

Section 3: Computing with R and Hadoop

This section will last approximately 40 minutes. The first 20-25 minutes introduces Hadoop and how people can use it with R, and the remaining 15-20 minutes walks participants through a demonstration lab.

Learning goals

1. What Hadoop is
2. Current R/Hadoop integrations
3. *When* to use R with Hadoop (guidelines)
4. *How* to use R with Hadoop (lab)

Extra materials (helpful, but not required)

1. Presentation slides: <http://goo.gl/Ew6jOP>
2. Virtual machine used to run R/Hadoop for the lab (requires ~4GB RAM): <http://goo.gl/R5Okcr>
3. Lab instructions: <http://goo.gl/6fkQr9>
4. Lab R script: <http://goo.gl/URPJdD>
5. PuTTY (SSH client for Windows): <http://goo.gl/vMv6ra>

Key definitions

Hadoop: Open source software for enabling distributed storage and computing capabilities on networked servers.

MapReduce: Hadoop's model for parallel programming.

R: Open source statistical computing software designed with strong built-in support for statistical needs like fitting models, making predictions, and drawing inferences.

R/Hadoop integration: Extra R packages that let practitioners run R code in Hadoop MapReduce jobs.

Key ideas

1. R and Hadoop integrate best when using the strengths of both technologies.
2. R and Hadoop do not integrate well for all projects. Simple data processing and iterative algorithms may be best implemented with other languages or technologies.
3. Hadoop facilitates distributed computing with the MapReduce programming model.