Autonomous Intelligent Systems, Institute for Computer Science VI, University of Bonn

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Exercises for Artificial Life (MA-INF 4201), SS24 Exercises sheet 6, till: Mon 19. May, 2025

12.5.2025

Assignment 36 (2 Points)

Suppose a netto growth of a population of 1.5% per week. How long will it take until this population has doubled its size? Please derive a formula for the number of years necessary to reach the doubling.

Assignment 37 (2 Points)

What is a Golden Spiral?

Please use your own words to explain it. Copying text from the internet is not sufficient.

Assignment 38 (1 Point)

Prove or disprove the following sentence in a formal way:

The Fibonnaci sequence is rising faster than the exponential function.

Assignment 39 (2 Points)

Derive a formula to calculate the limit β of the ratios of successive terms of the Fibonacci sequence analytically, and implement afew lines of code to check this limit experimentally.

$$\beta = \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{F_{n+1}}{F_n}$$
 $F_{n+2} = F_n + F_{n+1}$ $F_0 = 0$, $F_1 = 1$

Assignment 40 (2 Points)

Derive a formula to determine the fixpoint x^* depending on a for the following iterated function (logistic map): $x_{i+1} = a * x_i * (1 - x_i)$.

For a fixpoint of an iterated function the value is no longer changing, thus $x_{i+1}^* = x_i^*$.

Draw a diagram for the fixpoint $x^*(a)$ as a function of a with 0.0 < a < 4.0.

Assignment 41 (4 Points)

Please determine the long-term behavior of the *logistic map*:

 $x_{i+1} = a * x_i * (1 - x_i)$ for a = 3.3, for a = 3.51, and for a = 3.75

for the two starting conditions $x_{i=0} = 0.228734167$ and $\hat{x}_{i=0} = 0.228734168$.

Which class (Wolfram classification) of behavior is reached?

Draw at least one diagram that depicts the behavior.

The development of the difference between the values x_i and \hat{x}_i is as well interesting, and helpful to understand the behavior.

Assignment 42 (2 Points)

Write down the Look-and-Say sequence up to step 6, starting with "42".

Programming Assignment: C (5 Points, due date Mon 19.5.2025)

Implement (in Python) a program to iterate a system of three nonlinear coupled differential equations using the Euler-Method (sometimes called forward Euler Method).

Set the initial states x_0, y_0, z_0 for timestep t = 0 (or iteration step i = 0) randomly between $0.0 < x_0, y_0, z_0 < 1.0$. For each iteration step calculate the change of values $\Delta x_i, \Delta y_i, \Delta z_i$ according to the given differential equation and extrapolate to the next values for a small timestep Δt by taking the corresponding difference equations from the Euler-Method:

$$x_{i+1} = x_i + \Delta x_i$$

$$y_{i+1} = y_i + \Delta y_i$$

$$z_{i+1} = z_i + \Delta z_i$$

and

$$\Delta x = \dot{x}(t) * \Delta t$$

$$\Delta y = \dot{y}(t) * \Delta t$$

$$\Delta z = \dot{z}(t) * \Delta t.$$

You can chose between iterating the Lorenz-Attractor or the Rössler-Attractor, both for a minimum of 50000 steps with $\Delta t < 0.01$.

Depict the development of the values as three time series x(i), y(i), z(i) and as a line in three dimensions.

Rössler Attractor: parameters are a = 0.2, b = 0.2, c = 5.7.

$$\dot{x}(t) = -y - z$$

$$\dot{y}(t) = x + ay$$

$$\dot{z}(t) = b - zc + zx$$

Lorenz-Attractor: parameters are $\rho = 28, \sigma = 10, \beta = \frac{8}{3}$.

$$\dot{x}(t) = \sigma(y - x)$$

$$\dot{y}(t) = x(\rho - z) - y$$

$$\dot{z}(t) = xy - \beta z$$