[General protocol] Reverse Transcription cDNA Synthesis

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General protocol for RT cDNA synthesis from RNA extract

Version: 1.0 (10.05.2023)

Media and Reagents:

RNA samples

RNase/DNase-free water

All other media and reagents are found in the SuperScript Kit

Materials and Equipment:

SuperScript™ III First-Strand Synthesis SuperMix

0.2-mL, nuclease-free, thin-walled PCR tubes

Thermal cycler

Ice

Cold PCR rack

Microcentrifuge

Vortex mixer

1. Introduction and Purpose

This protocol describes the procedure for reverse transcribing RNA extracts into cDNA.

2. Protocol for cDNA Synthesis

Before starting, take an ice box and a cold PCR rack. Preheat the thermal cycler to 65°C.

Keep all components, reaction mixes, and samples on ice or a cold PCR rack throughout the protocol.

The kit can convert 0.1 pg to 5 μ g of total RNA, the amount should be maximum 5 μ g in tube.

- 1. Thaw, vortex, and briefly centrifuge all components that will be used.
- 2. Pipette the following in a 0.2 mL PCR tube for each separate RNA extract:
 - 0.5 uL Random hexamer mix
 - 0.5 uL Annealing buffer
 - 0.5 uL Nuclease-free water
 - 2.5 uL RNA sample (up to 5 µg RNA)
- 3. Incubate tube(s) in a thermal cycler at 65°C for 5 minutes, then immediately place on ice for at least 1 minute. Collect the contents of the tube(s) by brief centrifugation.
- 4. Pipette the following on each PCR tube:
 - 5 uL Reaction mix
 - 1 uL Enzyme mix
- 5. Vortex and briefly centrifuge the PCR tubes.
- 6. Place tubes in the thermal cycler and start the cDNA synthesis template protocol created by Ama. The program is 5 mins at 25°C, 50 mins at 50°C, 5 mins at 80°C and cool down to 0°C.
- 7. Store the tubes at -20 °C, or proceed directly to PCR.