

1. The data for this problem can be found in the file ‘Pizza.csv’ (used for HW #3, problem 2). The file contains the values of 7 features (moisture (moi), protein (prot), fat, ash, sodium, carb, and calories (cal)) for 300 selected pizzas. Each row (starting with the second row) is a sample that contains the brand of the selected pizza, its ID, and the feature values. For each classifier you are asked to find, provide the associated hyperplane.

Ans: The Matlab code for the problems is on the next page.

- (a) Find a margin perceptron, i.e., a hyperplane, that separates the samples with brand ‘A’ from those with label ‘B’. Repeat the same exercise to find (i) a margin perceptron that separates the samples with brand ‘A’ from those with label ‘C’ and (ii) a margin perceptron that separates the samples with brand ‘B’ from those with label ‘C’.
- (b) Compute the margins provided by the linear classifiers you found in part (a).
- (c) Find the fusion rule for classifying brands ‘A’, ‘B’, and ‘C’. Label the following instances using the fusion rule.

$$s1 = (49.29, 24.82, 21.68, 2.76, 0.52, 1.47, 3.00)$$

$$s2 = (30.95, 19.81, 42.28, 5.11, 1.67, 1.85, 4.67)$$

$$s3 = (50.33, 13.28, 28.43, 3.58, 1.03, 4.38, 3.27)$$

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data = readtable('Pizza.csv') ;
dataTable = data(:, :) ;
brandArray = table2array(dataTable(:, 1)) ;
brandStr = string(brandArray) ; % get the brands

nFeature = 7 ;
feature = data(:, 3:9) ; % get the features
feature = table2array(feature) ; % convert to double

brandA = find(brandStr == 'A') ;
brandB = find(brandStr == 'B') ;
brandC = find(brandStr == 'C') ;
lenA = length(brandA) ;
lenB = length(brandB) ;
lenC = length(brandC) ;

featureA = feature(brandA, :) ;
featureB = feature(brandB, :) ;
featureC = feature(brandC, :) ;

%%%%%%%%%%%%%
% Part (a)
%%%%%%%%%%%%%

featureAB = [featureA ; featureB] ;
featureABA = [featureAB ones(lenA+lenB, 1)] ;
featureAC = [featureA ; featureC] ;
featureACA = [featureAC ones(lenA+lenC, 1)] ;
featureBC = [featureB ; featureC] ;
featureBCA = [featureBC ones(lenB+lenC, 1)] ;

labelAB = ones(size(brandA)) ;
labelAB = [labelAB ; -ones(size(brandB))] ;

SVMAB = fitclinear(featureAB, labelAB) ;
weightAB = [SVMAB.Beta ; SVMAB.Bias] ;
predictedAB = (featureABA * weightAB)' ;
% The following provides the distance from the hyperplane
% (with + and -) and the minimum distance from each dataset
predictedABA = predictedAB(1:lenA)
predictedABB = predictedAB(lenA+1:lenA+lenB)
minmaxAB = [max(predictedABA) min(predictedABB)]

labelAC = ones(size(brandA)) ;
labelAC = [labelAC ; -ones(size(brandC))] ;

SVMAC = fitclinear(featureAC, labelAC) ;
weightAC = [SVMAC.Beta ; SVMAC.Bias] ;
predictedAC = (featureACA * weightAC)' ;
% The following provides the distance from the hyperplane

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% (with + and -) and the minimum distance from each dataset
predictedACA = predictedAC(1:lenA)
predictedACC = predictedAC(lenA+1:lenA+lenC)
minmaxAC = [max(predictedACA) min(predictedACC)]

labelBC = ones(size(brandB)) ;
labelBC = [labelBC ; -ones(size(brandC))] ;

SVMBC = fitclinear(featureBC, labelBC) ;
weightBC = [SVMBC.Beta ; SVMBC.Bias] ;
predictedBC = (featureBCaug * weightBC)' ;
% The following provides the distance from the hyperplane
% (with + and -) and the minimum distance from each dataset
predictedBCB = predictedBC(1:lenB)
predictedBCC = predictedBC(lenB+1:lenB+lenC)
minmaxBC = [max(predictedBCB) min(predictedBCC)]


%%%%%%%%%%%%%
%          Part (b)
%%%%%%%%%%%%%
marginAB = 2 / norm(weightAB(1:nFeature))
marginAC = 2 / norm(weightAC(1:nFeature))
marginBC = 2 / norm(weightBC(1:nFeature))

%%%%%%%%%%%%%
%          Part (c)
%%%%%%%%%%%%%

labelA2 = [ones(1, lenA) -ones(1, lenB) -ones(1, lenC)]' ;
labelB2 = [-ones(1, lenA) ones(1, lenB) -ones(1, lenC)]' ;
labelC2 = [-ones(1, lenA) -ones(1, lenB) ones(1, lenC)]' ;
len = lenA + lenB + lenC ;

OvA = zeros(nFeature+1, 3) ;
SVMA2 = fitclinear(feature(1:len,:), labelA2) ;
OvA(:,1) = [SVMA2.Beta ; SVMA2.Bias] ;

SVMB2 = fitclinear(feature(1:len,:), labelB2) ;
OvA(:,2) = [SVMB2.Beta ; SVMB2.Bias] ;

SVMC2 = fitclinear(feature(1:len,:), labelC2) ;
OvA(:,3) = [SVMC2.Beta ; SVMC2.Bias] ;

sample = [50.33 13.28 28.43 3.58 1.03 4.38 3.27 1 ; ...
          49.29 24.82 21.68 2.76 0.52 1.47 3.00 1 ; ...
          30.95 19.81 42.28 5.11 1.67 1.85 4.67 1 ] ;

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```
DFvalue = sample * OvA  
  
predictedLabel = zeros(3,1) ;  
for i = 1:3,  
    [M, predicedLabel(i)] = max(DFvalue(i,:)) ;  
end  
predicedLabel
```