

# MATH 307: Group Homework 10

Group 8

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## Problem 1

See HW instruction.

### (a) LU decomposition

$$\begin{aligned} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} x &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} & \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 0 & \frac{5}{2} \end{bmatrix} x = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \\ \text{Let } \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 0 & \frac{5}{2} \end{bmatrix} x &= y \\ \text{We have } \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} & 1 \end{bmatrix} y &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} & \Rightarrow y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \frac{5}{2} \end{bmatrix} \\ \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 0 & \frac{5}{2} \end{bmatrix} x &= y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \frac{5}{2} \end{bmatrix} & \Rightarrow x = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

### (b) Gaussian elimination

$$\begin{aligned} \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & | & 1 \\ 1 & 4 & | & 3 \end{bmatrix}}_{R_2 - \frac{1}{2}R_1 \rightarrow R_2} &= \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & | & 1 \\ 0 & \frac{5}{2} & | & \frac{5}{2} \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{5}{2}x_2 = \frac{5}{2} & x_2 = 1 \\ 2x_1 + 3(1) = 1 & x_1 = -1 \end{cases} \\ \Rightarrow x &= \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

(c) Gauss-Jordan elimination

$$\begin{aligned}
 \underbrace{\left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 4 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]}_{\frac{1}{2}R_1 \rightarrow R_1} &= \underbrace{\left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & \frac{3}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 1 & 4 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]}_{R_2 - R_1 \rightarrow R_2} = \underbrace{\left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & \frac{3}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{5}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} & 1 \end{array} \right]}_{\frac{5}{2}R_2 \rightarrow R_2} = \underbrace{\left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & \frac{3}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{2}{10} & \frac{2}{5} \end{array} \right]}_{R_1 - \frac{3}{2}R_2 \rightarrow R_1} = \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 0 & \frac{8}{10} & -\frac{3}{5} \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{2}{10} & \frac{2}{5} \end{array} \right] \\
 \Rightarrow A^{-1} &= \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 0 & \frac{8}{10} & -\frac{3}{5} \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{2}{10} & \frac{2}{5} \end{array} \right] \\
 \text{Known that } x &= A^{-1}b \\
 x &= \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 0 & \frac{8}{10} & -\frac{3}{5} \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{2}{10} & \frac{2}{5} \end{array} \right] \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{8}{10} - \frac{18}{10} \\ -\frac{2}{10} + \frac{12}{10} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}
 \end{aligned}$$

To verify, we have  $Ax = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2+3 \\ -1+4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = b.$

**Problem 2**

See HW instruction.

We omitted the steps to find out this  $rref(A)$  as it is too much work to show in L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X, the finding is:

$$rref(A) = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{1} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \mathbf{1} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \mathbf{1} \end{bmatrix}$$

So the three pivots are the **bold 1** showed above. The rank of  $A$  is the number of pivots, thus  $rank(A) = 3$ . And per the rank-nullity theorem, we have the nullity  $dim(A) - rank(A) = 4 - 3 = 1$ .

Now for column space, since we have pivots on the first, second, and fourth columns, we have  $range(A) = span\left(\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -3 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}\right)$ . And for nullspace, let  $Ax = 0$ , we have :

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\begin{cases} x_1 = 0 \\ x_2 + \frac{1}{2}x_3 = 0 \\ x_4 = 0 \end{cases} \\
 &\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ x_2 \\ -2x_2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = r \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ -2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \\
 &null(A) = span\left(\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ -2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$