

Домашняя работа 12. Варчук, РТ 202-2

1/

$$f_{\xi, \eta}(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{3}{2}(x^2 + y^2), & 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 1 \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bullet \quad P_{\xi}(x) &= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{3}{2}(x^2 + y^2) dy = \frac{3}{2} \int_0^1 (x^2 + y^2) dy = \frac{3}{2} \left(x^2 y + \frac{y^3}{3} \right) \Big|_0^1 = \\ &= \frac{3}{2} \left(x^2 + \frac{1}{3} \right) = \frac{3}{2} x^2 + \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$P_{\eta}(y) = \frac{3}{2} y^2 + \frac{1}{2} \text{ не симметрична}$$

$$\bullet \quad E\xi = \int_0^1 \left(\frac{3}{2} x^2 + \frac{1}{2} \right) x dx = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{3x^4}{4} + \frac{x^2}{2} \right) \Big|_0^1 = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{5}{8}$$

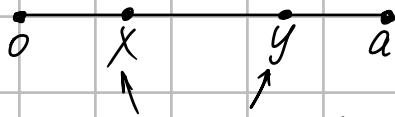
$$E\eta = \frac{5}{8} \text{ не симм.}$$

$$\bullet \quad \text{cov}(\xi, \eta) = E\xi\eta - E\xi \cdot E\eta$$

$$\begin{aligned} E\xi\eta &= \iint_{-\infty}^{+\infty} xy \cdot \frac{3}{2}(x^2 + y^2) dx dy = \frac{3}{2} \int_0^1 x dx \int_0^1 (yx^2 + y^3) dy = \\ &= \frac{3}{2} \cdot \int_0^1 x dx \cdot \left(\frac{y^2 x^2}{2} + \frac{y^4}{4} \right) \Big|_0^1 = \frac{3}{2} \int_0^1 \left(\frac{x^3}{2} + \frac{x}{4} \right) dx = \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{x^4}{8} + \frac{x^2}{8} \right) \Big|_0^1 = \\ &= \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{8} \right) = \frac{3}{8} \end{aligned}$$

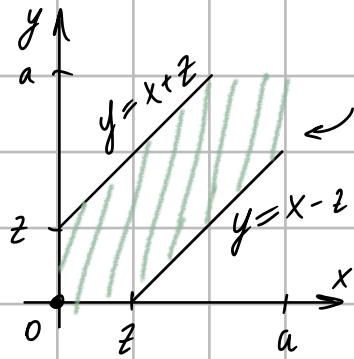
$$\text{cov}(\xi, \eta) = \frac{3}{8} - \frac{25}{64} = \frac{24-25}{64} = \frac{-1}{64}$$

2/



негат. симм. верн.; $\xi = |X - Y|$ - расстояние

$$F_{\xi}(z) = P(\xi \leq z), z \geq 0$$



$$z < 0 \Rightarrow F_{\xi}(z) = 0$$

$$z \geq a \Rightarrow F_{\xi}(z) = 1$$

$$0 \leq z < a \Rightarrow S = a^2 - (a-z) \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot z$$

$$F_{\xi}(z) = P(|X-Y| \leq z) = \frac{S}{a^2} = \frac{a^2 - (a-z)^2}{a^2} =$$

$$= 1 - \frac{a^2 - 2az + z^2}{a^2} = \frac{2z}{a} - \frac{z^2}{a^2}$$

$$F_{\xi}(z) = \begin{cases} 0 & z < 0 \\ \frac{2z}{a} - \frac{z^2}{a^2} & 0 \leq z \leq a \\ 1 & z \geq a \end{cases}$$

3.1

О/n Пусть ξ, η, θ - независимые, то

$$\text{corr}(\xi, \eta) = \text{corr}(\xi, \theta) = \text{corr}(\theta, \eta) = -1$$

Рассм. $X = \frac{\xi - E\xi}{\sqrt{D(\xi)}}, Y = \frac{\eta - E\eta}{\sqrt{D(\eta)}}, Z = \frac{\theta - E\theta}{\sqrt{D(\theta)}}$, тогда:

$$E X^2 = E Y^2 = E Z^2 = 1 \quad \text{и} \quad E(XY) = E(XZ) = E(YZ) = -1$$

Рассм. $D(X+Y)$:

$$E(X+Y)^2 = EX^2 + EY^2 + 2EXY = 1 + 1 + 2 \cdot (-1) = 0$$

Отсюда $X+Y=0 \Rightarrow X=-Y$, аналогично $X=-Z, Y=-Z$

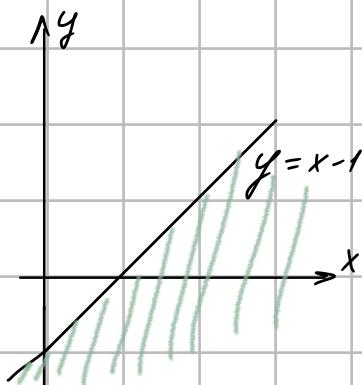
Но тогда $Z=X \Rightarrow X=-X \Rightarrow X=0$

4.1 $p(x, y)$ - норм. совм. распр. ξ, η

a) $P(\xi - \eta > 1)$

на (x, y) это область $y < x - 1$

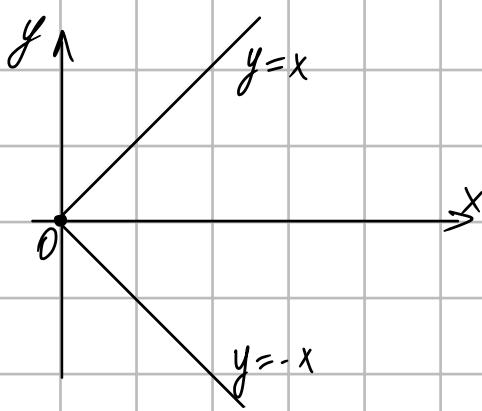
$$P(\xi - \eta > 1) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \int_{y+1}^{+\infty} p(x, y) dx dy$$



$$5) P(\xi > |\eta|)$$

одначмб $x > |\eta|$

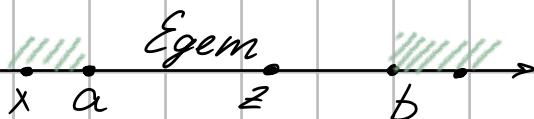
$$\int_0^{+\infty} \int_{-x}^{+x} p(x, y) dx dy$$



$$\underline{5.1} F(a, b) = P(X < a, Y \leq b)$$

a) $X < z < Y$

$$P(X < z, Y > z) =$$



$$= P(X < z) - P(X < z, Y \leq z) = F(z, +\infty) - F(z, z)$$

$$\lim_{b \rightarrow +\infty} F(z, b) \quad \text{знач. при } a=z, b=z$$

$$5) \text{ башынан жо } z: P(X < z) = P(X < z, Y \leq +\infty) = F(z; +\infty)$$

$$6) \text{ сондай жо } z: P(Y \leq z) = P(X < +\infty, Y \leq z) = F(+\infty; z)$$