

## Swap Elements in a Linked List

Intermediate - java

Given the head of a linked list and two values within the list, create a `swapNodes()` method that swaps the nodes with the given values. Your function should return the same list with the nodes swapped.

For example, if your original linked list was named `demoList` and contained `1 → 2 → 3 → 4 → 5 → 6`, `swapNodes(demoList, 2, 5)` should return the list containing `1 → 5 → 3 → 4 → 2 → 6`.

For this problem, you'll be using our custom-built `Node` class. The constructor for the node class is as follows:

```
public int data;
public Node next;

public Node(int data){
    this.data = data;
    this.next = null;
}
```

The head of a linked list is a `Node` with some `data` whose `next` value points to the `next` `Node` in the linked list.

This challenge was reported to have been asked at interviews with Facebook, as well as right here at Codecademy! If you've covered the material in [Pass the Technical Interview with Java](#) or an equivalent, you should be able to solve this challenge. If you have trouble, try refreshing your knowledge with its [Swapping Elements in a Linked List](#) walkthrough first.