5981. All Divisions With the Highest Score of a Binary Array

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User Accepted:	0
User Tried:	0
Total Accepted:	0
Total Submissions:	0
Difficulty:	Medium

You are given a **0-indexed** binary array `nums` of length `n`. `nums` can be divided at index `i` (where `0 <= i <= n`) into two arrays (possibly empty) $nums_{left}$ and $nums_{right}$:

- $nums_{left}$ has all the elements of `nums` between index `0` and `i - 1` **(inclusive)**, while $nums_{right}$ has all the elements of nums between index `i` and `n - 1` **(inclusive)**.
- If `i == 0`, $nums_{left}$ is **empty**, while $nums_{right}$ has all the elements of `nums`.
- If `i == n`, $nums_{left}$ has all the elements of nums, while $nums_{right}$ is **empty**.

The **division score** of an index `i` is the **sum** of the number of `0`'s in $nums_{left}$ and the number of `1`'s in $nums_{right}$.

Return ***all distinct indices*** *that have the* ***highest*** *possible* ***division score***. You may return the answer in **any order**.

Example 1:

```
Input: nums = [0,0,1,0]
Output: [2,4]
Explanation: Division at index
- 0: nums_left is []. nums_right is [0,0,1,0]. The score is 0 + 1 = 1.
- 1: nums_left is [0]. nums_right is [0,1,0]. The score is 1 + 1 = 2.
- 2: nums_left is [0,0]. nums_right is [1,0]. The score is 2 + 1 = 3.
- 3: nums_left is [0,0,1]. nums_right is [0]. The score is 2 + 0 = 2.
- 4: nums_left is [0,0,1,0]. nums_right is []. The score is 3 + 0 = 3.
Indices 2 and 4 both have the highest possible division score 3.
Note the answer [4,2] would also be accepted.
```

Example 2:

```
Input: nums = [0,0,0]
Output: [3]
Explanation: Division at index
- 0: nums_left is []. nums_right is [0,0,0]. The score is 0 + 0 = 0.
- 1: nums_left is [0]. nums_right is [0,0]. The score is 1 + 0 = 1.
- 2: nums_left is [0,0]. nums_right is [0]. The score is 2 + 0 = 2.
- 3: nums_left is [0,0,0]. nums_right is []. The score is 3 + 0 = 3.
Only index 3 has the highest possible division score 3.
```

Example 3:

```
Input: nums = [1,1]
Output: [0]
Explanation: Division at index
- 0: nums_left is []. nums_right is [1,1]. The score is 0 + 2 = 2.
- 1: nums_left is [1]. nums_right is [1]. The score is 0 + 1 = 1.
- 2: nums_left is [1,1]. nums_right is []. The score is 0 + 0 = 0.
Only index 0 has the highest possible division score 2.
```

Constraints:

- `n == nums.length`
- `1 <= n <= 10^5`
- `nums[i]` is either `0` or `1`.

Java

```
class Solution {
    public List<Integer> maxScoreIndices(int[] nums) {

    }
}
```

Custom Testcase Use Example Testcases

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