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# 6195. Maximum Deletions on a String

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You are given a string s consisting of only lowercase English letters. In one operation, you can:

- Delete the entire string s , or
- Delete the **first** i letters of s if the first i letters of s are **equal** to the following i letters in s, for any i in the range 1 <= i <= s.length / 2.

For example, if s = "ababc", then in one operation, you could delete the first two letters of s to get "abc", since the first two letters of s and the following two letters of s are both equal to "ab".

Return the *maximum* number of operations needed to delete all of s.

User Accepted:	0
User Tried:	0
Total Accepted:	0
Total Submissions:	0
Difficulty:	Hard

#### Example 1:

```
Input: s = "abcabcdabc"
Output: 2
Explanation:
- Delete the first 3 letters ("abc") since the next 3 letters are equal. Now, s = "abcdabc".
- Delete all the letters.
We used 2 operations so return 2. It can be proven that 2 is the maximum number of operations needed.
Note that in the second operation we cannot delete "abc" again because the next occurrence of "abc" does not happen in the next
```

## Example 2:

```
Input: s = "aaabaab"
Output: 4
Explanation:
- Delete the first letter ("a") since the next letter is equal. Now, s = "aabaab".
- Delete the first 3 letters ("aab") since the next 3 letters are equal. Now, s = "aab".
- Delete the first letter ("a") since the next letter is equal. Now, s = "ab".
- Delete all the letters.
We used 4 operations so return 4. It can be proven that 4 is the maximum number of operations needed.
```

# Example 3:

```
Input: s = "aaaaa"
Output: 5
Explanation: In each operation, we can delete the first letter of s.
```

### **Constraints:**

- 1 <= s.length <= 4000
- s consists only of lowercase English letters.

```
JavaScript
                                                                                                                               C
                                                                                                                         ďΣ
1 v const deleteString = (s) ⇒ {
2
        let n = s.length, dp = Array(n).fill(0);
        for (let i = n - 1; \sim i; i--) {
3 •
4
             let suf = s.slice(i), z = z_function(suf);
5
             dp[i] = 1;
6 ▼
             for (let j = 1; j \leftarrow suf.length / 2; j++) {
7
                 if (z[j] >= j) {
8
                     dp[i] = Math.max(dp[i], dp[i + j] + 1);
9
            }
10
11
        }
12
        return dp[0];
13
    };
14
15 v const z_function = (s) ⇒ {
```

```
16
        let n = s.length, l = 0, r = 0, z = Array(n).fill(0);
        for (let i = 1; i < n; i++) {
17
            if (i <= r) z[i] = Math.min(r - i + 1, z[i - l]);
18
19
            while (i + z[i] < n \& s[z[i]] == s[i + z[i]]) z[i]++;
20 🔻
            if (i + z[i] - 1 > r) {
21
                l = i;
22
                r = i + z[i] - 1;
23
            }
24
        }
25
        return z;
26
    };
```

 $\ \square$  Custom Testcase

Use Example Testcases

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