

6290. Maximize the Minimum Powered City

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You are given a **0-indexed** integer array `stations` of length `n`, where `stations[i]` represents the number of power stations in the i^{th} city.

Each power station can provide power to every city in a fixed **range**. In other words, if the range is denoted by `r`, then a power station at city `i` can provide power to all cities `j` such that $|i - j| \leq r$ and $0 \leq i, j \leq n - 1$.

- Note that $|x|$ denotes **absolute** value. For example, $|7 - 5| = 2$ and $|3 - 10| = 7$.

The **power** of a city is the total number of power stations it is being provided power from.

The government has sanctioned building `k` more power stations, each of which can be built in any city, and have the same range as the pre-existing ones.

Given the two integers `r` and `k`, return the **maximum possible minimum power** of a city, if the additional power stations are built optimally.

Note that you can build the `k` power stations in multiple cities.

User Accepted:	0
User Tried:	0
Total Accepted:	0
Total Submissions:	0
Difficulty:	Hard

Example 1:

Input: `stations = [1,2,4,5,0]`, `r = 1`, `k = 2`

Output: 5

Explanation:

One of the optimal ways is to install both the power stations at city 1. So stations will become `[1,4,4,5,0]`.

- City 0 is provided by $1 + 4 = 5$ power stations.
- City 1 is provided by $1 + 4 + 4 = 9$ power stations.
- City 2 is provided by $4 + 4 + 5 = 13$ power stations.
- City 3 is provided by $5 + 4 = 9$ power stations.
- City 4 is provided by $5 + 0 = 5$ power stations.

So the minimum power of a city is 5. Since it is not possible to obtain a larger power, we return 5.

Example 2:

Input: `stations = [4,4,4,4]`, `r = 0`, `k = 3`

Output: 4

Explanation:

It can be proved that we cannot make the minimum power of a city greater than 4.

Constraints:

- `n == stations.length`
- $1 \leq n \leq 10^5$
- $0 \leq stations[i] \leq 10^5$
- $0 \leq r \leq n - 1$
- $0 \leq k \leq 10^9$

JavaScript

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```
1 const preSum = (a) => { let pre = [0]; for (let i = 0; i < a.length; i++) { pre.push(pre[i] + a[i]); } return pre; };
2 const subArraySum = (a, l, r) => a[r + 1] - a[l];
3
4 let a, n, r, k, pre, p;
5 const maxPower = (A, R, K) => {
6   a = A, r = R, k = K, n = a.length, pre = preSum(a), p = compute();
7   return BinarySearch(0, 2e10);
8 };
9
10 const compute = () => {
11   let p = Array(n).fill(0);
12   for (let i = 0; i < n; i++) {
13     let L = Math.max(0, i - r), R = Math.min(n - 1, i + r);
```

```

14     let rangeSum = subArraySum(pre, L, R);
15     p[i] = rangeSum;
16 }
17 return p;
18 };
19
20 const BinarySearch = (low, high) => {
21     while (low <= high) {
22         let mid = low + parseInt((high - low) / 2);
23         if (possible(mid)) {
24             low = mid + 1;
25         } else {
26             high = mid - 1;
27         }
28     }
29     return high;
30 };
31
32 const cover = (r) => 2 * r + 1;
33
34 const possible = (v) => {
35     let d = Array(n + 1).fill(0), cur = 0, sum = 0;
36     for (let i = 0; i < n; i++) {
37         cur += d[i];
38         if (cur + p[i] < v) {
39             let needPower = v - p[i] - cur;
40             sum += needPower;
41             let idx = Math.min(i + cover(r), n);
42             d[idx] -= needPower;
43             cur += needPower;
44         }
45     }
46     return sum <= k;
47 };

```

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