

Software Testing

#08 – Mobile App Testing



Herman Kabetta

**NUMBER OF MOBILE APP DOWNLOADS WORLDWIDE IN
2017**

178.1bn

**NUMBER OF MOBILE APP DOWNLOADS WORLDWIDE IN
2022**

258.2bn

WORLDWIDE MOBILE APP REVENUE IN 2019

462bn USD

MOBILITY TESTING

Dark Horse of the App Development World



TIPS TO ENSURE SUCCESSFUL CROSS-PLATFORM TESTING



Test on Real & Multiple Devices



Use Crowdsourced Testing



Accept Testing is a Continuous Process

Think about the mobile apps you use, if an app you downloaded crashed your phone, what would you do?
Nearly 50% of consumers delete the app from their phone, if they find a bug.

Source: Smartbear

PREDICTIONS BY INDUSTRY EXPERTS



Through 2015, more than **75%** of mobile applications will fail basic security tests

The revenues from mobile application testing will exceed **\$800** million by the end of 2017

\$1.5 billion net worth of the testing tool market

1.6% annual growth for software testing services industry

52% users say that a bad mobile app experience made them less likely to engage with it further

Sources: Gartner, IBISworld, Experience Dynamics

TOP REASONS TO OPTIMIZE TESTING ACTIVITIES



n=219

Source: Planit Auditor Consultants

PARAMETERS AND TYPES OF TESTING





Mobile App Testing Tools

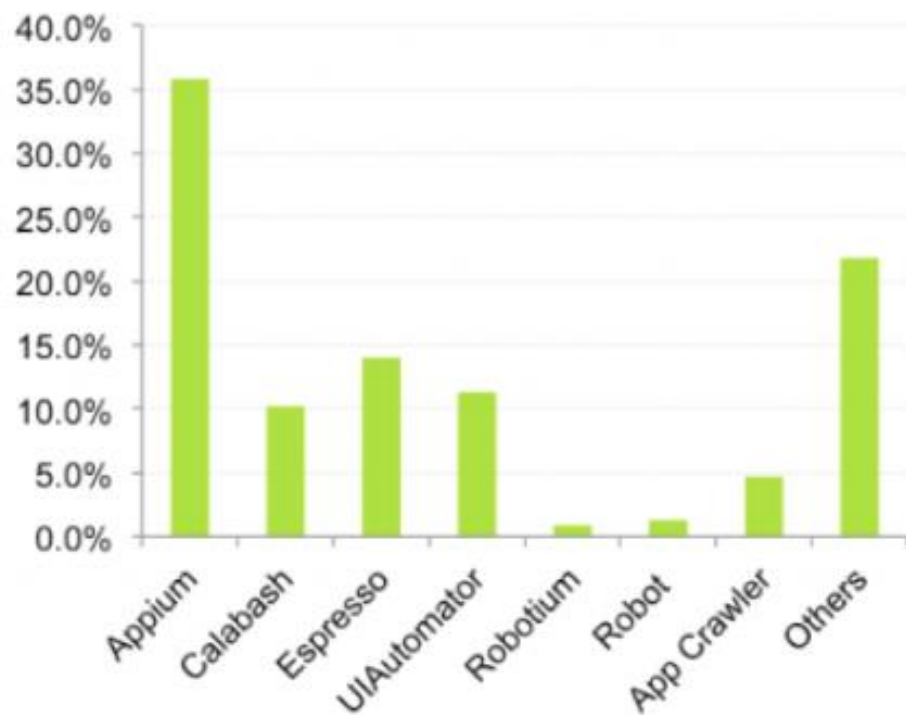


headspin

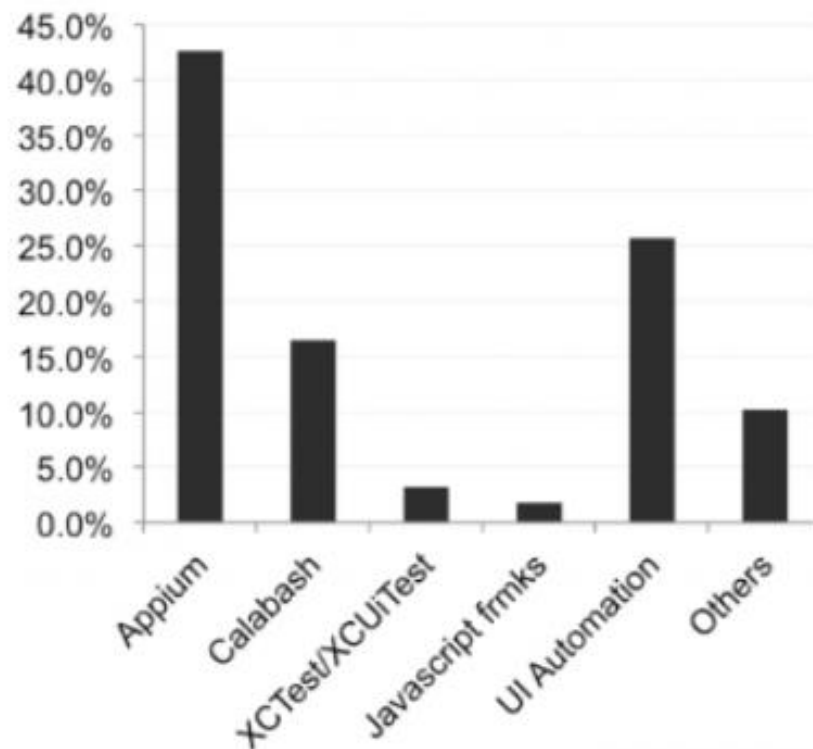




Android



iOS





What is Appium?

Appium is an open-source framework that allows you to conduct [automation testing of mobile applications](#) on different platforms like Android, iOS, and Windows.

It automates the testing for:

- **Native Mobile Applications** that are written using iOS, Android or Windows SDKs
- **Mobile Web Applications** that can be accessed using mobile phone browsers such as Safari, Chrome or the in-built native browser applications for android devices
- **Hybrid Mobile Applications** that have a native wrapper around the web view

Appium is a cross-platform testing framework that is flexible, enabling you to write the testing code against multiple platforms such as iOS, Windows, and Android using the same API. This means you can use the same code for iOS that you have written for Android, saving lots of time and effort.

Appium, similar to that of [Selenium](#), offers you to write the test script in different programming languages which include Java, JavaScript, PHP, Ruby, Python, and C#.

Appium vs Selenium



#1. General

Appium



Appium is one of the popular open source for automation testing specially in any kind of native application, Mobile App like android app and IOS app, also it can be supported in hybrid application as well, where application run in both the environment android and IOS. This kind of automation testing ensures of avoiding any kind of systemic break due to any special patch installation after app working as live in production. Ensuring full integration testing and avoid one of the huge manual effort done by the tester which done earlier based on application common test cases designed by the tester. Every time they need to manually testing each and every features of entire application, but by using Appium user can easily able to avoid the same and mainly concentrate on testing of changing impacted area for better and quick delivery with proper impact analysis anytime by this kind of automation tool

Selenium



Selenium is also one of the very popular automate testing tool mainly designed for any kind of web application, it also supported to all the current popular browsers and every operating system like Windows, Linux or MACOS etc.

#2. Design

Appium



Appium is mainly designed as HTTP server, as it is going to support any kind of Mobile App, so developed as HTTP server is required for the same. But it mainly following or developing the same in node JS, not using normal Java code or JS code. So for the same reason developer who are willing to use appium for their automate testing in any kind of mobile app, they have to install Node JS in their system before starting this Appium tool. It is one kind of prerequisite for initializing Appium in the system.

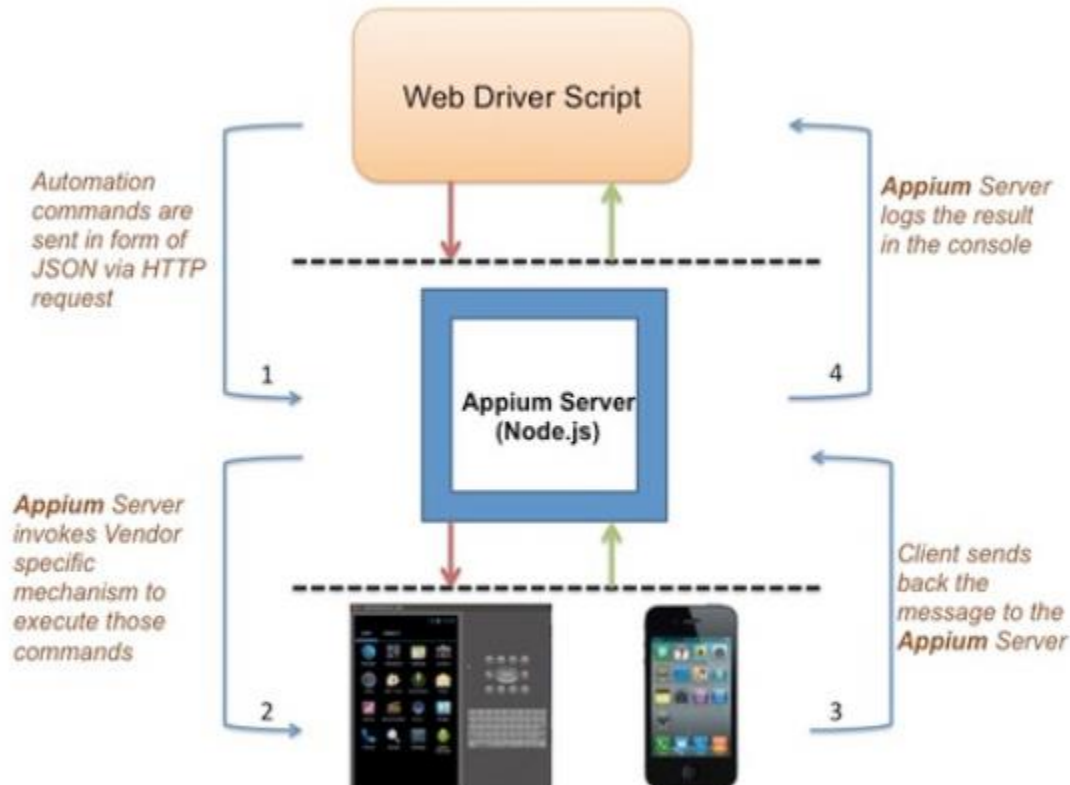
Selenium



Selenium is mainly designed for maintain automation logic on specifically of web application or websites. It basically designed in that way so that it can able to interact easily with the application by using browser actions automatically.



Architecture





Languages Support





Installation

1. Download and Install latest version of Java 8 (JDK)
2. Setup Java(JAVA_HOME and PATH) Environment Variables
3. Download and Install Android Studio
4. Install additional Android SDK tools
5. Setup Android Environment Variables (ANDROID_HOME & ANDROID_SDK_ROOT) to android sdk
6. Download and Install Appium Desktop App



Inspect Element

Appium

Automatic Server

Custom Server

Select Cloud Providers

Will use currently-running Appium Desktop server **http://localhost:4723**

> Advanced Settings

Desired Capabilities

Saved Capability Sets 1

Attach to Session...

udid

text

emulator-5554

platformName

text

Android

+

JSON Representation

```
{
  "udid": "emulator-5554",
  "platformName": "Android"
}
```

[Desired Capabilities Documentation](#)

Save As...

Start Session



Inspect Element

Appium

8:14

YouTube

Military BEAN | Mr Bean Full Episodes | Mr Bean Official

Mr Bean · 13M views · 2 months ago

Update YouTube

Get new features and a faster experience. It usually takes less than a minute.

NOT NOW UPDATE

Home Trending Subscriptions Inbox Library

Source Actions

App Source

- <android.widget.FrameLayout>
 - <android.widget.LinearLayout>



Get Started

1. Create Maven Project
2. Add Libraries
 - Selenium Java
 - Appium Java Client
 - TestNG
3. Connect device
4. Start Appium Server / Desktop
5. Code to start app on device

```
static AppiumDriver driver;  
public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {  
    DesiredCapabilities caps = new DesiredCapabilities();  
    caps.setCapability(MobileCapabilityType.PLATFORM_NAME, "Android");  
    caps.setCapability(MobileCapabilityType.PLATFORM_VERSION, "10");  
    caps.setCapability(MobileCapabilityType.UDID, "emulator-5554");  
  
    caps.setCapability("appPackage", "com.google.android.calculator");  
    caps.setCapability("appActivity", "com.android.calculator2.Calculator");  
    driver = new AppiumDriver(new URL("http://127.0.0.1:4723/wd/hub"), caps);  
}
```




FindElement

```
static AppiumDriver<MobileElement> driver;
public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
    DesiredCapabilities caps = new DesiredCapabilities();
    caps.setCapability(MobileCapabilityType.PLATFORM_NAME, "Android");
    caps.setCapability(MobileCapabilityType.PLATFORM_VERSION, "10");
    caps.setCapability(MobileCapabilityType.UDID, "emulator-5554");

    caps.setCapability("appPackage", "com.google.android.calculator");
    caps.setCapability("appActivity", "com.android.calculator2.Calculator");
    driver = new AppiumDriver<MobileElement>(new URL("http://127.0.0.1:4723/wd/hub"), caps);

    MobileElement two = driver.findElement(By.id("com.google.android.calculator:id/digit_2"));
    MobileElement six = driver.findElement(By.id("com.google.android.calculator:id/digit_6"));
    MobileElement plus = driver.findElement(By.id("com.google.android.calculator:id/op_add"));
    MobileElement equals = driver.findElement(By.id("com.google.android.calculator:id/eq"));

    two.click();
    plus.click();
    six.click();
    equals.click();

    MobileElement result = driver.findElement(By.className("android.widget.TextView"));
    System.out.println(result.getText());
}
```



Use External APK

```
File app = new File("D:\\downloads\\Calculator_v7.8.apk");  
DesiredCapabilities caps = new DesiredCapabilities();  
caps.setCapability(MobileCapabilityType.PLATFORM_NAME, "Android");  
caps.setCapability(MobileCapabilityType.PLATFORM_VERSION, "10");  
caps.setCapability(MobileCapabilityType.UID, "emulator 5554");  
caps.setCapability(MobileCapabilityType.APP, app.getAbsolutePath());
```



Try it!

How to integrate with Jenkins and TestNG?!



PAGE TREE

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- › Appium Studio for IntelliJ
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 - Updating Appium Studio from 1
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 - › Appium Studio iOS & Android Dri
 - › AS- Troubleshooting

/ Test Development Home / Appium Studio

Appium Studio Installation

Created by Yotam Gamliel on Feb 28, 2019

- System Requirements
- How to install Appium Studio Community Edition (Windows or Mac):
- How to install Appium Studio Enterprise Edition (Windows or Mac):

System Requirements

Minimum Hardware Requirements:

- Intel® i5 or i7 processor
- 1 GB free hard disk space
- 8 GB RAM
- 1 available USB 2.0 port and USB cable

Windows OS and Software Requirements:

- Microsoft® Windows Vista (64 bit), Windows 7 (64 bit), Windows 8 or higher
- .Net Framework 3.5 or higher

Mac OS and Software Requirements:

- OS X version 10.7 or higher
- XCode along with Command Line Developer Tools must be installed

Supported Devices

- Android 4.4 and above
- iOS 9 and above

Appium Studio

Appium Studio™ 12.12.6321 - appium-project

File Device Test Tools Help

Device



Name	Type	Ver.	Status
Android SDK built for ...		10	Ready

Application



Type	Application	Version
	No Application	
	Chrome	
	com.experitest.ExperiBank	1.0
	com.experitest.simplebrowser	1.0
	com.google.android.calculator	Unknown

Application Capabilities

☐ Install

Install the app before the test

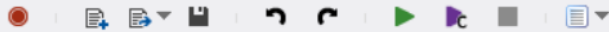
☐ No Reset

Don't clear application data before the test

☐ Instrument

Instrument the application

Test



#	✓	Command	Property
1	✓	FindElement By xpath=//*[@text='6'] and Click	
2	✓	FindElement By xpath=//*[@text='x'] and Click	
3	✓	FindElement By xpath=//*[@text='5'] and Click	
4	✓	FindElement By xpath=//*[@text='='] and Click	
5	✓		

Log

Code

Java (TestNG + Appium Client ...)

```
//package <set your test package>;
import io.appium.java_client.remote.AndroidMobileCapabilityType;
import io.appium.java_client.android.AndroidDriver;
import io.appium.java_client.android.AndroidElement;
```




Cloud Test

- SauceLabs
- BrowserStack
- Kobiton
- Experitest



BrowserStack Configuration

Step 2: Upload your App

- ☒ Via File Manager (Upload an .apk or .ipa file upto 500 MB)

Browse

- ☐ Via Public URL
- ☐ Via REST API
- ☐ Use Sample App (Preuploaded, offered by BrowserStack)

Step 3: Select a Device

1. Select an Operating System

Android



2. Select a device



Samsung Galaxy S8



Update the “os_version” & “device” capability in your test code with the following

```
caps.setCapability("device", "Samsung Galaxy S8");  
caps.setCapability("os_version", "7.0");
```

Step 4: Configure and Run test

Make the following modifications in your test case code and run the test from the command-line interface.

```
import java.net.URL;  
import java.util.List;  
import java.net.MalformedURLException;
```

Copy



BrowserStack Report



BrowserStack App Automate

Live

Automate

App Live

More



Invite my team



Plans and pricing



Get help



Buy a plan



Free plan has 98 mins remaining. [Invite my Team](#)

[Buy A Plan](#)



DASHBOARD BETA



Search for Projects, Builds or Sessions



ACCESS KEY



PARALLEL THREADS: Running

0/5

Queued

0/5



We have improved our dashboard experience. [Tell us what you think](#)

[Switch to old view](#)

[Back: My First Build](#)

Bstack-[Java] Sample Test

By: Herman K. Beta

Session ID: 067d0dba801cdbc98e1e1fca5eb0106b717fb6b5

LOCAL TESTING



OFF

STATUS



COMPLETED

REST API

UNMARKED

OS



ANDROID 7.0

DEVICE



SAMSUNG GALAXY S8

STARTED AT

05:55 UTC

23 Jan 2020

DURATION

0h 1m 24s

[Contact Support](#)

[More](#)



There was an error recording this video

[Text Logs](#)

[Network Logs](#)

[Device Logs](#)

[Appium Logs](#)

[App Profiling](#)

SHOW:



Visuals



No Exceptions Found

[Raw Logs](#)

START

DURATION

ACTION

[Expand All +](#)

00:34

7

Initialising Device

00:34

2

Downloading App

00:34

15

Installing App

00:34

9

Setting Up Appium

00:34

1

Setting Up Network Connection



Try it!

- Register to BrowserStack
- Create a new Project with sample apk