

6015. Count Array Pairs Divisible by K

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Given a **0-indexed** integer array `nums` of length `n` and an integer `k`, return the **number of pairs** (i, j) such that:

- $0 \leq i < j \leq n - 1$ and
- `nums[i] * nums[j]` is divisible by `k`.

User Accepted:	0
User Tried:	0
Total Accepted:	0
Total Submissions:	0
Difficulty:	Hard

Example 1:

Input: `nums = [1,2,3,4,5]`, `k = 2`
Output: 7
Explanation:
The 7 pairs of indices whose corresponding products are divisible by 2 are $(0, 1)$, $(0, 3)$, $(1, 2)$, $(1, 3)$, $(1, 4)$, $(2, 3)$, and $(3, 4)$.
Their products are 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 20 respectively.
Other pairs such as $(0, 2)$ and $(2, 4)$ have products 3 and 15 respectively, which are not divisible by 2.

Example 2:

Input: `nums = [1,2,3,4]`, `k = 5`
Output: 0
Explanation: There does not exist any pair of indices whose corresponding product is divisible by 5.

Constraints:

- $1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 10^5$
- $1 \leq \text{nums}[i], k \leq 10^5$

JavaScript

  

```
1 /**
2  * @param {number[]} nums
3  * @param {number} k
4  * @return {number}
5  */
6 var coutPairs = function(nums, k) {
7
8 };
```

☐ Custom Testcase

Use Example Testcases

Run

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