

STAT 151A Lecture 6

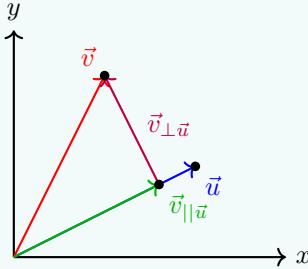
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Remark 0.1 (Recap)

Project $\vec{v} \in \mathbb{R}^n$ onto $\vec{u} \in \mathbb{R}^n$

$$\vec{v}_{||\vec{u}} = \frac{\vec{v} \cdot \vec{u}}{\vec{u} \cdot \vec{u}} \vec{u}$$



$$\vec{v}_{\perp \vec{u}} = \vec{v} - \vec{v}_{||\vec{u}}$$

Project $\vec{v} \in \mathbb{R}^n$ onto subspace $U \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$ with orthogonal basis $\{\vec{u}_1, \dots, \vec{u}_p\}$

$$\vec{v}_{||\vec{u}} = \sum_{i=1}^p \vec{v}_{||\vec{u}_i} = \sum_{i=1}^p \frac{\vec{v} \cdot \vec{u}_i}{\vec{u}_i \cdot \vec{u}_i} \vec{u}_i$$

Key applications $\vec{y}_{||\vec{1}} = \bar{y} \cdot \vec{1}$

$$\vec{v}_{||\{\vec{1}, \vec{x}\}} = \vec{y}_{||\{\vec{1}, \vec{x}_{\perp \vec{1}}\}} = \bar{y} \vec{1} + \frac{(\vec{y} - \bar{y} \vec{1}) \cdot (\vec{x} - \bar{x} \vec{1})}{(\vec{x} - \bar{x} \vec{1}) \cdot (\vec{x} - \bar{x} \vec{1})} (\vec{x} - \bar{x} \vec{1})$$

$$\vec{y} = \vec{y}_{||\{\vec{1}, \vec{x}\}} + \vec{y}_{\perp \{\vec{1}, \vec{x}\}} = \hat{y} + \vec{e}$$

Properties

- $\vec{e} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n e_i = 0$

- $\vec{e} \perp \vec{x}$

- $\vec{e} \perp \hat{y}$

$$\sqrt{n-1} SD = \|\vec{y}_{\perp \vec{1}}\|$$

$$(n-1) \widehat{\text{Var}} = \|\vec{y}_{\perp \vec{1}}\|^2$$

$$= \|\vec{y} - \bar{y} \vec{1}\|^2 = \|\vec{y} - \hat{y}\|^2 + \|\hat{y} - \bar{y} \vec{1}\|^2$$

Total sum of squares = error sum of squares + regression sum of squares

Remark 0.2 (Why does it decompose nicely)

$$\|\vec{y} - \bar{y} \vec{1}\|^2 = (\vec{y} - \bar{y} \vec{1}) \cdot (\vec{y} - \bar{y} \vec{1})$$

$$(\vec{y} - \hat{y} + \hat{y} - \bar{y} \vec{1}) \cdot (\vec{y} - \hat{y} + \hat{y} - \bar{y} \vec{1}) = \|\vec{y} - \hat{y}\|^2 + \|\hat{y} - \bar{y} \vec{1}\|^2 + 2(\vec{y} - \hat{y})(\hat{y} - \bar{y} \vec{1})$$

$$2(\vec{y} - \hat{y})(\hat{y} - \bar{y} \vec{1}) = 0 \text{ properties of least squares}$$

Remark 0.3 (Sum of Squares Decomposition)

$$\frac{\text{Reg}_{SS}}{\text{Tot}_{SS}} = \frac{\|\hat{y} - \bar{y}\vec{1}\|^2}{\|\vec{y} - \bar{y}\vec{1}\|^2} = \frac{\sum \hat{b}^2(x_i - \bar{x})^2}{\sum(y_i - \bar{y})^2} = r^2 \frac{\sum(y_i - \bar{y})^2}{\sum(x_i - \bar{x})^2} \cdot \frac{\sum(x_i - \bar{x})^2}{\sum(y_i - \bar{y})^2} = r^2$$

Method 0.4 (Multiple Regression)

$$\vec{y} \approx a + b\vec{x}$$

$$\vec{y} \approx a + b_1\vec{x}_1 + b_2\vec{x}_2 + \cdots + b_p\vec{x}_p$$

Multiple regression → as projection

Rewrite this in matrix form

$$\vec{Y} = \begin{pmatrix} | & | & | & \dots & | \\ \vec{1} & \vec{x}_1 & \vec{x}_2 & \dots & \vec{x}_p \\ | & | & | & & | \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b_1 \\ \vdots \\ b_p \end{pmatrix} = \mathbf{X}\hat{\beta}$$

$\mathbf{X} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times p+1}$ is the design matrix and $\hat{\beta} \in \mathbb{R}^{p+1}$ is the coefficient vector

How to calculate $\hat{\beta}$? Choose it such that $\mathbf{X}\hat{\beta} = Y_{||\{\vec{1}, \vec{x}_1, \dots, \vec{x}_p\}}$

$$\mathbf{Y} = \mathbf{X}\hat{\beta} + \vec{e} = \mathbf{Y}_{||\text{span}(\mathbf{X})} + \mathbf{Y}_{\perp \text{span}(\mathbf{X})}$$

We have that $\vec{e} \perp \vec{1}, \vec{e} \perp \vec{x}_i \forall i, \hat{Y} = \mathbf{X}\hat{\beta} \perp \vec{e}$

$$\mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{Y} = \mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{X}\hat{\beta} + \mathbf{X}^\top \vec{e}$$

$\mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{Y} = \mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{X}\hat{\beta} \Rightarrow \hat{\beta} = (\mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{X})^{-1} \mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{Y}$, only true if $\mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{X}$ is invertible, otherwise, $\mathbf{X}\hat{\beta} = \hat{Y}$ is still well defined, but $\hat{\beta}$ is not unique