

# 1 Algebraic $F$ 32 bits numbers

Lets define the algebraic  $F$  numbers as the next irreducible equation:

$$F \equiv \frac{\pm a \sqrt{c \pm e \sqrt{f}} \pm d}{b}$$

when we are limited to 32-bit integers:

$$0 \leq a, c, d, e, f \leq 4,294,967,295$$

$$1 \leq b \leq 4,294,967,295$$

## 1.1 Simplifications

When  $e = 0$  and  $a, c, d > 0$  we have an algebraic  $D$ . When  $d, e = 0$  and  $a, c > 0$  we have an algebraic  $C$ . When  $c, d, e = 0$  and  $a > 0$  we have a rational  $B$ .

$$\begin{aligned} D &\equiv \frac{\pm a \sqrt{c} \pm d}{b} & e = 0 \\ C &\equiv \frac{\pm a \sqrt{c}}{b} & d = e = 0 \\ B &\equiv \frac{\pm a}{b} & c = d = e = 0 \end{aligned}$$

## 2 Operations

### 2.1 $B_1 + B_2 = B_3$

$$\begin{aligned} B_1 + B_2 &= \frac{\pm a_1}{b_1} + \frac{\pm a_2}{b_2} \\ &= \frac{\pm a_1 b_2 \pm a_2 b_1}{b_1 b_2} \\ &= \frac{\pm a_3}{b_3} \end{aligned} \quad (\pm a_3, b_3) = \gcd(\pm a_1 b_2 \pm a_2 b_1, b_1 b_2)$$

### 2.2 $B_1 \times B_2 = B_3$

$$\begin{aligned} B_1 \times B_2 &= \frac{\pm a_1}{b_1} \times \frac{\pm a_2}{b_2} \\ &= \frac{\pm a_1 a_2}{b_1 b_2} \\ &= \frac{\pm a_3}{b_3} \end{aligned} \quad (\pm a_3, b_3) = \gcd(\pm a_1 a_2, b_1 b_2)$$

### 2.3 $1/B_1 = B_2, a > 0$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{B_1} &= \frac{1}{\frac{\pm a_1}{b_1}} \\ &= \frac{\pm b_1}{a_1} \\ &= \frac{\pm a_2}{b_2} \end{aligned}$$

$$2.4 \quad \sqrt{B_1} = C_2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt{B_1} &= \sqrt{\frac{a_1}{b_1}} \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{a_1 b_1}}{b_1} \\ &= \frac{m\sqrt{c_2}}{b_1} \\ &= \frac{a_2\sqrt{c_2}}{b_2} \end{aligned}$$

$$a_1 b_1 = m^2 c_2$$

$$(a_2, b_2) = \gcd(m, b_1)$$

$$2.5 \quad B_1 + C_2 = D_3$$

$$\begin{aligned} B_1 + C_2 &= \frac{\pm a_1}{b_1} + \frac{\pm a_2\sqrt{c_2}}{b_2} \\ &= \frac{\pm a_2 b_1 \sqrt{c_2} \pm a_1 b_2}{b_1 b_2} \\ &= \frac{\pm a_3 \sqrt{c_2} \pm d_3}{b_3} \end{aligned}$$

$$(\pm a_3, b_3, \pm d_3) = \gcd(\pm a_2 b_1, b_1 b_2, \pm a_1 b_2)$$

$$2.6 \quad B_1 + D_2 = D_3$$

$$\begin{aligned} B_1 + D_2 &= \frac{\pm a_1}{b_1} + \frac{\pm a_2\sqrt{c_2} \pm d_2}{b_2} \\ &= \frac{\pm a_2 b_1 \sqrt{c_2} \pm a_1 b_2 \pm d_2 b_1}{b_1 b_2} \\ &= \frac{\pm a_3 \sqrt{c_2} \pm d_3}{b_3} \end{aligned}$$

$$(\pm a_3, b_3, \pm d_3) = \gcd(\pm a_2 b_1, b_1 b_2, \pm a_1 b_2 \pm d_2 b_1)$$

$$2.7 \quad B_1 + F_2 = F_3$$

$$\begin{aligned} B_1 + F_2 &= \frac{\pm a_1}{b_1} + \frac{\pm a_2\sqrt{c_2 \pm e_2\sqrt{f_2}} \pm d_2}{b_2} \\ &= \frac{\pm a_2 b_1 \sqrt{c_2 \pm e_2\sqrt{f_2}} \pm a_1 b_2 \pm d_2 b_1}{b_1 b_2} \\ &= \frac{\pm a_3 \sqrt{c_2 \pm e_2\sqrt{f_2}} \pm d_3}{b_3} \end{aligned}$$

$$(\pm a_3, b_3, \pm d_3) = \gcd(\pm a_2 b_1, b_1 b_2, \pm a_1 b_2 \pm d_2 b_1)$$

$$2.8 \quad C_1 + C_2 = F_3$$

$$\begin{aligned}
C_1 + C_2 &= \frac{\pm a_1 \sqrt{c_1}}{b_1} + \frac{\pm a_2 \sqrt{c_2}}{b_2} \\
&= \frac{\pm a_1 b_2 \sqrt{c_1} \pm a_2 b_1 \sqrt{c_2}}{b_1 b_2} \\
&= \frac{\pm m \sqrt{c_1} \pm n \sqrt{c_2}}{o} \\
&= \frac{\pm \sqrt{m^2 c_1 + n^2 c_2 \pm 2mn \sqrt{c_1 c_2}}}{o} \\
&= \frac{\pm \sqrt{q \pm 2mnp \sqrt{f_3}}}{o} \\
&= \frac{\pm r \sqrt{c_3} \pm e_3 \sqrt{f_3}}{o} \\
&= \frac{\pm a_3 \sqrt{c_3} \pm e_3 \sqrt{f_3}}{b_3}
\end{aligned}$$

$$c_1 c_2 = p^2 f_3$$

$$q = r^2 c_3, 2mnp = r^2 e_3$$

$$2.9 \quad C_1 \times C_2 = C_3$$

$$\begin{aligned}
C_1 \times C_2 &= \frac{\pm a_1 \sqrt{c_1}}{b_1} \times \frac{\pm a_2 \sqrt{c_2}}{b_2} \\
&= \frac{\pm a_1 a_2 \sqrt{c_1 c_2}}{b_1 b_2} \\
&= \frac{\pm a_1 a_2 m \sqrt{c_3}}{b_1 b_2} \\
&= \frac{\pm a_3 \sqrt{c_3}}{b_3}
\end{aligned}$$

$$c_1 c_2 = m^2 c_3$$

$$(\pm a_3, b_3) = \gcd(\pm a_1 a_2 m, b_1 b_2)$$

$$2.10 \quad 1/C_1 = C_2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
1/C_1 &= \frac{1}{\frac{\pm a_1 \sqrt{c_1}}{b_1}} \\
&= \frac{b_1}{\pm a_1 \sqrt{c_1}} \\
&= \frac{\pm b_1 \sqrt{c_1}}{c_1} \\
&= \frac{\pm a_2 \sqrt{c_1}}{b_2}
\end{aligned}$$

$$(\pm a_2, b_2) = \gcd(\pm b_1, c_1)$$

$$2.11 \quad \sqrt{C_1} = F_2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\sqrt{C_1} &= \sqrt{\frac{a_1 \sqrt{c_1}}{b_1}} \\
&= \frac{\sqrt{a_1 b_1 \sqrt{c_1}}}{b_1} \\
&= \frac{m \sqrt{e_2 \sqrt{c_1}}}{b_1} \\
&= \frac{a_2 \sqrt{e_2 \sqrt{c_1}}}{b_2}
\end{aligned}$$

$$a_1 b_1 = m^2 e_2$$

$$(a_2, b_2) = \gcd(m, b_1)$$

## 2.12 $D_1 + D_2 = F_3???$

$$\begin{aligned}
D_1 + D_2 &= \frac{\pm a_1 \sqrt{c_1} \pm d_1}{b_1} + \frac{\pm a_2 \sqrt{c_2} \pm d_2}{b_2} \\
&= \frac{\pm a_1 b_2 \sqrt{c_1} \pm a_2 b_1 \sqrt{c_2} \pm d_1 b_2 \pm d_2 b_1}{b_1 b_2} \\
&= \frac{\pm m \sqrt{c_1} \pm n \sqrt{c_2} \pm p}{o} \\
&= \frac{\sqrt{m^2 c_1 + n^2 c_2 \pm 2mn \sqrt{c_1 c_2}} \pm p}{o} \\
&= \frac{\sqrt{q \pm 2mnr \sqrt{f_3}} \pm p}{o} \\
&= \frac{s \sqrt{c_3 \pm e_3 \sqrt{f_3}} \pm p}{o} \\
&= \frac{a_3 \sqrt{c_3 \pm e_3 \sqrt{f_3}} \pm d_3}{b_3}
\end{aligned}$$

$$(\pm m, \pm n, \pm p, o) = \gcd(\pm a_1 b_2, \pm a_2 b_1, \pm d_1 b_2 \pm d_2 b_1, b_1 b_2)$$

$$q = m^2 c_1 + n^2 c_2, c_1 c_2 = r^2 f_3$$

$$q = s^2 c_3, 2mnr = s^2 e_3$$

$$(a_3, b_3, \pm d_3) = \gcd(s, \pm p, o)$$