

2074. Reverse Nodes in Even Length Groups

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You are given the head of a linked list.

The nodes in the linked list are **sequentially** assigned to **non-empty** groups whose lengths form the sequence of the natural numbers (1, 2, 3, 4, ...). The **length** of a group is the number of nodes assigned to it. In other words,

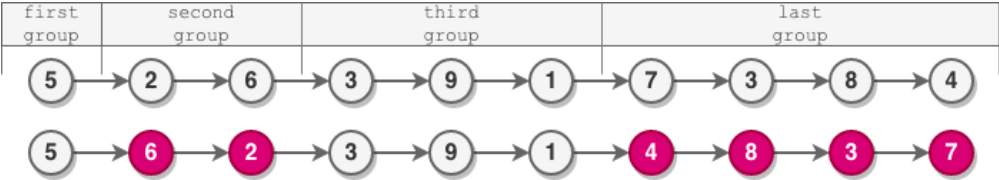
- The 1st node is assigned to the first group.
- The 2nd and the 3rd nodes are assigned to the second group.
- The 4th, 5th, and 6th nodes are assigned to the third group, and so on.

Note that the length of the last group may be less than or equal to 1 + the length of the second to last group.

Reverse the nodes in each group with an **even** length, and return the head of the modified linked list.

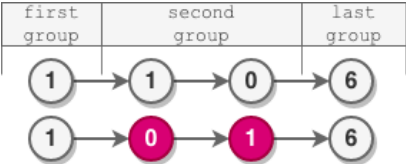
User Accepted:	1923
User Tried:	2443
Total Accepted:	2000
Total Submissions:	5492
Difficulty:	Medium

Example 1:



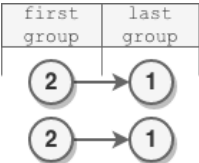
Input: head = [5,2,6,3,9,1,7,3,8,4]
Output: [5,6,2,3,9,1,4,8,3,7]
Explanation:
- The length of the first group is 1, which is odd, hence no reversal occurs.
- The length of the second group is 2, which is even, hence the nodes are reversed.
- The length of the third group is 3, which is odd, hence no reversal occurs.
- The length of the last group is 4, which is even, hence the nodes are reversed.

Example 2:



Input: head = [1,1,0,6]
Output: [1,0,1,6]
Explanation:
- The length of the first group is 1. No reversal occurs.
- The length of the second group is 2. The nodes are reversed.
- The length of the last group is 1. No reversal occurs.

Example 3:



Input: head = [2,1]**Output:** [2,1]**Explanation:**

- The length of the first group is 1. No reversal occurs.
- The length of the last group is 1. No reversal occurs.

Example 4:**Input:** head = [8]**Output:** [8]**Explanation:** There is only one group whose length is 1. No reversal occurs.**Constraints:**

- The number of nodes in the list is in the range $[1, 10^5]$.
- $0 \leq \text{Node.val} \leq 10^5$

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Java



```
1 /**
2  * Definition for singly-linked list.
3  * public class ListNode {
4  *     int val;
5  *     ListNode next;
6  *     ListNode() {}
7  *     ListNode(int val) { this.val = val; }
8  *     ListNode(int val, ListNode next) { this.val = val; this.next = next; }
9  * }
10 */
11 class Solution {
12     public ListNode reverseEvenLengthGroups(ListNode head) {
13
14     }
15 }
```

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