



5952. Rings and Rods

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ref=nb npl)

There are n rings and each ring is either red, green, or blue. The rings are distributed across ten rods labeled from 0 to 9.

You are given a string rings of length 2n that describes the n rings that are placed onto the rods. Every two characters in rings forms a color-position pair that is used to describe each ring where:

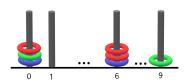
- The **first** character of the ith pair denotes the ith ring's **color** ('R', 'G', 'B').
- The **second** character of the ith pair denotes the **rod** that the ith ring is placed on ('0' to '9').

For example, "R3G2B1" describes n == 3 rings: a red ring placed onto the rod labeled 3, a green ring placed onto the rod labeled 2, and a blue ring placed onto the rod labeled 1.

Return the number of rods that have all three colors of rings on them.



Example 1:



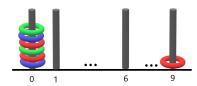
Input: rings = "B0B6G0R6R0R6G9"

Output: 1 **Explanation:**

- The rod labeled 0 holds 3 rings with all colors: red, green, and blue.
- The rod labeled 6 holds 3 rings, but it only has red and blue.
- The rod labeled 9 holds only a green ring.

Thus, the number of rods with all three colors is 1.

Example 2:



Input: rings = "B0R0G0R9R0B0G0"

Output: 1 **Explanation:**

- The rod labeled 0 holds 6 rings with all colors: red, green, and blue.
- The rod labeled 9 holds only a red ring.

Thus, the number of rods with all three colors is 1.

Example 3:

Input: rings = "G4"

Output: 0 **Explanation:**

Only one ring is given. Thus, no rods have all three colors.

Constraints:

- rings.length == 2 * n
- 1 <= n <= 100