Given a **0-indexed** integer array nums of length n and an integer k, return the number of pairs (i, j) where 0 <= i < j < n, such that nums[i] == nums[j] and (i \* j) is divisible by k.

## Example 1:

```
Input: nums = [3,1,2,2,2,1,3], k = 2
Output: 4
Explanation:
There are 4 pairs that meet all the requirements:
- nums[0] == nums[6], and 0 * 6 == 0, which is divisible by 2.
- nums[2] == nums[3], and 2 * 3 == 6, which is divisible by 2.
- nums[2] == nums[4], and 2 * 4 == 8, which is divisible by 2.
- nums[3] == nums[4], and 3 * 4 == 12, which is divisible by 2.
```

## User Accepted: 0 **User Tried:** 0 Total Accepted: 0 **Total Submissions:** 0 Difficulty: (Easy)

## Example 2:

```
Input: nums = [1,2,3,4], k = 1
Output: 0
Explanation: Since no value in nums is repeated, there are no pairs (i,j) that meet all the requirements.
```

## **Constraints:**

- 1 <= nums.length <= 100
- 1 <= nums[i], k <= 100



□ Custom Testcase

Use Example Testcases

