5999. Count Good Triplets in an Array

My Submissions (/contest/biweekly-contest-72/problems/count-good-triplets-in-an-array/submissions/) Back to Contest (/contest/biweekly-contest-72/) You are given two 0-indexed arrays nums1 and nums2 of length n, both of which are permutations of [0, 1, ..., User Accepted: 0 n - 1]. User Tried: 0 A good triplet is a set of 3 distinct values which are present in increasing order by position both in nums1 and nums 2. In other words, if we consider $pos1_v$ as the index of the value v in nums 1 and $pos2_v$ as the index of the 0 **Total Accepted:** value v in nums2, then a good triplet will be a set (x, y, z) where $0 \le x, y, z \le n - 1$, such that $pos1_x < x$ $pos1_y < pos1_z$ and $pos2_x < pos2_y < pos2_z$. **Total Submissions:** 0 Return the total number of good triplets. Difficulty: (Hard)

Example 1:

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Input: nums1 = [2,0,1,3], nums2 = [0,1,2,3]
Output: 1
Explanation:
There are 4 triplets (x,y,z) such that pos1_x < pos1_y < pos1_z. They are (2,0,1), (2,0,3), (2,1,3), and (0,1,3).
Out of those triplets, only the triplet (0,1,3) satisfies pos2_x < pos2_y < pos2_z. Hence, there is only 1 good triplet.
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Example 2:

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Input: nums1 = [4,0,1,3,2], nums2 = [4,1,0,2,3]
Output: 4
Explanation: The 4 good triplets are (4,0,3), (4,0,2), (4,1,3), and (4,1,2).
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Constraints:

- n == nums1.length == nums2.length
- $3 <= n <= 10^5$
- 0 <= nums1[i], nums2[i] <= n 1
- nums1 and nums2 are permutations of [0, 1, ..., n − 1].