

5715. Minimum Number of Operations to Reinitialize a Permutation

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You are given an **even** integer n . You initially have a permutation `perm` of size n where `perm[i] == i` (**0-indexed**).

In one operation, you will create a new array `arr`, and for each `i`:

- If $i \% 2 == 0$, then $arr[i] = perm[i / 2]$.
- If $i \% 2 == 1$, then $arr[i] = perm[n / 2 + (i - 1) / 2]$.

You will then assign `arr` to `perm`.

Return the minimum **non-zero** number of operations you need to perform on `perm` to return the permutation to its initial value.

User Accepted:	0
User Tried:	0
Total Accepted:	0
Total Submissions:	0
Difficulty:	Medium

Example 1:

Input: $n = 2$
Output: 1
Explanation: $prem = [0,1]$ initially.
 After the 1st operation, $prem = [0,1]$
 So it takes only 1 operation.

Example 2:

Input: n = 4
Output: 2
Explanation: prem = [0,1,2,3] initially.
 After the 1st operation, prem = [0,2,1,3]
 After the 2nd operation, prem = [0,1,2,3]
 So it takes only 2 operations.

Example 3:

Input: $n = 6$
Output: 4

Constraints:

- $2 \leq n \leq 1000$
- n is even.

Java



```
1 class Solution {
2     public int reinitializePermutation(int n) {
3
4     }
5 }
```