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5768. Find the Student that Will Replace the Chalk

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There are n students in a class numbered from 0 to n-1. The teacher will give each student a problem starting with the student number $\,\emptyset$, then the student number $\,1$, and so on until the teacher reaches the student number n - 1. After that, the teacher will restart the process, starting with the student number 0 again.

You are given a **0-indexed** integer array chalk and an integer k. There are initially k pieces of chalk. When the student number i is given a problem to solve, they will use chalk[i] pieces of chalk to solve that problem. However, if the current number of chalk pieces is strictly less than chalk[i], then the student number i will be asked to replace the chalk.

Return the index of the student that will replace the chalk.

User Accepted:	0
User Tried:	0
Total Accepted:	0
Total Submissions:	0
Difficulty:	Medium

Example 1:

```
Input: chalk = [5,1,5], k = 22
Output: 0
Explanation: The students go in turns as follows:
- Student number 0 uses 5 chalk, so k = 17.
- Student number 1 uses 1 chalk, so k = 16.
- Student number 2 uses 5 chalk, so k = 11.
- Student number 0 uses 5 chalk, so k = 6.
- Student number 1 uses 1 chalk, so k = 5.
- Student number 2 uses 5 chalk, so k = 0.
Student number 0 does not have enough chalk, so they will have to replace it.
```

Example 2:

```
Input: chalk = [3,4,1,2], k = 25
Explanation: The students go in turns as follows:
- Student number 0 uses 3 chalk so k = 22.
- Student number 1 uses 4 chalk so k = 18.
- Student number 2 uses 1 chalk so k = 17.
- Student number 3 uses 2 chalk so k = 15.
- Student number 0 uses 3 chalk so k = 12.
- Student number 1 uses 4 chalk so k = 8.
- Student number 2 uses 1 chalk so k = 7.
- Student number 3 uses 2 chalk so k = 5.
- Student number 0 uses 3 chalk so k = 2.
Student number 1 does not have enough chalk, so they will have to replace it.
```

Constraints:

- chalk.length == n
- $1 \le n \le 10^5$
- 1 <= chalk[i] <= 10⁵
- $1 \le k \le 10^9$



```
1 | /**
   2
       * @param {number[]} chalk
       * @param {number} k
   3
       * @return {number}
   4
   5
       */
  6 v var chalkReplacer = function(chalk, k) {
   8
      };
☐ Custom Testcase
                        Use Example Testcases
                                                                                                                 Run
                                                                                                                            △ Submit
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```