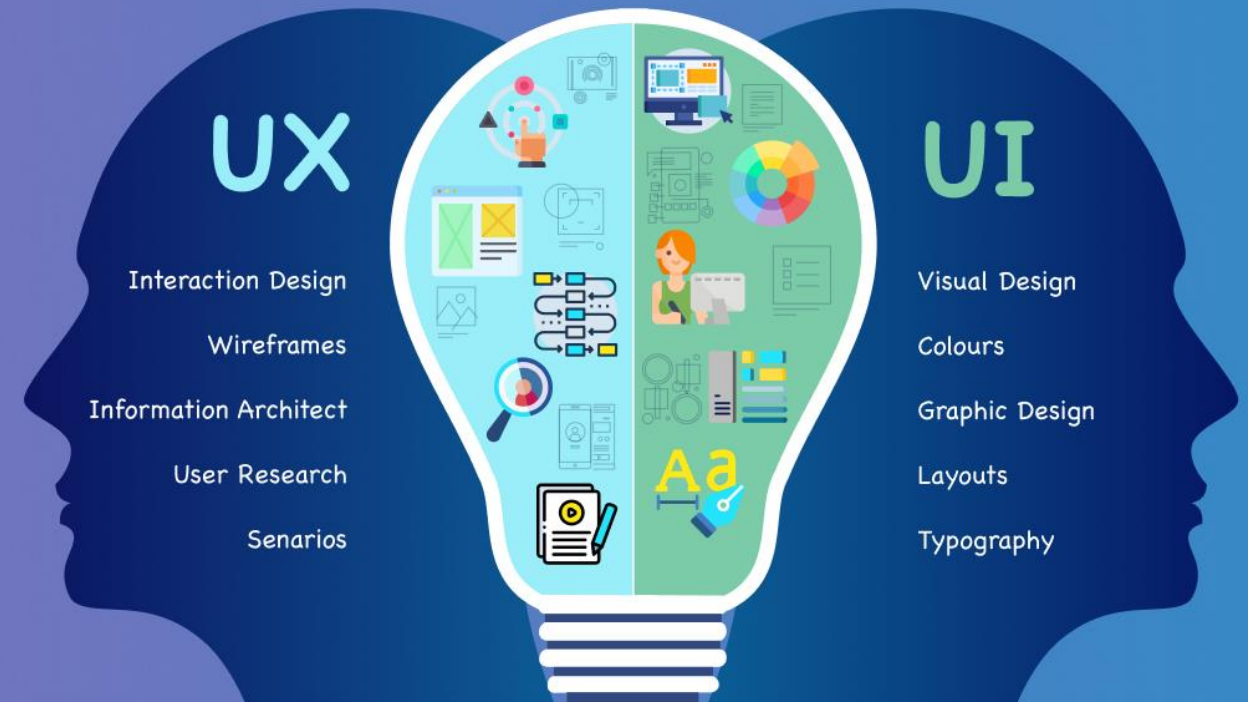
# Web App Architecture



# UX/UI



## The Difference between



# THE “HOUSE” ANALOGY:

-RITCH MACEFIELD

## INFORMATION ARCHITECT:

Ensures that the master bedroom accommodates a double bed and 2 tables and that the only bathroom is not in the garage.

## INTERACTION DESIGNER:

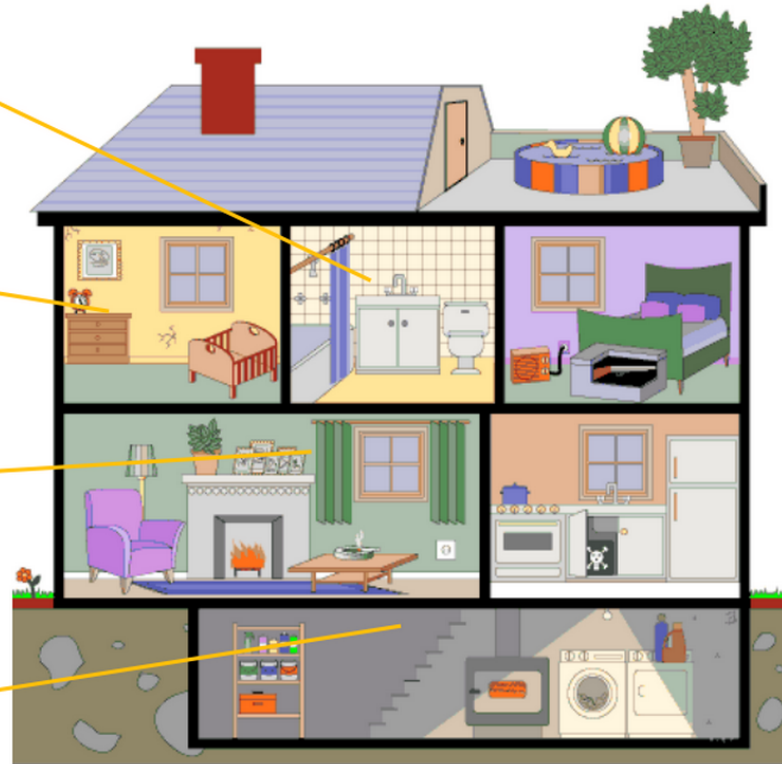
Ensures that the cold water tap is on the right and that all the stairs have banisters.

## VISUAL DESIGNER:

Chooses the carpets, curtains and furniture.

## USABILITY ANALYST:

Inspects the house after each key stage in the building process (conceptual design stage, planning stage, and once the building is completed).

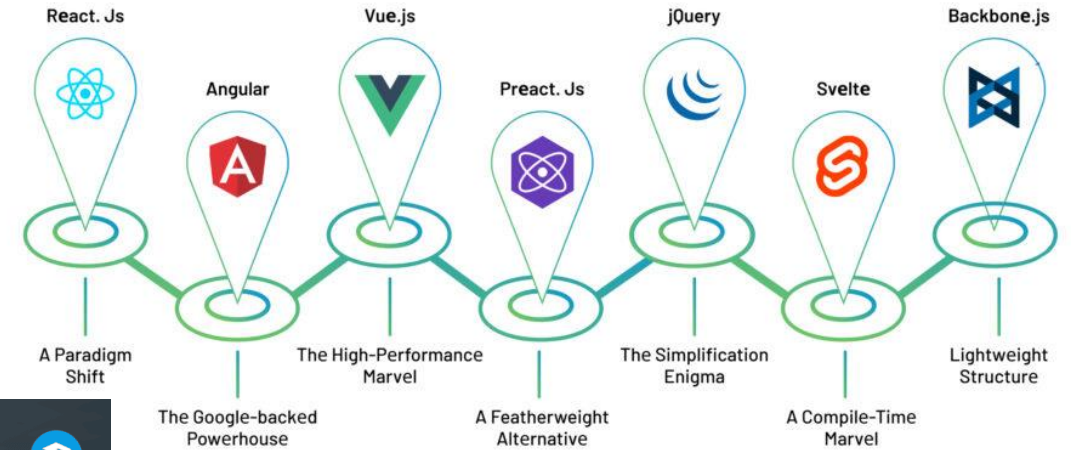


## UX ARCHITECT:

Conceives the whole experience of the home owner. Has overall responsibility for the design, leading and briefing all of the people in specialist roles, and represents the home owner (not the builders) throughout the design process.

# Frontend

## Exploring the Top Frontend Frameworks



## What's the Difference?



**HTML**  
Hypertext Markup Language

### Create the structure

- Controls the layout of the content
- Provides structure for the web page design
- The fundamental building block of any web page



**CSS**  
Cascading Style Sheet

### Stylize the website

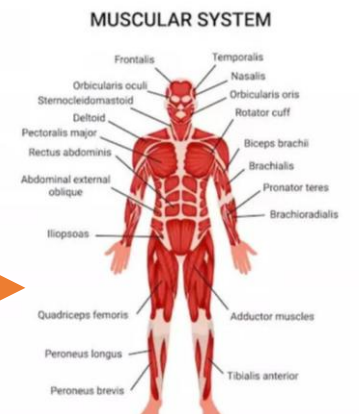
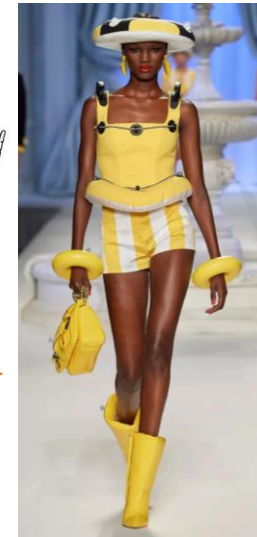
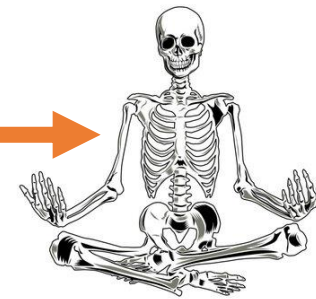
- Applies style to the web page elements
- Targets various screen sizes to make web pages responsive
- Primarily handles the "look and feel" of a web page



**JavaScript**

### Increase interactivity

- Adds interactivity to a web page
- Handles complex functions and features
- Programmatic code which enhances functionality






# Backend



USER


API

BACKEND



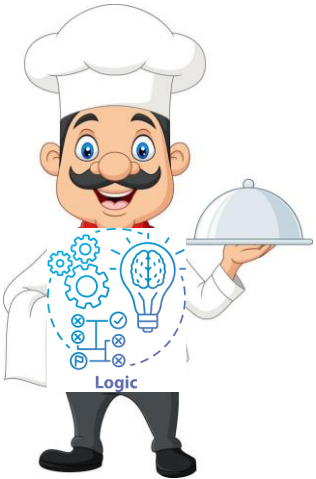
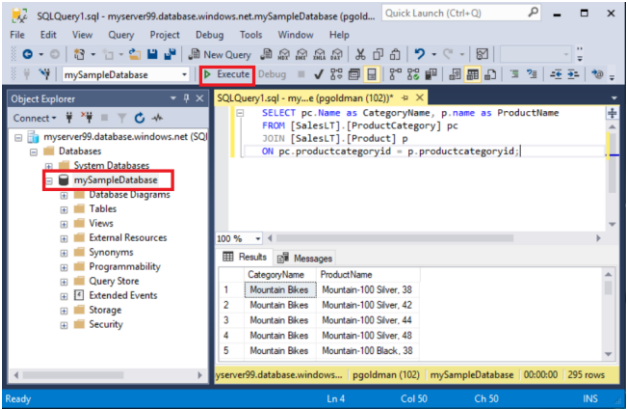
Morphometrics

GET	/api/v1/morphometrics/fans/headers	Returns available Fan header information
POST	/api/v1/morphometrics/fans/byuids	Returns available Fan data for a given Fan (by uid)
GET	/api/v1/morphometrics/fans	Returns all available fan data
GET	/api/v1/morphometrics/conduits/headers	Returns available Conduit header information
POST	/api/v1/morphometrics/conduits/byuids	Returns available Conduit data for a given Conduit (by uid)
GET	/api/v1/morphometrics/conduits	Returns all available Conduit data
GET	/api/v1/morphometrics/masstransportdeposits/headers	Returns available Mass Transport Deposit header information
POST	/api/v1/morphometrics/masstransportdeposits/byuids	Returns available Mass Transport Deposit data for a given Mass Transport Deposit (by uid)
GET	/api/v1/morphometrics/masstransportdeposits	Returns all available Mass Transport Deposit data





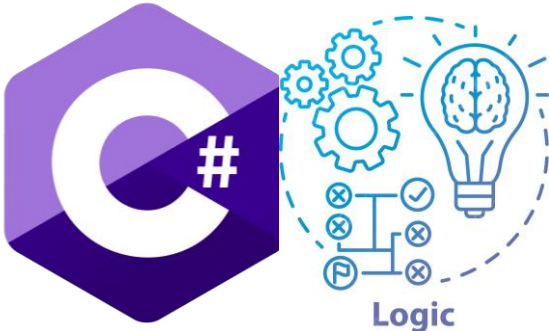
Database



Logic



Function app



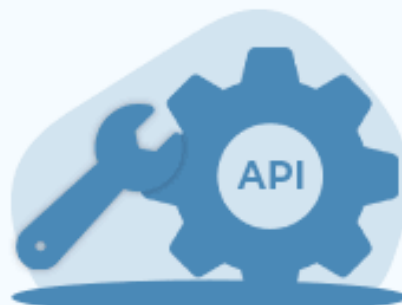
Logic

End User with  
Browser



Request  
→  
←  
Response

# API



Server Back-end  
System



Customer

Make the  
Order  
→  
←  
Delivery of  
order



Waiter

Take the  
Order  
→  
←  
Bringing  
from Kitchen



Chef



# Testing



Why is testing important?  
Explained using a cake baking  
metaphor, courtesy of chatgpt



**Planning the Ingredients (Unit  
Testing)**



**Mixing the Batter (Integration  
Testing)**



**Baking the Cake (System  
Testing)**



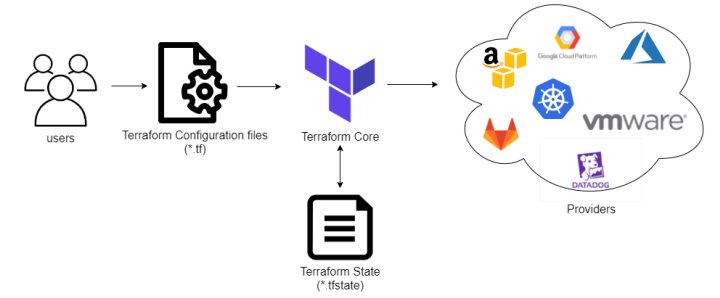
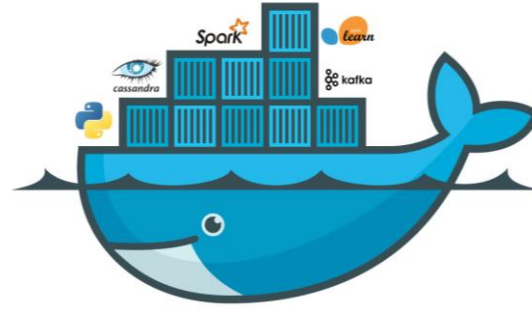
**The Final Decoration  
(Acceptance Testing)**



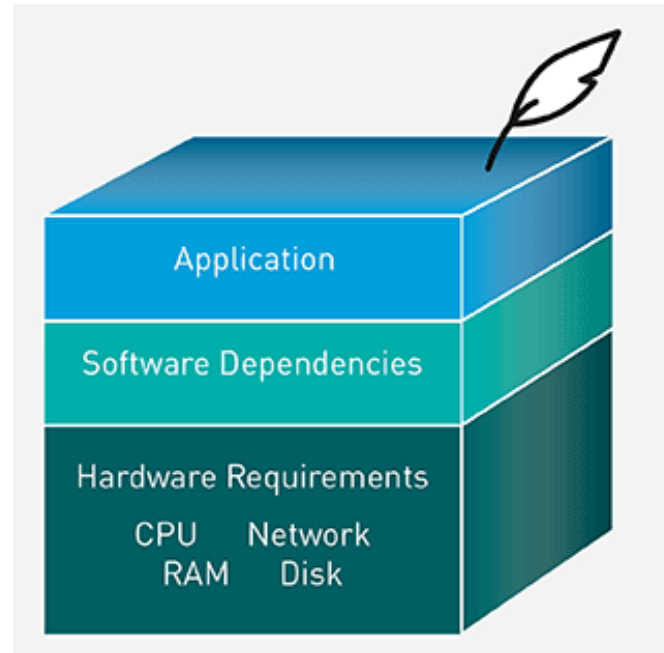
**The Taste Test (User Testing)**



*Testing is important because, just like with baking a cake, you want to catch any issues early, ensure all the parts come together nicely, and ultimately, provide a delightful experience to the end-users. Without testing, you could end up with a cake that looks good on the outside but is inedible—similar to software full of bugs and issues that frustrate users and don't meet their needs.*



kubernetes



For  
another  
time...