

## Session 5.4

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## Notes to keep in mind

Make sure you have these things in your notes, because I will refer to them with the expectation that you have learned, memorized, or written them down.

1. Solving a system of equations with the **elimination method**

$$\begin{cases} 4x - 7y = -12 \\ -3x + 6y = 9 \end{cases} \xrightarrow{\text{multiply}} \begin{cases} 12x - 21y = -36 \\ -12x + 24y = 36 \end{cases} \xrightarrow{\text{add}} 3y = 0 \xrightarrow{\text{solve}} \boxed{y = 0} \xrightarrow{\text{plug in}} -3x + 6(0) = 9 \xrightarrow{\text{solve}} \boxed{x = -3}$$

2. Factoring a polynomial from  $x^2 + b * x + c$  into  $(x + u)(x + v)$ ,

- (a) Remember that  $b = u + v$  and  $c = u * v$
- (b) Start by factoring out  $c$ , such as  $24 = 1 * 24 = 2 * 12 = 3 * 8 = 4 * 6$
- (c) See if any pair of factors add up to equal  $b$
- (d) If  $c$  is positive, that means  $u$  and  $v$  are both either positive or negative
- (e) If  $c$  is negative, one is positive and the other is negative

## Main problems

1. Find the  $(x, y)$  solution to each of the following:

(a) $\begin{cases} 7x - 8y = -1 \\ y = 5x - 4 \end{cases}$	(c) $\begin{cases} -2x - 3y = -7 \\ y = 6x - 11 \end{cases}$	(e) $\begin{cases} 3x + 12y = -15 \\ x = 8y - 2 \end{cases}$
(b) $\begin{cases} -11x - 6y = 9 \\ y = -2x + 3 \end{cases}$	(d) $\begin{cases} -4x + 5y = -13 \\ y = -7x + 13 \end{cases}$	(f) $\begin{cases} -2x - 10y = -2 \\ x = 5y - 13 \end{cases}$

2. Find the  $(x, y)$  solution to each of the following:

(a) $\begin{cases} 3x + 5y = -35 \\ 6x + 6y = -54 \end{cases}$	(d) $\begin{cases} 4x + 4y = 4 \\ 6x + 2y = -2 \end{cases}$	(g) $\begin{cases} 4x + 3y = -7 \\ 3x + 5y = -19 \end{cases}$
(b) $\begin{cases} 6x + 4y = 6 \\ 2x + 4y = 2 \end{cases}$	(e) $\begin{cases} 2x + 4y = -14 \\ 5x + 3y = -21 \end{cases}$	(h) $\begin{cases} 5x + 6y = -37 \\ 3x + 5y = -25 \end{cases}$
(c) $\begin{cases} 3x + 6y = 21 \\ 4x + 2y = 4 \end{cases}$	(f) $\begin{cases} 6x + 2y = -6 \\ 4x + 3y = -9 \end{cases}$	(i) $\begin{cases} 6x + 2y = 10 \\ 4x + 3y = 5 \end{cases}$

3. For each of the following quadratic polynomials, **either** describe all of the transformations, **or** graph it and label five points. If you describe the transformations (how the graph differs from  $y = x^2$ ), use phrases like, “*nothing*”, or “*up 2, then left 4, then reflected about x-axis*”.

- |                     |                         |                               |
|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| (a) $y = x^2$       | (g) $y = (x + 1)^2$     | (m) $y = -(x + 6)^2 + 10$     |
| (b) $y = -x^2$      | (h) $y = -(x + 3)^2$    | (n) $y = -(x - 3)^2 - 7$      |
| (c) $y = x^2 + 4$   | (i) $y = 2x^2$          | (o) $y = -3(x - 7)^2$         |
| (d) $y = x^2 - 3$   | (j) $y = 1/2 * x^2$     | (p) $y = 1/4 * (x - 1)^2 + 5$ |
| (e) $y = -x^2 - 2$  | (k) $y = (x + 5)^2 - 9$ | (q) $y = -5(x + 4)^2 - 2$     |
| (f) $y = (x - 2)^2$ | (l) $y = (x - 4)^2 + 6$ | (r) $y = (3x + 6)^2 + 1$      |

4. For each of the following transformations to  $y = x^2$ , write the quadratic equation in the form  $y = c * (x + a)^2 + b$ .

- |                          |   |
|--------------------------|---|
| (a) Up 4                 | (g) Down 4, then left 5                             |
| (b) Down 2               | (h) Reflect about x-axis, then right 1              |
| (c) Left 1               | (i) Reflect about x-axis, then up 4, then left 2    |
| (d) Right 5              | (j) Up 4, then reflect about x-axis                 |
| (e) Reflect about x-axis | (k) Down 7, then reflect about x-axis, then right 3 |
| (f) Up 2, then right 3   | (l) Up 4, then reflect about x-axis                 |

5. Expand each of the following polynomials:

- |                 |                  |                  |
|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| (a) $(x + 2)^2$ | (d) $(x + 9)^2$  | (g) $2(x + 3)^2$ |
| (b) $(x - 7)^2$ | (e) $(x - 12)^2$ |                  |
| (c) $(x - 5)^2$ | (f) $(x + 11)^2$ | (h) $3(x - 1)^2$ |

6. Factor each of the following:

- |                          |                           |                            |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| (a) $y = x^2 + 6x + 9$   | (d) $y = x^2 + 12x + 36$  | (g) $y = 3x^2 - 30x + 75$  |
| (b) $y = x^2 - 14x + 49$ | (e) $y = x^2 + 24x + 144$ |                            |
| (c) $y = x^2 - 18x + 81$ | (f) $y = x^2 - 22x + 121$ | (h) $y = -4x^2 + 24x - 36$ |

7. Complete the squares of each graph, and describe the transformations happening in words:

- |                      |                       |                        |
|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| (a) $x^2 - 6x + 14$  | (h) $x^2 + 16x - 10$  | (o) $-x^2 - 14x + 14$  |
| (b) $x^2 + 4x + 11$  | (i) $x^2 + 24x + 100$ | (p) $-x^2 - 6x + 13$   |
| (c) $x^2 + 2x + 10$  | (j) $x^2 + 14x - 9$   | (q) $4x^2 - 4x + 20$   |
| (d) $x^2 - 14x + 40$ | (k) $x^2 - 18x + 53$  | (r) $2x^2 - 2x + 3$    |
| (e) $x^2 - 12x + 12$ | (l) $x^2 + 8x + 27$   | (s) $-2x^2 + 28x - 7$  |
| (f) $x^2 + 2x - 4$   | (m) $x^2 + 22x - 21$  | (t) $-2x^2 - 2x + 4$   |
| (g) $x^2 - 6x - 6$   | (n) $x^2 - 3x + 1$    | (u) $-3x^2 - 24x + 24$ |

## Counting and probability problems

1. Find the **probability** of drawing each type of card from a standard 52-card poker deck.
  - (a) Draw an ace?
  - (b) Draw a heart?
  - (c) Draw a face card?
2. Suppose you're rolling two dice. How many ways can each event happen?
  - (a) Rolling two 6's?
  - (b) Rolling a 5 and a 4?
  - (c) Rolling two evens?
  - (d) Rolling a sum of 3?
  - (e) Rolling a sum of 5?
  - (f) What is the highest probability sum?
3. How many ways are there to sort each of the following in order?
  - (a) Three students
  - (b) Four different mugs
  - (c) Ten college applications
4. Consider a class of eight students. How many ways can I order them in line with the following restrictions:
  - (a) No restrictions?
  - (b) Ederson must be in the front of the line?
  - (c) Chris must be in the back so I can see where the line ends easily?
  - (d) I have Mykal and Jordan stand with each other in line because I find it amusing?
  - (e) Ederson, Max, and Enzo insist on standing with each other?
  - (f) I need Christian and George to be separated?
5. Suppose you draw two cards in order from a 52-card deck. What is the probability you draw each of the following?
  - (a) A 2 and a 7?
  - (b) Pair of Ace's?
  - (c) Pair of 10's
  - (d) Two hearts?
  - (e) Two spades in order?
  - (f) Any two numbers in order?
  - (g) Two cards of different suits?
  - (h) Two cards of different numbers?
  - (i) Any two numbers not in order?