

## 5406. Minimum Time to Collect All Apples in a Tree

[/ Submissions \(/contest/weekly-contest-188/problems/minimum-time-to-collect-all-apples-in-a-tree/submissions/\)](#)

[Back to Contest \(/contest/weekly-contest-188/\)](#)

Given an undirected tree consisting of  $n$  vertices numbered from 0 to  $n-1$ , which has some apples in their vertices. You spend 1 second to walk over one edge of the tree. *Return the minimum time in seconds you have to spend in order to collect all apples in the tree starting at **vertex 0** and coming back to this vertex.*

The edges of the undirected tree are given in the array `edges`, where `edges[i] = [fromi, toi]` means that exists an edge connecting the vertices `fromi` and `toi`. Additionally, there is a boolean array `hasApple`, where `hasApple[i] = true` means that vertex `i` has an apple, otherwise, it does not have any apple.

User Accepted: 2305

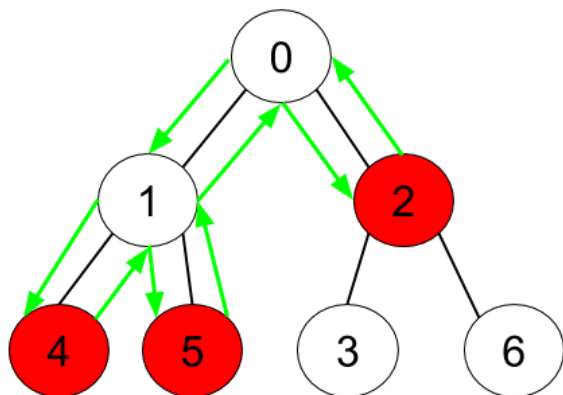
User Tried: 2771

Total Accepted: 2350

Total Submissions: 4053

Difficulty: **Medium**

### Example 1:

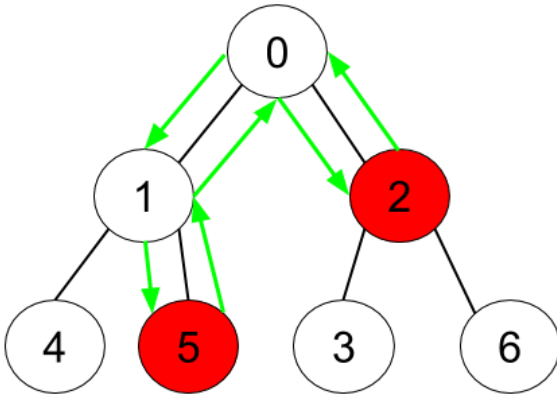


**Input:**  $n = 7$ , `edges = [[0,1],[0,2],[1,4],[1,5],[2,3],[2,6]]`, `hasApple = [false,false,true,`

`Output:` 8

**Explanation:** The figure above represents the given tree where red vertices have an apple.

### Example 2:



**Input:**  $n = 7$ ,  $edges = [[0,1],[0,2],[1,4],[1,5],[2,3],[2,6]]$ ,  $hasApple = [false,false,true,$   
**Output:** 6

**Explanation:** The figure above represents the given tree where red vertices have an apple.

### Example 3:

**Input:**  $n = 7$ ,  $edges = [[0,1],[0,2],[1,4],[1,5],[2,3],[2,6]]$ ,  $hasApple = [false,false,false,$   
**Output:** 0

### Constraints:

- $1 \leq n \leq 10^5$
- $edges.length == n-1$
- $edges[i].length == 2$
- $0 \leq from_i, to_i \leq n-1$
- $from_i < to_i$
- $hasApple.length == n$

JavaScript



```
1 /**
2  * @param {number} n
3  * @param {number[][]} edges
4  * @param {boolean[]} hasApple
5  * @return {number}
6  */
7 var minTime = function(n, edges, hasApple) {
8
9  };
```