

6900. Count Complete Subarrays in an Array

My Submissions (/contest/weekly-contest-356/problems/count-complete-subarrays-in-an-array/submissions/)

Back to Contest (/contest/weekly-contest-356/)

You are given an array `nums` consisting of **positive** integers.

We call a subarray of an array **complete** if the following condition is satisfied:

- The number of **distinct** elements in the subarray is equal to the number of distinct elements in the whole array.

Return the number of **complete** subarrays.

A **subarray** is a contiguous non-empty part of an array.

User Accepted:	0
User Tried:	0
Total Accepted:	0
Total Submissions:	0
Difficulty:	Medium

Example 1:

**Input:** `nums = [1,3,1,2,2]`  
**Output:** 4  
**Explanation:** The complete subarrays are the following: `[1,3,1,2]`, `[1,3,1,2,2]`, `[3,1,2]` and `[3,1,2,2]`.

Example 2:

**Input:** `nums = [5,5,5,5]`  
**Output:** 10  
**Explanation:** The array consists only of the integer 5, so any subarray is complete. The number of subarrays that we can choose

Constraints:

- `1 <= nums.length <= 1000`
- `1 <= nums[i] <= 2000`

JavaScript

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⚙️

```
1 const countCompleteSubarrays = (a) => {
2   let n = a.length, dis = new Set(a).size, res = 0;
3   for (let i = 0; i < n; i++) {
4     let se = new Set();
5     for (let j = i; j < n; j++) {
6       se.add(a[j]);
7       if (se.size == dis) res++;
8     }
9   }
10  return res;
11 };
```

☐ Custom Testcase

Use Example Testcases