ref=nb\_npl)





# 5939. K Radius Subarray Averages

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You are given a **0-indexed** array nums of n integers, and an integer k.

The k-radius average for a subarray of nums centered at some index i with the radius k is the average of all elements in nums between the indices i - k and i + k (inclusive). If there are less than k elements before or after the index i, then the k-radius average is -1.

Build and return an array avgs of length n where avgs[i] is the k-radius average for the subarray centered at index i.

The average of x elements is the sum of the x elements divided by x, using integer division. The integer division truncates toward zero, which means losing its fractional part.

0 **User Accepted:** 0 **User Tried:** 0 **Total Accepted:** 0 **Total Submissions:** Medium Difficulty:

• For example, the average of four elements 2, 3, 1, and 5 is (2 + 3 + 1 + 5) / 4 = 11 / 4 = 3.75, which truncates to 3.

#### Example 1:



**Input:** nums = [7,4,3,9,1,8,5,2,6], k = 3

**Output:** [-1,-1,-1,5,4,4,-1,-1,-1]

### **Explanation:**

- avg[0], avg[1], and avg[2] are -1 because there are less than k elements before each index.
- The sum of the subarray centered at index 3 with radius 3 is: 7 + 4 + 3 + 9 + 1 + 8 + 5 = 37. Using integer division, avg[3] = 37 / 7 = 5.
- For the subarray centered at index 4, avg[4] = (4 + 3 + 9 + 1 + 8 + 5 + 2) / 7 = 4.
- For the subarray centered at index 5, avg[5] = (3 + 9 + 1 + 8 + 5 + 2 + 6) / 7 = 4.
- avg[6], avg[7], and avg[8] are -1 because there are less than k elements after each index.

## Example 2:

**Input:** nums = [100000], k = 0 **Output:** [100000] **Explanation:** - The sum of the subarray centered at index 0 with radius 0 is: 100000. avg[0] = 100000 / 1 = 100000.

# Example 3:

**Input:** nums = [8], k = 100000 Output: [-1] **Explanation:** - avg[0] is -1 because there are less than k elements before and after index 0.

### Constraints:

- n == nums.length
- 1 <= n <= 10<sup>5</sup>
- $0 \le nums[i], k \le 10^5$





```
1 | const preSum = (a) => { let pre = [0]; for (let i = 0; i < a.length; i++) { pre.push(pre[i] + a[i]); } return pre;
    };
 2
 3 ▼
    const getAverages = (a, k) \Rightarrow \{
        let n = a.length, pre = preSum(a), res = [];
        // pr(pre);
 5
 6 ▼
        for (let i = 0; i < n; i++) {
 7 ▼
            if (i < k) {
 8
                 res.push(-1);
 9
                 continue;
10
            let l = i - k, r = i + k, sum = pre[r + 1] - pre[l], len = 2 * k + 1;
11
            if (a[1] == undefined || a[r] == undefined) {
12 ▼
13
                 res.push(-1);
14
                 continue;
15
16
            let avg = parseInt(sum / len);
             // pr(l, r, "sum", sum, "len", len, "avg", avg);
17
18
            res.push(avg);
19
20
        return res;
    };
21
```

□ Custom Testcase

Use Example Testcases

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