ref=nb npl)



₽₽



# 5930. Two Furthest Houses With Different Colors

My Submissions (/contest/weekly-contest-268/problems/two-furthest-houses-with-different-colors/submissions/)

Back to Contest (/contest/weekly-contest-268/)

There are n houses evenly lined up on the street, and each house is beautifully painted. You are given a **0**indexed integer array colors of length n, where colors[i] represents the color of the  $i^{th}$  house.

Return the maximum distance between two houses with different colors.

The distance between the  $i^{th}$  and  $j^{th}$  houses is abs(i - j), where abs(x) is the **absolute value** of x.

User Accepted:	0
User Tried:	0
Total Accepted:	0
Total Submissions:	0
Difficulty:	Easy

### Example 1:



**Input:** colors =  $[\underline{1}, 1, 1, \underline{6}, 1, 1, 1]$ 

Output: 3

Explanation: In the above image, color 1 is blue, and color 6 is red. The furthest two houses with different colors are house 0 and house 3.

House 0 has color 1, and house 3 has color 6. The distance between them is abs(0-3) = 3.

Note that houses 3 and 6 can also produce the optimal answer.

#### Example 2:



**Input:** colors = [1,8,3,8,3]

Output: 4

Explanation: In the above image, color 1 is blue, color 8 is yellow, and color 3 is green.

The furthest two houses with different colors are house 0 and house 4. House 0 has color 1, and house 4 has color 3. The distance between them is abs(0-4)=4.

#### Example 3:

Input: colors =  $[\underline{0}, \underline{1}]$ 

Output: 1

Explanation: The furthest two houses with different colors are house 0 and house 1. House 0 has color 0, and house 1 has color 1. The distance between them is abs(0-1) = 1.

## Constraints:

- n == colors.length
- 2 <= n <= 100
- 0 <= colors[i] <= 100
- Test data are generated such that at least two houses have different colors.

