



# Giordon Stark

Pronouns: he/him/point

## *Teaching Statement*

When I first came to Caltech in 2008, I researched the history of Richard Feynman's career at the school, and the one philosophy of his that resonated with me is "Lernen durch Lehren", learning by teaching. Feynman once said, "If you want to master something, teach it. A great way to learn is to teach." and I take it to heart. But honestly, I have always loved to teach. I take great pleasure in learning new concepts and explaining them to others, which helps reinforce what I learned. In a way, this is similar to a positive feedback loop and allows me to be self-critical, go back, and make sure I made no faulty assumptions or took anything for granted. On top of it all, I have had a relatively unique experience in academia (you should read my diversity statement!). I have always tried to mimic or imitate the teachers that I loved because those were the teachers who cared about students like me and ensured that I could access and understand the subject. My learned experience growing up as a deaf kid in oral schools gave me a mental checklist of guidelines for teaching others: be supportive, be humble, be kind, be accessible, be respectful, and be fun. I always feel like I can give back by being able to teach. The rest of this document will highlight how these tenets shape my role as an instructor: teaching through the American Red Cross, how I approached teaching classes at Caltech, some strategies I have employed as a Teaching Assistant at the University of Chicago, and my efforts to improve the software literacy of our members of the ATLAS Collaboration.

### Teaching Saves Lives

From the start of high school through to the end of my undergraduate studies at Caltech, I was an instructor and an instructor trainer with the American Red Cross (ARC) in the Palm Beach County (Florida) and San Gabriel Pomona Valley (California) chapters. I taught HIV/AIDS Peer Education, First Aid, and CPR to folks from all walks of life, cultures, and communities, and I also trained new instructors for the ARC. I found this incredibly rewarding since it allowed me to develop my public speaking skills and continually adapt my teaching style on the fly to fit the classroom. One notable example is when I traveled to Riveria Beach, FL, a predominantly poor neighborhood with little access to health prevention, to teach Infant/Child CPR/AED for new/young parents. I only had a few dozen previous classes under my belt when I ran into a roadblock. Usually, the instructor manual encourages explicitly you to teach the students to do compressions following that famous BeeGee song "Stayin' Alive" (admittedly a little tongue-in-cheek) because it has a 100 beats-per-minute rate. However, none of the parents knew that song, so we went through a list of artists they love, and someone mentioned they loved "Bohemian Rhapsody"; I asked if they knew Queen. They did, so I used "Another One Bites the Dust" as the song for them to follow along (yes, also tongue-in-cheek). I find that students retain the knowledge better when the class is stimulating and enjoyable for them.

### Teaching My Peers

At Caltech, I had the incredible opportunity through Dean John F. Hall to teach a class on Basic Web Programming in 2010 and 2011 [1] to my fellow peers! This class allowed me to reinforce the up-and-coming technologies in web programming (at the time, this was very bleeding edge) and try out different teaching styles that I thought would suit my personality. The class involved 3 hours of work each week, with 1.5 hours for hands-on lecture (using a "flipped classroom" approach) and 1.5 hours of take-home work. I used the feedback from the class in 2010 to update and revise the course plan for the 2011 iteration. Professor K. Mani Chandy sponsored the course in 2010, Professor Adam Wierman in 2011. The main goal with this class was to ensure that I wasn't just teaching pedagogy but that real-world examples informed the concepts. I

find it challenging to learn new ideas using unrealistic models or abstractions, so I wanted to teach the class the best way I thought students would understand. If something did not work, I took constructive criticism to develop a better course next time.

## Approachable Education

As a graduate student at The University of Chicago, I had the opportunity to lead recitation sections for the core physics and laboratory classes as a Teaching Assistant. I looked back at my time at Caltech, thought about my favorite TAs/sections, and applied those teaching styles to my curricula. For example, Harvey Newman would lead the advanced session (for Caltech's core physics course) packed with students who got ahead of the material for that week and craved for more. He would look for esoteric or tricky teasers and use that time to talk through them with a blackboard and reveal the way his brain approaches problems like these in physics. Looking back, I realize his goal was to impart critical thinking skills and recognize patterns. These skills proved to be more helpful than knowing how to calculate the magnetic field of an antenna shot out of a cannon of an electrically charged pirate ship in the Dead Sea. Steven Frautschi, on the other hand, taught through interactivity. He encouraged students to come up and work through the problems in real-time and provided feedback on the steps in our solution. I incorporated these tools into my lessons and led interactive sessions that had a mix of challenging and straightforward problems. I solicited real-time feedback and continually adjusted my lesson plan for that hour based on student engagement. I also imagined myself as a student in my classroom and thought about what resources I could provide as an instructor that would allow me, as a student, to be more engaged. I have made it a habit to always furnish a write-up/copy of my lecture notes to all students beforehand. I am also happy to provide some examples of these materials to the committee upon request.

## A Rising Tide Lifts All Boats

In the ATLAS experiment, a key ingredient to being a productive particle physicist is to have enough technical expertise to perform data analysis. In an international, scientific collaboration, sometimes that expertise or knowledge slips through the cracks. Sometimes the student who worked on the software for an analysis graduates out! Luckily there are modern tools and industry-wide systems at our disposal to ensure that continuity happens, but this requires teaching our colleagues new tricks [2, 3, 4]. Since I started working in particle physics, I have instructed students, postdocs, junior and senior faculty at all skill levels from all socioeconomic backgrounds. I have organized and hosted boot camps to spend time on various software skills and techniques necessary to address the computing challenges in High Energy Physics (HEP). Participants come out of these workshops equipped to pursue or further their own research goals. They also come out with transferable skills to careers both inside and outside of HEP. Not everyone has the same background. Our colleagues can collaborate with us on the codebase providing their perspectives and expertise. All that is needed is support with a core software training curriculum. I am grateful to teach as this is a way for me to network within a large scientific community like the ATLAS collaboration. As a postdoc, I have met many graduate students through these workshops that I mentor for their physics analysis or hardware efforts.

## My Teaching Philosophy

While I have not had a chance to teach a class as a postdoc at UC Santa Cruz, I would like to wrap up this statement by summarizing my approach if I am a professor at UC Berkeley. An essential aspect of my teaching philosophy is to recognize that all of us are involved in cutting-edge research, but we do not often share that passion in our classes. I will try to connect current research to the course material, although relating Hooke's law to non-perturbative views of hadronization in Quantum Chromodynamics is a stretch. Where possible, I will seek out various real-world examples to demonstrate the physics concepts I would be teaching to let my passion for physics shine through. Hands-on activities keep the students engaged and keep the class fun. I will support and expand physics outreach efforts in the local community, especially underrepresented populations, using my experience teaching particle physics to local schools via ATLAS Masterclass. Finally, I aim to keep my lectures approachable and accessible because I am acutely aware that my classrooms will be full of potential colleagues and students from all walks of life. I am satisfied when I can provide students with the same opportunities and access to education that I have been fortunate to receive.

## References

- [1] Giordon Stark. *Basic Web Programming Overview - PA70c*. Jan. 2010. URL: <https://mh-web3.caltech.edu/PDF/BasicWebProgramming.pdf>.
- [2] Sudhir Malik et al. "Software Training in HEP". In: *Computing and Software for Big Science* 5.1 (Oct. 2021), p. 22. ISSN: 2510-2044. DOI: 10.1007/s41781-021-00069-9. URL: <https://doi.org/10.1007/s41781-021-00069-9>.
- [3] Lukas Heinrich and Kyle Cranmer. *Analysis Preservation Bootcamp*. Feb. 2020. URL: <https://iris-hep.org/2020/02/17/analysis-preservation.html>.
- [4] GitLab. Oct. 2018. URL: <https://about.gitlab.com/customers/cern/>.