ref=nb npl)





5924. Minimum Cost Homecoming of a Robot in a Grid

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There is an m x n grid, where (0, 0) is the top-left cell and (m - 1, n - 1) is the bottom-right cell. You are given an integer array startPos where startPos = $[start_{row}, start_{col}]$ indicates that initially, a **robot** is at the cell ($start_{row}$, $start_{col}$). You are also given an integer array homePos where homePos = [home $_{row}$, home $_{col}$] indicates that its **home** is at the cell (home $_{row}$, home $_{col}$).

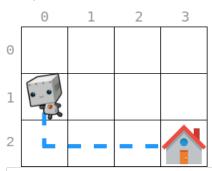
The robot needs to go to its home. It can move one cell in four directions: left, right, up, or down, and it can not move outside the boundary. Every move incurs some cost. You are further given two **0-indexed** integer arrays: rowCosts of length m and colCosts of length n.

- If the robot moves up or down into a cell whose row is r, then this move costs rowCosts[r].
- If the robot moves **left** or **right** into a cell whose **column** is c, then this move costs colCosts[c].

Return the *minimum total cost* for this robot to return home.

User Accepted:	924
User Tried:	1431
Total Accepted:	928
Total Submissions:	2605
Difficulty:	Medium

Example 1:



```
Input: startPos = [1, 0], homePos = [2, 3], rowCosts = [5, 4, 3], colCosts = [8, 2, 6, 7]
Output: 18
Explanation: One optimal path is that:
Starting from (1, 0)
-> It goes down to (2, 0). This move costs rowCosts[2] = 3.
-> It goes right to (2, 1). This move costs colCosts[1] = 2.
-> It goes right to (2, 2). This move costs colCosts[2] = 6.
-> It goes right to (2, 3). This move costs colCosts[3] = 7.
The total cost is 3 + 2 + 6 + 7 = 18
```

Example 2:

```
Input: startPos = [0, 0], homePos = [0, 0], rowCosts = [5], colCosts = [26]
Explanation: The robot is already at its home. Since no moves occur, the total cost is 0.
```

Constraints:

- m == rowCosts.length
- n == colCosts.length
- 1 <= m, n <= 10^5
- 0 <= rowCosts[r], colCosts[c] <= 10⁴
- startPos.length == 2
- homePos.length == 2
- 0 <= start_{row}, home_{row} < m
- 0 <= start_{col}, home_{col} < n

JavaScript 1 ▼ const minCost = (startPos, homePos, rowCosts, colCosts) => { let [sx, sy] = startPos, [hx, hy] = homePos, res = 0; 3 ▼ while (sx < hx) { 4 SX++; 5 res += rowCosts[sx]; 6 } 7 ▼ while (sx > hx) { 8 sx--; 9 res += rowCosts[sx]; 10 11 ▼ while (sy < hy) { 12 sy++; 13 res += colCosts[sy]; 14 15 ▼ while (sy > hy) { 16 17 res += colCosts[sy]; 18 19 return res; 20 }; ☐ Custom Testcase Use Example Testcases Run **△** Submit Submission Result: Accepted (/submissions/detail/593634527/) ? More Details > (/submissions/detail/593634527/) Share your acceptance! Copyright © 2021 LeetCode Help Center (/support) | Jobs (/jobs) | Bug Bounty (/bugbounty) | Online Interview (/interview/) | Students (/student) | Terms (/terms) | Privacy Policy (/privacy) United States (/region)