

Tutorial 3

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Agenda

- Assignment 2
- Bezier
 - Bezier Curve
 - Tangent
 - Bezier Surface
 - Normal
 - Stitching
 - Sampling
 - Differential
- Skeleton Code
 - Tea Party
- Demo

Related Lecture : Lecture05

Assignment 2

Programming Requirements

- **Must**

- [] Implementation of the basic iterative de Casteljau Bézier vertex evaluation algorithm is required. (25% **Must**)
- [] Construction of Bézier Surface with normal evaluation at each mesh vertex is required. (40% **Must**)
- [] Rendering a Bézier Surface in a OpenGL window based on vertices array is required. (5% **Must**)
- [] Tea party! Stitching multiple Bézier Surface patches together to create a complex meshes is required. (20% **Must**)

- **Bonus**

- [] Adaptive mesh construction based on the curvature estimation. (15% **Optional**)
- [] B-Spline / NURBS surfaces. (15% **Optional**)
- [] Interactive editing (by selection) of control points. (15% **Optional**)
- [] Make a Cut! Cut the bezier surface with a plane. (30% **Optional**)

Bézier Curve

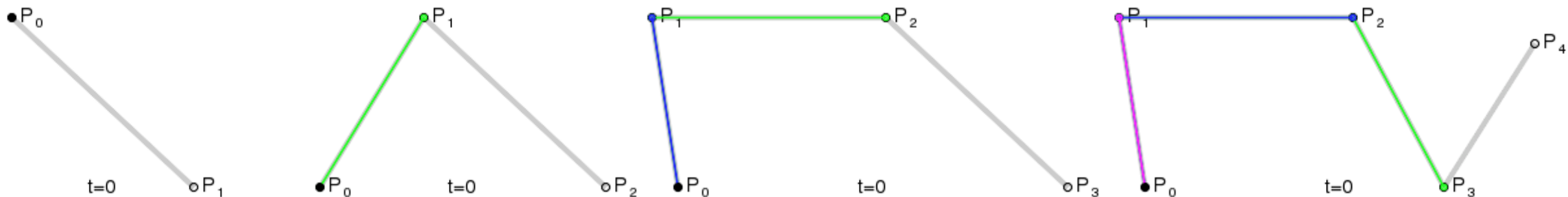
Explicit definition

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{B}(t) &= \sum_{i=0}^n \binom{n}{i} (1-t)^{n-i} t^i \mathbf{P}_i \\ &= (1-t)^n \mathbf{P}_0 + \binom{n}{1} (1-t)^{n-1} t \mathbf{P}_1 + \cdots + \binom{n}{n-1} (1-t) t^{n-1} \mathbf{P}_{n-1} + t^n \mathbf{P}_n, \quad 0 \leq t \leq 1\end{aligned}$$

Recursive definition

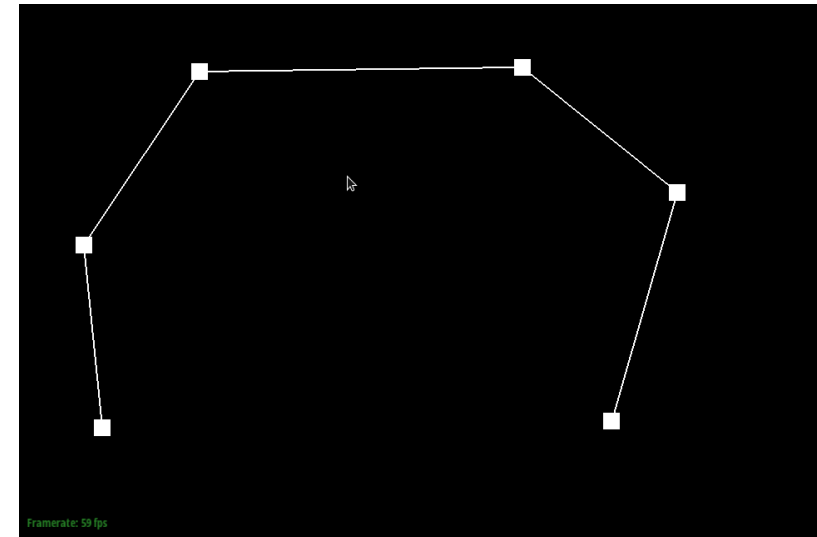
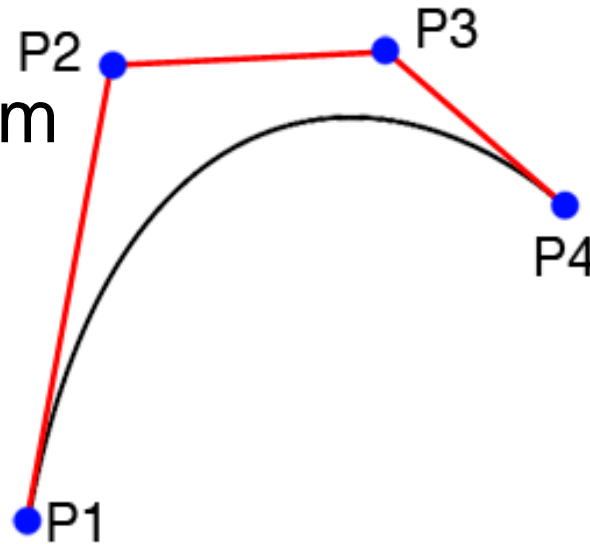
$\mathbf{B}_{\mathbf{P}_0}(t) = \mathbf{P}_0$, and

$$\mathbf{B}(t) = \mathbf{B}_{\mathbf{P}_0 \mathbf{P}_1 \dots \mathbf{P}_n}(t) = (1-t) \mathbf{B}_{\mathbf{P}_0 \mathbf{P}_1 \dots \mathbf{P}_{n-1}}(t) + t \mathbf{B}_{\mathbf{P}_1 \mathbf{P}_2 \dots \mathbf{P}_n}(t)$$

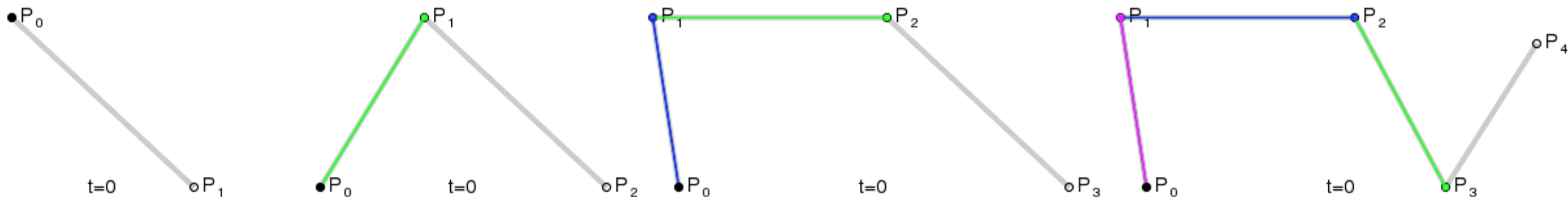


Bézier Curve Evaluation

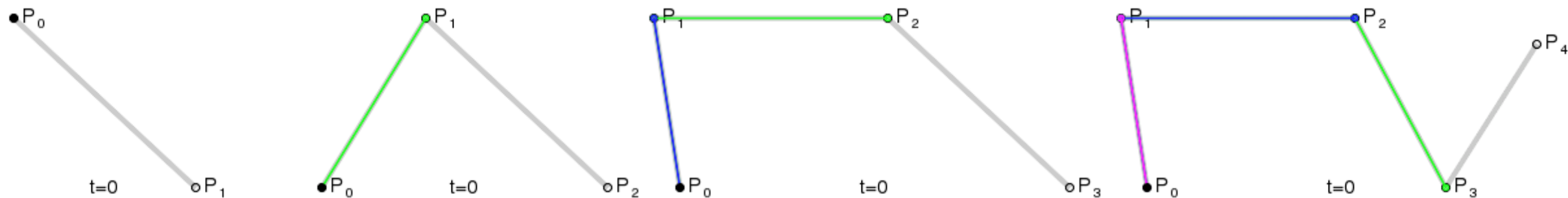
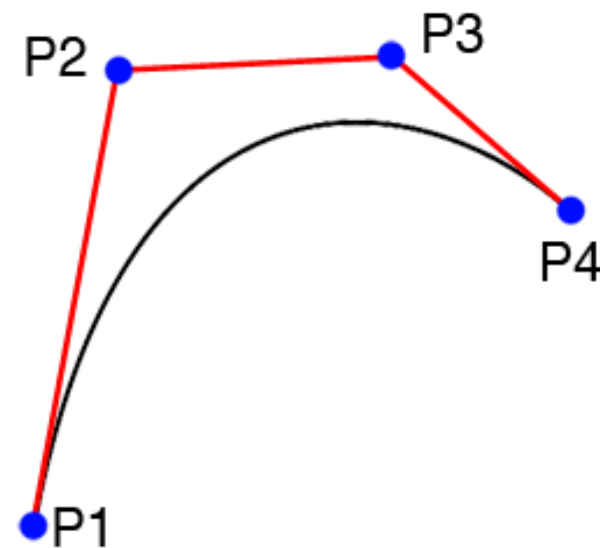
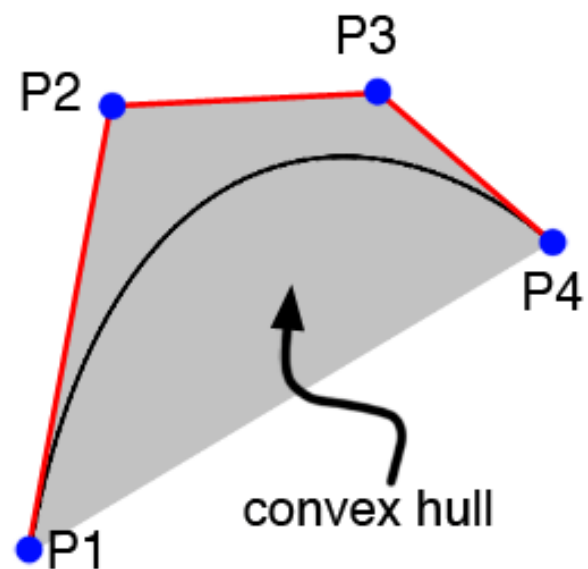
- A simple way: Compute each term in the explicit definition
 - numerical errors
- De Casteljau's Algorithm
 - Fast and stable



[v] Implementation of the basic iterative de Casteljau Bézier vertex evaluation algorithm is required. (25% **Must**)



Bézier Curve Tangent

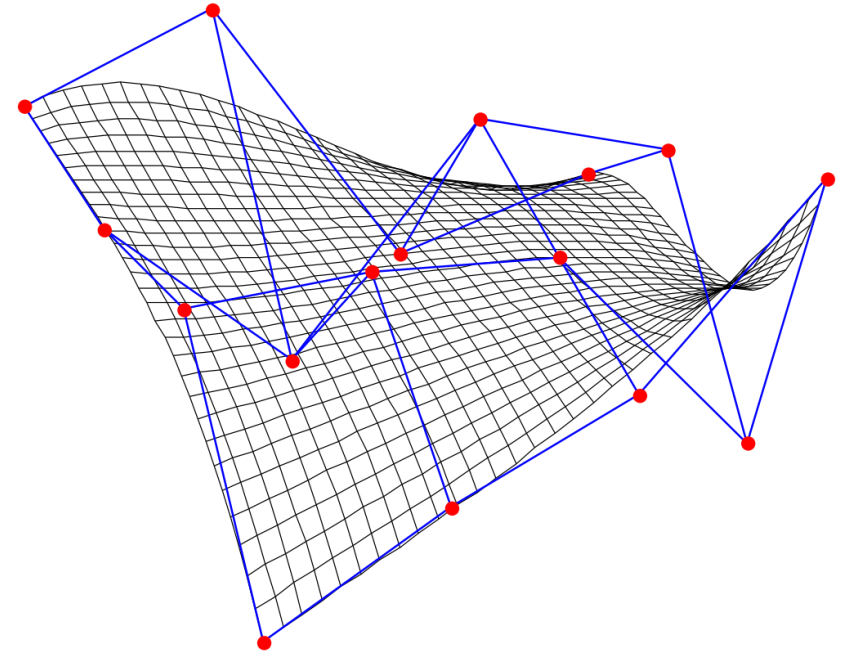


Bézier Surface

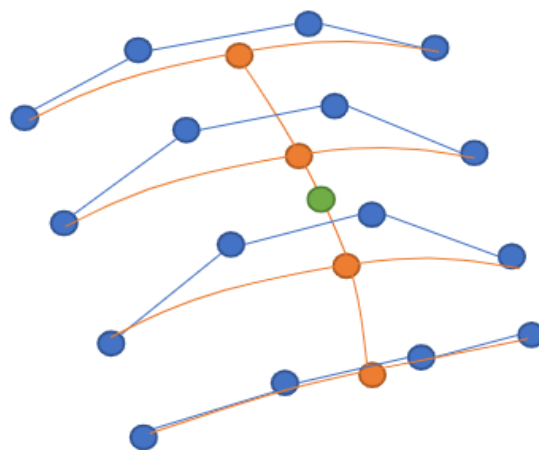
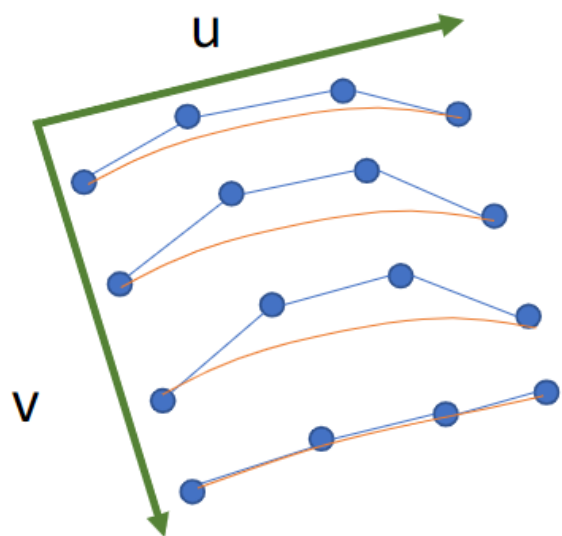
$$\mathbf{p}(u, v) = \sum_{i=0}^n \sum_{j=0}^m B_i^n(u) B_j^m(v) \mathbf{k}_{i,j}$$

Bernstein polynomial

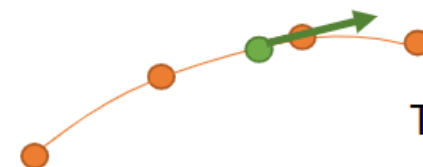
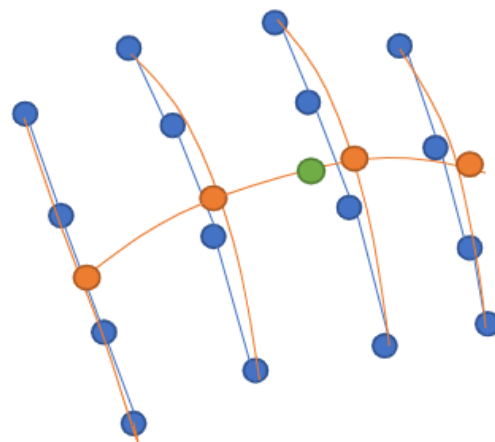
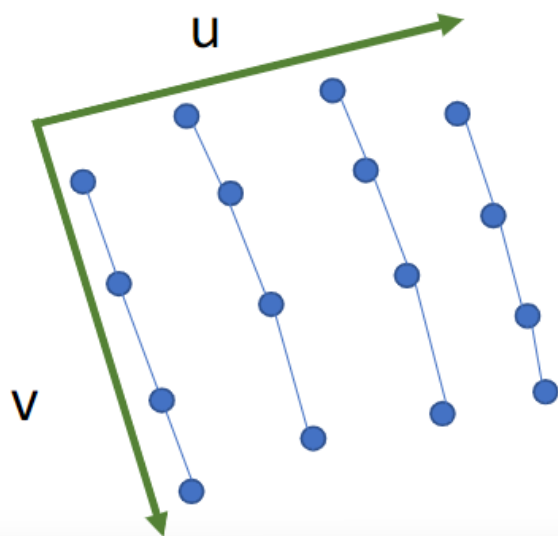
$$B_i^n(u) = \binom{n}{i} u^i (1 - u)^{n-i}$$



Bézier Surface Evaluation

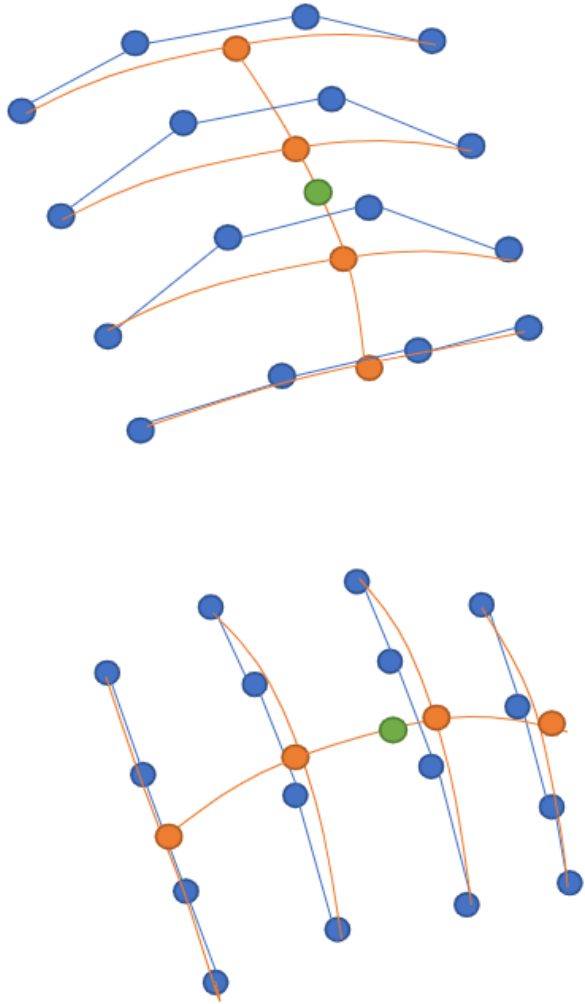


Tangent along v

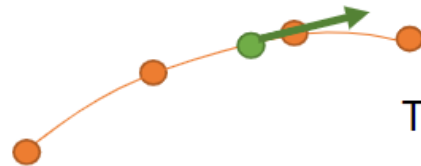


Tangent along u

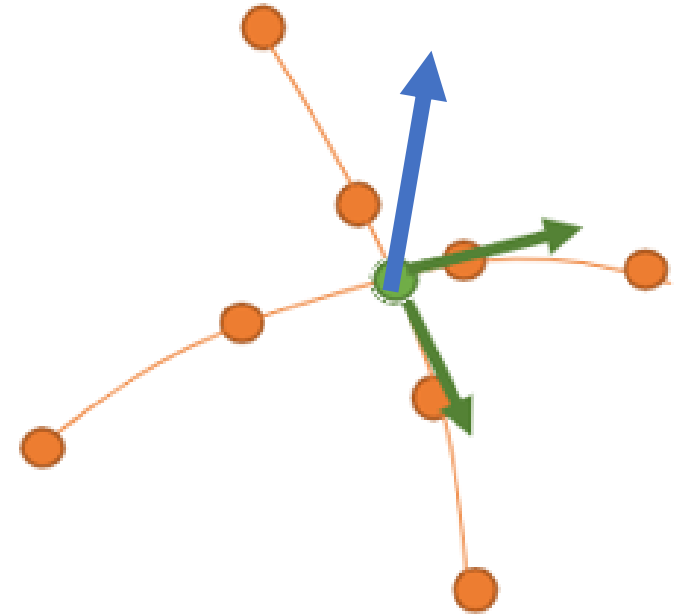
Bézier Surface Normal



Tangent along v



Tangent along u

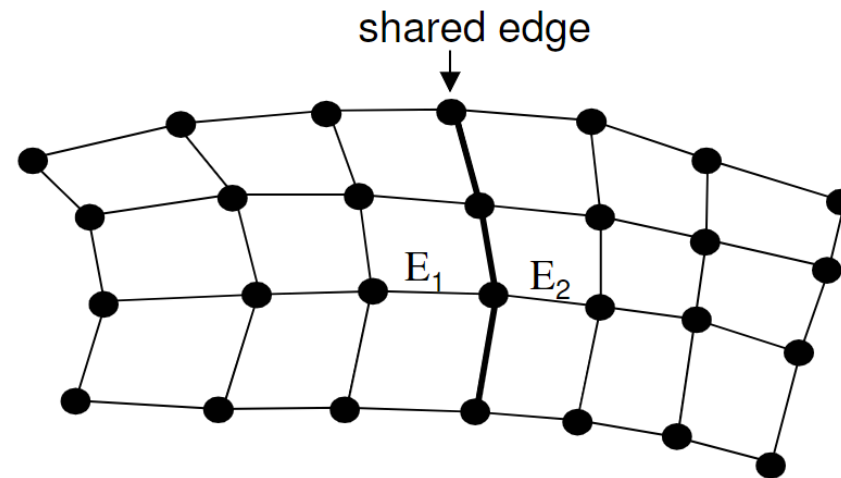
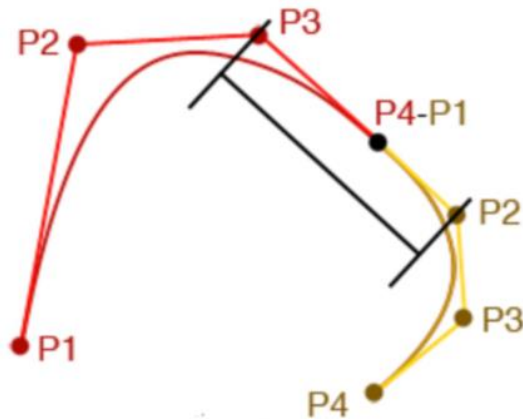


Surface normal:

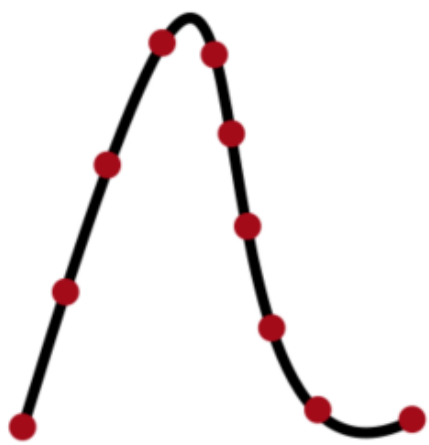
$$\mathbf{m} = \text{Normalize} \left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{P}}{\partial u} \times \frac{\partial \mathbf{P}}{\partial v} \right)$$

Bézier Surface Stitching

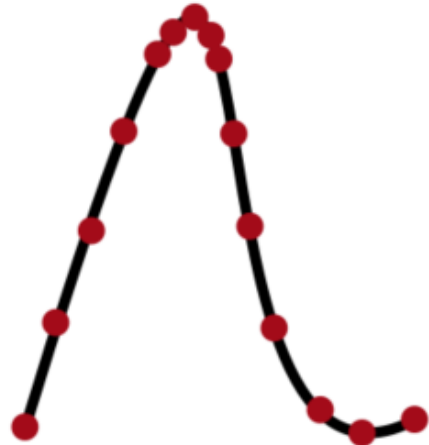
- For continuity of slope across two stitched patches, require:
 - Identical control points along common edge curves (0-order continuity)
 - Identical slopes of orthogonal control curves (1st -order continuity)
 - Co-linearity of control mesh edges that meet at a common edge control point,
e.g. E1 and E2 (called geometric continuity), or
 - Equality of edge vectors(called parametric continuity)



Bézier Surface Sampling

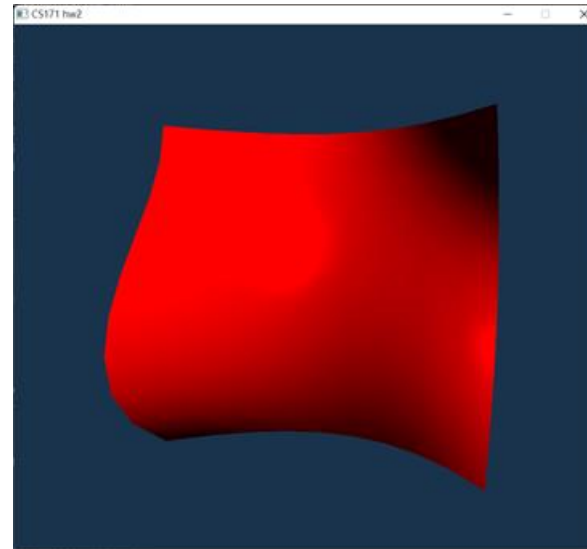


ordinary

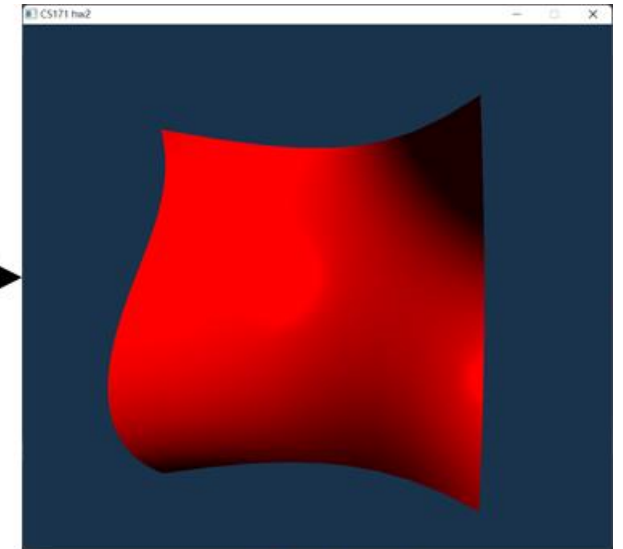


adaptive

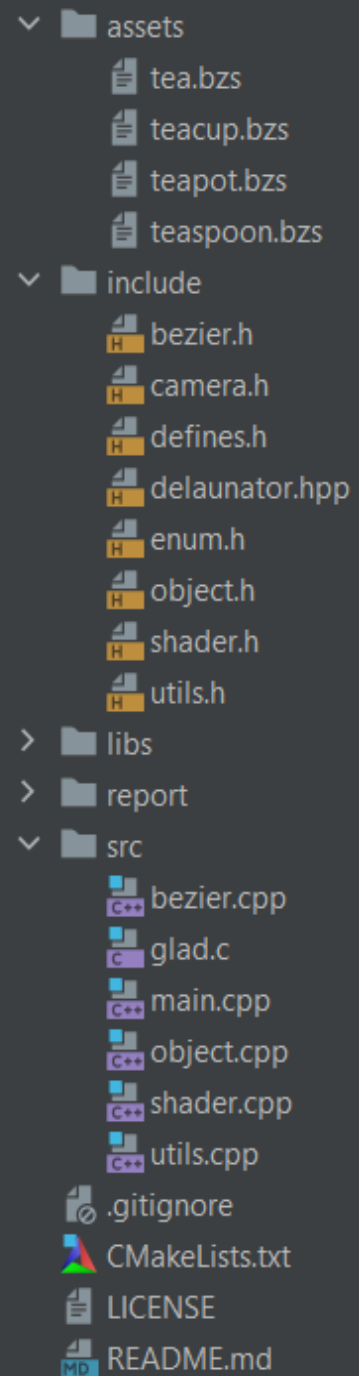
Curvature?
Deflection?
Length?



Uniform Sampling

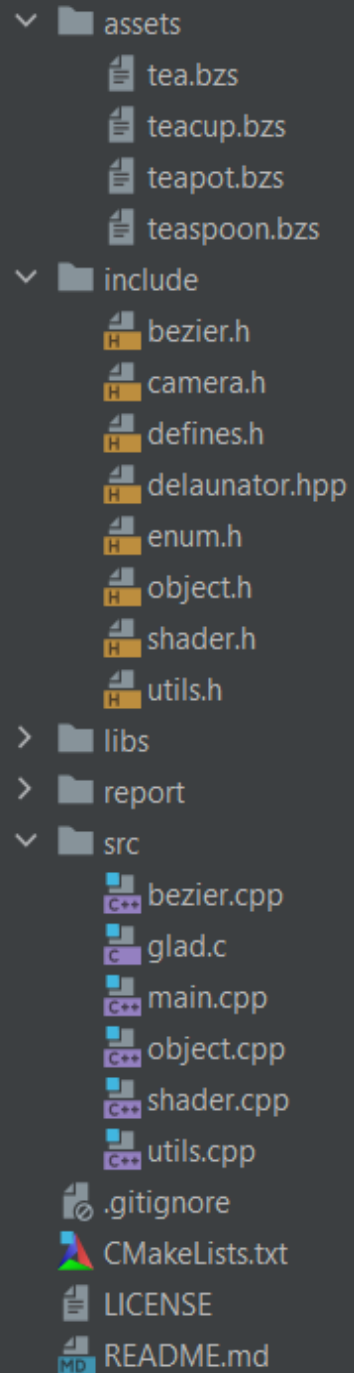


Adaptive Sampling



Skeleton Code

bezier.h/.cpp Implements of generate mesh from Bezier Control Points.
object.h/.cpp Implements of draw mesh in OpenGL.



Tea Party

b represents for number of Bezier Surface, **p** represents for control points number, **m** and **n** represents for the Bezier Surface's control point row number and column number. For the next **b** lines, each line includes $m \times n$ integers ranging from 0 to $b-1$ telling the index of the control points of a single bezier surface. For the last **p** lines, each line have three float number telling the position of control points. we have offered teacup, teapot and teaspoon's bezier surface file separately and a **tea_party.bzs** file putting them together.

```
teaspoon.bzs

16 148 4 4
0 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14
...
111 116 117 90 138 143 144 118 141 145 146 122 142 142 147 126
-0.000107143 0.205357 0.0
0.0 0.196429 -0.0178571
....
```

