CLI Commands

```
# Start REPI
lambda
// REPL Commands: :quit, :help, :clear
lambda script.ls
                          # Run script
lambda --mir script.ls
                           # Run with M
lambda --transpile-only script.ls # Tr
lambda --help
                           # Show help
```

Validation:

```
lambda validate file.json -s schema.ls
lambda validate file.json
```

Type System Scalar Types:

```
null bool int float decimal
string symbol binary datetime
```

Container Types:

```
1 to 10
                  // Range
                  // Array of integers + - * / _/ % ^
[int]
(int, string)
                  // List/tuple
                  // Map
{key: string}
<tag attr: int>
                  // Element
```

Type Operators:

```
int | string
                 // Union type
int & number
                // Optional (int | nullogical: Logical AND, OR, NOT
                 // Intersection
int?
int*
                 // Zero or more
                // One or more
int+
                            // Function Type
(a: int, b: string) => bool
```

Literals

Numbers:

```
42
          // Integer
3.14
          // Float
1.5e-10
          // Scientific notation
         // Decimal (arbitrary precising) Expressions (require else):
123.45n
inf nan // Special values
```

Strings & Symbols:

```
"hello"
                   // String
"multi-line
                   // Multi-line string
string"
'symbol
                   // Symbol
```

Binary & DateTime:

```
b'\xDEADBEEF'
                  // Hex binary
b'\64QUVGRw=='
                  // Base64 binary
t'2025-01-01'
                  // Date
t'14:30:00'
                  // Time
t'2025-01-01T14:30:00Z' // DateTime
```

Collections:

```
// Array
[1, 2, 3]
(1, "two", 3.0) {a: 1, b: 2}
                      // List
                      // Map
                      // Element
<div id: "main">
```

Variables & Declarations Let Expressions:

```
(let x = 5, x + 1, x * 2)
                                // Sing:
(let a = 1, let b = 2, a + b) // Mult
anspile only
```

Let Statements:

```
let x = 42;
                           // Variable
let y : int = 100;
                           // With type
let a = 1, b = 2;
                           // Multiple
```

DETWOOD SCHEME **Public Declarations:**

```
pub PI = 3.14159;
                           // Export va
pub fn square(x) => x * x; // Export fi int("42")
```

Operators

Arithmetic: Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Division, Integer Division, Modulo, Exponentiation

Comparison: Equal, Not Equal, Less Than, Less/Equal, Greater Than, Greater/Equal

```
== != < <= > >=
```

```
and or not
```

Type & Set: Type check, Membership, Range, Union, Intersection, Exclusion

```
is in to | & !
```

Control Flow

```
if (x > 0) "positive" else "non-positi
if (score >= 90) "A" else if (score >=
```

If Statements (optional else):

```
if (x > 0) { "positive" }
if (condition) { something() } else {
```

For Expressions:

```
for (x in [1, 2, 3]) x * 2
                               // Array iteration
for (i in 1 to 5) i * i
for (x in data) if (x > 0) x else 0
```

For Statements:

Functions

Function Declaration:

```
// Function with statement body
fn add(a: int, b: int) -> int { a + b }
// Function with expression body
fn multiply(x: int, y: int) \Rightarrow x * y
// Anonymous function
let square = (x) \Rightarrow x * x;
```

Function Calls:

```
add(5, 3)
                   // Function call
```

System Functions

Type Conversion:

```
// String to int
float("3.14")
                  // String to float
string(42)
                  // Value to string
symbol("text")
                  // String to symbol
```

Type Inspection:

```
// Get type of value
type(value)
len(collection)
                  // Get length
```

Math Functions:

```
abs(x)
                  // Absolute value
min(a, b, c)
                  // Minimum value
max(a, b, c)
                  // Maximum value
sum([1, 2, 3])
                  // Sum of array
avg([1, 2, 3])
                  // Average of array
round(x) floor(x) ceil(x) // Rounding
```

Date/Time Functions:

```
datetime()
                  // Current date/time
today()
                  // Current date
                  // Current time
justnow()
date(dt)
                  // Extract date part
time(dt)
                  // Extract time part
```

Collection Functions:

```
slice(arr, start, end)
                           // Array slice
set(arr)
                           // Remove duplica
all([true, false])
                           // All true?
any([false, true])
                           // Any true?
```

I/O Functions:

```
input(file, format)
                           // Parse file
                           // Print to conso
print(value)
format(data, type)
                           // Format output
error(message)
                           // Create error
```

// Range Input / Output Formats

```
Supported Input Types: json, xml,
yaml, markdown, csv, html, latex,
toml, rtf, css, ini, math, pdf
```

```
for item in collection { transform(itel input("path/file.md", 'markdown')
                                                                             // In
```

```
Input with Flavors: e.g. math
flavors: latex, typst, ascii
input("formula.txt", {'type': 'math', 'flag
```

```
Quick Examples
Output Formatting: json, yaml,
xml, html, markdown
                                      Data Processing:
format(data, 'yaml')
                                      let data = input("sales.json", 'json')
                                      let total = sum((for (sale in data.sales) sale.amount))
                                      let report = {total: total, count: len(data.sales)}
Modules & Imports
                                      format(report, 'json')
Import Syntax:
                                 Function Definition:
import module_name;
import .relative_module;
                                 // P fn factorial(n: int) -> int {
                                 // I1
import alias: module_name;
                                          if (n \le 1) 1 else n * factorial(n - 1)
import mod1, mod2, alias: mod3;
                                 // M1 2
Module Usage Example:
                                      Element Creation:
// In math_utils.ls:
                                      let article = <article title:"My Article"</pre>
pub PI = 3.14159;
                                          <h1 "Introduction">
pub fn square(x) \Rightarrow x * x;
                                          // In main.ls:
                                      format(article, 'html')
import math: .math_utils;
let area = math.PI * math.square(radius);
Error Handling
Creating Errors:
error("Something went wrong")
                                 // Create error value
Error Checking:
let result = risky_operation();
if (result is error) { print("Error:"
                                      result) }
else { print("Success:", result) }
Advanced Features
Pattern Matching:
                                      // Array destructuring
let [first, second, ...rest] = array;
let {name, age} = person;
                                       // Map destructuring
Type Declarations:
type User = {name: string, age: int};
                                       // Object type
type Point = (float, float);
                                       // Tuple type
type Result = int | error;
                                       // Union type
Comprehensions - Complex data
processing:
(let data = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5],
let filtered = (for (x in data) if (x \% 2 == 0) x else 0),
let doubled = (for (x in filtered) x * 2), doubled)
Operator Precedence (High
to Low)
  1. () [] . - Primary expressions
  2. - + not - Unary operators
  3. ^ - Exponentiation
  4. * / \_/ % - Multiplicative
  5. + - - Additive
  6. <<=>>= - Relational
  7. == != - Equality
  8. and - Logical AND
  9. or - Logical OR
 10. to - Range
 11. | & ! - Set operations
```

12. is in - Type operations