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# 5717. Minimum Operations to Make the Array Increasing

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You are given an integer array nums (0-indexed). In one operation, you can choose an element of the array and increment it by 1.

• For example, if nums = [1,2,3], you can choose to increment nums [1] to make nums = [1,3,3].

Return the minimum number of operations needed to make nums strictly increasing.

An array nums is strictly increasing if nums[i] < nums[i+1] for all 0 <= i < nums.length - 1. An array of length 1 is trivially strictly increasing.



## Example 1:

```
Input: nums = [1,1,1]
Output: 3
Explanation: You can do the following operations:
1) Increment nums [2], so nums becomes [1,1,2].
2) Increment nums[1], so nums becomes [1,2,2].
3) Increment nums[2], so nums becomes [1,2,3].
```

## Example 2:

```
Input: nums = [1,5,2,4,1]
Output: 14
```

## Example 3:

```
Input: nums = [8]
Output: 0
```

## **Constraints:**

- 1 <= nums.length <= 5000
- $1 \le nums[i] \le 10^4$

```
JavaScript
                                                                                                                                                \mathfrak{C}
                                                                                                                                         क
1 \vee const minOperations = (a) => {
         let n = a.length;
3
         let res = 0;
 4 •
         for (let i = 1; i < n; i++) {
5
              let before = a[i];
 6
              if (a[i - 1] >= a[i]) {
                   a[i] = a[i - 1] + 1;
res += a[i] - before;
 7
 8
9
              }
10
         }
11
         return res;
12
    };
```

