# Final Project – Topic#5:

Ethereum Block Relationships



#### (a) Block Counts vs Rewards

- Consider the following values for the Ethereum network: Block-Counts\* and Block-Rewards per day. Can there be a correlation relationship established between the two?
- Motivate your answer using:
  - the blockchain notions in the lecture and
  - the XBlock Ethereum dataset provided and data analytics tools in the lecture



<sup>\*</sup> Block-Counts are the number of Ethereum blocks mined per day

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### (b) Transaction Count vs Block-Size

- Consider the following values for the Ethereum network: Transaction-Counts\* and Block-Sizes\*\* per day. Can there be a correlation relationship established between the two?
- Motivate your answer using:
  - the blockchain notions in the lecture and
  - the XBlock Ethereum dataset provided and data analytics tools in the lecture

<sup>\*</sup> Transaction-Counts are the number of transactions per day

<sup>\*\*</sup> Block-Sizes are the sizes of the blocks (e.g. in Bytes) mined

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### (c) Average Block-Time vs Block-Difficulty

- Consider the following values for the Ethereum network: average Ethereum Block-Times\* and average Block-Difficulty\*\* per day. Can there be a correlation relationship established between the two?
- Motivate your answer using:
  - the blockchain notions in the lecture and
  - the XBlock Ethereum dataset provided and data analytics tools in the lecture
- Dataset : <u>https://owncloud.fraunhofer.de/index.php/s/rPMmluw8l8tc3sV</u>



<sup>\*</sup> Block-Time is the time elapsed since the previous block was mined to the latest mined block

<sup>\*\*</sup> Block-Difficulty is the number of hashes (e.g. in TeraHashes) used to mine a Ethereum block during PoW