



ref=nb_npl)





5989. Count Elements With Strictly Smaller and Greater Elements

My Submissions (/contest/weekly-contest-277/problems/count-elements-with-strictly-smaller-and-greater-elements/submissions/)

Back to Contest (/contest/weekly-contest-277/)

Given an integer array nums, return the number of elements that have both a strictly smaller and a strictly greater element appear in nums .

User Accepted: 0 **User Tried:** 0

Example 1:

Input: nums = [11,7,2,15]Output: 2

Explanation: The element 7 has the element 2 strictly smaller than it and the element 1Element 11 has element 7 strictly smaller than it and element 15 strictly greater than In total there are 2 elements having both a strictly smaller and a strictly greater ele nums.

Total Accepted:	0
Total Submissions:	0
Difficulty:	Easy

Example 2:

Input: nums = [-3,3,3,90]Output: 2

Explanation: The element 3 has the element -3 strictly smaller than it and the element 90 strictly greater than it. Since there are two elements with the value 3, in total there are 2 elements having both a strictly smaller and a strict

Constraints:

- 1 <= nums.length <= 100
- $-10^5 \le nums[i] \le 10^5$

```
JavaScript
    const counter = (a_{or_s}) \Rightarrow \{ let m = new Map(); for (const x of a_{or_s}) m.set(x, m.get(x) + 1 || 1); return m; \};
    const stmkey_in = (m) => new Map([...m].sort((x, y) => x[0] - y[0]));
 4 ▼
    const countElements = (a) => {
 5
        let m = counter(a);
 6
        m = stmkey_in(m);
 7
        let res = 0, i = 0, len = m.size;
 8 ▼
        for (const [x, occ] of m) {
 9 •
             if (i != 0 && i != len - 1) {
10
                 res += occ;
11
12
             i++;
        }
13
14
        return res;
15
   };
```

