



Object Oriented Programming with Java (OOPJ)

Session 5: Arrays

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```
or
                                    _044_Mrunali Jangam_JH raised hand
                                                        View
                                                                 15
                                                                       23
                                                           9
                                     arr[]
    Ex:
    int[] arr = new int[5];//
                                                                  3
                                              0
                                                            2
                                                                               5
    int[] arr1 = new int[3];
                                    arr1
                                                                 0
                                                arr[2]
                                    arr -
                                                             Heap
                                   stack
    byte[] arr = new byte[5];
```

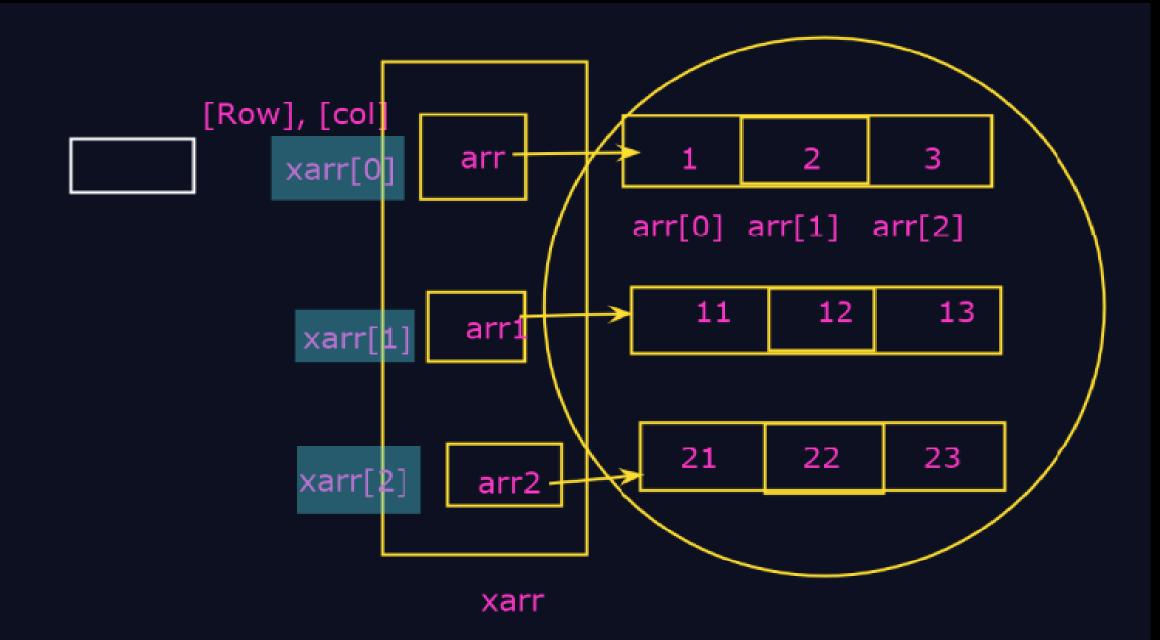
short[] arr = new short[5];

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32 ×
class ArrayDemo2{
                                                Enter element:
    public static void main(String args[]
                                                Enter element:
         Scanner sc = new Scanner (System. ili 4
                                                Enter element:
         //length : Array
         //length() : String
         int arr[] = new int[5];
         //Input in the array
         for (int i=0; i < arr.length; i++)
                                                C:\Test>
             System.out.println("Enter element:");
             arr[i] = sc.nextInt();
         for(int i=0;i<arr.length;i++)</pre>
             System.out.println(arr[i]);
```

```
class ArrayDemo1{

☐ C:\WINDOWS\system32 ×

     public static void main(String args[]) {
                                                             C:\Test>javac ArrayDemo
          Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
                                                             C:\Test>java ArrayDemo1
                                                             Enter element:
          int arr[] = new int[5]
          <u>//Input in the array</u>
                                                             Enter element:
          for (int i=0; i<3; i++)
                                                             Enter element:
               System.out.println("Enter element: '
               arr[i] = sc.nextInt();
                                                             C:\Test>
          for (int i=0; i<3; i++)
               System.out.println(arr[i])
```



```
int arr1[][] = new int[2][];//Jagged array(rows without fixed columns)
int arr2[][] = new int[2][3];//Fixed 2D array (2rows, 3cols)
for(int ar[] : arr1){
   System.out.println(" "+ar);
for(int ar[] : arr2){
                                     Jagged array
   System.out.println(" "+ar);
```

```
byte[] arr = new byte[5];//0
short[] arr = new short[5];//0
float[] arr = new float[5];//0.0
char[] arr = new char[4];//'/u0000'=null
                                          Jagged array
For-each:
-Printing elemnets:
                                                        1D
for(int x : arr) {
    System.out.println(x);
                                                         1D
2-D Array: Multidimensional array
                                                        1D
1.Create an 2D array:
int[][] a;
int [][]a;
                                        4795
int a[][];
                                         3 5 7
                       Row,col
2.Declare 2D array:
                                         2 3
int[][] a = new int[size][];
```

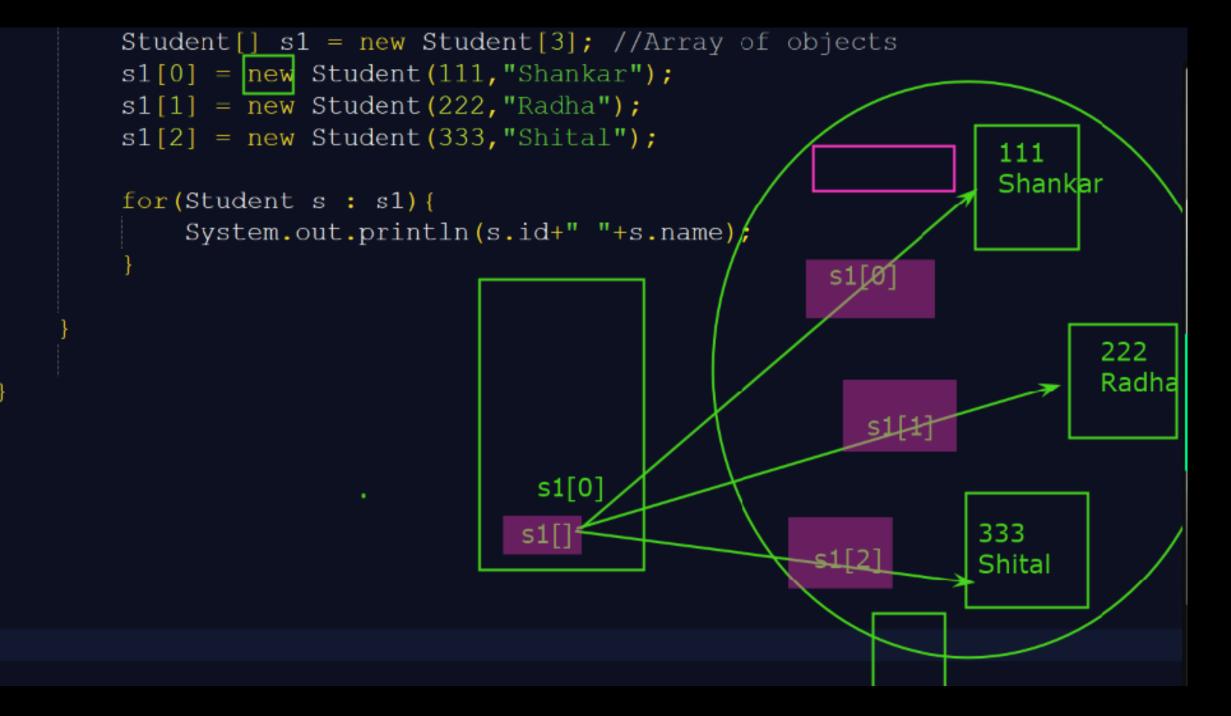
```
/*for(int i=1;i<=2;i++){
                                 You are screen sharing
                                                      Stop share
    for(int j=1;j<=2;j++){
    System.out.print(arr[i][j]+" ");
    System.out.println();
for(int ar[] : arr){
    for(int a : ar) {
        System.out.print(" "+a);
    System.out.println();
```

```
import java.util.*;
class ArrayDemo1{
                                                                Stop share
                                              You are screen sharing
                                                         public static void main(String args[]) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner (System.in);
        int arr[][ = new int[5];
        for(int i=0;i<3;i++) {
             System.out.println("Enter element:");
             arr[i][j] = sc.nextInt();
        //for-each: print the array elements
        for(int x : arr) {
             System.out.println(x);
        /*for(int i=0; i<arr.length ;i++) {</pre>
             System.out.println(arr[i])
         * /
```

```
public static void main(String args[]) {
    int a[] = \{1,2,3\};
    int b[] = \{11, 12, 13\};
    int c[] = \{21, 22, 23\};
    int arr[][] = new int[3][];
    arr[0]=a;
    arr[1]=b;
    arr[2]=c;
    for(int ar[] : arr)
        for(int x : ar)
             System.out.print(" "+x);
        System.out.println();
```

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32 ×
C:\Test>java ArrayDemo5
1 2 3
11 12 13
 21 22 23
C:\Test>javac ArrayDemo6.java
C:\Test>java ArrayDemo6
1 2 3
11 12 13
21 22 23
C:\Test>
```

```
public static void main(String args[]){
   Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
   System.out.println("Enter no. of rows:");
   int r = sc.nextInt();
   int arr[][] = new int[\overline{r}][];//Jagged array(rows without fixed columns)
   //Input: /1/244
   System.out.println("Enter no. of cols:"+ i + ":"); 0 - 5
       int_cols = sc.nextInt(); 4 \sim 5 
       arr[i]) = new int[cols];36 %
       for(int j=0;j<arr[i].length;j++){</pre>
       System.out.println("Enter elem:");
       arr[i][j] = sc.nextInt();
   //Print array
  xfor(int ar[] : arr){
```



```
class ArrayDemo10{
            static void printArray(int[] arr) {
             for (int (num): arr)
                System.out.println(num);
    public static void main (String args[]) {
        int[] arr = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\};
        printArray(arm);
```

```
class ArrayDemo10{
```

```
static void printArray (int[] arr) {
    //Printing of array element
    for(int num : arr) {
        System.out.println(num);
     }
}
```

```
public static void main(String args[]) {
    //Declared the array
    int[] arr = {1,2,3,4,5};

    printArray(arr); //Called function: passing array reference
}
```

```
class Employee{
    int i;
    String name;
                                      Emplyee e1 = new Employee();
    Employee(){
        this.i = 100;
        this.name="unknown";
                                                                  name
    Employee (int i, String name)
                                       Employee e1 + new Employee(555 Abc')
        this.i = i;
        this.name=name;
    void data (String name, int i)
                                               e1.data("dfdrf",222);
        this.i = i;
        this.name=name
```