

5743. Incremental Memory Leak

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You are given two integers `memory1` and `memory2` representing the available memory in bits on two memory sticks. There is currently a faulty program running that consumes an increasing amount of memory every second.

At the  $i^{th}$  second (starting from 1),  $i$  bits of memory are allocated to the stick with **more available memory** (or from the first memory stick if both have the same available memory). If neither stick has at least  $i$  bits of available memory, the program **crashes**.

Return an array containing `[crashTime, memory1crash, memory2crash]`, where `crashTime` is the time (in seconds) when the program crashed and `memory1crash` and `memory2crash` are the available bits of memory in the first and second sticks respectively.

User Accepted:	0
User Tried:	0
Total Accepted:	0
Total Submissions:	0
Difficulty:	Medium

Example 1:

**Input:** `memory1 = 2, memory2 = 2`  
**Output:** `[3,1,0]`  
**Explanation:** The memory is allocated as follows:

- At the 1<sup>st</sup> second, 1 bit of memory is allocated to stick 1. The first stick now has 1 bit of available memory.
- At the 2<sup>nd</sup> second, 2 bits of memory are allocated to stick 2. The second stick now has 0 bits of available memory.
- At the 3<sup>rd</sup> second, the program crashes. The sticks have 1 and 0 bits available respectively.

Example 2:

**Input:** `memory1 = 8, memory2 = 11`  
**Output:** `[6,0,4]`  
**Explanation:** The memory is allocated as follows:

- At the 1<sup>st</sup> second, 1 bit of memory is allocated to stick 2. The second stick now has 10 bit of available memory.
- At the 2<sup>nd</sup> second, 2 bits of memory are allocated to stick 2. The second stick now has 8 bits of available memory.
- At the 3<sup>rd</sup> second, 3 bits of memory are allocated to stick 1. The first stick now has 5 bits of available memory.
- At the 4<sup>th</sup> second, 4 bits of memory are allocated to stick 2. The second stick now has 4 bits of available memory.
- At the 5<sup>th</sup> second, 5 bits of memory are allocated to stick 1. The first stick now has 0 bits of available memory.
- At the 6<sup>th</sup> second, the program crashes. The sticks have 0 and 4 bits available respectively.

Constraints:

- $0 \leq \text{memory1}, \text{memory2} \leq 2^{31} - 1$

C++

```
1 class Solution {
2     public:
3     vector<int> memLeak(int memory1, int memory2) {
4
5     }
6 };
```