# .NET PRACTICAL

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## **PRACTICAL:1**

#### **AIM: INTRODUCTION TO C#**

```
Variables:
 Initialization
 Scope
 Constant
Predefined Data Types
 Value Types
 Reference TYpes
Flow Control
 Conditional Statements(if, switch)
 Loop(for, while, dowhile, foreach)
 Jump(goto, break, continue, return)
Eumerations
Passing Arguments
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
namespace aim
{
    class Program
    {
              static int newint=100;
              public enum TimeOfDay
              {
              Morning = 0,
              Afternoon = 1,
              Evening = 2
```

```
}
        public static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            Console.WriteLine("\n integer types");
            sbyte sb = 10;
            short s = 33;
            int i = 10;
            long I = 33L;
            byte b = 22;
            ushort us = 33;
            uint ul = 33u:
            ulong ulo = 33ul;
            Console.WriteLine("\{0\},\{1\},\{2\},\{3\},\{4\},\{5\},\{6\},\{7\}", sb, s, i, l, b, us,
ul, ulo);
            float f = 1.122345656767f;
            double d = 12.1234455657878797;
            Console.Write("\nFloat and Double:\n");
            Console.WriteLine("{0} and \n{1}", f, d);
                    Console.WriteLine("decimal:\n{0} ",dec);
                    Console.WriteLine("\nBoolean:");
                    bool boolean =true:
                    Console.WriteLine("Status: " + boolean);
              Console.ReadLine();
                    char character ='d';
                    Console.WriteLine(character);
                    character = '\0';
                    Console.WriteLine("Now null: " + character);
                    object o1 = "Hi, I am ALICE";
                    object o2 = 15.3454365;
                    string strObj = o1 as string;
                    Console.WriteLine(strObj);
                    Console.WriteLine(o1.GetHashCode() + " " + o1.GetType());
                    Console.WriteLine(o2.GetHashCode() + " " + o2.GetType());
```

```
Console.WriteLine(o1.Equals(o2));
string s1, s2;
s1 = "this is string";
s2 = s1;
Console.WriteLine("S1 is: \{0\} and s2 is \{1\}", s1, s2); s2 =
"other string";
Console.WriteLine("S1 is: \{0\} and s2 is \{1\}", s1, s2); s1 =
"c:C:\\Users\\Dell\\source\\repos\\aim";
Console.WriteLine(s1);
s1 = @"c:C:\Users\Dell\source\repos\aim\aim";
Console.WriteLine(s1);
s1 = @"We can also write
like this";
Console.WriteLine(s1);
bool isZero;
Console.WriteLine("\nFlow Control: (if)\ni is " + i);
if (i == 10)
{
isZero = true;
Console.WriteLine("i is Zero {0}",isZero);
}
else
{
isZero = false;
Console.WriteLine("i is Non - zero");
}
int integerA = 1;
Console.WriteLine("\nSwitch:");
switch (integerA)
{
case 1:
Console.WriteLine("integerA = 1");
break;
case 2:
```

Console.WriteLine("integerA = 2");

```
//goto case 3;
                     break;
                     case 3:
                     Console.WriteLine("integerA = 3");
                     break;
                     default:
                     Console.WriteLine("integerA is not 1, 2, or 3");
                     break;}
                     WriteGreeting(TimeOfDay.Morning);
                     Console.WriteLine("Argument is: {0}",args[1]);
                      void WriteGreeting(TimeOfDay timeOfDay)
                     {
                     switch (timeOfDay)
                     case TimeOfDay.Morning:
                     Console.WriteLine("Good morning!");
                     break;
                     case TimeOfDay.Afternoon:
                     Console.WriteLine("Good afternoon!");
                     break;
                     case TimeOfDay.Evening:
                     Console.WriteLine("Good evening!");
                     break;
                     default:
                     Console.WriteLine("Hello!");
                     break;
       }
              }
                     Console.WriteLine("Scope of Variables.\n1:"); int
             newint=0;
                     int j;
            for (/*int*/ j = 0; j < 2; j++) //removing comment from for loop will
raise error
```

```
{
                 //int j;
                 //uncomment above line to error "A local variable named 'j' cannot be
declared in this
                 //scope because it would give a different meaning to 'j', which is
already
                 //used in a 'parent or current' scope to denote something else"
                 Console.Write("{0} {1}\n", newint, Program.newint);
             }
                     Console.WriteLine("2:");
             for (int k = 0; k < 3; k++)
             {
                 Console.Write("{0} ", k);
             }//Scope of k ends here
             Console.Write("\n");
             //Console.Write(k);
             //uncomment above line to see error "The name 'k' does not exist in the
current context"
             for (int k = 3: k > 0: k--)
             {
                 Console.Write("{0} ", k);
             }//scope of k ends here again
             Console.WriteLine("Constants");
                      const int valConst = 100; // This value cannot be changed.
             Console.WriteLine("{0} is constant value", valConst); //valConst = 45;
             //uncomment above line to see error "The left-hand side of an
assignment must be a variable, property or indexer"
             //const only allow constant variables into the expression const
             int valConst2 = valConst + 9/* + j*/;
             //remove comments from the above line to see error "The expression
being assigned to 'valConst2' must be constant"
             Console.WriteLine("Another Constant: {0}", valConst2);
```

```
Console.WriteLine("\nPredefined Data Types\n\nValue Types and
Reference Types");
             //Value Types
             int vali = 2, valj = vali;
             Console.WriteLine("vali is: {0} and valj is: {1}", vali, valj);
             vali = 90;
             Console.WriteLine("vali is: {0} and valj is: {1}", vali, valj);
             //Referece Types
             Vector x, y;
             x = new Vector();
             x.value = 3;
             y = x;
             Console.WriteLine("x is: {0} and y is:{1}", x.value, y.value);
             y.value = 234;
             Console.WriteLine("x is: {0} and y is:{1}", x.value, y.value);
             //If a variable is a reference, it is possible to indicate that it does not
refer to any object by setting its value to null:
             y = null;
             //Console.Write("Value for y is: " + y.value);
             //uncomment above line to see runtime exception
"System.NullReferenceException: Object reference not set to an instance of an
object."
//CTS
                      }
                      public class Vector
                      {
                      public int value;
                      }
 }
}
```

```
integer types
10.33.10.33.22.33.33.33

Plott and Double:
1.122346 and
12.12345557879
decimal:
111.66666666666666666

Boolean:
Status: True
d
Now null:
Hi 2 and AlICE
1302462624 System. String
1302462624 System. Double
Palse
Si is: this is string and s2 is this is string
S1 is: this is string and s2 is other string
c:c:\text{Si is: this is string and s2 is other string}
S1 is: this is string and s2 is other string
c:c:\text{Si is: this is string and s2 is other string}
c:c:\text{Si is: this is string and s2 is other string}
S1 is: this is string and s2 is other string
c:c:\text{Si is: this is string and s2 is other string}
S1 is: this is string and s2 is other string
c:c:\text{Si is: this is string and s2 is other string}
S1 is: this is string and s2 is other string
c:c:\text{Si is: this is string and s2 is other string}
S1 is: this is string and s2 is other string
c:c:\text{Si is: this is string and s2 is other string}
S1 is: this is string and s2 is other string
S2 is: S2 is: This is string and s2 is other string
c:c:\text{Si is: string and s2 is other string}
S2 is: S2 other string
condition

All CE

10 is 10
10 is contants
10 is: 2
10
```

## PRACTICAL:2

## Program 1

Write console based program in code behind language VB or C# to print following pattern.

```
@@@@@
@@@@
@@@
(a)
(a)
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Ling;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
namespace practical2
{
    class Program
    {
    static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            for(int i=5; i>0; i--)
             {
                 for (int j = i; j > 0; j--)
                 {
                     Console.Write("@");
                 }
                 Console.WriteLine(" ");
             }
            Console.ReadKey();
        }
    }
```

}



## Program 2

Write console based program in code behind language VB or C# to print following pattern.

```
1
12
123
1234
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
namespace practical2._1
{
    class Program
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
         {
            for(int i=1; i < =5; i++)
```

```
{
                  for(int j=i;j>0;j--)
                  {
                      Console.Write("{0}",i);
                  }
                  Console.WriteLine("");
             }
             Console.ReadKey();
         }
    }
}
```

## Program 3

Write C# code to prompt a user to input his/her name and country name and then the output will be shown as an example below:

Hello Ram from country India

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
namespace practical2._2
{
```

```
class Program
{
    static void Main(string[] args)
    {
        string name;
        string country;
        Console.WriteLine("enter your name:");
        name=Console.ReadLine();
        Console.WriteLine("enter your country:");
        country = Console.ReadLine();
        Console.WriteLine("hello {0} from country {1}",name,country);
        Console.ReadKey();
    }
}
```



## Program 4

What is inheritance? Create C# console application to define Car class and derive Maruti and Mahindra from it to demonstrate inheritance.

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Ling;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
namespace practical2._3
{
    class car
        public void Method1()
        {
            Console.WriteLine("this is the method of car class");
        }
    }
    class maruti:car
    {
        public void method2()
            Console.WriteLine("this is the method of maruti");
            Console.ReadKey();
        }
    }
    class mahindra:car
    {
        public void method3()
        {
```

```
Console.WriteLine("this is the method of mahindra");
           }
     }
     class Program
      {
           static void Main(string[] args)
                 mahindra m = new mahindra();
                 maruti m1 = new maruti();
                 m.Method1();
                 m1.Method1();
                 Console.ReadKey();
           }
     }
}
 this is the method of car class
this is the method of maruti
this is the method of car class
this is the method of mahindra
```

#### PRACTICAL:3

## **AIM: Method & constructor overloading**

#### Program 1

Write a c# program to add two integers, two vectors and two metric using method overloading.

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
namespace p3
{
    public class Add
    {
         public void add()
         {
             int[,] m1 = new int[50, 50]; int[,] m2 = new
             int[50, 50]; int[,] m3 = new int[50, 50];
             Console.WriteLine("enter size of array:");
             int size = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
             Console.WriteLine("enter first array:"); for (int i = 0; i
             < size; i++)
             {
                  for (int j = 0; j < size; j++)
                  {
                      m1[i, j] = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
                  }
             }
             Console.WriteLine("enter second array:");
             for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
             {
                  for (int j = 0; j < size; j++)
```

```
{
                  m2[i, j] = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
              }
         }
         for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
         {
             for (int j = 0; j < size; j++)
             {
                  m3[i, j] = m1[i, j] + m2[i, j];
             }
         }
         Console.WriteLine("addition array:");
         for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
         {
             Console.Write("\n");
             for (int j = 0; j < size; j++)
              {
                  Console.Write("{0}\t", m3[i, j]);
              }
             Console.Write("\n");
         }
    }
    public int add(int a, int b)
         return (a + b);
    }
}
    public class Vector
    {
         public void add()
         {
             Console.WriteLine("enter first vector"); int x =
             Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
```

```
int y = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
                 int z = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
                 Console.WriteLine("enter second vector");
                 int x1 = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
                 int y1 = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
                 int z1 = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
                 int x^2 = x + x^1;
                 int y2 = y + y1;
                 int z^2 = z + z^1;
                 Console.WriteLine("<" + x2 + "," + y2 + "," + z2 + ">");
             }
        }
  class Program
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
         {
             Add a1 = new Add();
             Vector v1 = new Vector();
             v1.add();
             a1.add();
             int res=a1.add(1, 2);
             Console.Write("method overloading for addtion{0}",res);
             Console.ReadLine();
        }
    }
}
```

```
enter first vector
1
2
3
enter second vector
2
3
<2,4,6>
enter size of array:
2
enter first array:
1
1
2
3
4
enter second array:
1
2
3
4
addition array:
method overloading for addtion3_
```

## Program 2

Write a c# program that create student object. Overload constror to create new instant with following details.

- 1. Name
- 2. Name, Enrollment
- 3. Name, Enrollment, Branch

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Ling;
using System.Text;
using System. Threading. Tasks;
using System.Reflection;
namespace p3a1
{
    class Program
    {
        public int ID { get; set; }
```

```
public string Name { get; set; }
        String name, branch;
        int enrol;
        public Program(String name)
        {
            this.name = name;
            Console.WriteLine("constructor 1:" + name);
        }
        public Program(String name, int enrol)
            this.name = name;
            this.enrol = enrol;
            Console.WriteLine("constructor 2:" + name + " " + enrol);
        }
        public Program(String name, int enrol, String branch)
        {
            this.name = name;
            this.enrol = enrol;
            this.branch = branch;
            Console.WriteLine("constructor 3:" + name + " " + enrol + " " +
branch);
        }
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
 Program p1 = new Program("bob");
            Program p2 = new Program("bob", 1);
            Program p3 = new Program("bob", 1, "computer");
             Console.ReadLine();
        }
  }
```

160470107008 REFLECTION

## **PRACTICAL:4**

Create a c# program to find Methods, Properties and Constructors from class of running program.(Use Class from previous practical)

```
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Reflection;
using System;
namespace p2
{
    class P4
    {
        public static void Main() {
             Type T = Type.GetType("p2.Example");
             MethodInfo[] methods = T.GetMethods();
             foreach (MethodInfo method in methods)
             {
                 Console.WriteLine(method.ReturnType + " " + method.Name);
             }
             PropertyInfo[] properties = T.GetProperties();
             Console.WriteLine("\nProperties");
             foreach (PropertyInfo property in properties)
             {
                 Console.WriteLine(property.PropertyType + " " + property.Name);
             }
             Console.WriteLine("\nConstructors"); ConstructorInfo[]
             constructors = T.GetConstructors(); foreach
             (ConstructorInfo constructor in constructors) {
                 Console.WriteLine(constructor.ToString());
             }
```

160470107008 REFLECTION

```
}
    }
    class Example {
        public string name { get; set; }
        public int enrollment { get; set; }
        public string branch { get; set; }
        public Example() { }
        public Example(int enrollment, string name)
             { this.enrollment = enrollment; this.name =
             name;
        }
        public Example(int enrollment, string name, string branch)
             this.enrollment = enrollment;
             this.name = name;
             this.branch = branch;
        }
        public void displayName()
             { Console.WriteLine("Name={0}",this.name);
        }
        public void displayEnroll()
             { Console.WriteLine("Enrollment={0}",this.enrollment);
        }
        public void displayBranch()
        {
             Console.WriteLine("Branch={0}", this.branch);
        }
 }
OUTPUT:
 System.Int32 get_ID System.Void set_ID
 System.String get_Name System.Void set_Name
 System.Void printID
 System. Void printName System. String ToString
 System.Boolean Equals System.Int32 GetHashCode System.Type GetType
Properties
```

160470107008 REFLECTION

System.Int32 ID System.String Name

Constructors

Void .ctor(Int32, System.String) Void .ctor()

160470107008 FILE HANDLING

## PRACTICAL:5

## **AIM: File Handling**

## Program 1:

Write a C# program to copy data from one file to another using StreamReader and StreamWriter class.

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Ling;
using System.Text;
using System.IO;
namespace p2
{
    class P4 1
    {
        public static void Main(){
            string f1 = @"f1.txt";
            string f2 = @"f2.txt";
            using (StreamReader reader = new StreamReader(f1))
            using (StreamWriter writer = new StreamWriter(f2))
                 writer.Write(reader.ReadToEnd());
        }
    }
}
```

160470107008 FILE HANDLING

## Program 2:

Write a C# Program to Read Lines from a File until the End of File is reached.

```
using System;
using
System.Collections.Generic;
 using System.Ling;
 using System.Text;
 using System.IO;
 namespace P2
{
    public class CopyFile
    {
        public void copyFile(string f1, string f2)
        {
             using (StreamReader reader = new StreamReader(f1))
             using (StreamWriter writer = new StreamWriter(f2))
             {
                 string line = null;
                 while ((line = reader.ReadLine()) != null)
                      writer.WriteLine(line);
             }
        }
    }
    public class mmain{
           public static void
                Main(){
             CopyFile cp = new CopyFile();
             string f1 = @"E:\Sem-6\VS\p2\p2\f1.txt";
             string f2 = @"E:\Sem-6\VS\p2\p2\f2.txt";
             cp.copyFile(f1,f2);
        }
    }
}
```

160470107008 FILE HANDLING

## Program 3:

Write a C# Program to List Files in a Directory.

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Ling;
using System.Text;
using System.IO;
namespace p2
{
    class ListFile
    {
            public static void
                 Main() {
             string[] Directories = Directory.GetDirectories(@"E:\Sem-6\VS");
             foreach (string dir in Directories)
                  Console.WriteLine(dir);
             string[] files = Directory.GetFiles(@"E:\Sem-6\VS");
             foreach (string file in
                  files)
                  Console.WriteLine(fil
                  e);
             Console.ReadKey();
         }
    }
}
```

```
Directories are:
F:\16ce012\P2
F:\16ce012\P3
F:\16ce012\P4
F:\16ce012\P4
F:\16ce012\Practical4
F:\16ce012\Practical5
File are:
F:\16ce012\a.txt.txt
F:\16ce012\b.txt.txt
F:\16ce012\b.txt.txt
F:\16ce012\P1.cs
F:\16ce012\P1.cs
F:\16ce012\P1.exe
```

#### PRACTICAL:6

#### Program 1:

Create Windows Form Application for Student Registration and store student Details in DataBase.

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Data;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Ling;
using System.Text;
using System.Windows.Forms;
using System.Data.SqlClient;
using System.IO;
namespace StudentForm
    public partial class Form1 : Form
    {
        string imgPath;
        public Form1()
            InitializeComponent();
        }
        private void btnsave_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
            string gen = null;
            string subject = null;
            if (genMale.Checked == true) {
                 gen = "m";
            if (genFemale.Checked == true) {
                 gen = "f";
            if (ck1.Checked == true) {
                 subject = subject + " s1";
             }
            if (ck2.Checked == true) {
                 subject = subject + " s2";
             }
            string source = @"Data Source=Mishil-Patel\SQLExpress;Initial
Catalog=DemoDb;Integrated Security=True;Pooling=False";
```

```
string insert = "insert into tblstudent
(fname,Iname,gender,subject,imgStudent) values (" + txtfname.Text + "'," +
txtIname.Text + "', " + gen + "', " + subject + "', " + (imgPath == null?"" :
imgPath) + "')";
            //MessageBox.Show(insert);
            //string insert = "insert into tblstudent(fname) values ('jhgjh')";
            SqlConnection conn = new SqlConnection(source);
            SqlCommand\ cmd = new
            SqlCommand(insert,conn); conn.Open();
            int i = cmd.ExecuteNonQuery();
            conn.Close();
        }
        private void Form1 Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
        }
        private void btnimg_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
            openFileDialog1.Filter = "Jpg|*.jpg";
            if (openFileDialog1.ShowDialog() == DialogResult.OK)
             {
                 imgPath = openFileDialog1.SafeFileName;
                 pictureBox.Image = Image.FromFile(openFileDialog1.FileName);
                 //MessageBox.Show(imgPath);
             }
        }
    }
}
Program.cs:
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Ling;
using System.Windows.Forms;
namespace StudentForm
{
    static class Program
    {
            <summary>
            The main entry point for the application.
```

```
/ </summary>
  [STAThread]
  static void Main()
  {
         Application.EnableVisualStyles();
         Application.SetCompatibleTextRenderingDefault(false);
         Application.Run(new Form1());
     }
}
```

#### **OUTPUT:**



#### PRACTICAL:7

#### Program 1:

**ASP.NET Validation Control** 

RequiredFieldValidator, CompareValidator, RegularExpressionValidator, CustomValidator, RangeValidator, ValidationSummary

160470107008 VALIDATION CONTROLS

```
<br />
                 <asp:Label ID="Label3" runat="server"
Text="Password"></asp:Label>
            
p;&nbs p;  
                     <asp:TextBox ID="txtpass" runat="server"
TextMode="Password"></asp:TextBox>
                     <br />
                 <asp:Label ID="Label4" runat="server" Text="Confirm"
Password"></asp:Label>
                        
                     <asp:TextBox ID="txtcpass" runat="server"
TextMode="Password"></asp:TextBox>
                     <asp:CompareValidator ID="CompareValidator1" runat="server"
                      ControlToCompare="txtcpass" ControlToValidate="txtpass"
                      ErrorMessage="CompareValidator"></asp:CompareValidator>
                     <br />
                 <asp:Label ID="Label5" runat="server" Text="Sem"></asp:Label>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     
nbs p;        
                     <asp:TextBox ID="txtsem" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
                     <asp:RangeValidator ID="RangeValidator1" runat="server"
                       ControlToValidate="txtsem" ErrorMessage="RangeValidator"
MaximumValue="8"
                       MinimumValue="1"></asp:RangeValidator>
                     <br />
                     <asp:ValidationSummary ID="ValidationSummary1" runat="server"
```

VVPCE.NET SEM-6 Page

/>

160470107008 VALIDATION CONTROLS

```
<asp:Button ID="Button1" runat="server" Text="Save" />
            </div>
</form>
OUTPUT:
 Name
                               RequiredFieldValidator
 Email
                                RegularExpressionValidator
                abcde
```

CompareValidator

RangeValidator

RequiredFieldValidator

• RegularExpressionValidator

...

9

•••

- CompareValidator
- RangeValidator

Save

Password

Sem

Confirm Password

## PRACTICAL:8

## **AIM: Introduction to Master Pages**

#### Program 1:

```
Site1.Master:
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System. Web;
using System.Web.UI;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
namespace WebApplication1
{
    public partial class Site1 : System.Web.UI.MasterPage {
        protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
        }
        public Label LblHeader {
            get {
                 return lblheader;
             }
        public Button BtnSearch {
            get {
                 return btnsearch;
             }
        public TextBox TxtSearch {
            get {
                 return txtsearch;
             }
        }
    }
}
```

#### WebForm1.aspx:

```
<%@ Page Title="" Language="C#"
MasterPageFile="~/Site1.Master" AutoEventWireup="true"
CodeBehind="WebForm1.aspx.cs"
Inherits="WebApplication1.WebForm1" %>
```

```
<asp:Content ID="Content1"
ContentPlaceHolderID="ContentPlaceHolder1" runat="server">
    <asp:TextBox ID="txtname" runat="server" ></asp:TextBox>
<asp:Button ID="Button1" runat="server" Text="Set Header" onclick="Button1_Click"
/>
</asp:Content>
WebForm.aspx.cs:
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Ling;
using System.Web;
using System.Web.UI;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
namespace WebApplication1
    public partial class WebForm1 : System.Web.UI.Page {
        protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
        }
        protected void Button1_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
            ((Site1)Master).LblHeader.Text = txtname.Text;
        }
    }
}
OUTPUT:
jkjk Button
```

## Program 2:

#### WebForm2.aspx:

#### WebForm2.aspx.cs:

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Ling;
using System. Web;
using System.Web.UI;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
using System.Data.SqlClient;
namespace WebApplication1
    public partial class WebForm2 : System.Web.UI.Page {
        protected void Page Init(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            ((Site1)Master).BtnSearch.Click += new EventHandler(BtnSearch_Click);
        }
        void BtnSearch Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
            { getData();
        protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
        void getData() {
            string s= ((Site1)Master).TxtSearch.Text;
            Console.WriteLine(s);
            string source = @"Data Source=computer\SQLExpress;Initial
Catalog=DemoDb;Integrated Security=True;Pooling=False";
            string select = "select * from tblstudent where fname like '%"+
((Site1)Master).TxtSearch.Text + "%'";
            SqlConnection con = new SqlConnection(source);
            SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand(select, con);
```

```
con.Open();
    SqlDataReader rdr = cmd.ExecuteReader();
    grdstudent.DataSource = rdr;
    grdstudent.DataBind();
    con.Close();
    }
}
```

#### **OUTPUT:**

Header



pkstudent	fname	lname	gender	subject	imgStudent
22	ABC	AAA	f	s1	IMG-20170326-WA0009.jpg

Footer