

Lambda Script Cheatsheet

August 2025 - v1.0 (Portrait)

CLI Commands

```
lambda                # Start REPL
// REPL Commands: :quit, :help, :clear
lambda script.ls      # Run script
lambda --mir script.ls # Run with MIR JIT (WIP)
lambda --transpile-only script.ls # Transpile only
lambda --help         # Show help
```

Validation:

```
lambda validate file.json -s schema.ls # With schema
lambda validate file.json              # Default schema
```

Type System

Scalar Types:

```
null bool int float decimal
string symbol binary datetime
```

Container Types:

```
1 to 10          // Range
[int]            // Array of integers
(int, string)    // List/tuple
{key: string}    // Map
<tag attr: int> // Element
```

Type Operators:

```
int | string      // Union type
int & number      // Intersection
int?             // Optional (int | null)
int*             // Zero or more
int+            // One or more
(a: int, b: string) => bool // Function Type
```

Literals

Numbers:

```
42      // Integer
3.14    // Float
1.5e-10 // Scientific notation
123.45n // Decimal (arbitrary precision)
inf nan // Special values
```

Strings & Symbols:

```
"hello"      // String
"multi-line" // Multi-line string
string
'symbol'     // Symbol
```

Binary & DateTime:

```
b'\xDEADBEEF' // Hex binary
b'\x64UVGRw==' // Base64 binary
t'2025-01-01'  // Date
t'14:30:00'    // Time
t'2025-01-01T14:30:00Z' // DateTime
```

Collections:

```
[1, 2, 3]      // Array
(1, "two", 3.0) // List
{a: 1, b: 2}    // Map
<div id: "main"> // Element
```

Variables & Declarations

Let Expressions:

```
(let x = 5, x + 1, x * 2) // Single binding
(let a = 1, let b = 2, a + b) // Multiple binding
```

Let Statements:

```
let x = 42; // Variable declaration
let y : int = 100; // With type annotation
let a = 1, b = 2; // Multiple variables
```

Public Declarations:

```
pub PI = 3.14159; // Export variable
pub fn square(x) => x * x; // Export function
```

Operators

Arithmetic: Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Division, Integer Division, Modulo, Exponentiation

```
+ - * / ~/ % ^
```

Comparison: Equal, Not Equal, Less Than, Less/Equal, Greater Than, Greater/Equal

```
== != < <= > >=
```

Logical: Logical AND, OR, NOT

```
and or not
```

Type & Set: Type check, Membership, Range, Union, Intersection, Exclusion

```
is in to | & !
```

Control Flow

If Expressions (require else):

```
if (x > 0) "positive" else "non-positive"
if (score >= 90) "A" else if (score >= 80) "B",
```

If Statements (optional else):

```
if (x > 0) { "positive" }
if (condition) { something() } else { otherThing }
```

For Expressions:

```
for (x in [1, 2, 3]) x * 2 // Array iteration
for (i in 1 to 5) i * i // Range iteration
for (x in data) if (x > 0) x else 0 // Conditional
```

For Statements:

```
for item in collection { transform(item) }
```

Functions

Function Declaration:

```
// Function with statement body
fn add(a: int, b: int) -> int { a + b }
// Function with expression body
fn multiply(x: int, y: int) => x * y
// Anonymous function
let square = (x) => x * x;
```

Function Calls:

```
add(5, 3) // Function call
```

System Functions

Type Conversion:

```
int("42") // String to int
float("3.14") // String to float
string(42) // Value to string
symbol("text") // String to symbol
```

Type Inspection:

```
type(value) // Get type of value
len(collection) // Get length
```

Math Functions:

```
abs(x) // Absolute value
min(a, b, c) // Minimum value
max(a, b, c) // Maximum value
sum([1, 2, 3]) // Sum of array
avg([1, 2, 3]) // Average of array
round(x) floor(x) ceil(x) // Rounding
```

Date/Time Functions:

```
datetime() // Current date/time
today() // Current date
justnow() // Current time
date(dt) // Extract date part
time(dt) // Extract time part
```

Collection Functions:

```
slice(arr, start, end) // Array slice
set(arr) // Remove duplicates
all([true, false]) // All true?
any([false, true]) // Any true?
```

I/O Functions:

```
input(file, format) // Parse file
print(value) // Print to console
format(data, type) // Format output
error(message) // Create error
```

Input/Output Formats

Supported Input Types: json, xml, yaml, markdown, csv, html, latex, toml, rtf, css, ini, math, pdf

```
input("path/file.md", 'markdown') // Input Markdown
```

Input with Flavors: e.g. math flavors: latex, typst, ascii

```
input("formula.txt", { 'type': 'math', 'flavor': 'ascii' })
```

Output Formatting: json, yaml, xml, html, markdown

```
format(data, 'yaml') // Format as
```

Modules & Imports

Import Syntax:

```
import module_name; // Basic import
import .relative_module; // Relative import
import alias: module_name; // Import with alias
import mod1, mod2, alias: mod3; // Multiple imports
```

Module Usage Example:

```
// In math_utils.ls:
pub PI = 3.14159;
pub fn square(x) => x * x;

// In main.ls:
import math: .math_utils;
let area = math.PI * math.square(radius);
```

Error Handling

Creating Errors:

```
error("Something went wrong") // Create error
```

Error Checking:

```
let result = risky_operation();
if (result is error) { print("Error:", result) }
else { print("Success:", result) }
```

Advanced Features

Pattern Matching:

```
let [first, second, ...rest] = array; // Array destructuring
let {name, age} = person; // Map destructuring
```

Type Declarations:

```
type User = {name: string, age: int}; // Object
type Point = (float, float); // Tuple
type Result = int | error; // Union
```

Comprehensions - Complex data processing:

```
(let data = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5],
 let filtered = (for (x in data) if (x % 2 == 0)),
 let doubled = (for (x in filtered) x * 2), doubled)
```

Operator Precedence (High to Low)

1. () [] . - Primary expressions
2. - + not - Unary operators
3. ^ - Exponentiation
4. * / _/ % - Multiplicative

5. + - - Additive

6. < <= > >= - Relational

7. == != - Equality

8. and - Logical AND

9. or - Logical OR

10. to - Range

11. | & ! - Set operations

12. is in - Type operations

Quick Examples

Data Processing:

```
let data = input("sales.json", 'json')
let total = sum((for (sale in data.sales) sale.amount))
let report = {total: total, count: len(data.sales)}
format(report, 'json')
```

Function Definition:

```
fn factorial(n: int) -> int {
  if (n <= 1) 1 else n * factorial(n - 1)
}
```

Element Creation:

```
let article = <article title:"My Article"
  <h1 "Introduction">
  <p "Content goes here.">
>
format(article, 'html')
```