

# The Language UCM

BNF-converter

December 16, 2009

This document was automatically generated by the *BNF-Converter*. It was generated together with the lexer, the parser, and the abstract syntax module, which guarantees that the document matches with the implementation of the language (provided no hand-hacking has taken place).

## The lexical structure of UCM

### Identifiers

Identifiers  $\langle Ident \rangle$  are unquoted strings beginning with a letter, followed by any combination of letters, digits, and the characters `_ ' ,` reserved words excluded.

### Literals

String literals  $\langle String \rangle$  have the form `"x"`, where  $x$  is any sequence of any characters except `"` unless preceded by `\`.

### Reserved words and symbols

The set of reserved words is the set of terminals appearing in the grammar. Those reserved words that consist of non-letter characters are called symbols, and they are treated in a different way from those that are similar to identifiers. The lexer follows rules familiar from languages like Haskell, C, and Java, including longest match and spacing conventions.

The reserved words used in UCM are the following:

|             |        |        |
|-------------|--------|--------|
| Proceed     | Step   | advice |
| after       | around | before |
| description | id     |        |

The symbols used in UCM are the following:

```

{   ;   }
:   (   ,
)

```

## Comments

There are no single-line comments in the grammar.

There are no multiple-line comments in the grammar.

## The syntactic structure of UCM

Non-terminals are enclosed between  $\langle$  and  $\rangle$ . The symbols  $::=$  (production),  $|$  (union) and  $\epsilon$  (empty rule) belong to the BNF notation. All other symbols are terminals.

```

 $\langle Advice \rangle ::= \text{before } \langle AdviceDec \rangle$ 
               |  $\text{after } \langle AdviceDec \rangle$ 
               |  $\text{around } \langle AdviceDec \rangle$ 

 $\langle AdviceDec \rangle ::= \text{advice } \{ \langle AdvId \rangle ; \langle AdvDesc \rangle ; \langle Flow \rangle \}$ 

 $\langle AdvId \rangle ::= \text{id} : \langle Ident \rangle$ 

 $\langle AdvDesc \rangle ::= \text{description} : \langle String \rangle$ 

 $\langle Flow \rangle ::= \langle ListStep \rangle$ 

 $\langle Step \rangle ::= \text{Step } ( \langle StepId \rangle , \langle Action \rangle , \langle System \rangle , \langle Response \rangle )$ 
              |  $\text{Proceed}$ 

 $\langle Action \rangle ::= \langle String \rangle$ 

 $\langle System \rangle ::= \langle String \rangle$ 

 $\langle Response \rangle ::= \langle String \rangle$ 

 $\langle StepId \rangle ::= \langle Ident \rangle$ 

 $\langle ListStep \rangle ::= \epsilon$ 
                 |  $\langle Step \rangle$ 
                 |  $\langle Step \rangle ; \langle ListStep \rangle$ 

```