## 5617. Goal Parser Interpretation

My Submissions (/contest/weekly-contest-218/problems/goal-parser-interpretation/submissions/) Back to Contest (/contest/weekly-contest-218/) You own a Goal Parser that can interpret a string command . The command consists of an alphabet of "G", "()" and/or " User Accepted: 0 (al)" in some order. The Goal Parser will interpret "G" as the string "G", "()" as the string "o", and "(al)" as the string "al". The interpreted strings are then concatenated in the original order. User Tried: 0 Given the string command, return the Goal Parser's interpretation of command. Total Accepted: 0 **Total Submissions:** 0 Example 1: Difficulty: (Easy)

```
Input: command = "G()(al)"
Output: "Goal"
Explanation: The Goal Parser interprets the command as follows:
G -> G
() -> 0
(al) -> al
The final concatenated result is "Goal".
```

## Example 2:

```
Input: command = "G()()()()(al)"
Output: "Gooooal"
```

## Example 3:

```
Input: command = "(al)G(al)()()G"
Output: "alGalooG"
```

## **Constraints:**

- 1 <= command.length <= 100
- command consists of "G", "()", and/or "(al)" in some order.

```
JavaScript
                                                                                                                              C
     * @param {string} command
2
     * @return {string}
3
 4
5 ▼
    const interpret = (command) => {
        let n = command.length;
 6
        let res = "";
 7
8 ▼
        for (let i = 0; i < n;) {
9 •
             if (command[i] == 'G') {
                 res += 'G';
10
11
                 i++;
            } else if (command[i] == '(') {
12 •
13 ▼
                 if (i + 1 < n) {
14
                     if (command[i + 1] == ')') {
15
                         res += 'o';
16
                         i += 2;
17 ▼
                     } else {
                         res += 'al';
18
19
                          i += 4;
20
                     }
21
                 }
            }
22
23
        }
24
        return res;
25
   };
```

☐ Custom Testcase

Use Example Testcases

≥;

ref=nb\_npl)

