(/) Explore(/explore/) Problems(/problemset/all/)













5961. Maximum Twin Sum of a Linked List

My Submissions (/contest/biweekly-contest-69/problems/maximum-twin-sum-of-a-linked-list/submissions/)

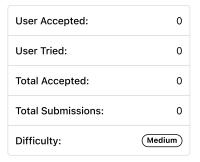
Back to Contest (/contest/biweekly-contest-69/)

In a linked list of size n, where n is even, the ith node (0-indexed) of the linked list is known as the twin of the $(n-1-i)^{th}$ node, if $0 \le i \le (n / 2) - 1$.

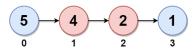
• For example, if n = 4, then node 0 is the twin of node 3, and node 1 is the twin of node 2. These are the only nodes with twins for n = 4.

The **twin sum** is defined as the sum of a node and its twin.

Given the head of a linked list with even length, return the maximum twin sum of the linked list.



Example 1:



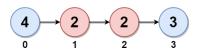
Input: head = [5,4,2,1]

Output: 6 **Explanation:**

Nodes 0 and 1 are the twins of nodes 3 and 2, respectively. All have twin sum = 6.

There are no other nodes with twins in the linked list. Thus, the maximum twin sum of the linked list is 6.

Example 2:



Input: head = [4,2,2,3]

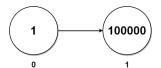
Output: 7 **Explanation:**

The nodes with twins present in this linked list are:

- Node 0 is the twin of node 3 having a twin sum of 4 + 3 = 7.
- Node 1 is the twin of node 2 having a twin sum of 2 + 2 = 4.

Thus, the maximum twin sum of the linked list is max(7, 4) = 7.

Example 3:



Input: head = [1,100000]

Output: 100001 **Explanation:**

There is only one node with a twin in the linked list having twin sum of 1 + 100000 = 100001.

Constraints:

- The number of nodes in the list is an **even** integer in the range [2, 10⁵].
- 1 <= Node.val <= 10⁵







```
1 v const getAllData = (list) ⇒> {
         let res = [];
  2
  3
         let current = list;
  4 ▼
         while (current) {
  5
             res.push(current.val);
  6
             current = current.next;
  7
  8
         return res;
  9
     };
 10
 11 v const pairSum = (head) ⇒ {
         let a = getAllData(head), n = a.length, res = Number.MIN_SAFE_INTEGER;
 12
 13
         for (let i = 0, j = n - 1; i < n >> 1; i++, j--) res = Math.max(res, a[i] + a[j]);
 14
         return res;
 15
    };
☐ Custom Testcase
                    Use Example Testcases
```

Submission Result: Accepted (/submissions/detail/615569543/) @

More Details > (/submissions/detail/615569543/)

Run

△ Submit

Share your acceptance!

Copyright @ 2022 LeetCode

Help Center (/support) | Jobs (/jobs) | Bug Bounty (/bugbounty) | Online Interview (/interview/) | Students (/student) | Terms (/terms) | Privacy Policy (/privacy)

United States (/region)