# UNIVERSITÄT BONN

Juergen Gall

Introduction
MA-INF 2201 - Computer Vision
WS24/25



#### Lecturer:

- Prof. Dr. Juergen Gall
- http://gall.cv-uni-bonn.de/

### Teaching:

Prof. Dr. Juergen Gall	Teaching
Research Interests	
Job Offers/Theses	<b>PhD Seminar - Graphics, Vision, Audio for Intelligent Systems</b> , SS13, WS13/14, SS14, WS14/15, SS15, WS15/16, SS16, WS16/17, SS17, WS17/18, SS18, WS18/19, SS19, WS19/20
Publications	
Software	PhD Machine Learning Seminar, Dates
Data	<b>BA-INF 062 - Begleitseminar zur Bachelorarbeit: Computer Vision</b> , SS14, WS14/15, SS15, WS15/16, SS16, WS16/17, SS17, WS17/18, SS18, WS18/19, SS19, WS19/20, SS20, WS20/21, SS21,
Projects	WS21/22, SS22, WS22/23, SS23, WS23/24
Conferences	MA-INF 2201 - Computer Vision, WS13/14, WS14/15, WS15/16, WS16/17, WS17/18, WS18/19, WS19/20, WS21/22, WS21/23, WS23/24
Teaching	
Talks	MA-INF 2213 - Advanced Computer Vision (Computer Vision II), SS14, SS15, SS16, SS17, SS18, SS19, SS20, SS21, SS22, SS23

Awards

MA-INF 2218 - Video Analytics, SS17, SS18, SS19, SS21, SS22, SS23



#### Slides:

http://gall.cv-uni-bonn.de/teaching/Lectures/cv23.html

## MA-INF 2201 - Computer Vision

4L + 2E, WS23/24

#### Lecturer

Juergen Gall

#### Content

Tentative: Linear filters, Edges, Derivatives, Hough Transform, Segmentation, Graph Cuts, Mean Shift

Background Subtraction, Temporal Filtering, Active Appearance Models, Shapes, Optical Flow, 2D Tra

Estimation, Articulated Pose Estimation, Deformable Meshes, RGBD Vision

#### Material

The slides and recordings are available at Slides/Recordings.

#### **Prerequisites**

Basic knowledge of linear algebra, analysis, probability theory, Python programming



Slides via sciebo (<u>https://hochschulcloud.nrw/en/</u>):



Password: MA-INF2201



- Structure: 4+2 SWS
- Lecture:
  - Tuesday, 10:15-11:45, HSZ / HS 3
  - Friday, 10:15-11:45, HSZ / HS 3
  - Lectures will be recorded
- Exercise:
  - Start: 16.10.
  - Wednesday, 12:15-13:45, 2.025, Informatikzentrum
  - A second slot for the exercise will be announced

#### **Credit Points**



- 9 CP for students from University of Bonn
- 8 CP for students from B-IT (Media Informatics), but
  - Contact: Exam Office (RWTH / H-BRS)
  - After exam you get certificate of achievement for the course from the lecturer stating the name, credits, area, and grade. That certificate of achievement then has to be presented to the exam office (RWTH / H-BRS) so that it gets registered into the system.



- Feedback welcome!
- There is time to repeat parts of previous lecture (only on request)
- Two recap lectures
- No explicit exam preparation (attend lecture and solve exercise sheets)
- Written exam
- Contact per email:
  - gall@iai.uni-bonn.de
  - Email with subject: [MA-INF 2201]

#### **Exercise**



- Small implementation exercises
- Exercises are not exam questions, but understanding → Able to implement it
- No programming skills → No job as computer scientist
- OpenCV and Python (<a href="http://opencv.org/">http://opencv.org/</a>)

### **Exercise**



- You can use Github Copilot, Claude, ...
   ...but you need to understand your code.
- Remember: In a job interview you need to program without these tools
- If the tutors have some doubts they might ask you to explain your solution.
- Quality of code is relevant for grading

At least 50% of the points are required to qualify for exam



### Registration for exercise today!

#### **Exercises**

Theory and programming. At least 50% of the exercise points are required to qualify for exam. The programming extra the exercises is on implementing algorithms presented in the lecture. If you are not comfortable with OpenCV, we receive sheet, which is an introduction to OpenCV, will be released on the date of the first lecture.

Schedule

Wednesday, 12:15-13:45, 2.025, Informatikzentrum

Start: Wednesday, 18.10.

Register until 10.10. for the exercise groups: registration form.

If you did not manage to register until 10.10., prease contact shuai Li as soon as possible.

Use email address of sciebo account (university email)



- Use email address of sciebo account (university email)
- There will be two time slots for the first exercise

	First Name * Meine Antwort
	Family Name *
	Meine Antwort
	Sciebo Username / Uni Email *  Meine Antwort
	Which time slot are you going to attend? (For the first exercise class) *
-	12:15 - 13:00
	13:00 - 13:45
	On't attend.

#### Sciebo



- https://hochschulcloud.nrw/en/
- Registration / Select University

To register for sciebo or to change your settings, select your institution. You will then be taken to your organisation's login page.



#### Sciebo



- https://hochschulcloud.nrw/en/
- Registration / Select University
- Login with your university email



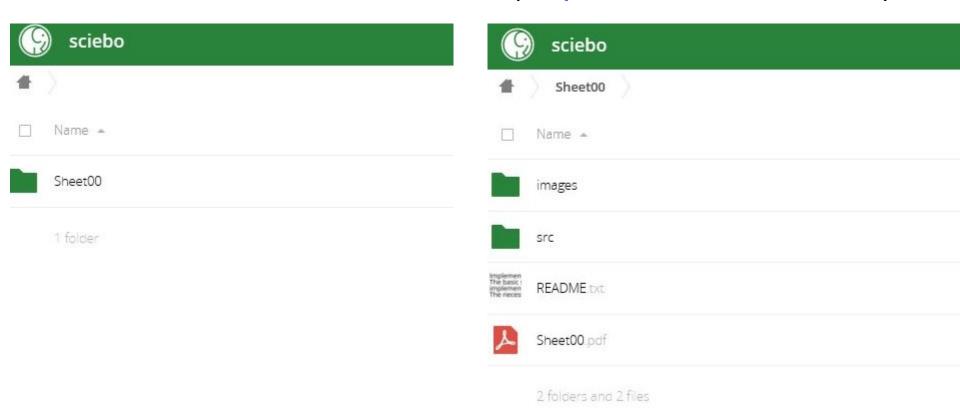
Login to sciebo - the	
Campuscloud	
Uni-ID	> Forgot your password?
	J
Passwort	



- Registration for exercises today
- Submission in groups of up to 2 persons allowed
- Submission deadline Sunday midnight
- First exercise sheet will be released tomorrow
- Submission for first sheet is Monday, 14.10., midnight
- How to submit: You will get details per email after registration



Exercise sheets via sciebo (<a href="https://www.sciebo.de">https://www.sciebo.de</a>):



Create sciebo account (university email)



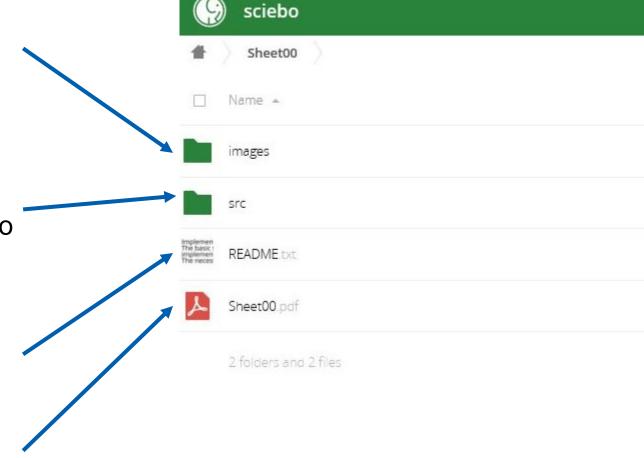
Exercise sheets via sciebo (<u>https://www.sciebo.de</u>):

Data (do not upload for submission)

Template (modify and submit only template and readme; do not change paths)

Readme (add group members)

**Exercise Sheet** 



#### **Exercises**



- Use Python and OpenCV (Versions will be specified)
- Submit README.txt with your group members for all exercise sheet (name, student id, email)
- Only one submission per group
- Submit modified template

### **Exercises**



- Never submit code that does not run (zero points)
- Add comments to the code
- Use readable variable and function names (e.g. opticalflow\_x instead of a)
- Points can be removed per sheet for unreadable programming style

#### **Exercises**



#### Paper exercise:

- Submit as single PDF
- Hand writing → Photo → Image → Save as PDF (gimp)
- You can also use Latex or other tools to create PDF

## Registration for Exercise groups



If you have troubles to register or to submit, please contact Emad Bahrami bahrami@iai.uni-bonn.de

#### How to attend a lecture



- Attend lecture
- After lecture go through the slides on the same or next day (2-3 hours)
- If something is unclear, check recording / additional reading material
- If something is still unclear write me an email and ask to repeat part of previous lecture
- Try to solve all exercise sheets

## Mailinglist



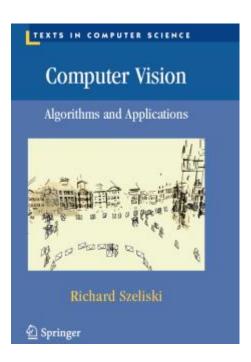
- After registration, you will be added to a mailinglist
- You can unsubscribe at any time

#### Literature



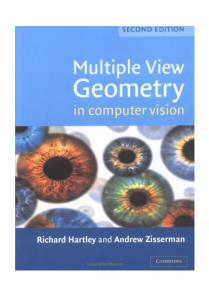
#### Basic material:

- http://szeliski.org/Book/
- http://www.robots.ox.ac.uk/~vgg/hzbook/



Computer Vision - Algorithms and Applications, Szeliski, Richard, Springer, 2011

Multiple View Geometry in Computer Vision, Second Edition, Richard Hartley and Andrew Zisserman, Cambridge University Press, 2004.



#### Literature



#### Basic material:

http://web4.cs.ucl.ac.uk/staff/s.prince/book/book.pdf



S. Prince. Computer Vision: Models, Learning, and Inference. Cambridge University Press 2012

#### Literature



Additional material as references on slides.

#### Main conferences:

- IEEE Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition (CVPR)
- IEEE International Conference on Computer Vision (ICCV)
- European Conference on Computer Vision (ECCV)

### Main journals:

- IEEE Transactions on Pattern Analysis and Machine Intelligence
- International Journal of Computer Vision

## Impact of Computer Vision



### Impact of CVPR is comparable to Nature or Science

	Publikation	h5-Index	<u>h5-</u> <u>Medianwer</u> <u>t</u>
1.	Nature	<u>488</u>	745
->	IEEE/CVF Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition	<u>440</u>	689
3.	The New England Journal of Medicine	<u>434</u>	897
4.	Science	409	633
5.	Nature Communications	<u>375</u>	492
6.	The Lancet	<u>368</u>	678
->	Neural Information Processing Systems	<u>337</u>	614
8.	Advanced Materials	<u>327</u>	420
9.	Cell	320	482
	International Conference on Learning Representations	<u>304</u>	584

[ https://scholar.google.com/citations?view\_op=top\_venues ]

## Impact of Computer Vision



- CVPR is in the top 5 of scientific journals or proceedings with highest impact
- Most important field in computer science: Computer Vision
- Second most important field in computer science:
   Machine Learning

## What is Computer Vision?



## Convert visual data into "meaningful" numbers



**Images** 



Videos





Time-of-Flight

## What are "meaningful" numbers?



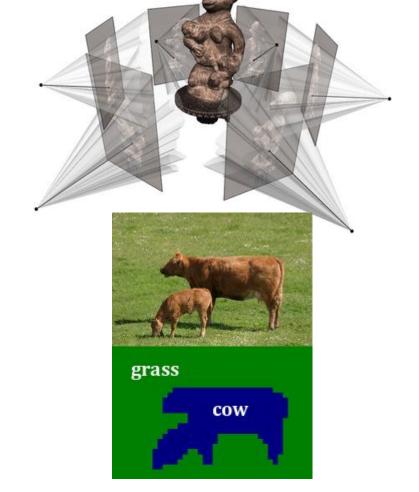
From low-level (pixel values) to a high-level

representation:

Metric measurements

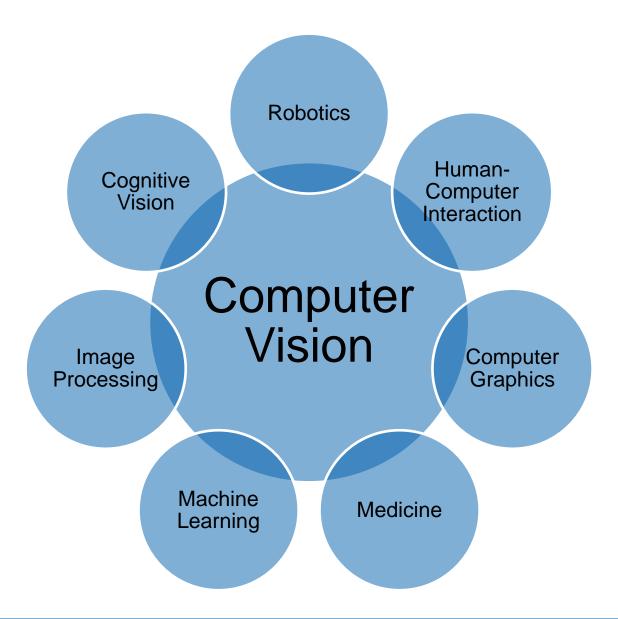
Models

Labels



## Connections to other disciplines





## Brief history of computer vision

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1970's: some progress on interpreting

selected images

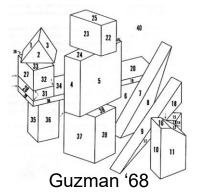
1980's: shift toward geometry and increased

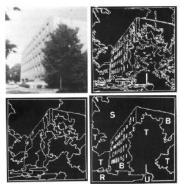
mathematical rigor

1990's: face recognition; statistical analysis

in vogue

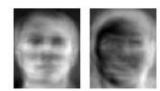
2000's: broader recognition; large annotated datasets available; video processing starts 2010's: deep learning; many commercial applications and successful spin-offs





Ohta Kanade '78





Turk and Pentland '91

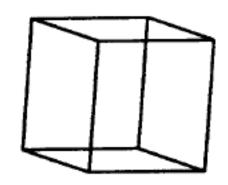
## Inherent ambiguity of the problem



Many different 3D scenes could have given rise to a particular 2D picture







Task: Given the set of image coordinates of the vertices  $(x_i, y_i)$ , recover the world coordinates  $(X_i, Y_i, Z_i)$ .

We will assume orthographic projection so that  $X_i = x_i$  and  $Y_i = y_i$ 

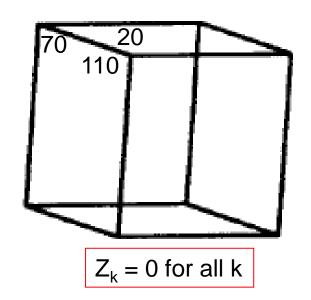
Then, the problem is: recover the missing depth Z<sub>i</sub>

Marill, Al-Memo-1136, 1989

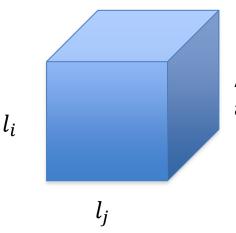


Heuristic: find  $Z_k$  that minimize the standard deviation of angles in the 3D object

Possible solution 1



Possible solution 2



All 90 degree angles

Minimize standard deviations of angles:

$$\underset{Z_k}{\operatorname{argmin}} \frac{1}{N-1} \sum \left( \alpha_{ij} - \frac{1}{N} \sum \alpha_{ij} \right)^2$$

$$P_k = (X_k, Y_k, Z_k)$$

$$\alpha_{ij} = \cos^{-1}(\mathbf{u}_i \cdot \mathbf{u}_j)$$

unit length vectors:  $u_i = \frac{l_i}{\|l_i\|}$ 

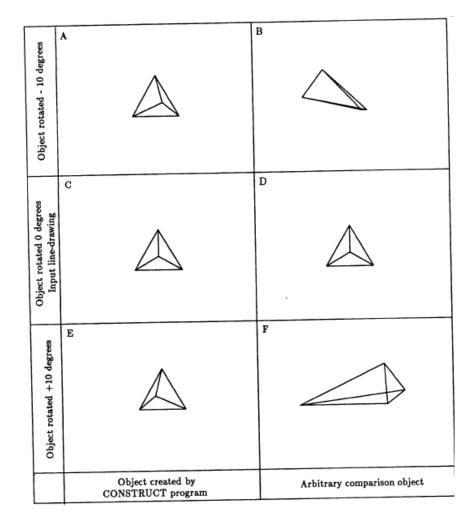
Source: A. Torralba



Object rotated - 10 degrees	A Reconstruction -10 degrees	В
Object rotated 0 degrees Input line-drawing	INPUT	D
Object rotated +10 degrees	Reconstruction +10 degrees	F
	Object created by CONSTRUCT program	Arbitrary comparison object



Object rotated - 10 degrees	A	В
Object rotated 0 degrees Input line-drawing	c	D
Object rotated +10 degrees	E	F
	Object created by CONSTRUCT program	Arbitrary comparison object



# A simple idea to recover 3D shapes from line drawings



Object rotated - 10 degrees	A	В
Object rotated 0 degrees Input line-drawing	c	D
Object rotated +10 degrees	E	F
	Object created by CONSTRUCT program	Arbitrary comparison object

Object rotated - 10 degrees	A	В
Object rotated 0 degrees Input line-drawing	c	D
Object rotated +10 degrees	E	F
	Object created by CONSTRUCT program	Arbitrary comparison object

# A simple idea to recover 3D shapes from line drawings

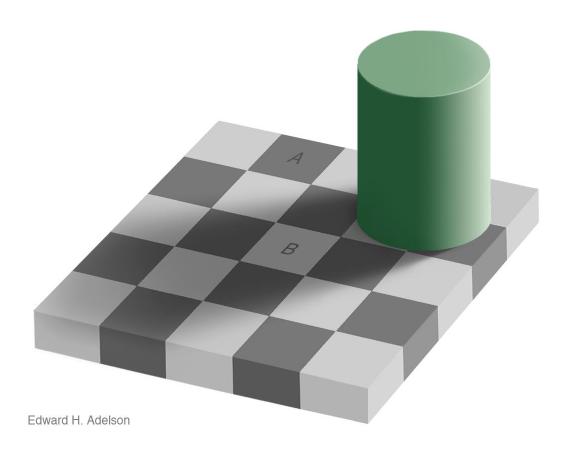


Object rotated - 10 degrees	A	В
Object rotated 0 degrees Input line-drawing	c	D
Object rotated +10 degrees	E	F
	Object created by CONSTRUCT program	Arbitrary comparison object

Object rotated - 10 degrees	A	В
Object rotated 0 degrees Input line-drawing	c	D
Object rotated +10 degrees	E	F
	Object created by CONSTRUCT program	Arbitrary comparison object

# Measuring light vs. measuring scene properties





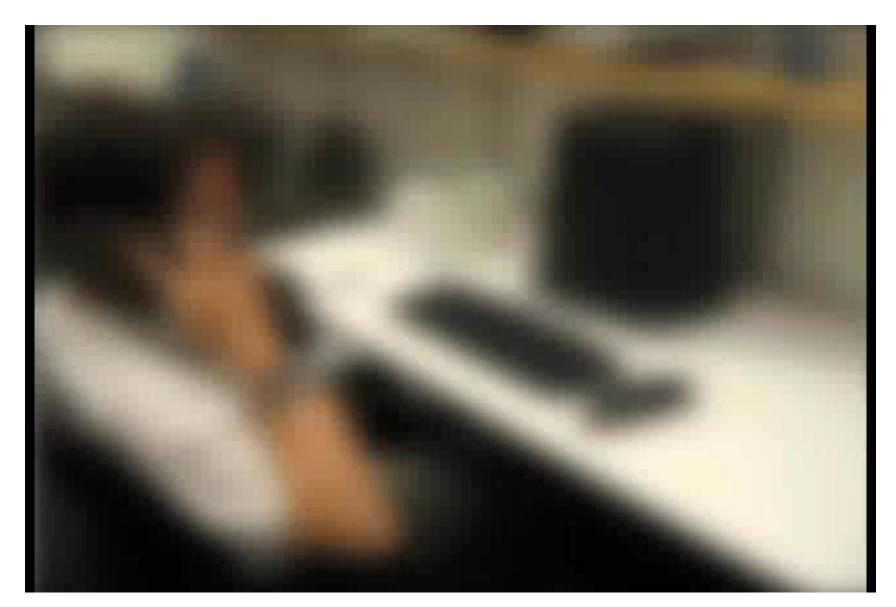
# Measuring light vs. measuring scene properties





#### Context





## Humans work with strong priors





#### Conclusion



- Human vision relies not only on data term (pixel information)
- Priors are important
- They explain the most likely scene if data is ambiguous:

$$\underset{y}{\operatorname{argmax}} P(y|I) = \underset{y}{\operatorname{argmax}} P(I|y)P(y)$$

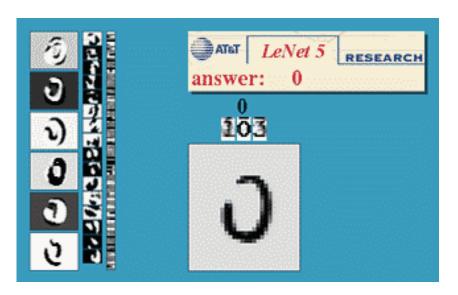
Bayes formula:

$$P(y|I) = \frac{P(I|y)P(y)}{P(I)}$$

Posterior = Likelihood x Prior

### Optical character recognition (OCR)







Digit recognition

License plate readers

Check Entry sort Back			
DistaTrade Demo Not Negorisable 1945 South Annual 1945 South Annual 1947 TO THE CARDY OF T	Odlan 1900 Voc	100 0 18-20 853.10	
1:1119074451: 723  such No. 1001 Sequence No. 2  Roofing No. 111907445  MERCHANT	Deck Account No.	Oeck No. 100	Oxeck Amount G53.10 Enter Reject

Automatic check processing

#### Face detection



#### Digital cameras detect faces

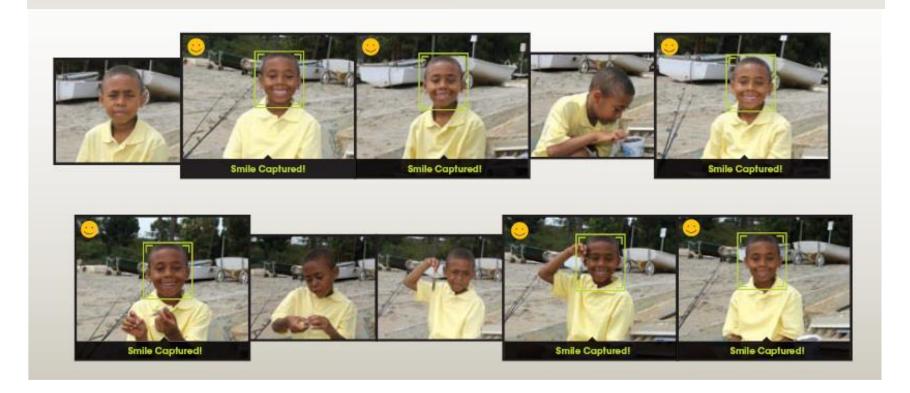


#### Smile detection



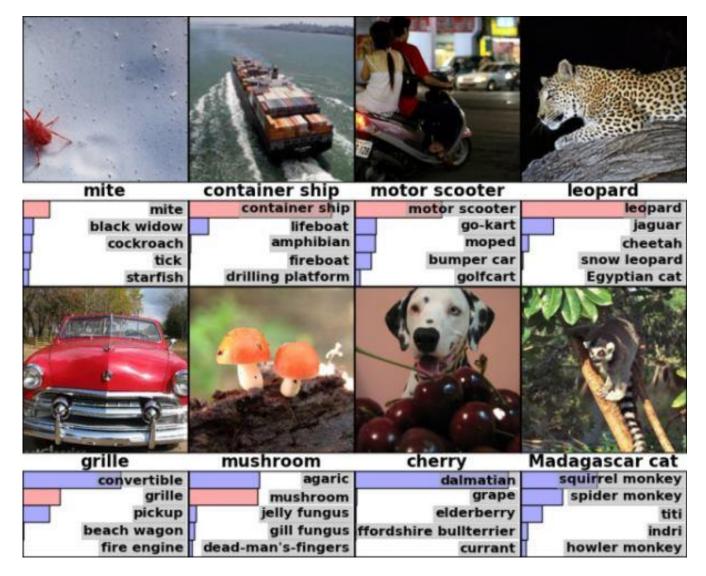
#### The Smile Shutter flow

Imagine a camera smart enough to catch every smile! In Smile Shutter Mode, your Cyber-shot® camera can automatically trip the shutter at just the right instant to catch the perfect expression.



### Image classification





http://www.clarifai.com/

#### Automotive safety



Pedestrian collision warning, forward collision warning, lane departure warning...



#### Vision-based interaction: Xbox Kinect









## Movie production











### **Generative AI**





















#### Vision for robotics, space exploration





NASA'S Mars Exploration Rover Spirit captured this westward view from atop a low plateau where Spirit spent the closing months of 2007.

#### Vision systems (JPL) used for several tasks

- Panorama stitching
- 3D terrain modeling
- Obstacle detection, position tracking
- Matthies et al. Computer Vision on Mars IJCV'07

Source: S. Seitz

#### Jobs, jobs, ...



























































# Sighthound CLINKface COGNEX IBM Research ebay















#### Curriculum



Semester Computer Vision Lecture (WS)

Semester

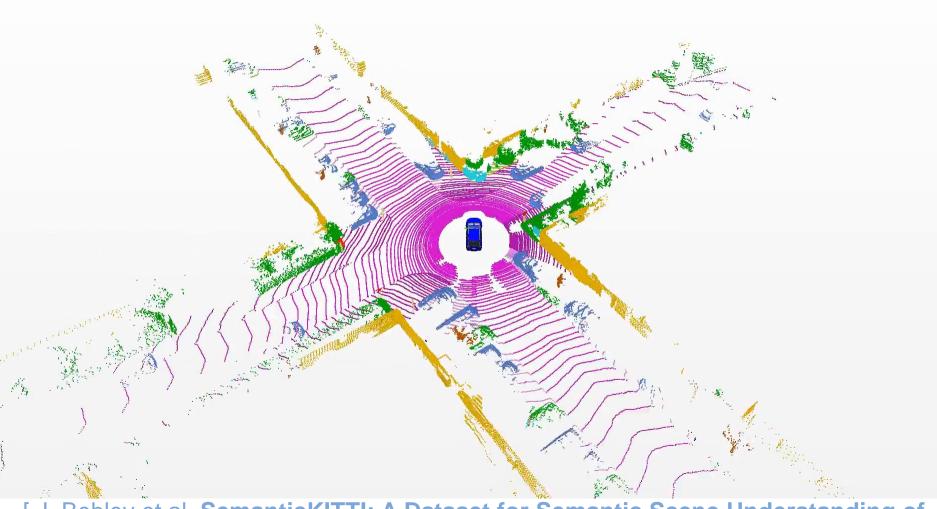
Lab Vision (SS+WS) Seminar (SS+WS) Advanced Computer Vision Lecture (SS)

Master Semester thesis

4

## Semantic Segmentation

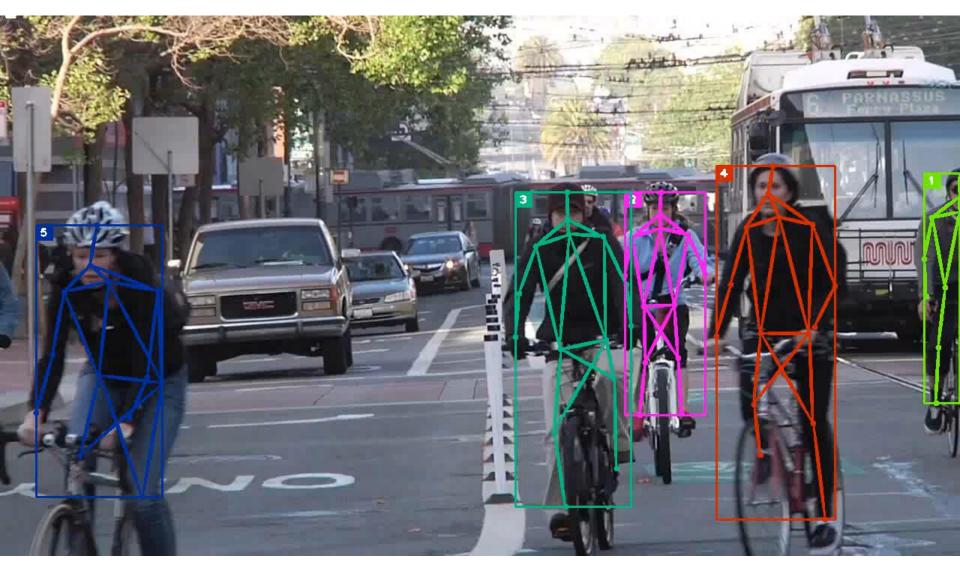




[ J. Behley et al. SemanticKITTI: A Dataset for Semantic Scene Understanding of LiDAR Sequences. ICCV 2019 ]

#### **Human Pose Estimation**





[ A. Doering et al. Joint Flow: Temporal Flow Fields for Multi Person Tracking. BMVC 2018 ]

#### Video Understanding

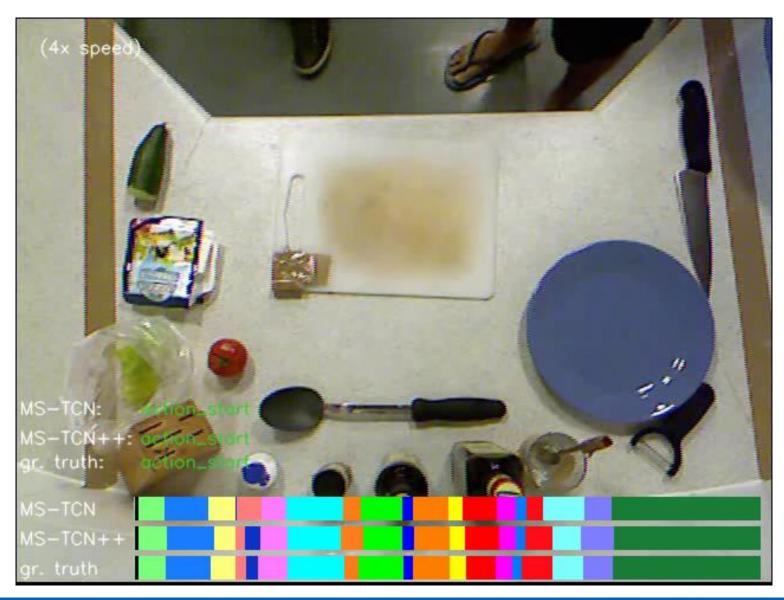


#### Video Captioning Task Results



## **Action Segmentation**





### **Anticipating Actions**



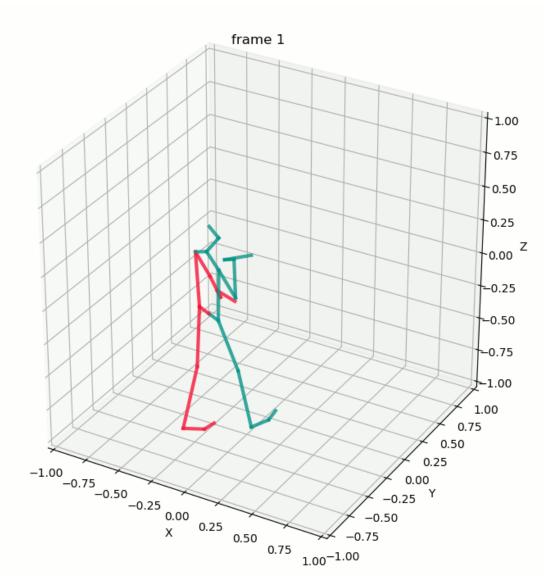


[ Y. Abu Farha et al. When will you do what?

Anticipating Temporal Occurrences of Activities. CVPR 2018 ]

#### Forecast Human Pose





[ Ruiz et al. Human Motion Prediction via Spatio-Temporal Inpainting. ICCV 2019 ]

# Research Unit - Anticipating Human Behavior





[ https://for2535.cv-uni-bonn.de ]

### Cluster of Excellence - PhenoRob





[ http://www.phenorob.de ]

#### Organization



Slides:

#### Password: MA-INF2201

- Registration for exercises today
- Registration of sciebo account
- Submission for first sheet (5 bonus points) is Monday, 14.10.

# Thank you for your attention.



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