JCR-14-0358.R1 ENTITLED "ENEMY AT THE GATES: VARIATION IN ECONOMIC GROWTH FROM CIVIL CONFLICT"

Dear Professor Huth,

We first would like to thank you for the opportunity to revise and resubmit our manuscript once again. We have incorporated each of the comments made by R2 into the revised manuscript. The revision memo is organized in response to the bulleted set of questions that were posted with the decision letter. Our comments and responses are shown in *BLUE* below each point.

We hope you agree that the manuscript has greatly improved through this helpful process and we are looking forward to your response.

Sincerely,

The Authors.

Reviewer: 2

(1) Empirical strategy. As I have already mentioned in my first report, the empirical strategy is still a major issue. Im not convinced by the use of random fixed effects. At least, I would to like see a table following the road map I gave in my previous comments. Last, I do not understand the last argument about the weak time-variation of the distance to conflict.

stuff

(2) Sample. I am not sure about the accuracy of the answer to my third point. I asked for the use of a full sample of countries. I dont see a problem to estimate the following equation: $GDP_{it} = \beta_1 Conflict_{it} + \beta_2 Distance_{it} + \ldots + \zeta_{it}$. where $Distance_{it} = 0$ when $Conflict_{it} = 0$ and $Distance_{it} > 0$ when $Conflict_{it} = 1$. This specification allows to consider the full sample, to control for conflict and to estimate the main story about the distance to events. I expect the estimate of β_2 to be positive.

stuff

(3) Data. Considering the raw dataset on conflict, US and Spain were in war (Figure 3). PRIO defines different nature of conflicts. I would like to see results with this distinctions.

stuff

(4) The authors have to consider the countrys size. The distance has to be weighted by the country size. It cannot be an argument to rule out the possibility to use country

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fixed effects.

stuff

(5) The sub-section 3.3 on the descriptive cases is a good candidate for the (online) appendix.

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(6) The authors include binary indicators for whether the country is classified as upper income by the World Bank. It is highly endogeneous to the main variable of interest.

stuff

(7) The sample includes the 1997 Asian crisis and the 2008 financial crisis. The authors control for the average GDP growth across all countries. The better way to control for time-invariant common shocks is the inclusion of year fixed effects.

stuff

(8) The authors have to motivate why they decide to introduce the main variables with lags. Link to the introduction of lags, it would be interesting in the same framework to see whether it is possible

stuff

(9) Table 2. The authors mention random fixed effects with country, year or country + year. I do not understand what they mean.

stuff

(10) Tables have to be self-contained.

stuff

(11) The references have to actualized.

stuff