

5683. Count Pairs Of Nodes

My Submissions (/contest/biweekly-contest-47/problems/count-pairs-of-nodes/submissions/)

Back to Contest (/contest/biweekly-contest-47/)

You are given an undirected graph represented by an integer `n` , which is the number of nodes, and `edges` , where `edges[i] = [ui, vi]` which indicates that there is an undirected edge between `ui` and `vi` . You are also given an integer array `queries` .

The answer to the `jth` query is the number of pairs of nodes (`a` , `b`) that satisfy the following conditions:

- `a < b`
- `cnt` is **strictly greater** than `queries[j]` , where `cnt` is the number of edges incident to `a` **or** `b` .

Return an array `answers` such that `answers.length == queries.length` and `answers[j]` is the answer of the `jth` query.

Note that there can be **repeated edges**.

User Accepted:	0
User Tried:	0
Total Accepted:	0
Total Submissions:	0
Difficulty:	Hard

Example 1:

The pair	Number of edges incident to at least one of the pair (cnt)
1,2	5
1,3	4
1,4	4
2,3	5
2,4	4
3,4	3

Input: `n = 4, edges = [[1,2],[2,4],[1,3],[2,3],[2,1]], queries = [2,3]`
Output: `[6,5]`
Explanation: The number of edges incident to at least one of each pair is shown above.

Example 2:

Input: `n = 5, edges = [[1,5],[1,5],[3,4],[2,5],[1,3],[5,1],[2,3],[2,5]], queries = [1,2,3,4,5]`
Output: `[10,10,9,8,6]`

Constraints:

- `2 <= n <= 2 * 104`
- `1 <= edges.length <= 105`
- `1 <= ui, vi <= n`
- `ui != vi`
- `1 <= queries.length <= 20`
- `0 <= queries[j] < edges.length`

TypeScript

```
1 function countPairs(n: number, edges: number[][], queries: number[]): number[] {
2
3   };
```