

5653. Number Of Rectangles That Can Form The Largest Square

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You are given an array `rectangles` where `rectangles[i] = [li, wi]` represents the *i*th rectangle of length `li` and width `wi`.

You can cut the *i*th rectangle to form a square with a side length of `k` if both `k ≤ li` and `k ≤ wi`. For example, if you have a rectangle `[4, 6]`, you can cut it to get a square with a side length of at most `4`.

Let `maxLen` be the side length of the **largest** square you can obtain from any of the given rectangles.

Return the **number** of rectangles that can make a square with a side length of `maxLen`.

User Accepted:	0
User Tried:	0
Total Accepted:	0
Total Submissions:	0
Difficulty:	Easy

Example 1:

Input: `rectangles = [[5,8],[3,9],[5,12],[16,5]]`

Output: `3`

Explanation: The largest squares you can get from each rectangle are of lengths `[5,3,5,5]`. The largest possible square is of length `5`, and you can get it out of `3` rectangles.

Example 2:

Input: `rectangles = [[2,3],[3,7],[4,3],[3,7]]`

Output: `3`

Constraints:

- `1 ≤ rectangles.length ≤ 1000`
- `rectangles[i].length == 2`
- `1 ≤ li, wi ≤ 109`
- `li != wi`

JavaScript





```
1 /**
2  * @param {number[][]} rectangles
3  * @return {number}
4  */
5 const countGoodRectangles = (rectangles) => {
6     let res = rectangles.map(x => Math.min(x[0], x[1]));
7     let max = Math.max.apply(Math, res);
8     return res.filter(x => x === max).length;
9 };
```

☐ Custom Testcase☒ Use Example Testcases

 Run

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Submission Result: **Accepted** (/submissions/detail/443908185/)  More Details  (/submissions/detail/443908185/)

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