

5784. Redistribute Characters to Make All Strings Equal

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You are given an array of strings `words` (**0-indexed**).

In one operation, pick two **distinct** indices `i` and `j`, where `words[i]` is a non-empty string, and move **any** character from `words[i]` to **any** position in `words[j]`.

Return `true` if you can make **every** string in `words` **equal** using **any** number of operations, and `false` otherwise.

User Accepted:	0
User Tried:	0
Total Accepted:	0
Total Submissions:	0
Difficulty:	Easy

Example 1:

Input: `words = ["abc","aabc","bc"]`

Output: `true`

Explanation: Move the first 'a' in `words[1]` to the front of `words[2]`, to make `words[1] = "abc"` and `words[2] = "abc"`. All the strings are now equal to "abc", so return true.

Example 2:

Input: `words = ["ab","a"]`

Output: `false`

Explanation: It is impossible to make all the strings equal using the operation.

Constraints:

- `1 <= words.length <= 100`
- `1 <= words[i].length <= 100`
- `words[i]` consists of lowercase English letters.

Java



```
1 class Solution {  
2     public boolean makeEqual(String[] words) {  
3  
4     }  
5 }
```