## Package 'divnn'

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```
Type Package
Title An implementation of the DeepInsight Visible Neural Network
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Depends R (>= 4.0.2)
Description This package facilitates application of DeepInsight (DI) and
      Visible Neural Network (VNN) algorithms from Alok Sharma and Michael Ku Yu,
      respectively. The application is intended for supervised machine learning
      by convolutional neural network (CNN). DeepInsight converts non-image
      data into image-like data by dimensionality reduction algorithms. This
      package maps the data into a multi-dimensional array. Meanwhile, VNN
      determines a neural network architecture by hierarchical clustering
      algorithms, particularly for data-driven ontology. This package generate a
      CNN model based on the ontology using the DeepInsight array as the input.
      However, this package includes neither dimensionality reduction nor
      data-driven ontology inference. A comprehensive guide to orchestrate this
      package and other packages to develop the DI-VNN model is described in this
      package vignette. The inputs are instance-feature value data frame, outcome
      vector, feature similarity matrix, feature three-dimensional mapping matrix,
      and ontology source-target-similarity-relation data frame. The outputs are
      tidy (expression) set, training array, and Keras CNN model.
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URL https://github.com/herdiantrisufriyana/divnn

 $\pmb{BugReports} \ \text{https://github.com/herdiantrisufriyana/divnn/issues}$ 

VignetteBuilder knitr

## **R** topics documented:

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## Description

This function creates a function that generate a batch of ontoarray for training or testing a Keras Convolutional Neural Network (CNN) model using  $fit_generator$ , evaluate\_generator, or predict\_generator function from Keras R package.

## Usage

```
generator.ontoarray(tidy_set, index, batch_size)
```

## Arguments

tidy_set	TidySet, an ExpressionSet with three tables.

index An integer vector of index to select which ontoarray will be used for training or

testing.

batch\_size An integer of how much samples are generated everytime this function runs. If

all samples are generated, this function will loop over the samples.

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#### Value

output sample generator, a function for argument of generator in fit\_generator, evaluate\_generator, or predict\_generator function from Keras R package.

```
## Create input example
input=utils.example()
## Compile input to a TidySet
tidy_set=
 TidySet.compile(
   value=input$value
    ,outcome=input$outcome
    ,similarity=input$similarity
    ,mapping=input$mapping
    ,ontology=input$ontology
## Create ontonet (Keras model object) generator function
ontonet=generator.ontonet(tidy_set)
## Randomize sample and split indices for train and test set
set.seed(33)
index=sample(1:dim(tidy_set)[2],dim(tidy_set)[2],F)
test_i=1:round(0.2*length(index))
train_i=!index %in% index[test_i]
## Fit the model
history=
  ontonet %>%
  compile(
    loss='mean_squared_error'
    ,loss_weights=c(rep(0.3,length(.$outputs)-1),1)
    ,metrics='accuracy'
  ) %>%
  fit_generator(
    generator=
      generator.ontoarray(
        tidy_set
        ,index=index[train_i]
        ,batch_size=4
    ,steps_per_epoch=24
    ,validation_data=
      generator.ontoarray(
        tidy_set
        ,index=index[test_i]
        ,batch_size=4
    ,validation_steps=6
    ,epochs=30
    ,verbose=1
```

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generator.ontonet

Make an ontonet generator for visible neural network (VNN) modeling

## **Description**

This function creates a function that generate a Keras Convolutional Neural Network (CNN) model with a specific layer architecture for each path in the hierarchy of the given ontology.

## Usage

```
generator.ontonet(
  tidy_set,
  path = NULL,
  init_seed = 888,
  init2_seed = 9999,
  12_norm = 0
)
```

#### **Arguments**

tidy\_set TidySet, an ExpressionSet with three tables.

path A character of file path if the model json file is saved.

init\_seed An integer of random seed for ReLU initializer.

init2\_seed An integer of random seed for tanh initializer.

12\_norm A numeric of L2-norm regularization factor.

## Value

output Keras model object, a pointer to Keras model object in python environment, which will be an input to train VNN model using Keras R package.

```
## Create input example
input=utils.example()

## Compile input to a TidySet
tidy_set=
    TidySet.compile(
        value=input$value
        ,outcome=input$outcome
        ,similarity=input$similarity
        ,mapping=input$mapping
        ,ontology=input$ontology
)

## Create ontonet (Keras model object) generator function
ontonet=generator.ontonet(tidy_set)
```

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TidySet.compile

Make a TidySet for visible neural network (VNN) modeling

#### **Description**

This function create a TidySet, an ExpressionSet class to orchestrate five data into a single set of three tables.

#### Usage

```
TidySet.compile(
  value,
  outcome,
  similarity,
  mapping,
  ontology,
  ranked = T,
  dims = 7,
  decreasing = F,
  seed_num = 33
)
```

#### **Arguments**

value Instance-feature value, a data frame with rows for instances and columns for

features. All rows in value should have names. All values should be numerics.

Outcome, a vector of binary integers with the same length as the instances. The length and the order of outcome should be the same with those of value. Value

of 0 and 1 should refer to non-event and event outcome, respectively.

similarity Feature similarity, a square matrix of numerics containing feature-feature simi-

larity measures.

mapping Feature three-dimensional mapping, a matrix of integers with rows for features

and three columns for three dimensions where the features are mapped onto.

ontology Ontology, a data frame with rows for ontologies and four columns for source,

target, similarity, and relation. Feature (source)- ontology (target) relation should be annotated as 'feature', while ontology- ontology relation should be annotated as 'is\_a'. To differentiate between feature and ontology names, a prefix of 'ONT:' precedes an ontology name. All columns except similarity in ontology should be characters. Similarity (a numeric) is a minimum threshold by which

either features or ontologies (source) belong to an ontology (target).

#### Value

output TidySet, an ExpressionSet with three tables. Instance-feature value data frame and outcome vector are compiled as a phenotype data frame with rows for instances and columns for features and outcome. Instance- feature value data frame and feature three-dimensional mapping matrix are compiled as an expression matrix with rows for positions of features and columns for instances. The mapping and similarity matrices and ontology data frame are compiled as a feature data frame with rows for positions of features and columns for feature names and ontological relations. For easier,

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access the similarity matrix, ontomap four-dimensional array, ontotype list of two-dimensional matrices, and ontology data frame are included in experiment notes that can be called using Biobase function notes.

#### **Examples**

```
## Create input example
input=utils.example()
## Compile input to a TidySet
tidy_set=
  TidySet.compile(
    value=input$value
    ,outcome=input$outcome
    ,similarity=input$similarity
    ,mapping=input$mapping
    ,ontology=input$ontology
  )
## The TidySet
tidy_set
## The phenotype data frame
pData(tidy_set)
## The feature data frame
fData(tidy_set)
## The expression data frame
exprs(tidy_set)
## Recall a similarity matrix
notes(tidy_set)$similarity
## Recall an ontomap four-dimensional array
notes(tidy_set)$ontomap
## Recall an ontotype list of two-dimensional matrices
notes(tidy_set)$ontotype
## Recall an ontology data frame
notes(tidy_set)$ontology
```

TidySet.read

Read a .ts.tar.gz file to a TidySet

## **Description**

This function read multiple files archived by tar with gzip compression to a TidySet.

#### Usage

```
TidySet.read(path)
```

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#### **Arguments**

path

A character of .ts.tar.gz file path (include file extension).

#### Value

output A TidySet, an ExpressionSet with three tables. Function of TidySet.write can write this file from the TidySet.

## **Examples**

```
## Create input example
input=utils.example()

## Compile input to a TidySet
tidy_set=
    TidySet.compile(
        value=input$value
        ,outcome=input$outcome
        ,similarity=input$similarity
        ,mapping=input$mapping
        ,ontology=input$ontology
)

## Write a .ts.tar.gz file from a TidySet
TidySet.write(tidy_set,'example')

## Read a .ts.tar.gz file to a TidySet
TidySet.read('example.ts.tar.gz')
```

TidySet.write

Write a .ts.tar.gz file from a TidySet

## Description

This function write multiple files archived by tar with gzip compression from a TidySet.

## Usage

```
TidySet.write(tidy_set, path)
```

## **Arguments**

tidy\_set

TidySet, an ExpressionSet with three tables.

path

A character of .ts.tar.gz file path (do not include file extension).

## Value

output A .ts.tar.gz file containing exprs.csv, pData.csv, fData.csv, similarity.csv, ontology.csv, and others.txt. Function of TidySet . read can read this file back to a TidySet.

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#### **Examples**

```
## Create input example
input=utils.example()

## Compile input to a TidySet
tidy_set=
   TidySet.compile(
    value=input$value
    ,outcome=input$outcome
    ,similarity=input$similarity
    ,mapping=input$mapping
    ,ontology=input$ontology
)

## Write a .ts.tar.gz file from a TidySet
write_tidy_set(tidy_set,'example')
```

utils.example

Make an input example for divnn package

#### **Description**

This function create an input example for several function in divnn package.

#### Usage

```
utils.example()
```

#### Value

output A list of inputs: 1) value, a data frame with rows for instances and columns for features; 2) outcome, a vector of binary integers with the same length as the instances; 3) similarity, a square matrix of numerics containing feature-feature similarity measures; 4) mapping, a matrix of numerics with rows for features and three columns for three dimensions where the features are mapped onto; and 5) ontology, a data frame with rows for ontologies and four columns for source, target, similarity, and relation. In addition, a result of hierarchical clustering is also included for visualization purpose.

```
## Create input example
input=utils.example()

## Show output and visualize the ontology by hierarchical clustering
input
plot(input$hierarchy)
```

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viz.ontoarray	Visualize an ontoarray for visible neural network (VNN) modeling

## **Description**

This function visualizes an ontoarray using the average values representing all ontoarrays. The average value of event is substracted by that of non-event. The visualization demonstrates a representation layer per ontology as relative values between event and non-event.

## Usage

```
viz.ontoarray(tidy_set, ontonet, batch_size = 32, verbose = T)
```

## Arguments

tidy_set	TidySet, an ExpressionSet with three tables.
ontonet	A Keras model object, a pointer to Keras model object in python environment, which will be an input to train VNN model using Keras R package.
batch_size	An integer of how much samples are generated everytime this function runs to get the output of the representation layers. If all samples are generated, this function will loop over the samples. But, only the same sample size will be generated.
verbose	Verbosity, a logical indicating whether progress should be shown.
pal	A vector of two characters for colors representing the minimum and maximum values of the metric.
label	A logical whether feature label are shown.
label.family	A character of font family for feature label.
label.size	A numeric of font size for feature label.
label.color	A character of font color for feature label.
grid_col	A integer of the column number of grid for showing for ontoarrays for all ontologies per channel (z).

#### Value

viz.ontoarray object, a list of ontoarrays containing differences of summarized values between event and non-event. For each ontology, there are an output of a layer representing the ontology, and an ontotype information about features grouped within the ontology. Visualization are shown by plot().

```
## Create input example
input=utils.example()

## Compile input to a TidySet
tidy_set=
   TidySet.compile(
    value=input$value
```

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```
,outcome=input$outcome
,similarity=input$similarity
,mapping=input$mapping
,ontology=input$ontology
)
## Create ontonet (Keras model object) generator function
ontonet=generator.ontonet(tidy_set)
## Visualize ontoarray
viz.ontoarray(tidy_set,ontonet)
```

viz.ontonet

Visualize an ontonet for visible neural network (VNN) modeling

## Description

This function visualizes an ontonet, including the evaluation results for each ontology.

## Usage

```
viz.ontonet(
  tidy_set,
  feature = F,
  eval.results = NULL,
  eval.metric = "loss",
  eval.pal = c("darkred", "darkgreen"),
  eval.gradient = 100
)
```

## Arguments

tidy_set	TidySet, an ExpressionSet with three tables.
feature	A logical whether feature nodes are shown; otherwise, only ontology nodes are shown.
eval.results	A list of resampled results or a single result from evaluate_generator() of keras package.
eval.metric	A character of metric name to visualize.
eval.pal	A vector of two characters for colors representing the minimum and maximum values of the metric.
eval.gradient	An integer of the number of possible colors between ones for the minimum and maximum values of the metric.
node.color	A character of color for bordering node.
node.fill	A character of color for filling node.
node.shape	$\boldsymbol{A}$ character of node shape. Run <code>vertex.shapes()</code> from <code>igraph</code> package to find the options.
node.size	A numeric of node size.
label	A logical whether the nodes are labeled.
label.family	A character of font family for node label.

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label.cexA numeric of font size for node label.label.colorA character of font color for node label.edge.colorA character of color for edge.seed\_numA integer of random seed for network construction algorithm.

## Value

viz.ontonet object, a list of node and edge data frames with the visualization parameters. Visualization are shown by plot().

```
## Create input example
input=utils.example()

## Compile input to a TidySet
tidy_set=
   TidySet.compile(
    value=input$value
    ,outcome=input$outcome
    ,similarity=input$similarity
    ,mapping=input$mapping
    ,ontology=input$ontology
)

## Visualize ontonet
viz.ontonet(tidy_set)
```

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