# Vlasiator test cases technical information Riemann1

### Yann Kempf

Updated on August 20, 2012

This document gives technical information on the Riemann1 test case.

#### 1 Purpose

This test's initial aim was to reproduce the standard MHD shock tube tests. As stated in my MSc thesis this could not succeed as kinetic effects affect the result, which is to be expected. Without having researched these aspects in depth yet it can be said that the features observed correspond to kinetic effects.

The shock tube tests roughly consist in setting up a one-dimensional system with a left and a right state with discontinuities in some variables between left and right. Rankine-Hugoniot jump conditions can be derived analytically at least for MHD.

#### 2 Implementation

The code gets a set of left and right states for all relevant variables. These are initialised depending on the sign of x. The struct riemannParameters defines an enum with LEFT and RIGHT which make reading the code a bit easier for these left/right states.

Boundary conditions are periodic in y and z. At x boundaries constant Maxwellian boundary conditions are applied.

## 3 Options

The options available in the cfg file are:

 rho [12]
 Number density (m<sup>-3</sup>)

 T[12]
 Temperature (K)

 V[xyz] [12]
 Velocity (m/s)

B[xyz] [12] Magnetic field (T), note that Bx should be constant usually

nSpaceSamples Number of sampling points along spatial dimensions within a spatial cell, includes the corners

(minimum 2)

nVelocitySamples Number of sampling points along velocity dimensions within a velocity cell, includes the

corners (minimum 2)