

Lambda Script Cheatsheet

August 2025 - v1.0

CLI Commands

```
lambda # Start REPL
// REPL Commands: :quit, :help, :clear
lambda script.ls # Run script
lambda --transpile-only script.ls # Transpile
lambda --help # Show help
```

Validation:

```
lambda validate file.json -s schema.ls
lambda validate file.json
```

Type System

Scalar Types:

null bool int float decimal
string symbol binary datetime

Container Types:

```
1 to 10 // Range
[123, true] // Array of values
(0.5, "string:") // List/tuple
{key: 'symbol'} // Map
<div class: bold; "text" <br>> // Element
```

Type Operators:

```
int | string // Union type
int & number // Intersection
int? // Optional (int | null)
int* // Zero or more
int+ // One or more
(a: int, b: string) => bool // Function type
{a: int, b: bool} // Map type
<div id:symbol; <br>> // Element
```

Literals

Numbers:

```
42 // Integer
3.14 // Float
1.5e-10 // Scientific notation
123.45n // Decimal (arbitrary precision)
inf nan // Special values
```

Strings & Symbols:

```
"hello" // String
"multi-line string" // Multi-line string
'symbol' // Symbol
symbol // Unquoted symbol
```

Binary & DateTime:

```
b'\xDEADBEEF' // Hex binary
b'\x64QVGRw==' // Base64 binary
t'2025-01-01' // Date
t'14:30:00' // Time
t'2025-01-01T14:30:00Z' // DateTime
```

Collections:

```
[1, 2, 3] // Array
(1, "two", 3.0) // List
{a: 1, b: 2} // Map
<div id: "main"> // Element
```

Variables & Declarations

Let Expressions:

```
(let x = 5, x + 1, x * 2) // Single expression
(let a = 1, let b = 2, a + b) // Multiple expressions
```

Let Statements:

```
let x = 42; // Variable declaration
let y : int = 100; // With type
let a = 1, b = 2; // Multiple declarations
```

Public Declarations:

```
pub PI = 3.14159; // Export variable
pub fn square(x) => x * x; // Export function
```

Operators

Arithmetic: addition, subtraction,
multiplication, division, integer
division, modulo, exponentiation

+ - * / _/ % ^

Comparison: equal, not equal, less
than, less equal, greater than, greater
than or equal

== != < <= > >=

Logical: logical and, or, not

and or not

Type & Set: type check,
membership, range, union,
intersection, exclusion

is in to | & !

Control Flow

If Expressions (require else):

```
if (x > 0) "positive" else "non-positive"
if (score >= 90) "A"
else if (score >= 80) "B" else "C"
```

If Statements (optional else):

```
if (x > 0) { "positive" }
if (condition) { something() } else { }
```

For Expressions:

```
for (x in [1, 2, 3]) x * 2 // Array iteration
for (i in 1 to 5) i * i // Range iteration
for (x in data) if (x > 0) x else 0 // Conditional iteration
```

For Statements:

```
for item in collection { transform(item) }
```

Functions

Function Declaration:

```
// Function with statement body
fn add(a: int, b: int) -> int { a + b }
// Function with expression body
fn multiply(x: int, y: int) => x * y
// Anonymous function
let square = (x) => x * x;
```

Function Calls:

```
add(5, 3) // Function call
```

System Functions

Type Conversion:

```
int("42") // String to int
float("3.14") // String to float
string(42) // Value to string
symbol("text") // String to symbol
```

Type Inspection:

```
type(value) // Get type of value
len(collection) // Get length
```

Math Functions:

```
abs(x) // Absolute value
min(a, b, c) // Minimum value
max(a, b, c) // Maximum value
sum([1, 2, 3]) // Sum of array
avg([1, 2, 3]) // Average of array
round(x) floor(x) ceil(x) // Rounding
```

Date/Time Functions:

```
datetime() // Current date/time
today() // Current date
justnow() // Current time
date(dt) // Extract date part
time(dt) // Extract time part
```

Collection Functions:

```
slice(arr, start, end) // Array slice
set(arr) // Remove duplicates
all([true, false]) // All true?
any([false, true]) // Any true?
```

I/O Functions:

```
input(file, format) // Parse file
print(value) // Print to console
format(data, type) // Format output
error(message) // Create error
```

Input/Output Formats

Supported Input Types: json, xml,
yaml, toml, csv, html, latex,
toml, rtf, css, ini, math, pdf

```
input("path/file.md", 'markdown') // Input
```

Input with Flavors: e.g. math
flavors: latex, typst, ascii

```
input("math.txt", {'type':'math', 'flavor':'ascii'})
```

Output Formatting: json, yaml,
xml, html, markdown

```
format(data, 'yaml')
```

```
// let data = input("sales.json", 'json')
let total = sum(
  (for (sale in data.sales) sale.amount))
let report = {total: total,
  count: len(data.sales)}
format(report, 'json')
```

Modules & Imports

Import Syntax:

```
import module_name;
import .relative_module;
import alias: module_name;
import mod1, mod2, alias: mod3;
```

```
// Basic import
// Relative import
// Import with alias
// Multiple imports
```

Function Definition:

Module Usage Example:

```
// In math_utils.ls:
pub PI = 3.14159;
pub fn square(x) => x * x;

// In main.ls:
import math: .math_utils;
let area = math.PI * math.square(radius)
```

```
fn factorial(n: int) -> int {
  if (n <= 1) 1 else n * factorial(n - 1)
}
```

Element Creation:

Error Handling

Creating Errors:

```
error("Something went wrong")
```

```
// Create error value
```

Error Checking:

```
let result = risky_operation();
if (result is error) { print("Error:", result) }
else { print("Success:", result) }
```

Advanced Features

Type Declarations:

```
type User = {name: string, age: int};
type Point = (float, float);
type Result = int | error;
```

```
// Object type
// Tuple type
// Union type
```

Comprehensions - Complex data processing:

```
(let data = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5],
 let filtered = (for (x in data)
   if (x % 2 == 0) x else 0),
 let doubled = (for (x in filtered) x * 2), doubled)
```

Operator Precedence (High to Low)

1. () [] . - Primary expressions
2. - + not - Unary operators
3. ^ - Exponentiation
4. * / _/ % - Multiplicative
5. + - - Additive
6. < <= > >= - Relational
7. == != - Equality
8. and - Logical AND
9. or - Logical OR
10. to - Range
11. | & ! - Set operations
12. is in - Type operations

Quick Examples

Data Processing: