# **Assignment 2**

# 1.1

用 A\* 搜索算法求解初始状态和目标状态如下图所示的 15 数码问题,写出算法过程。(PS: 只用写前 5 步和后 5 步完整状态,中间过程省略)

5	1	2	4
9	6	3	8
13	15	10	11
14	0	7	12

#### Ans:

### 前五步:

[5, 1, 2, 4]

[9, 6, 3, 8]

[13, 0, 10, 11]

[14, 15, 7, 12]

[5, 1, 2, 4]

[9, 6, 3, 8]

[13, 10, 0, 11]

[14, 15, 7, 12]

[5, 1, 2, 4]

[9, 6, 3, 8]

[13, 10, 7, 11]

[14, 15, 0, 12]

[5, 1, 2, 4]

[9, 6, 3, 8]

[13, 10, 7, 11]

[14, 0, 15, 12]

[5, 1, 2, 4]

[9, 6, 3, 8]

[13, 10, 7, 11]

[0, 14, 15, 12]

## 后五步:

[1, 2, 0, 4]

[5, 6, 3, 8]

[9, 10, 7, 11]

[13, 14, 15, 12]

[1, 2, 3, 4]

[5, 6, 0, 8]

[9, 10, 7, 11]

[13, 14, 15, 12]

[1, 2, 3, 4]

[5, 6, 7, 8]

[9, 10, 0, 11]

[13, 14, 15, 12]

[1, 2, 3, 4]

[5, 6, 7, 8]

[9, 10, 11, 0]

[13, 14, 15, 12]

[1, 2, 3, 4]

[5, 6, 7, 8]

[9, 10, 11, 12]

[13, 14, 15, 0]

# 1.2

在下图所示的博弈树中,进行α-β剪枝搜索,写出算法过程。

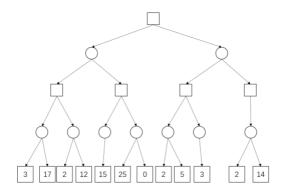
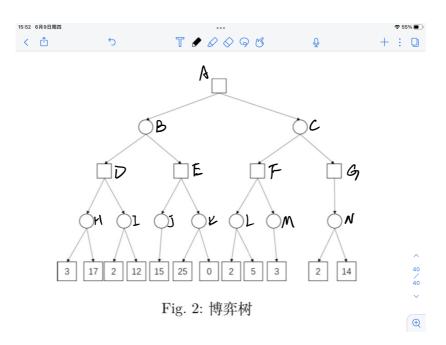


Fig. 2: 博弈树

Ans:



1. 在H点取min值,看其子节点,故返回b = 3,故D点的alpha为3

- 2. 看1点的子节点, 为2, 意味着1返回值不大于2, 故将1的右儿子剪枝
- 3. 在D点取max值,故返回a = 3,故B点的beta为3
- 4. 看」点唯一的子节点, 为15, 故 返回值为15
- 5. E点取max值,故其返回值至少大于15,故将E的右儿子剪枝
- 6. 在B点取min值, 故返回b = 3, 故A点的alpha为3
- 7. 看L点的子节点,为2,意味着L返回值不大于2(小于alpha),故将L的右儿子剪枝
- 8. L点返回b = 2, 看M点唯一的子节点, 为3, 故M点返回b = 3
- 9. F点取max值, 故返回a = 3
- 10. 看N点的子节点, 为2, 小于3, 故将N的右儿子剪枝
- 11. C点取min值, 故返回b = 2
- 12. A点取max值, 故返回3

# 1.3

如图 3 所示多层感知机模型,第一层是输入层,包含两个神经元: x1=0.08, x2=0.12 和偏置 b1; 第二层是隐藏层,包含两个神经元: h1, h2 和偏置项 b2; 第三层是输出: y1, y2。每条线上标的 wi, j是第 i 层第 j 个权重参数,激活函数是 sigmoid 函数(h 神经元之后),Loss 函数使用 MSE(均方误差)函数,真实标签 Label1 = 0.05, Label2 = 0.95,学习率  $\alpha=0.5$ ,求在经过一次反向传播后所有权重参数的值(写出计算过程)。

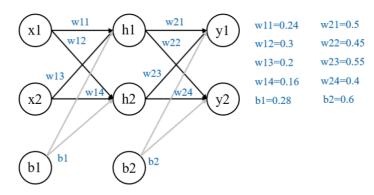


Fig. 3: MLP

#### Ans:

#### 前向传播:

$$net_h1 = x1*w11 + x2*w13 + b1 = 0.3232$$

$$net_h2 = x1*w12 + x2*w14 + b1 = 0.3232$$

out\_h1 = 
$$\frac{1}{1 + e^{-net}h^1}$$
 = 0.5801039

out\_h2 = 0.5801039

out\_y1 = 
$$\frac{1}{1 + e^{-net_{y1}}}$$
 = 0.7701413

 $out_y2 = 0.7489628$ 

#### 反向传播:

$$\mathsf{MSE\_1} = \tfrac{1}{2}(label_1 - out_{y1})^2 = \mathsf{0.2593017}$$

MSE\_2 = 
$$\frac{1}{2}(label_2 - out_{y2})^2$$
 = 0.0202079

$$\frac{\partial MSE}{\partial w_5} = \text{abs}(\frac{\partial MSE}{\partial out_{y1}} \ \frac{\partial out_{y1}}{\partial net_{y1}} \ \frac{\partial net_{y1}}{\partial w_5}) = (\text{label1 - out\_y1})(\text{out\_y1})(\text{1-out\_y1})(\text{out\_h1})$$

= 0.0739528

$$w_{21}^+$$
 = w21 -  $\alpha \frac{\partial MSE}{\partial w_{21}}$  = 0.463023

#### 同理可得

$$w_{22}^+$$
 = 0.4390364

$$w_{23}^+$$
 = 0.513023

$$w_{24}^+$$
 = 0.3890364

$$\begin{split} &\frac{\partial MSE}{\partial w_{11}} = \frac{\partial MSE}{\partial out_{h1}} \frac{\partial out_{h1}}{\partial net_{h1}} \frac{\partial net_{h1}}{\partial w_{11}} = \left(\frac{\partial MSE_1}{\partial out_{h1}} + \frac{\partial MSE_2}{\partial out_{h1}}\right) \frac{\partial out_{h1}}{\partial net_{h1}} \frac{\partial net_{h1}}{\partial w_{11}} \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(1 - e^{-net_{y1}}\right)^{-2} \left(-e^{-net_{y1}}\right) w_{21} + \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - e^{-net_{y2}}\right)^{-2} \left(-e^{-net_{y2}}\right) w_{22} \right) \text{(out\_h1)(1-out\_h1)(x1)} \end{split}$$

=0.0062793

故
$$w_{11}^+$$
 = w11 -  $\alpha rac{\partial MSE}{\partial w_{11}}$  = 0.2368603

#### 同理可得

$$\frac{\partial MSE}{\partial w_{12}}$$
 = 0.006205

$$\frac{\partial MSE}{\partial w_{13}} = 0.009419$$

$$\frac{\partial MSE}{\partial w_{14}} = 0.009308$$

$$w_{12}^+$$
 = 0.2968973

$$w_{13}^+$$
 = 0.1952904

$$w_{14}^+$$
 = 0.1553459

#### 最终参数为

$$w_{11}^+$$
 = 0.2368603

$$w_{12}^+$$
 = 0.2968973

$$w_{13}^+$$
 = 0.1952904

$$w_{14}^+$$
 = 0.1553459

$$w_{21}^+$$
 = 0.463023

$$w_{22}^+$$
 = 0.4390364

$$w_{23}^+$$
 = 0.513023

$$w_{24}^+$$
 = 0.3890364