第二章作业

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Question

• 设以下模式类别具有正态概率密度函数:

 $-\omega_1:(0,0)^T,(2,0)^T,(2,2)^T,(0,2)^T$

 $-\omega_2:(4,4)^T,(6,4)^T,(6,6)^T,(4,6)^T$

(1) 设 $P(\omega_1) = P(\omega_2) = 1/2$, 求这两类模式之间的贝叶斯判别界面的方程式。

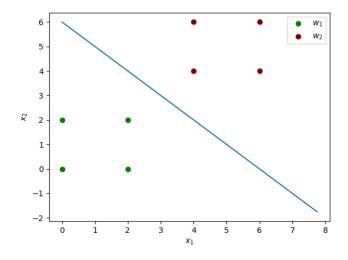
(2) 绘出判别界面。

• 编写两类正态分布模式的贝叶斯分类程序。(可选例题或上述作业题为分类模式)

Answer

• 判别方程式为: $-4.0 * x_1 - 4.0 * x_2 + 24.0 = 0$

• 判别界面:



• 代码如下:

```
import numpy as np
1
2
3
4
                class byers():
                    def ___init___(self):
5
                         self.w_1 = np.array([[0, 0], [2, 0], [2,
6
                            2], [0, 2]]
7
                         self.w_2 = np.array([[4, 4], [6, 4], [6,
                            [6], [4, 6]]
8
                         self.mean_1 = self.get_mean(self.w_1)
                         self.mean 2 = self. get mean(self.w 2)
                         self.cov = self._get_cov(self.w_1, self.
10
                            mean_1
11
12
                         self.w, self.b = self._get_line()
13
                         self._plot()
14
                    def __get__mean(self, x):
15
                        return np.mean(x, axis=0)
16
17
                    def __get__cov(self, x, m):
18
                        return np.matmul((x - m).T, x - m) / x.
19
                            shape [0]
20
                    def _matmul(self, x, y, z):
21
22
                        return np.matmul(np.matmul(x, y), z)
23
                    def __get__line(self):
24
                        cov_ = np.linalg.inv(self.cov)
25
                        b = 0.5 * (self._matmul(self.mean_2.T,
26
                            cov_, self.mean_2) - self._matmul(self.
                            mean_1.T, cov_, self.mean_1))
                        w = np.matmul((self.mean_1 - self.mean_2).
27
                            T, cov_)
                        line = 
28
```

```
for i, item in enumerate (w. data):
29
                                flag = '+' if item > 0 else''
30
                                line += flag + str(item) + '*x_' + str
31
                                    (i + 1)
                           flag = '+' if b > 0 else ''
32
33
                           line += flag + str(b)
                           print(line)
34
                           return w, b
35
36
                      def _plot(self):
37
38
                           import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
                           x_1 = [x[0] \text{ for } x \text{ in } self.w_1.data.obj]
39
                           y_1 = [x[1] \text{ for } x \text{ in } self.w_1.data.obj]
40
41
                           x_2 = [x[0] \text{ for } x \text{ in } self.w_2.data.obj]
42
                           y_2 = [x[1] \text{ for } x \text{ in } self.w_2.data.obj]
43
44
                           fig = plt.figure()
45
46
47
                           X = np.arange(0, 8, 0.25)
48
49
                           a1 = self.w.data[0]
50
                           a2 = self.w.data[1]
51
                           Y = (-a1 * X - self.b) / a2
52
53
54
                           plt.plot(X, Y)
55
                           plt.xlabel(r"$x_1$")
56
                           plt.ylabel(r"$x_2$")
57
                           plt.scatter(x_1, y_1, label=r'\$w_1\$',
58
                               color = (0., 0.5, 0.))
                           plt.scatter(x_2, y_2, label=r'\$w_2\$',
59
                               color = (0.5, 0., 0.)
                           plt.legend()
60
                           plt.show()
61
```

```
62
63
64 if <u>name</u> == '<u>main</u>':
65 byr = byers()
```