

Financial Engineering & Risk Management

An Example: Pricing a European Put on a Futures Contract

M. Haugh G. Iyengar

Department of Industrial Engineering and Operations Research
Columbia University

Pricing a European Put on a Futures Contract

- We can also price an option on a futures contract.
- In fact many of the most liquid options are **options on futures contracts**
e.g. S&P 500, Eurostoxx 50, FTSE 100 and Nikei 225.
 - in these cases the underlying security is not actually traded.
- Consider the following parameters:
 $S_0 = 100$, $n = 10$ periods, $r = 2\%$, $c = 1\%$ and $\sigma = 20\%$
futures expiration = option expiration = $T = .5$ years.
- Futures price lattice obtained using $S_n = F_n$ and then

$$F_t = E_t[F_{t+1}] \quad \text{for } 0 \leq t < n.$$

- Obtain a put option value of 5.21.

Pricing a European Put on a Futures Contract

- In practice we don't need a model to price liquid options
 - market forces, i.e. supply and demand, determines the price
 - which in this case amounts to determining σ or **the implied volatility**.
- Models are required to hedge these options however
 - and price **exotic** or **illiquid** derivative securities.
- Will return to this near end of course.