

6251. Count Palindromic Subsequences

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Given a string of digits *s*, return the number of **palindromic subsequences** of *s* having length 5. Since the answer may be very large, return it **modulo** $10^9 + 7$.

Note:

- A string is **palindromic** if it reads the same forward and backward.
- A **subsequence** is a string that can be derived from another string by deleting some or no characters without changing the order of the remaining characters.

User Accepted:	0
User Tried:	0
Total Accepted:	0
Total Submissions:	0
Difficulty:	Hard

Example 1:

Input: *s* = "103301"

Output: 2

Explanation:
There are 6 possible subsequences of length 5: "10330", "10331", "10301", "10301", "13301", "03301".
Two of them (both equal to "10301") are palindromic.

Example 2:

Input: *s* = "0000000"

Output: 21

Explanation: All 21 subsequences are "00000", which is palindromic.

Example 3:

Input: *s* = "9999900000"

Output: 2

Explanation: The only two palindromic subsequences are "99999" and "00000".

Constraints:

- $1 \leq s.length \leq 10^4$
- s* consists of digits.

JavaScript

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⚙️

```
1 const initialize2DArray = (n, m) => { let d = []; for (let i = 0; i < n; i++) { let t = Array(m).fill(0); d.push(t); }
  return d; };
2
3 const mod = 1e9 + 7;
4 const countPalindromes = (s) => {
5   let res = 0, n = s.length, cnt = Array(10).fill(0);
6   for (let i = 0; i < n; i++) {
7     let tot = 0;
8     for(let j = n-1; j > i; j--) {
9       if(s[i] == s[j]) {
10        res += tot * (j-i-1);
11        res %= mod;
12      }
13      tot += cnt[s[j] - '0'];
14    }
15    cnt[s[i] - '0']++;
16  }
17  return res;
18 };
19
```

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